	A		
1	IN	CORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE	LAWRENCE UT FOR
2		BOARD OF APPEALS	JUL18'18 AM2110
3			
4		Village Hall 196 Central Avenue Lawrence, New York	****
5		June 6, 2018	
6		7:56 p.m.	
7			
8	APPLICATION:	Lieber 28 Auerbach Lane Lawrence, New York	
9		zawzenes, new rezu	
10	PRESENT:		
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman	
12			
13		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB Member	
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member	
15		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ	
16		Member	
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member	
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.	
19		Village Attorney	
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department	
21			
22		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL Building Department	
23			
24		Mary Danai DDD	
25		Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter	

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Good evening, ladies and gentlemen. Welcome to the Lawrence Board of Zoning Appeals. We apologize for the delay in starting off tonight, and hopefully -- actually, we will not be able to make up the time.

So moving right ahead. Okay. Mr. Castro, proof of posting?

MR. CASTRO: Chairman, I offer proof of posting and publication.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Thank you very much.

I remind you, please turn off your phones; and if you have a need for conversation, please take it outside. Thank you very much.

Okay. The first matter this evening is Lieber, 28 Auerbach Lane. Will they or their representative.

MR. MAYERFELD: Good evening.

MR. LIEBER: I am Jason Lieber, homeowner at 28 Auerbach Lane. I'm also here on behalf of my wife who is at my daughter's school for an event, but otherwise she would have been here.

We have a -- 28 Auerbach Lane is a unique property in that it's narrow. It's a narrow property, but it goes very, very deep, and that probably is the reason we're here today and it

required us to ask for a variance.

And, you know, after the last hearing we did

-- we did in coordination with the Building

Department we did move the house and bring it

further away from the side. And, you know, in our

estimation and in our understanding we are

compliant with the text of BB zoning, and we're

here to answer any questions, if there are any.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Well, why don't you, for the record, state what variances are being requested.

MR. MAYERFELD: Stanley Mayerfeld, architect for 28 Auerbach. The variances are staying the same, but the degree of the variances have been diminished. We're still asking for a minimum side-yard variance, aggregate side-yard variance, and height/setback ratio on the sides.

Again, just to echo what Mr. Lieber just said, we're looking at the BB zone. We more than comply according to the BB text. So if you look at the chart that we sent in, you'll notice compliance with the BB zone. Those are all yeses, and they exceed the minimum or maximum required.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Let's just pinpoint what variances we're requesting.

MR. MAYERFELD: We're requesting a side-yard

variance. Right now we're --2 3 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Nice numbers. 4 MR. MAYERFELD: -- 20 feet. 20 feet for the 5 bulk of the table -- the bulk of the side. We have 20 and 20 on each side. There is a portion 6 7 from the front of the building, the first 23 feet 8 that's only a one-story portion at 18 feet. So 9 taking it to the tightest point it's 18 on one 10 side, on the south side, and 20 on the north side. 11 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: And permitted would have been 30 and 30; is that correct? 12 13 MR. MAYERFELD: 30 and 40, with a total of 14 70. 15 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay. 16 MR. LIEBER: But under BB zoning it would be 17 15 and 20. We're in a BB zone. MR. CASTRO: You're in a BB zone, but the 18 19 schedule takes precedence in this situation 20 because of the size of the lot. 21 MR. MAYERFELD: So that drives the --MEMBER GOTTLIEB: We understand. I just 22 23 wanted to know exactly what the numbers are. 24 it's 38-foot aggregate. 25 MR. MAYERFELD: Correct.

initial application is for 15.4 for a side yard;

1 MR. LIEBER: But that's only for the small 2 part by the garage. 3 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I understand. 4 MR. LIEBER: Most of it is 20 and 20. 5 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: That's for one story. 6 MR. MAYERFELD: Right. So that covers the 7 minimum side-yard aggregate. In terms of the 8 height/setback ratio, we're proposing 1.47 on the 9 side yards. The front yard and rear yard we are 10 in compliance, but on the side yards we're asking 11 for a 1.47 height/setback ratio. 12 MR. CASTRO: You're not reading from the 13 code, the new code relief. You're reading from 14 the chart on the plans? 15 MR. MAYERFELD: Yeah, yeah. MEMBER HILLER: How much different are your 16 17 height/setback ratios and your distance on the 18 side yards from your original offering? 19 MR. MAYERFELD: The original, when we originally applied --MEMBER HILLER: Yes. MR. MAYERFELD: -- we were keeping like the 23 existing setback. And in the most extreme case it's 15.4 and the bay it goes to 17.6. So the

20

21

22

24

amended it to 17.6. Now, we're taking it -because that 15.4 was only for a short portion of
the bay. Now we're taking the bulk of the two
sides for both 40. And our aggregate, our
original aggregate when we made our initial
application, was 35.4.

MEMBER HILLER: Now you're 40.

MR. MAYERFELD: Now we're 40. Again, there is that portion that's --

MEMBER HILLER: Yes, yes.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: 35.4 versus currently 38.

MR. MAYERFELD: 38.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay.

MEMBER HILLER: What happened with the height? At one point there was discussion about reducing the height.

MR. MAYERFELD: Right. So we took down the height. We're beneath the 36; that's the maximum in the BB zone. It's a little difficult with the height to bring it down even more because the water table, we've got -- you know, since we got the boring tests and the water table is actually quite high; it's like six feet below grade, and our foundation has to be a foot above that.

MEMBER HILLER: You took it down four inches.

1	MR. MAYERFELD: Say again?				
2	MEMBER HILLER: You took it down four inches.				
3	MR. MAYERFELD: We just wanted to be down				
4	below the BB zone. Again, we looked at taking it				
5	lower, but again, it's just we're fighting the				
6	water table.				
7	MR. LIEBER: I would just also add that if				
8	our neighbor decided to do construction and took				
9	down their house, they could build it up to				
10	36 feet.				
11	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Is he contemplating that?				
12	MR. LIEBER: Not that I know of, either of				
13	our neighbors.				
14	MR. MAYERFELD: Or anybody in the zone. Or				
15	anybody in the BB zone decides to do it, anybody				
16	that walks in that has a different sized lot can				
17	knock it down and build 36.				
18	MEMBER HILLER: Do I remember correctly that				
19	your floor heights are about 14 feet or something				
20	like that?				
21	MR. MAYERFELD: No, no.				
22	MEMBER HILLER: What size height were they?				
23	MR. MAYERFELD: Again, it all about depends				
24	how far we come out of the ground with the				
25	basement. So if we have if we're four feet out				

1	of the ground or three feet out of the ground, so			
2	you have a four-foot plate, four feet, if we have			
3	ten-foot ceilings, which is			
4	MEMBER HILLER: On both levels?			
5	MR. MAYERFELD: Even if you have nine-foot on			
6	the second level including with the pitch of the			
7	roof that takes us up to			
8	MEMBER HILLER: And what's the ceiling level			
9	in the attic?			
10	MR. MAYERFELD: It's going to start really at			
11	close to nothing.			
12	MEMBER HILLER: Of course. But what exists?			
13	Everything starts at nothing.			
14	MR. LIEBER: Somewhere around seven.			
15	MR. MAYERFELD: It will be about eight feet,			
16	eight feet, yeah.			
17	MEMBER HILLER: Okay.			
18	MR. MAYERFELD: Eight and a half.			
19	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Satisfied?			
20	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Is there a basement in this			
21	or there isn't?			
22	MR. MAYERFELD: We propose to, we're going to			
23	put a basement.			
24	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Even with the six-foot			
25	water table?			

MR. MAYERFELD: Yeah. That's why we have to come out of the ground, and maybe limit it because of the water table. We certainly don't want to be like towering above grade. But you know, we don't have any plans for it just yet, but I don't want to rule it out.

MR. LIEBER: It would be a low ceiling in the basement.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay, I'm just asking.

MR. CASTRO: I mean, I'd like to just for the record, since we don't have the new code relief we'll go off the new page A1 that was submitted, the line item for side yard and aggregate of two sides should actually be -- side yard should be split 20 feet on the north side, 18 feet on the south side, noting that it is only for a small portion.

MR. MAYERFELD: Yes.

MR. CASTRO: And the aggregate of the two sides should actually be 38 feet. So if the variance would be granted it would be granted for those numbers.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Any further questions from the Board?

(No response.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Anyone from the audience 1 want to speak to the matter? 2 3 (No response.) CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. If not, then taking 4 5 into account the benefit to the applicant as opposed to any detriment to the health, safety and 6 7 the like for the community, we're going to ask for a vote, and we'll start with Mr. Moskowitz. 8 9 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: For. CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Gottlieb. 10 11 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For. 12 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Hiller. 13 MEMBER HILLER: For. 14 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Felder. 15 MEMBER FELDER: For. CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I vote for as well. Board 16 17 of Building Design. MR. CASTRO: Yes. You'll have to go before 18 19 the Board of Building Design for architectural 20 approval. 21 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: How much time would you 22 like? 23 MR. LIEBER: Two and a half years, I hope. 24 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Very good. Good luck to

25

you.

MR. MAYERFELD: Thank you. (Whereupon, the hearing concluded at 8:04 p.m.) \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Certified that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the original stenographic minutes in this case. MARY BENCI, RPR Court Reporter 

1	INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE	
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		Willers Hell
4		Village Hall 196 Central Avenue
5		Lawrence, New York
6		June 6, 2018 9:39 p.m.
7		
8	APPLICATION:	332 Central Avenue
9		Lawrence, New York
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman
12		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB
13		Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
15 16		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.
19		Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL
22		Building Department
23		
24		Mary Benci, RPR
25		Court Reporter

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: On to CAATS 613 LLC.

MR. BROWNE: Good evening again.

Christian Browne, 333 Earle Ovington Boulevard, suite 301, Uniondale, appearing for the applicant, CAATS 613 LLC.

This application concerns the property known as 332 Central Avenue in the Village's business K district. I know the Board has had a chance -- or I believe you've had a chance to look at what's proposed here. As you probably know, this property is presently improved with an old building that's been used as a bar that fronts on Central Avenue, and to the back of the building running back towards the municipal parking lot there's been an open area, as well as a large shed that's been used over the years for storage by the previous owner and by the neighbors.

MS. HERTZ: It's rented to Seasons.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You have to go on the record with your name if you're going to talk.

MR. BROWNE: It's been rented out to Seasons for storage. So under this proposal that large shed would be eliminated and we would construct a new building with this look that you see here running back towards the rear property line

towards the parking lot (indicating). It would be flush with the existing -- attached to the existing building. And the purpose of this would be for a medical office to be used by the owners, which is Dr. and Mrs. Hertz. Dr. Hertz is an oral surgeon. He has a practice in Brooklyn presently. He'd like to build this building to use it as a satellite office for himself.

I know when you hear medical use that usually triggers visions of a lot of traffic and parking needs, but this would be very limited, just for one doctor and one to two staff only. It would probably be used about two to three days per week as, again, as sort of a satellite office to his practice in Brooklyn. He does have a lot of local patients in Lawrence and in the Five Towns. would allow him to service those patients in a more convenient location and to have more convenience for himself so that he could more easily travel to work.

So the staffing would be, as I said, one doctor, one to two staff, one of whom would be Mrs. Hertz, working there basically part-time, depending on patient demand, but probably no more than three days a week.

15

16

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

As I mentioned, this is an oral surgery practice. So with the exception of patient consultation, any procedure here is generally about at least 45 minutes. It can run up to about two hours. The vast majority of people who come in for procedures are picked up and dropped off because there's anesthesia involved and they generally can't drive to and from the office.

This is not a mass type of practice where one person is following another, following another, following another, following another. As I said, this would be one doctor doing, you know, more complex, let's say, procedures on patients, not seeing a tremendously high volume. There might be one other person in a waiting room perhaps if the doctor was seeing a consult as opposed to an actual procedure, and then you would have an appointment waiting. But we don't envision more than one patient, perhaps one other in the waiting area. And as I mentioned, the vast majority of the patients are dropped off and then picked up at the conclusion of the procedure.

Typically, on a busy day they would see between eight to ten patients. That would be a busy day, and that would also include

consultations, people who would come in for about a half-hour consult before doing the procedure.

It would be spread over the typical business hours of nine to five, and they would keep, you know, regular business hours every day but Saturday.

The second floor would be used exclusively by the doctor. There would be an office area, a little conference seating area, a small kitchen, and some storage room up there. But it would be only in connection with this practice. It wouldn't be rented out to any other user.

We do provide two parking spots on our property. Those would be used by the doctor and the staff person. As I said, typically Dr. and Mrs. Hertz would come together in one car, and then if there's a need for an additional staff person, that person would be able to park on-site.

We do have a traffic and parking study that we'll present to you for patient parking. We would rely on the immediately abutting municipal lot which we think would sufficiently handle the volume of traffic that would be generated by an application like this. And there's also, as you know, another lot across the street which someone could use in the event of, you know, an unusual

circumstance that would require parking in that lot. As I mentioned, because this is mostly a drop-off and pickup, you're really talking about only generating, you know, two to three cars at a time in terms of patients that would, you know, add to the parking demand in that parking lot. But I'll let Mr. Going speak to that in just a moment.

So the variances are two. There's a parking variance that's the crux of the application. We are required 25 spaces and we're providing the two I mentioned.

And there's also a side-yard setback variance. The code requires five feet in this zone. We are proposing a very small variance of I think it's less than -- it's 0.3 from the property line, but that, as you now, is an unusual property. It's narrow and the building would be built exactly in line with the existing structure that's up towards Central Avenue. The building line would stay even going straight back, and as I mentioned, would eliminate that shed that I'm sure you've seen. When I've been there it's been, you know, garbage and other types of unsightly things around there. So all of that obviously would be

Sand 1

cleaned up.

So that's the crux of the application. I think it is really driven by concerns over parking. But because of our limited practice here and the limited nature of it and because of the available municipal parking, we think it can work and will be a good, a nice improvement to the balance of that lot. So that's the overview.

Unless you have questions for me, I'd like Mr. Going to give you some testimony.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: How are we assured of the limited continuing use?

MR. BROWNE: Well, we would accept conditions on the use from the Board.

MS. HERTZ: Can I say something?

MR. BROWNE: Yes.

MS. HERTZ: I'll introduce myself first. My name is Fagey Hertz. I manage my husband's office. And I want to let all of you know that, thank God, my husband has a very successful practice in Brooklyn. It's not something that you walk away from, nor do we want to. We are currently actually rebuilding a brand-new office adjacent to where he is. We're almost three-quarters of the way through construction of

a new office. So we're not looking to move away from that. What we're doing here is specifically for quality of life. It's my kids need to see him. We want -- you know, and also in terms of accommodating the needs of the community. You know, my husband, he does oral surgery, but it's actually it's oral and maxillofacial surgery and it's a wide broad field.

We have -- I don't even know. There's been many, many neighbors that on our shabbas table my husband has stitched up kids that have gotten hurt, people that are coming in the house or in the recliner, or whatever it is, or going to their house and doing things. So aside from the many, many people from our neighborhood that come to him --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Obviously, that can be accommodated through the rental of an office. You don't need this building to accommodate everything you said.

The question I asked was how are we assured of the continued limited use. If tomorrow you decide, for whatever the reason, that you don't want to maintain the office out here, that building is built to accommodate many more people,

all right. It could be an office.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. HERTZ: Meaning if we don't want to keep the office here?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: For whatever reason you decide at some point that you want to change the use of it or you expand your practice. In other words, your philosophy of limiting your practice changes, okay, and meanwhile we've given variances and we're left with this situation which is an untenable situation.

MR. BROWNE: Can I just add, before you go, Doctor, just so I understand that and I anticipated, not bragging, just anticipated that might be your concern. So I've asked the Hertzes if they would consent to a condition to any grant that the practice be limited to the way we've described. One doctor, no more than say two staff at a time whether, it's Dr. Hertz or someone else, that the practice only be --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I'm not sure there's enforceability of such a restriction.

MR. MARTIR: The Board cannot limit the conditions of the corporation, nor, as you know, the variance runs with the property, not the owner. So what's the guarantee that the owner

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

won't at some point sell the property and the variance would stick with the property?

MR. BROWNE: I agree that the variance would run with the land. But I believe that certainly in the parking context and certainly with its own consent that the Board has the legal right to impose a restriction on the intensity of the practice. I fully agree that if we -- I can't believe that we're on opposite sides of that issue. But I do think you have the legal authority to say you're representing that it would be one doctor and two staff, and because parking -- we don't provide enough parking and because I understand parking is always an issue in this Village as in many other places in the vicinity, that you could limit the intensity of the use such that any other use would have to come back to this Board to seek modification if they wanted to do something other.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I don't think we want to put the Village in a position of policing a practice in a building.

MS. HERTZ: So if I can just address your concern, and I understand the concern, I understand. We live here ten years, you know, in

this community. This is our home. Our kids -- we have five kids; they go to schools here. We're not looking to go elsewhere. And like I said, you know, you can look into it, he's a respected, well-known, successful oral surgeon. I have no doubt that he will come here and he will do well. If he wanted to be here full-time he could. It's not what we're looking for. We want a better quality of life. If that means that, you know, we're asking for a variance but, you know, you have to, I guess, take our word in the sense that we're not -- we're being honest about what we want from it. Do you know what I'm saying?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And we're being honest. We don't take words.

MS. HERTZ: Okay.

MR. BROWNE: And I'm trying to persuade you that you don't have to, that there are legally enforceable conditions here.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Identify yourself for the record.

MR. HERTZ: I'm Marc B. Hertz, D.D.S, M.D. I have a dual degree, oral and maxillofacial surgeon. I practice in Brooklyn; I'm in my 24th year of practice. I am not absconding my

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

practice. I've been in the same practice for many, many years. I don't have a practice with a partner. I'm a solo practitioner. I answer to the patients. They don't have to call and look for other practitioners. There's many of these mills. I run not quantity, but a quality practice. It's something I want to bring to the Five Towns, quality for the people of Five Towns, quality for my children, for my wife.

There's something known as MO in a court of When a judge goes ahead and looks through an offender, they see what is his MO, what is his rap sheet, what has he done before, and they make decisions, how many years to put him away, how many years he doesn't need to put him away, what kind of service he has to do for the public and not get court time. And no one can promise anything. The same thing here. I can't give you a promise that, and you can't take a promise from me that I won't run away from that practice. my MO is that this is the practice. I'm going to come and stay like I've always stayed with my practice. This is what I do, what I love to do. I don't want to make my shop into an OR because that's what happens all the time. And by the way,

4 5

I don't get paid for those patients because I don't charge them because insurance won't pay. But when it's your office --

MS. HERTZ: Another significant thing that -- CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Let me respond.

MR. HERTZ: I'm so sorry. I'm taking a big eyesore from this community. I took out one of the remaining bars and I want to make it into a beautiful place. And I'm not going to mess with the traffic. I'm not going to mess with the mill (sic). It's going to be a quality place.

MS. HERTZ: This is important to mention and it goes to what you're saying. An insurance policy to you of why would we not walk away in a year or two years or five years. The practice that we are going to build we're talking about a million dollar investment. This is serious thought and serious money. A CAT scan machine alone is \$250,000. This is a very, very serious investment that we're putting in to this office, which is why we want to put it there behind the building because we're not coming here full-time, you understand. He's maintaining --

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Why would you spend a million dollars just to have a practice that is so

modest of the kind that counsel describes? It doesn't seem to make sense to us.

MS. HERTZ: Modest in what sense?

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Modest in terms of not servicing very many patients.

MS. HERTZ: His practice in Brooklyn services the same. He's a solo practitioner. He does cases. I have, right here, he rebuilt my jaw, okay. Cases that take a long time. So meaning it's not the type of a practice where you're seeing a patient every 20 minutes. It's the type where he's doing multiple implants on a patient, bone grafting, dealing with tremendous infections and drains, you know, pulling teeth out of the jaw, you know.

MEMBER HILLER: Okay.

MR. HERTZ: By the way, I just want to let you know, I'm not a selfish person. You can take my word for that or not. But I'm being selfish also, because I want to have a nice office. I'm there most of the time. I want to have a nice office. I'm willing to make that investment.

Thank God I have the financial backing to do that. I don't want to build a big house and a pool. I don't want to build any extensions or stuff. I

want to have something that I can continue to do what I love to take care of people, make a living and be close to my family. I don't know if you take the Belt Parkway every morning, but if you do, you'll see it's horrendous; it's an hour each way, if you're lucky. I've had enough of that.

I've stopped going to certain hospitals

because I didn't see my kids for the first two

years of theirs lives. I want quality of life and

I want to give back to the community by giving

them good quality oral and maxillofacial surgery.

MEMBER HILLER: I want to ask you about your Brooklyn practice. How many operation rooms?

MR. HERTZ: I have currently two and one is plumbed for the third one. The new office has three chairs. It's Boyd oral surgeon chairs, the most expensive chairs.

MEMBER HILLER: You're giving too much information.

MR. HERTZ: Yes, three, three chairs.

MEMBER HILLER: You mentioned before you're the only doctor there.

MR. HERTZ: Yes.

MEMBER HILLER: You have no assistants?

MR. HERTZ: I'm the only dentist/oral

2.

surgeon. I have an assistant and I have a front 1 2 desk person. That's all, just those three. 3 MEMBER HILLER: And you're envisioning doing the same thing here? 4 MR. HERTZ: Correct. 5 MEMBER HILLER: And you said you don't want 6 to give up that practice in Brooklyn, so you'll be 7 mostly working here and part-time in Brooklyn, or 8 9 mostly Brooklyn? MR. HERTZ: No. I will split my time. 10 11 There's a lot of doctors that split their time. MEMBER HILLER: I don't need a further 12 13 answer. So you're going to be splitting your time 14 actually between both of them. 15 MR. HERTZ: Yes. 16 MEMBER HILLER: Now, you mentioned before about -- you mentioned before about the bar. 17 18 MR. HERTZ: Yes. 19 MEMBER HILLER: What is your intention with 20 that building in the front? MS. HERTZ: We're going to rent it. 21 MEMBER HILLER: You're going to rent it? 22 MS. HERTZ: Rent it out. Meaning whatever 23 24 the use that it's allowed to -- we want to get 25 some sort of income. You know, obviously, this is

1	a big investment. When we moved here
2	MEMBER HILLER: Okay, okay.
3	MR. BROWNE: The goal would be to rent it to
4	a permitted use
5	MS. HERTZ: Yes, correct.
6	MR. BROWNE: following in line with the
7	retail bar use.
8	MS. HERTZ: I don't think it will be another
9	bar, but whatever is allowed.
10	MEMBER HILLER: Let me just throw something
11	out there. Since that building is a it's not
12	in the best shape.
13	MS. HERTZ: No, it's not.
14	MEMBER HILLER: It's not in the best shape.
15	It's in slightly better shape than the storage
16	units.
17	MS. HERTZ: Yeah, that one has a tree growing
18	out of it, yes, yes.
19	MEMBER HILLER: Would you entertain knocking
20	down that building and building your building on
21	Central Avenue going back and giving you five or
22	six parking spaces?
23	MR. HERTZ: I'm going to let my wife answer
24	that and I would love to be in the front. I would
25	love to be in the front, love it.

MS. HERTZ: So my husband would love to be on Central Avenue storefront because, you know, that's a much better image, right? But again, we made a tremendous investment in this and it is still a part-time office. Because he can't walk away from Brooklyn. You can't, you just cannot walk away from that. But we want that quality of life. So as much as it would be amazing for my husband to be in the front, people don't really care if you have to walk to the back. You're going to the doctor. For the doctor, they don't care.

MEMBER HILLER: We're not talking about what people want. We're talking about the parking situation.

MS. HERTZ: So what we want is income and then we can't rent to a retail store or whoever it is that would want to rent it. They're not going behind the doctor's office in the back.

MEMBER HILLER: Is it currently occupied?

MS. HERTZ: No. We made sure to buy it

vacant. The whole building is vacant. There's

residential units upstairs.

MR. BROWNE: What they're trying to say is it would become an economic hardship if they don't

have the rental income.

2

3 4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MS. HERTZ: Tremendously.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: What you're suggesting also is going to have more congestion attributable to whatever is in the front. The bar was really underutilized in the past number of years.

MR. BROWNE: Possibly, but that would be --CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Not "possibly." Let's not parse words. That bar was underutilized.

MR. BROWNE: Oh, I'm sure the bar was underutilized.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: So now you're putting in another retail establishment which will further exacerbate. We'll have the gentleman report on the use of the parking lot. But it will further exacerbate the situation that's already preexisting. If there was one place you would not want to put additional congestion it's that alleyway.

MR. BROWNE: And I don't disagree with you. And so what I am suggesting is that, yes, the retail or bar use, whatever goes in there, goes in. And this would be an addition, but is a de minimis intensity because of the nature of the practice. Putting aside a second the issue of

enforceability and so forth, if you just took the facts of Dr. Hertz's practice the way I've outlined it and what the traffic numbers and parking numbers will bear out, because it's such a small increase over the course of a day in the number of the cars I would submit it's a de minimis impact.

My concern I think, or anticipating your concern, is how do you make sure that it stays the way that this doctor practices.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The way you envision it, yeah.

MR. BROWNE: Yes. The only way to really do that, and I think it's perfectly legal to do it, is to impose conditions on any grant to, you know, memorialize that type of an operation.

MEMBER HILLER: I think you would have less impact on the community and more support probably from your neighbors if you -- and I realize it's not for me to judge other people's economic hardships, but I mean --

MS. HERTZ: As far as I know, we have the neighbors' support.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You have to learn to listen.

MS. HERTZ: I apologize. Go ahead.

MEMBER HILLER: That you consider very strongly moving the practice to the front of the lot and, you know, getting rid of that bar building.

MS. HERTZ: So if I may, so as far as I know we have the support of the neighbors. I personally went myself. I introduced myself to Bathtique. They were lovely. That's the neighbor to the right side, or whatever. And they said, you know, please, when you're rebuilding, come and use our facilities, do whatever.

I also personally introduced myself to Alex who is the manager over here.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: They are represented here.

MS. HERTZ: Wonderful, wonderful. I do want to say I have never met you personally.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Let's not conduct a side conversation.

MS. HERTZ: No, what I want to say and I want to have it on the record, that when I spoke to Alex and I said please get the message to the owner and let him know to speak to me as well.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The owner is here tonight. You don't have speak on behalf of Seasons.

MS. HERTZ: I want it on the record to know that I said, okay, that if there's anything that we can do to accommodate him before we made any plan, before we did anything, and I explained also what we're doing is a small construction, okay, it's a small thing, it will not inconvenience Seasons much, okay. And also, there is a conflict of interest considering that they use it for their storage as well, which I want to make note of. If we had to --

MEMBER HILLER: You're not helping your cause. You are not helping.

MR. BROWNE: I think the Board has your point. So if you would, could we just put our traffic testimony in the record?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Please, yes.

MS. HERTZ: Can I say one more thing?

MEMBER HILLER: I would suggest not.

MR. GOING: Hi. My name is Paul Going, that's G-O-I-N-G, just like the word "going." I'm a traffic engineer with Atlantic Traffic Design Engineers, located at 2929 Expressway Drive North, Hauppauge.

We've prepared a letter report dated

May 22nd, 2018 for the project. And what we did,

MR. GOING: That's a legal matter.

we focused on the parking, and let me talk about the existing parking situation and then talk about what the project is.

The existing parking situation is that we're adjacent to municipal field four. We're not far from municipal field three; that's on the other side of Central Avenue. Municipal field four has 96 spots. Municipal field three has 177.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Is municipal three relevant in light of the statute of the Village that we don't look to parking lots at a distance of more than a hundred feet?

MR. GOING: I think it's relevant in a practical and inherent sense. The proposed use is a destination type use. It's a use that you go to by appointment. It's not a convenience use. It's not something where you stop by or walk in. You make an appointment to go there. So in terms of how far you would walk to go somewhere, I think that over a hundred feet is certainly reasonable. I think up to maybe an eighth of a mile would be reasonable.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: But yet the statute reads otherwise.

talking from an engineering perspective.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Well, legal reflecting on usage. I assume that the Village postulated based on expectation of usage.

MR. GOING: Well, let me talk about the existing conditions and then get to the usage.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Well, you brought up parking lot three; I didn't.

MR. GOING: Well, it's the basis of a lot of what I want to talk about.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: That's what my concern was.

MR. GOING: I understand.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: If parking lot three disappears, some of your conclusions may be erroneous.

MR. GOING: That may be the case. But I would like to present you with the information nonetheless.

So like I said, the use is a destination type use. Again addressing parking lot three, our site is located on the alleyway between Central Avenue and parking lot four. There is a mid-block crosswalk that is close to that alleyway and also close to the alleyway on the opposite side of

Central Avenue that serves parking lot three. So in terms of our location versus parking lot three, we are close to a marked crosswalk.

What we did was we counted all the parking in those two lots on a Thursday. We chose a Thursday because Seasons, as you probably know, generates a lot of parking demand particularly on Thursdays.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: What time of the year was this?

MR. GOING: It was February 15 of this year, 2018. We observed parking from 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. and counted all the cars parked in 20-minute intervals.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Can I ask you a few questions on that date?

MR. GOING: Sure.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Was there snow on the ground on February 15th?

MR. GOING: I don't believe there was snow on the ground. I can find out more specifically for you, but --

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Specifically I asked because that week in particular is, from a retail perspective, one of the slowest weeks of the year. The entire month of February is a particularly

### CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

slow weekend in our community. Many of our residents are away at that time.

MEMBER HILLER: That week is the high school vacation week. That week the high schools in the area are off and people generally leave the community.

MR. GOING: I don't believe so. We always check the school schedules. So I can find out if that particular Thursday was, but we --

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: It's okay. I don't think it's going to make that much relevance on these two items.

MR. GOING: Sure. All right. So what we found was a minimum of 38 stalls open. That means 235 stalls were occupied, and that occurred twice over the period, and that's including the both lots.

MEMBER HILLER: Do you have a division of about how many were in lot three and how many were in lot four?

MR. GOING: Yes. You're reading my mind.

There were only three available in lot four, which is the lot that's adjacent to the site. There were 30 -- at that time there were 35 available in the other lot. So we did see a minimal amount of

available parking in lot four. We did see more parking available in lot three, notwithstanding the hundred feet in the statute.

But when you consider the nature of what's being proposed and, you know, maybe it has to be written into the deed or something like that, but we have one doctor, two to three -- I mean, one or two staff, one of which would be the doctor's wife and presumably ride in the same car.

The property is located along the alley.

It's proposed to lay out the building right behind the existing building, the existing bar building, former bar building, and then the two spaces at the north end of the property. So those two spaces would satisfy the needs of the staff.

Patients, as you heard earlier, many of them are being anesthetized --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Sedated.

MR. GOING: Sedated. Sedated for a procedure, and therefore they have to be picked up. They actually won't be driving themselves to and from the site. But going back to what was said earlier, you could have one or two patients in the building at once, one patient being seen, one patient waiting.

#### CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

So in my opinion, the available parking we saw a minimum of three stalls, which is not a lot, but that only occurred at one point in time. In my report there's a tabulation of the numbers of stalls occupied. There were 93 occupied at 1:20 p.m. And then as you go earlier in the day, later in the day, there were more stalls available.

So the variance that's being requested is a 23-stall variance. We don't need anywhere near 23 stalls. But we did see an availability of 38 stalls.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: That's between four -between parking lot four and parking lot three.

And again, parking lot I guess three is 300 feet
from the building.

MR. GOING: It's probably about 300 feet from the building. I don't know if it is 300 feet from the front property line.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: No, 200 and -- Mr. Castro, do you have those numbers?

MR. CASTRO: Approximately 270 from the front of the existing use, and it's about 340 to the proposed addition.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: But they're sedated so

they won't even notice.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. GOING: Well, like I said, it's -- the requirement is based on one per 200 square feet. That's the commercial requirement.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We understand. That's a different density too, a doctor's office. At the same time you're not taking into consideration the further enhanced use of that strip of stores. There is a hibachi restaurant opening -- how long now?

MR. CASTRO: I'd say maybe within a year.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. So the intensity of that is going to contribute further to exacerbate the situation over there. There's a fruit store at the end which failed. The corner of Rockaway Turnpike and Central Avenue is going to have a new use and no doubt something more palatable, pardon the pun, for the community. So we're going to have further intensification of that lot.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Not to mention there are several other vacant stores and developments that can and will happen on Central Avenue.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Including the bar replacement.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Yes. But right across the

street is a vacant lot which can be built as of right; something can be built there. The former gas station, the old Carmans building is vacant. There are a number of vacant stores, not uncommon, but can be rented.

MR. GOING: Understood. Let me just add, the proposed project would add a sidewalk along the easterly side of the alley. Right now the alley only has a sidewalk on the westerly side.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: How does that help?

MR. GOING: That will enhance pedestrian circulation.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Well, actually, when you're walking from parking lot three you can only walk on the west side of the sidewalk.

MR. GOING: Well, I'm talking about a benefit of a sidewalk that would just benefit the general public, not specifically people coming from parking lot three to the proposed office.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay, thank you.

MR. GOING: Any other questions?

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I just have a question for the architect. Is he still here? John, I might have missed it, but is there an elevator here?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, it's not required.

### CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: You're not required to have an elevator in a two-story building?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, not when you have the same uses up and down and it's under 2,000 square feet, 2,500 square feet. You're not required.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I'm not doubting you. I've never seen a situation where --

MR. CAPOBIANCO: That sidewalk he was referring to is here in the new building.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So you don't need ADA compliance for your --

MR. CAPOBIANCO: ADA compliance is fine.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: -- for your employees? For example, do you have ADA-compliance toilets?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: That they worked out. They have one downstairs; they worked on the first level. See, if they were different uses upstairs then you would have to comply with ADA on the second floor as well. But when you have uses that are similar, let's say there's two surgical labs, two offices, two X-ray rooms, you know, just as long as you have access on the first floor.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I don't see an operating room. Oh, this is the second floor. I had them backwards. Okay. I see the doctor's office,

dental lab, okay, that's all on the second floor.

MR. BROWNE: So I would --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: While John is up, how is all this construction going to be done in a most intense area of our community?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Difficult. I mean, it's not an easy project to build. It's going to be metal stud, load-bearing metal stud, not swinging any big beams. So the excavation is a difficult part because — that's why we didn't do a full basement under the whole building. We did a partial basement so we wouldn't have to bring out too much dirt. And when the dirt is excavated it has to come out. And then there's a construction fence that has to be put up. It's difficult; it's tight. It's tight. That's why pulling the building closer to the front building left you with about 22 feet in the rear, I think, and that gives you a little staging area to work, but not much. It's tight.

MEMBER HILLER: So it would be much better if you brought the building up to Central Avenue.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, there is a building on Central Avenue.

MEMBER HILLER: I'm talking about if there

wasn't.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: If there wasn't, yeah, then they'd lose their apartments and lose rental space.

MR. BROWNE: The only other point I wanted to add is, obviously, that second floor being designed the way it is, it's a thousand or so square feet, but it wouldn't generate any additional traffic, and we would again consent that it not be rented out and only be used for what's shown on the plans in conjunction with the practice as an office, storage, a small lab area. No patients would be seen up there. No additional doctor would work up there. It's really just the first floor that's generating the patient traffic. That's really our case.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: So let's hear from anyone, from the neighbors. Please state your name for the record and identify who you are.

MR. GOLD: Mayer Gold, I'm CEO of Seasons. I just want to get out there, as was mentioned, we do rent the back space from them. We do rent the back building storage. So clearly, anything that -- the construction will take away our rental. That's not why I'm here. We'll find other space

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

for our stuff and we appreciate the rental.

I do have a couple of concerns, some of which were already addressed by Mr. Keilson and some were addressed by other people. I wasn't keeping track exactly of who was saying what. So I have two just quick questions.

One about how the construction would be, you know, done considering the fact that it's a very crowded parking lot any day of the week. I mean, we have trucks coming in. Every store has trucks coming in and out throughout the day. Cars, whether or not they're taking up parking spots, are going through the neighborhood. If you're coming down Rockaway Turnpike and want to get to Washington Avenue, many cars don't go down Central Avenue; they just cut through the parking lot to Mulry and then go out there to whatever the street is there. It's used for many purposes. It's a thoroughfare. There's a lot going on there. So clearly, any construction going on I'm just curious to know how that would work. trying to think of my tractor-trailers coming in the morning making deliveries and if they need to get out of the parking lot onto Mulry and they can't get out there because -- or actually, I

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

think it's Williams, then Mulry, then Washington, and they can't get out there because there's tractor-trailers and dumpsters, what have you.

Again, I'm sure they will do whatever they can to minimize that, but that's certainly a concern that we would have, off the top of my head.

Another concern I had was, again, I don't claim to know any of the rules of the Village and any of the ordinances. I'm just merely looking at what I saw on the traffic report. One thing was mentioned about what happens once the earth is opened up. And I'm sure they'll have a wonderful practice. I'm sure they're wonderful doctors. What stops anything else from coming in there tomorrow or a year from now or whatever. could have five doctors working there and it could become a mill, you know, surgery center, or whatever it is. Maybe not. Maybe it will never be like that. Maybe it will just be one guy. This is just a concern I realistically have to have as a possibility of a neighbor. Although it beats having a bar next door, it's just a concern I definitely have.

There was a concern about mentioning in the report about the vicinity of the parking lot

across the street. I believe that was addressed multiple times. I'm not going to bore you with that concern. But certainly, a concern that I don't think people are going to walk across the street, yes, in my opinion.

Again, I've never been there. I'm not a doctor. I've never had the type of surgery the doctor described. I imagine, if I was having surgery, either my wife would drop me off; or if I was ten years old, she would probably stay with me during the entire surgery. So certainly, I'm sure certain of the patients are dropped off and picked up, and certain of the patients have someone sitting there waiting for them. You know, if it was an older patient of mine, I would probably drop them off, stay with them for three hours until they come out of sedation and then take them home. So then I would have a car parked there, I imagine; I can't say for sure. But it's definitely a concern of mine.

I guess, again, the main thing was even within oral surgery, again, I don't claim to know the oral surgery profession, I don't know that at all, but I'd imagine usually you expand automatically to other services. For example, if

my kids go to an orthodontist in Woodmere and it's a mill. You know, it's busy like crazy, the patients are lined up one after the other. If the Hertzes are not doing that, then that concern is taken off of my plate.

That's basically, you know, that's what I got. Most of the stuff was already addressed by Mr. Keilson and the other members. You know, like I said, how the construction would work practically speaking. How you're getting the vehicles in there, how you're doing construction. And how we avoid the parking issue, because there certainly is a parking issue.

As to your question, Mr. Gottlieb, I looked it up. I believe there was no snow on the ground on that day. I did look it up. But there was definitely -- you know, you're welcome to come out tomorrow, Thursday. It gets hairy in there.

Thursday, Friday are busy days. Before holidays it does get kind of crazy in there.

Again, perhaps the Hertzes will not be generating that much traffic, but there definitely is concern of all the other stores coming on the block, the unknown stores coming on the block, and what their requirements will be and what traffic

they're going to generate and parking requirements and how that's going to affect everyone, including the Hertzes. So that's certainly a concern that I have.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Thank you very much.

MS. HERTZ: Is it all right if I address some of Mayer's concerns?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Sure.

MS. HERTZ: Thank you. And I appreciate them, and I hope I'm going to remember them all and try to address them all. So first of all -- MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Speak to us.

MS. HERTZ: So the first concern was in terms of construction, and I actually discussed this with the manager Alex. Our current construction that we're doing in Brooklyn, the GC, the person, his name is Eran Sarfati (phonetic). He's the contractor, licensed, insured; he's local to here. I found him through recommendations. He's done a lot of work just for the -- the beautiful office -- I'm sorry -- beautiful home, whatever. He's local to here. He's most likely -- we're happy. He's most likely going to do the new construction. I already spoke to him about this. And all his guys are from Far Rockaway and Inwood, and they're

local.

14 15 16

12

13

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

I said to him, listen, I shop at Seasons; I'm there all the time. That's why I said specifically that I wanted the traffic study done on a Thursday. I want it done at peak, you know, done like that. I said to him, what can we do to help our neighbors during construction. And aside from the fact that we changed our plans from putting it in the back and bringing it forward, aside from the plan that it was going to be a full basement and then coming to half, I said to him, is it possible any time that you need a large truck, any time that you need that sort of stuff can you work at night? He said absolutely; he said it's not an issue with his guys. And I can make the accommodation, and the contractor that we're most likely going to use is okay to make the accommodation. And if you want to write that in, whatever -- I'm just saying that it's a --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're not qualified to speak to the issue. I'm not qualified to speak to the issue. The Village would have to govern exactly how it can be done.

MS. HERTZ: Understood.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I don't think they're

### CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

allowed to do construction after a certain time. 1 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You have to let me speak. 2 3 MS. HERTZ: Yes. CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You cannot do construction 4 5 at night. And there's going to be -- the nature of this excavation work that's going to be done is 6 7 going to have impact on the neighbors. 8 inevitable. So that will have to be done 9 through the Village, you know, through their 10 governance. 11 MS. HERTZ: A hundred percent. But what I'm 12 saying is that he said he would -- the contractor 13 that we would most likely use, we would work with 14 that. We're willing to do whatever that is. 15 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: It's not a matter of your 16 willing or not willing. MS. HERTZ: I understand. 17 18 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: It's a question of whether 19 it can be done without disrupting the --20 MS. HERTZ: Understood. 21 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're interrupting me 22 again. 23 MS. HERTZ: Go ahead. 24 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Whether it can be done 25 without interfering with existing ongoing business

in an unbelievably congested location.

MS. HERTZ: Just for argument, I'm just curious, okay, the building, the structure that's currently there, it's 102 years old. It actually would have been much easier and recommended to knock it down and start from scratch. The reason that we're maintaining it is because, obviously, there are things that are grandfathered in and potential income and things like that. But if we were to -- if this weren't to work out, so to speak, we would have to knock the entire building down, and then without -- I'm assuming without a variance we'd be entitled to wherever -- you know, a full basement, and that work would be so much more significant.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Once again, within the purview of the Building Department to work it out. It's not for this evening.

MS. HERTZ: Absolutely. I understand. But the alternative within -- without -- from what I understand, and I don't know, the architect can also address it, I guess, but I'm saying the alternative without needing a variance in terms of building would be way more of a hardship to Seasons as well as all the neighbors. And if

we're talking about a whole building, you know, again, John will have more experience, but this is not a large construction job. We're talking about 1,300 square feet for the two floors. It's not very large, and it's not an extended job.

Whereas, if we had to start from scratch, it's making much more of an impact during the construction phase.

Your other concerns. Yes, the orthodontist is the complete opposite of what we said. I think we explained how his office works. So, yes.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Asked and answered. Go ahead, next.

MS. HERTZ: What was the other -- oh, and I also just wanted to mention the parking study did not include street parking, and that's also additional spots.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Yeah, but all of us know, we who live here for 50 years know that that street is an impossibly congested street. So to suggest that you can get on-street parking when you come out of Williams and trying to get onto Central Avenue, you can't even access Rockaway Turnpike because of the line-up of traffic.

MS. HERTZ: Our Brooklyn office is located on

Ocean Avenue off of Kings Highway. I don't know how familiar everyone is with that. The parking there, if you think this is difficult, you can't even imagine. So any --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're reinforcing our position.

MS. HERTZ: No, my point -- my point is -CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're reinforcing our
position --

MS. HERTZ: No.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: -- that that is a congested area and it will be further exacerbated.

MS. HERTZ: What I'm saying is --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The fact that you have an office on Ocean Parkway is irrelevant.

MS. HERTZ: What I'm saying is that patients that have to park will walk to him from far. The 300 feet is not something that should be looked at as somebody -- I understand somebody wouldn't want to park at a grocery store across the street.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: They're not going to park and walk. They're going to be picked up. The traffic study reads that they're going to be sedated.

MR. HERTZ: Again, if you were in front of my

office, and you could see it on Google and all that, you'll see it's Ocean Avenue. There is -- it's apartment buildings mostly, and my patients when they come they come with a car service, they get dropped off. There's not a -- there is no parking there, and there is never an issue. And I have patients on time coming for their appointments and seeing them.

Here we have a study that shows there are parking spots. I remember it was not snowing, by the way, and I don't think it was snowing.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: All this stuff we've gone over.

MR. HERTZ: You were speaking hypothetically about how we would know. By the way, you know this town. I only live here ten years. You know much more than me. I would come here, I would stay. There's a lot of turnover in those spaces. I'm a sure thing to be here.

MR. BROWNE: I think you have the case. I think there's no question that downtown Lawrence and these parking lots are congested. I would submit to you that this can work only because of the limited nature of this practice. It's not an orthodontist, et cetera, et cetera. That's why it

would work here. Another medical use, I agree, would not. But a one-doctor practice doing this type of work, because of the limited nature of the cars and so forth, that's why we would submit to you it is an appropriate use, and it should be conditioned and limited to the use we've described.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We'll get into that whole question. Counsel has already indicated that we have a limited amount of ability to do that and then, of course, Mr. Gottlieb correctly stated that it's not the job of the Village to be checking how many doctors are operating in a specific location. We're building something in an area that's really inappropriate for it. We're trying to shoehorn in, no different than the pool on the previous application. We're trying to do something in an area that is really very --

MR. HERTZ: May I say something?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: No.

MR. HERTZ: Okay, thank you.

MR. BROWNE: Well, that's our application.

And I don't think there's any -- you know, if you wanted further legal discussion about your power to impose conditions, I'd be happy to have it.

Whether or not you want to put the Village in that kind of an enforcement position is for the Board and the Village to decide. But I think that that's a -- I would submit that that's a reasonable -- you know, a reasonable set of restrictions to control the use is the best way to handle this type of application.

MEMBER HILLER: I'm only speaking for myself and I don't represent what the other people on the Board say. I have tremendous, first of all, respect and regard for what you want to do, and I appreciate it, and I understand all the familial obligations that this will help you with and everything.

For myself -- and nobody can look into anybody else's pocket. But for myself, I would be much more comfortable if you could find a way to get rid of the bar building, which is an eyesore anyway, move your office up front to Central Avenue, and have five or six parking spaces made available in the back. It would address a lot of my concerns.

Also, the ability to move the trucks on Central Avenue versus a parking lot, as uncomfortable as that may be on Central Avenue,

### CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

it's far more preferable in my judgment. 1 MS. HERTZ: I understand, but --2 3 MEMBER HILLER: You don't have to answer to this. 4 MS. HERTZ: No, no, I know, but I just want 5 to tell you we can't do financial again. 6 7 MEMBER HILLER: Don't answer. I'm saying to 8 you that, for me, it would be far more palatable 9 if you could see your way to do that. 10 MS. HERTZ: I understand, but we can't. 11 MR. BROWNE: Why don't we -- if we could follow the suit of the other case, maybe we should 12 13 just adjourn and consider our options before we 14 ask the Board to make a final determination, if 15 that's --16 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: By all means. MR. HERTZ: They're never going to say yes if 17 18 we keep adjourning and adjourning. 19 MS. HERTZ: We're losing a lot of money each 20 month. 21 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I think you should discuss 22 with your counsel. That's why he's here, to 23 advise you. 24 MR. HERTZ: I want to tell you, I've spoken 25 to builders. My brother knows a lot about

building, he does buildings. And I spoke to them, and they said, if you think Seasons has a problem with that -- and they came to see it. I paid them to see this. He said, boy, will the town and Seasons have big trouble if you go to the front. We didn't do it on purpose, not because of the income. It's going to block the whole road. You know what traffic is going to be. If you do what you're doing, you're actually doing good. If you do the front, it will be worse. I'm just telling you, it will be terrible.

MS. HERTZ: I want to say at this point, like, if this doesn't work out, you know, I don't know that we would sell the building. We can't --we can't financially put the office in the front. That would be just too much of a hit for us to take. We would have to rent it out to whoever would be the highest bidder.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I suggest you listen to counsel who just well advised you to take an adjournment for the moment and to consult, because further conversation is not improving your situation. That's why you have counsel there.

MR. BROWNE: I would advise you to adjourn it. You're not prejudiced by a short adjournment

to consider the final option and ask the Board to make the decision or withdraw the application or modify it.

MEMBER HILLER: Do you want an adjournment right now?

MR. BROWNE: Yes.

MR. GOLD: Everyone else had a final word.

Seasons would want nothing more than having a great neighbor next-door. The bar was not necessarily a good neighbor to us, not necessarily a good fit for the people on the block. So we are interested in having a good neighbor next-door.

That would be good for everyone concerned. We just want to make sure the concerns are addressed.

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MS.}}$  HERTZ: I wish you would have spoken to me before we met tonight.

MR. BROWNE: We would request an adjournment, and I'll speak to Mr. Castro about what our final position is.

MR. CASTRO: Following suit, can I have a final word also?

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: If you're going to say something, I have hardly spoken tonight.

MR. CASTRO: I heard the applicant mention that the construction is not large scale in

# CAATS LLC - 6/6/18

1	nature. I just want to note that
2	MS. HERTZ: Meaning compared to knocking the
3	whole thing down.
4	MR. CASTRO: I just want to note that as per
5	the architect's plans the addition is only
6	22 square feet smaller than the existing building.
7	It's just about the same size.
8	MS. HERTZ: Right, because it's much smaller
9	than they allowed
10	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We'll adjourn.
11	MR. BROWNE: We'll take everything under
12	advisement. Thank you very much.
13	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
14	10:35 p.m.)
15	***************
16	Certified that the foregoing is a true and
17	accurate transcript of the original stenographic
18	minutes in this case.
19	
20	Mary Berci
21	MARY BENCI, RPR
22	Court Reporter
23	

1	INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE	
2	BOARD OF APPEALS	
3		
4	Village Hall 196 Central Aven	
5	Lawrence, New Yo	rĸ
6	June 6, 2018 8:04 p.m.	
7		
8	APPLICATION: Lowy 120 Lakeside Drive East Lawrence, New York	
9	Hawlenee, New York	
10	PRESENT:	
11	MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman	
12	MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB	
13	Member	
14	MR. DANIEL HILLER Member	
15 16	MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ Member	
17	MR. AARON FELDER Member	
18	MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.	
19	Village Attorney	
20	MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department	
21	MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL	
22	Building Department	
23		
24	Manu Danai DDD	
25	Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter	

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The next matter is Lowy. Please introduce yourself to Mary.

MR. LOWY: My name is Edward Lowy. I live at 120 Lakeside Drive East. I'm not an alcoholic.

I'm here, I guess, for Section 212-12.1 for exceeding the maximum impervious surface coverage. I'm basically trying to put in a circular driveway that I already had. I just redid the house because of a fire, and I just want to put the driveway. I'm actually proposing a smaller driveway than existed previously, and that's it.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. So we're talking about again?

MR. LOWY: It exceeds -- I have the numbers here.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Yeah, let's have the numbers on the record, please.

MR. LOWY: So I think it exceeds the maximum surface coverage of the lot size by 981.7 square feet, and the maximum impervious coverage for the front yard by I think that's 942 square feet.

One thing to note, that the lot, there's a bit of a curve in the street coming into my house. There's like one stop sign going one way, but the other way there's not a stop sign, and it's a bit

## Lowy - 6/6/18

of a tight driveway to back out of. I think that would be a little dangerous. So I'm guessing that's why the circular driveway was so necessary back whenever it was built, and I think it's still pretty necessary.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay, good. Any questions from the Board?

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: No.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Anyone from the audience have any questions on the matter?

(No response.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Who is the mime next to you?

MR. LOWY: This is my contractor, Aaron

Blumenkranz. He's a great contractor. If you

guys were going to ask me any technical questions

I was going to defer.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: So fortunately, we don't have to test him tonight.

So taking into account the benefit to the applicant as to any detriment to the health, safety and welfare of the community, and start with Mr. Felder.

MEMBER FELDER: I am for.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Hiller.

\_

# Lowy - 6/6/18

1	MEMBER HILLER: For.
2	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Gottlieb.
3	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For.
4	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Moskowitz.
5	MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: For.
6	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And I vote for, and good
7	luck with it.
8	MR. LOWY: Thank you very much.
9	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
10	8:06 p.m.)
11	**************
12	Certified that the foregoing is a true and
13	accurate transcript of the original stenographic
14	minutes in this case.
15	
16	Mary Direc.
17	MARY BENCI, RPR Court Reporter
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	

1	INC	CORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		Village Hall
4		196 Central Avenue Lawrence, New York
5		June 6, 2018
6		8:06 p.m.
7		
8	APPLICATION:	Newman 180 Lakeside Drive South Lawrence, New York
9		Hawlende, New Tolk
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman
12		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB
13		Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
15 16		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		
19		MR. STEHPEN L. MARTIR, ESQ. Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL
22		Building Department
23		
24		Marian Daniel
25		Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter

#### Newman - 6/6/18

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The next matter is Newman, 1 180 Lakeside Drive South. 2 3 MS. NEWMAN: Hi, I'm Gitta Newman. I live at 180 -- I used to live at 180 Lakeside Drive South. 4 5 This is my architect, Matt Barkus, so he's going 6 to address all of the questions. 7 MR. BARKUS: I work with JM2 Architecture, 8 2410 North Ocean Avenue in Farmingville. 9 My client's house was affected by Hurricane 10 Sandy. It was very damaged, so we're in the 11 process of trying to gain approval to lift the 12 house. So the variances that we're seeking today 13 are for height and side-yard ratio. The allowable 14 is 1.5 and we're looking for 2.16. 15 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're raising the house, 16 correct? 17 MR. BARKUS: Yes, we are raising the house. 18 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And what we'll be 19 discussing tonight is a byproduct or raising the 20 house? 21 MR. BARKUS: Yes. 22 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Are you changing anything 23 on the house per se other than raising it? 24 MR. BARKUS: We're just raising it as of 25 right now.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay.

MR. BARKUS: We're also looking for a variance for both of the side yards. The side yards are now 10 foot 1, and 15 foot 4. They're going to remain the same, even though the house is being lifted. We are requesting a variance for those approvals.

And we're also requesting a variance for the side-yard aggregate. What's allowable is 30 feet, and we are asking for 25 foot 5.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Those are all pre-existing nonconforming, right?

MR. BARKUS: Yes. But the height ratio is subject to the height of the lifting of the house.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: What will the height of the house be at the height of the ridge? I see two different numbers shown on the plans.

MR. BARKUS: The height -- the height once it's lifted will be 34 foot 9.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: On A14 when you look at the streetscape it references 27 feet zero.

MR. BARKUS: So that is the current height of the house. That shouldn't be on that sheet. But the proposed height is going to be 34 foot 9 once it is lifted.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Actually, it shows 24 foot would be the current. On the top, 24 foot would be current and 27 is proposed.

MR. BARKUS: What sheet is this, A14?

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: A14, yes. So I guess the question is are you raising the house three feet or 11 feet?

MR. BARKUS: The house is only going to be raised three feet.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Then I would, not knowing the facts, I'd venture to say you'll be at 27, not at 35.

MR. BARKUS: Okay. If you refer to sheet A9, the existing elevation to the top of the ridge is 34.8.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: A9 is proposed north?

MR. BARKUS: Yes, but --

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Existing is on bottom, okay.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Castro, can you shed any light on this?

MR. BARKUS: I see. Refer to sheet A8; that is the existing elevation. The top of the ridge is 31.8 feet, and our proposed it is 34.8. So we are looking at three feet.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So you're saying existing is 31.8?

MR. BARKUS: Yes. And we are lifting three feet from that.

MR. CASTRO: So if I could just point out that on all the elevation sheets it seems as though the numbers referenced are used for their elevations in reference to sea level, because I see that the grade is proposed at zero, and then the first floor is noted at 9.3, which certainly wouldn't make sense of a nine-foot difference. So I think the --

MR. BARKUS: That's what the grade should have been on, the elevation certificate, which I have actually, and I can give the correct grade that is the basis for where the first floor is. So the lowest adjacent grade is 7.1. So that's in reference to the nine foot that is from that grade. So the first floor is really only two feet, not the nine as it would show on the plan.

MR. CASTRO: So you said seven, correct. So if we use that number and you used 34 as the ridge height, you would take seven away, that would be your true elevation from crown of road or at least from mean grade.

# Newman - 6/6/18

1	MR. BARKUS: Okay.
2	MR. CASTRO: If you could just quantify that
3	for us, and we'll use that as the proposed height.
4	So what was the elevation, proposed elevation top
5	of ridge?
6	MR. BARKUS: 34.8.
7	MR. CASTRO: And the grade is?
8	MR. BARKUS: The grade is
9	MR. CASTRO: Lowest adjacent grade.
10	MR. BARKUS: Lowest adjacent is 7.1.
11	MR. CASTRO: It would be 27.7.
12	MR. BARKUS: Okay.
13	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Can you just tell me what
14	was surmised from this discussion?
15	MR. CASTRO: That the streetscape more
16	accurately reflects the true height.
17	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay. So this house will
18	be closer to three feet higher than the adjacent
19	houses, not 10 feet.
20	MR. CASTRO: Correct. In any case, it's well
21	below the permitted.
22	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Great, thank you.
23	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Very good. Any further
24	questions from the Board?
25	(No response.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Anyone from the audience want to comment? If not, we're going to weigh the benefit of the applicant as to any detriment for health, safety and welfare to the community, and we're going to vote.

Mr. Moskowitz.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Gottlieb.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Hiller.

MEMBER HILLER: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Felder.

MEMBER FELDER: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And I am for as well.

MR. CASTRO: Are you changing the facade on the house, the siding?

MR. BARKUS: The siding is going to stay the same.

MR. CASTRO: There's not going to be a tremendous increase in height. I don't think there's going to be a lot of foundation showing, so I don't believe it's necessary to go before the Board of Building Design for any landscaping plans, okay. How long?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Two years.

# Newman - 6/6/18

	Newman - 6/6/18
1	MR. CASTRO: 24 months, is that enough time
2	to raise the house?
3	MR. BARKUS: That should be, yes.
4	MS. NEWMAN: I hope so.
5	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Start on your way back.
6	MS. NEWMAN: Thank you.
7	MR. BARKUS: Thank you very much.
8	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
9	8:14 p.m.)
10	*************
11	Certified that the foregoing is a true and
12	accurate transcript of the original stenographic
13	minutes in this case.
14	
15	- Mary Benai
16	MARY BENCI, RPR
17	Court Reporter
18	
19	
20	
21	

1	;	INCORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		Village Hall
4		196 Central Avenue Lawrence, New York
5		
6		June 6, 2018 8:14 p.m.
7		
8	APPLICATION:	Adler 44 Broadway Lawrence, New York
9		Lawlence, New 101k
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman
12		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
15		
16		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.
19		Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL
22		Building Department
23		
24		
25		Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The matter of Adler,

44 Broadway. Would they and their representative.

MR. FLAUM: Good evening, members of the Board. My name is Shmuel Flaum, S-H-M-U-E-L. Last name is spelled F-L-A-U-M, as in Mary, residing at 194 Wanser Avenue, Inwood, New York. I'm the architect/applicant for this application. I'll just hand out some additional -- we did an additional diagram for the lot sizing. I can pass this out (handing).

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Very good.

MR. FLAUM: So the subject of tonight's variance for this property is we're looking to subdivide an existing oversized parcel maintaining the house on the existing lot while subdividing a portion off to be subsequently developed by whoever purchases that vacant lot after.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: You're appearing on behalf of Adler?

MR. FLAUM: I'm appearing on behalf of Adler and the future owner of Dr. Adler's property as it is currently in contract but hasn't yet been sold.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. And who's the contract vendee, who might that be?

MR. BEISS: My name is David Beiss,

B-E-I-S-S.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Your address?

MR. BEISS: 1205 Sage Street, Far Rockaway.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay, welcome.

MR. BEISS: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: All righty.

MR. FLAUM: So I'm going to start by reading off the code relief, if that's okay.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: One second.

MR. FLAUM: The code relief that we were seeking were Section 212-12.1, side yard height/setback ratio, permitted at 1.5, existing is 1.7 and 0.3, proposed at 1.7 and 2.1, with an overage of 0.6.

The second category of code relief was

Section 212-12.1, front yard surface coverage,

which was permitted at 15 percent, existing at

26.9 percent. Proposed at 28.6 percent -- I think

that's a mistake. It was 38.6 percent with an

overage of 13.6 percent.

The third one was Section 212-17.H, subdivision of 70-foot diameter circle. The permitted 70-foot diameter circle existing, not applicable.

Last, impervious surface coverage, the

permitted allotment is 3,418.8 square feet, the existing is 8,175.9 square feet, proposed is 4,886.9 square feet, with an overage of 42.9 percent reduced from 57.7 percent.

The additional drawing that we just handed out, if you'll take a look, proposed lots A and B, which is at the bottom of the drawing, shows that after the lot would be subdivided lot B and lot A would be more in sizing with the surrounding lots of the existing block. So the existing lot was actually oversized for the surrounding lots on the same block that it currently is situated.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I'm looking at the code relief. This refers only to lot  ${\sf A.}$ 

MR. FLAUM: It only refers to lot A because lot B would be vacant so there wouldn't be any issues.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So when you talk about the side yard height/setback ratios there is 1.7 and 2.1. Is the 2.1 the height/setback ratio against lot B or against the existing adjacent house to the west?

MR. FLAUM: Good question. It's not on this diagram drawing. I don't actually have a copy of the drawing with me, but I could tell you.

1	MR. MARTIR: Can we make copies of the
2	drawing?
3	MS. MAXWELL: Which drawing?
4	MR. FLAUM: The 2.1.
5	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Just give him our
6	drawings.
7	MR. FLAUM: Not that drawing.
8	MS. MAXWELL: One of these?
9	MR. FLAUM: Yeah, that one. Thank you.
10	So on the bottom of Z100 you have the
11	schematic front elevation which faces Broadway.
12	So I believe that one would be the neighbor to the
13	left or directionalized to the left.
14	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Which is that, the 1.7 or
15	the 2.1?
16	MR. FLAUM: It would be lot six, I believe.
17	Where are you looking?
18	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So lot six. However you
19	describe it, I will
20	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: He'll find it.
21	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So lot six is 1.7 and
22	that's staying the same?
23	MR. FLAUM: Correct.
24	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: And so the 2.1 references
25	the new lot?

MR. FLAUM: It would be the adjacent lot subdivided that there is no current structure on.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Then when you talk about front yard surface coverage, typically we see this in square feet, not in percent. Do you happen to have those numbers? Or actually, no, this is front surface coverage.

MR. FLAUM: Front yard surface coverage, so if you could -- I don't have many copies but you could pass it to him.

MEMBER HILLER: I may be making a mistake in math, but for instance, your overage on your front yard surface coverage you say it's 13.6 percent. That's relative to the -- it's permitted 15, your proposed is 28, so you're 28 by 6. You're reading it 13.6. But really it's almost 100 percent overage on that single lot.

MR. FLAUM: There was an error in that calculation. We revised it after speaking with the head of the Building Department, Mr. Castro, so I just passed it to him.

MEMBER HILLER: So what does it reflect now?

MR. FLAUM: So this was the error in the

calculation. The new one is 19.7 percent lot

coverage, because the front yard requires 25 feet,

so the coverage is determined based off that setback. Previously, we did it to the front of the house. It's actually based off the front yard. So if you could pass this, you could see the difference.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So we're talking about front yard surface coverage. I'm looking at numbers 496.7. What does that represent?

MR. FLAUM: 496.7 is the amount of impervious surface from the asphalt. That's 333.1, added to the portion of the porch that's 163.28, added together is 496.7. When you divide that by the total front yard area, which is 2,515, gives you 19.7 percent of impervious surface coverage in the front yard.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And what is permitted?

MR. FLAUM: Permitted was -- sorry, I was
looking at the code relief. Permitted is
15 percent. So it's 4.7 percent over.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We're creating a new situation here by your subdividing. We prefer not to have variances once you subdivide. Is that achievable?

MR. FLAUM: So we actually came up with a solution that was describing to me that a portion

of the porch has an issue that there's a tree 1 growing through it, so it's being undermined. 2 the tentative proposed owner is willing to chop it 3 back to get rid of that issue. So if you removed 4 an additional 317 square feet of surface coverage, 5 that would drop to only a -- just take a look at 6 7 the number here -- a smaller amount of overage or it might not even be over at all. 8 MR. BEISS: What's allowable? 9 10 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We prefer the non-over.

MR. BEISS: What is the allowable?

MR. CASTRO: 15 percent.

MR. BEISS: We can knock out 163 square feet.

MR. FLAUM: Well, the whole porch is 558. So if you chopped off the left part it probably would be about 200 square feet. So in order to get under --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Off the record.

(Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Let's go back on the record.

MR. BEISS: I'll knock out the porch to get it under. Not a problem.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Let's make it simple.

20

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

22

21

23

24

We're not disinclined to help you on the subdivision. We're disinclined to give you variances as a byproduct of the subdivision. Is that achievable? And let's do it quickly because there are a lot of people waiting. It's going to be a long night.

MR. FLAUM: I'm pretty sure we can.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: No. "Pretty sure" doesn't work.

MR. FLAUM: I'm more than certain that we can redesign the front porch to eliminate the additional impervious surface coverage to bring it into compliance with the required 15 percent allowable.

MR. CASTRO: It's 120 square feet. You have to reduce it.

MR. FLAUM: Yes, we could do it.

MR. BEISS: The porch is 163.

MR. FLAUM: It's 558.

MR. CASTRO: You will reduce it.

MR. FLAUM: Yes, we will.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I think what's important is if you want us to vote on this tonight is for you to put your numbers together. Maybe we can go on to the next matter, and then we'll take you

right afterwards, and just define for us precisely what we're voting on. That way the record will be clear and everybody can go home happy.

MR. FLAUM: I just have to figure out what portion equals that amount. Was it 115?

MS. MAXWELL: 120.

MR. CASTRO: 120. Permitted is 377, according to the new chart.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: They can also reduce the driveway and have the same accomplishment.

MR. FLAUM: We could do that also. Let's discuss it.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: SO we'll call you back.

(Whereupon, a recess was taken; the application was recalled.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Back to Adler. One second while we get our papers.

MR. FLAUM: Good evening.

So after discussing it with the future owner contract vendee of the subject property, we've decided that we're going to reduce the front yard surface coverage by eliminating the left side of the front porch, which is currently in disrepair, by approximately 20 feet in width and the full depth from where it starts to where it touches the

house, because there's approximately nine to ten feet which would give you anywhere between 180 to 200 square feet. I don't have the actual depth of the porch on the survey. They didn't actually indicate a dimension, but I will follow up. It's more than the 120 that you're requesting, and it's --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I didn't request anything.

MR. FLAUM: It's more than 120 that would be bringing it into compliance.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We don't work approximates. So in order for us to vote we have to know what we are voting on. That was the purpose of giving you the hiatus. But can you tell us what the variance requests are, if any.

MR. FLAUM: There wouldn't be a variance required if we reduced it by the additional amount. So there would be no front yard surface coverage variance as a result of it.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. So let's go back to it. So you would still have the side-yard height/setback ratio, I assume.

MR. FLAUM: Right.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The front yard surface coverage request is eliminated?

1 MR. FLAUM: Correct. CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Good. The 70-foot 2 diameter circle is not applicable. 3 MR. FLAUM: Uh-hm. 4 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And the impervious surface 5 6 coverage? 7 MR. FLAUM: What? 8 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The impervious surface 9 coverage request. 10 MR. FLAUM: The impervious surface coverage 11 request it's reduced; meaning, it's an existing condition. We're making it better as a result of 12 the subdivision. We're reducing it. 13 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: How are you reducing it? 14 MR. FLAUM: It's funny, by subdividing the 15 lot into two, the new lot gets the majority or the 16 majority of the impervious surface, so the 17 resulting lot has a reduction because the majority 18 of the impervious surface was on the adjacent 19 20 vacant lot. 21 MEMBER GOTTLIEB: But you weren't counting 22 that in lot A. 23 MR. FLAUM: What? MEMBER GOTTLIEB: You weren't counting what's 24

in lot B on lot A. When you calculated lot A

you're excluding everything that's on lot B.

MR. FLAUM: Correct.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So when you divide it, it shouldn't be a consideration because it's already been removed.

MR. FLAUM: Let me just check that.

MR. BEISS: I think what he's saying is that the overall lot now the way it exists is over on the impervious coverage.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Existing, right.

MR. BEISS: The existing. So after the subdivision, proportionately in lot A it will be significantly reduced based on what it is now; and in lot B the entire thing will be -- there's a big driveway, that will be completely removed, so that will be in total compliance. So the overall compliance based on what it is now, which is over significantly, will be reduced by about 20 percent.

MEMBER HILLER: So what will the overage be?

Is there going to be an overage?

MR. FLAUM: So it says 42.9 percent, which is reduced 14.8 percent from the existing. Because the existing lot impervious surface is 8,175.9. Proposed is 4,886.9.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And 8,175 is on the both lots?

MR. FLAUM: The existing current lot that's not subdivided. When you subdivide it the resulting lot has a proposed of 4,886.9. Now, I think what you're asking is what is the allowable for an individual lot. So if impervious is 28.95 square feet, plus 20 percent in excess, which is a total of 3,418. So 3,418 -- so if you take a look at the second sheet in the drawing, 2101, there's an existing asphalt --

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: One second. Z101?

MR. FLAUM: Z101. There is a drawing close by lot A. So on the northern northeast corner there's a large asphalt patch of 635 square feet.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I see 536.

MR. FLAUM: No, that's the southeast. Northeast, northeast.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Northeast, 635, got it.

MR. FLAUM: Right. So that entire asphalt patch can be removed and we seed it with sod, and that can reduce it even further.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Will you have a driveway and do you have a garage?

MR. FLAUM: There's an existing driveway.

That's the one you were just referencing. The 536 is the existing driveway that has an adjacent staircase to the porch that we're also going to reduce at the west side.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Is there a garage on this property and if so -- there is no garage.

MR. FLAUM: (Indicating.)

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Do we need a garage variance also, Mr. Castro?

MR. CASTRO: No. The subdivision itself doesn't extend or exacerbate the nonconformity.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: What are the intentions for lot B? It's going to be -- what are the intentions for lot B?

MR. BEISS: Looking to sell it and have someone build a house there.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: So right now the impervious surface coverage on both lots combined is 8,175.9?

MR. BEISS: Right, which is over, yeah.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Obviously, when lot B is sold, the impervious surface coverage on both of those plots is going to be higher than 8,175.9 because somebody is going to build a structure on there and not use it as a field, right?

MR. BEISS: Right. But lot B could be totally in compliance.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Nothing will be in compliance.

MR. BEISS: I mean, there's all these slabs of concrete over here. I plan on removing all of them because they're all just annoying, personally. They're just random slabs of concrete. If that's what it requires, I'll do it immediately. I was planning on doing it over time. If that's what the Board requires, we'll just get rid of it. There's just like long --

MR. FLAUM: You already showed that you are eliminating this one in the back.

MR. BEISS: The 317, the 635. They don't need to be there. They can all go, if that's what the Board would prefer. That could basically put it into compliance, right?

MR. FLAUM: Yeah.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Does the concrete 220 connect with the asphalt 536?

MR. BEISS: No, it does not.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So you're really not using anything. You don't propose to use that back area anyway, or were you going to pave to connect it?

1	MR. BEISS: The concrete 220 is going to be
2	completely unusable, so that is going to go.
3	Asphalt 635, right now is a basketball court.
4	That could be removed if necessary. Concrete 317
5	is also not necessary because it's a random slab
6	of concrete.
7	MEMBER HILLER: That is a deck or what is it?
8	MR. FLAUM: There's a lot of slabs of
9	concrete, all of which
10	MEMBER FELDER: You would be willing to
11	remove any pieces of concrete here
12	MEMBER HILLER: Like 313.
13	MEMBER FELDER: to bring you into
14	compliance?
15	MR. BEISS: And that will put it in
16	compliance.
17	MEMBER HILLER: 313, 317, 635, 220.
18	MR. BEISS: The only one I would like to keep
19	is 635, the basketball court. The other ones are
20	unnecessary. The only reason why they're on the
21	plans is because I was planning on doing it over
22	time. But if you need me to do it immediately,
23	that's perfectly okay.
24	MR. CASTRO: So is it correct to say that on

the code relief the proposed 4,486.9 square feet

is represented by page -- by lot -- proposed lot A on plan Z101. And I'll just go through the numbers which is the main dwelling, the front porch at 585 square feet, the front asphalt portion of the driveway at 536 square feet, the rear asphalt paving at 635 square feet, and the rear concrete slab at 317 square feet.

MR. FLAUM: You missed two; concrete 220, between the asphalt and the asphalt there's a concrete.

MR. CASTRO: But I see those as hidden lines and you have existing concrete to be removed, so I'm assuming they're not included in that number in the code relief already.

MR. FLAUM: Okay.

MR. CASTRO: So what you're planning to remove, would we be able to actually quantify the new proposed square footage?

MR. BEISS: We're taking 200 feet off the front porch.

MR. FLAUM: The porch is going to be reduced from 585 to 385 square feet. We're going to keep the asphalt driveway 536, but we're going to take out the full 317 concrete square feet at the rear of the house. So that's a reduction of 200 and

317.

MR. CASTRO: 517.

MR. FLAUM: 517.

MR. BEISS: At that point it would only be over about -- about -- it will be about 4,000 square feet and it's 3,418 allowable.

MEMBER HILLER: What about the 220? You were going to remove the 220 also.

MR. BEISS: Yeah, the 220 though, I think -- MR. FLAUM: That was already included but there's an additional amount here.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: It was not included. We didn't talk about it yet. 200, 317 and now 220.

MEMBER FELDER: You have 317, 313.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: All right, hold it, hold it, hold it, hold it, hold it. One person speak for the applicant and let's have the answers and let's get finished with this.

MR. FLAUM: Very simple. We're reducing the porch by 200 square feet. We're going to take out the concrete at 317. We're going to -- I think we should just remove the asphalt and repave it. And remove the additional asphalt at 635 for a total of --

MEMBER FELDER: You're removing 635 entirely?

1	MR. FLAUM: Yeah. Plus 200, plus 317, gives
2	you a total of 1,152 as a reduction. If you
3	subtract that from the 4,886.9 that was proposed
4	brings you to 3,734, where 3,418 was allowed. I
5	don't think there's anything more that we can
6	remove.
7	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. So your proposed is
8	37
9	MR. FLAUM: 34.9.
10	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And the permitted is the
11	3,418.
12	MR. FLAUM: 3,418.8.
13	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: So you are requesting,
14	what is the difference?
15	MR. CASTRO: 316 square feet over or
16	9.2 percent.
17	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay, all right. So let's
18	just summarize. Side yard height/setback ratio as
19	previous. Anything else? And now the impervious.
20	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Impervious 316.
21	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: 316. That's the only two
22	requests?
23	MR. FLAUM: Those are them.
24	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Any further

questions from the Board?

1	MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: No.
2	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Anyone from the neighbors
3	or the audience?
4	(No response.)
5	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: So weighing the benefit to
6	the applicant as opposed to any detriment to the
7	community or the like, we will vote, before they
8	change their mind. Mr. Felder.
9	MEMBER FELDER: I'm for.
10	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Hiller.
11	MEMBER HILLER: For.
12	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Gottlieb.
13	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For.
14	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Moskowitz.
15	MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: For.
16	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I vote for. Good luck.
17	MR. FLAUM: Thank you very much.
18	MR. BEISS: Thank you very much.
19	MR. FLAUM: Have a good evening.
20	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Thank you.
21	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
22	9:00 p.m.)
23	************
24	

Certified that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the original stenographic minutes in this case.

MARY BENCI, RPR Court Reporter

1	INCC	DRPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		****
4		Village Hall 196 Central Avenue
5		Lawrence, New York
6		June 6, 2018 8:25 p.m.
7		
8	APPLICATION:	Lipton 280 Broadway
9		Lawrence, New York
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON
12		Chairman
13		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
15		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ
16		Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.
19		Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL
22		Building Department
23		
24		Mary Benci, RPR
25		Court Reporter

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The matter of Lipton, 280 Broadway.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: John Capobianco, architect.

MR. LIPTON: Eric Lipton, owner. How are

you?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Good evening.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: We're here this evening to seek variances for a rear-yard extension. The house exists as a high ranch right now, and we're going to extend the high ranch level. We're also seeking side-yard variances and a side-yard aggregate variance. We try to maintain the width of the house, line it up with the existing house and extend it in the same line so that the minimum ten-foot rear yard is now 9.85 in lieu of 10 feet. And the existing side yard which we want to maintain is 7.9.

The side-yard aggregate which is required at 25 feet, trying to maintain what's presently there, it's 17.6. So that the side-yard aggregate would remain the same and the side yards would remain the same.

We're also seeking a variance with regard to height/setback ratio. Because of the self-imposed situation that's already there, it's a variation

of height/setback ratio of which is required to be 2.2. We have 2.05 proposed. The side yard -- the impervious coverage, the building coverage complies. The pervious coverage is over.

Let's see here. All right, the impervious coverage, because of the front yard having the circular driveway, and the reason why we're seeking a circular driveway is because this is right on Broadway which makes it a little difficult to back out and it's an elderly couple that's going to be living here. It will be easier for them if they can use the circular driveway and drive in and drive out, because it's a little dangerous to back out right on Broadway. It's just a little bit west of Rockaway Turnpike. It's a busy intersection and a little difficult to back out.

Mr. Castro knows we made application with the Nassau County 239F for curb cuts, so that's also being reviewed now. So hopefully that will be approved by them.

But basically, this is the addition that you see in the back. It's an extension of that upper level floor. If you look at the floor plan, we've added a master suite to the back, extended the

kitchen and breakfast area. But pretty much the existing three bedrooms that are there are staying there and that the existing first-floor playroom will be extended at the first-floor level.

But that's the extent of the house. It's really an existing high ranch that we just wanted to expand in the same level, not raise it. But the roof line will be a different roof line to make it a more attractive looking house, and that's basically the application.

MEMBER HILLER: Mr. Lipton, how are you?

MR. LIPTON: Good.

MEMBER HILLER: Who will be living in the house?

MR. LIPTON: My parents. I currently reside at 185 Causeway and I do not intend on moving from there.

MEMBER HILLER: They have another residence right now?

MS. LIPTON: They have been in the Village of Lawrence for over 15 years, and they're currently living in the duplex right behind it on Central Avenue, and there's a tremendous amount of stairs.

MEMBER HILLER: I'm sorry. Where are they living?

MR. LIPTON: They currently live in the duplex apartments next-door to Lawrence Mews. I don't believe there's an identified name. I think it's 275 Central Avenue. And because of their age, it's become cumbersome for them to walk all those stairs. We were able to find this property for them and purchase it and it will be easier for them.

MEMBER HILLER: And just the two parents will be living there?

MR. LIPTON: That's correct.

MEMBER HILLER: And which bedroom will they occupy?

MR. LIPTON: The new master bedroom that will accommodate for -- with the help of God we won't need it right now -- with ADA compatibility and all those issues.

MEMBER HILLER: And you have the kitchen on the second floor and everything with --

MR. LIPTON: Well, it's not really the second floor because if we would have been within -- if I'm correct, if we wouldn't have asked for a variance we could have added another floor, but we didn't want to do that because of the additional stairs.

MEMBER HILLER: And do you have like approximately three or four additional bedrooms besides your parents' bedroom?

MR. LIPTON: Not additional, existing. And the reason for that is, again, God forbid, if family members need to stay there on chagaim (phonetic) or something like that, or also in the event of an aide needing in terms of, you know, age, because they are up there in terms of age and health, then we have the accommodations to, you know, keep them close to the family.

MEMBER HILLER: Okay. I mean, it's a large house for just two elderly people. It's also a difficult house. Do you have any elevator plans?

MR. LIPTON: No, no, no.

MEMBER HILLER: Okay.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: I was going to mention that the impervious surface coverage was 3.8 percent over on the overall. But the big surface coverage was the front yard surface coverage of 30.3 percent over. That was primarily because of the circular driveway.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Do you have any letters of support from the adjacent neighbors?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: I'm sorry?

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Do you have any letters of support from the adjacent neighbors?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, but I don't believe that the adjacent neighbors had any concerns with it.

Did you mention it or talk to them?

MR. LIPTON: No.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: I didn't get any letters,

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I think my concern is that when you go back further, as you go back you're encroaching on your neighbor's light.

MR. LIPTON: Can I just interject on that?

In terms of support, you should be aware that the property has been vacant for the last two and a half years. It's been a sore for the community as well. And since I took it over about a week and a half ago, we've cleaned it up, and I've met one or two neighbors that are happy that the property itself is being taken care of and being brought back to life kind of thing. Everything in that property has been in the original form that it was built with whatever date that it was built.

Nothing has been touched.

MEMBER HILLER: Are you renovating the outside as well?

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. LIPTON: Our intention on the plan is yes, and just very simply with a stucco. Right now they're shingled.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Right now I'm going to do a stucco finish in the front, do a new entrance portico, and do a little applied culture stone at the bottom.

MR. LIPTON: As you all know, and I was there today, it's become an even more hazardous situation on Broadway and it really necessitates that circular driveway for even a person of any age to be able to drive properly out of the residences that are located on Broadway. And if you notice, I'm sure everybody knows in the last couple of weeks there's been a tremendous amount of construction and renovation and streets being closed and being diverted, and there really is a hazardous situation there. And that's why when speaking with our architect we came up with the idea to request this circular driveway to make it easier not only for the residents, but also myself and my family members when we visit our parents to come into the property, park, and leave properly without being in danger.

MEMBER HILLER: I certainly have great

respect and sympathy for somebody who wants to accommodate their parents, elderly parents. You look young. You look like your parents wouldn't be that elderly.

MR. LIPTON: I don't want to use the word
"elderly" because I happen to be in health care
myself. We actually treat a lot of different age
groups. But I'd like to say that my parents are
in their late 70s and, you know, with the help of
God they're doing well but, by the same token
there always are issues, and my wife and I decided
to do this, you know, to really help them and help
our family in general, especially being close to
the shul and being close to everything.

MEMBER HILLER: Part of our obligation in deciding whether a variance should be granted or not is the need of the tenants. Now, you're having your parents as the tenants. You have a new, very large open playroom on the first floor. You have a bedroom on the first floor.

MR. LIPTON: Which is existing.

MEMBER HILLER: All right. You have a -- but you're adding -- I mean, you have existing three bedrooms. You're putting in -- and a bedroom on the first floor, so existing four bedrooms.

You're putting in a playroom and a master -- a new master bedroom.

MR. LIPTON: Well, let me interject. The playroom is an extension.

MEMBER HILLER: Can I finish?

MR. LIPTON: Sure, sure, sure.

MEMBER HILLER: Thank you very much. When I come into the home, you'll have the last word.

Anyhow, so you're doing a very elaborate addition to the house, and I understand that people may have to come to visit, but there has to be some justification for the size of this addition and the fact that it will affect the coverage on the lot.

MR. LIPTON: Now, I could go?

MEMBER HILLER: Yes.

MR. LIPTON: Okay. So in terms of the expansion, if you look at the kitchen or you look at what's existing, and I think those plans are in there, it is not capable to even be functional in any form or fashion, and that's where you have that extension towards the back which automatically increases the lower floor's so-called playroom, because it's not really a playroom per se. It's going to be used mostly for

storage of furniture, so on and so forth. And the bedroom itself, if you take a look at it, the other rooms that are existing there, are small in nature, that you can't even fit an ADA-compliant bathroom, if you look at the existing plans versus what we're proposing.

So again, the whole idea, and I'll -- you know, I'll use the English version of respecting your father and mother, the idea is to go ahead and enhance the property to make it usable for them for their golden years, and that's what it's about. It's not for any other purpose at all.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: We're under by 240 square feet of what the allowable building coverage is. So we're under.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: It's a big expansion.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: It's an 18-foot expansion, yeah.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And deep.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, you still are maintaining a 31-foot rear yard, 31.5 rear yard.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I'm more concerned about the side yards.

MR. LIPTON: The side yards are existing.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: The house, the existing

house is very small.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I recognize that, I understand. It doesn't necessarily justify keeping the addition at the same nonconforming. We look at it, there's a lot of construction going on. There's a lot of surface coverage here. Impervious, pervious, I mean, there's just a lot of coverage here.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, there's surface coverage that's 30.1 in front yard only. But the overall impervious coverage is only 3. --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: What's the pervious over?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: The impervious --

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Pervious is 30.1 percent over. The impervious is 3.8 percent over.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Pervious, pervious.

MEMBER HILLER: The pervious you have listed as 7.9 percent over.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: No, I have impervious.

The total impervious is only 3.8 over. Where it's over is in the front yard impervious and front yard pervious, and that's because of the front yard pervious is only allowed a very small number.

MEMBER HILLER: What about that new driveway? You could have the -- you could have the circular

driveway without that new 1,227-foot driveway.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, that's to bring it to the garage. The garage in this house is set back almost 70 feet at that corner. It's 60.6 feet and it's 40.15 on the east corner, but the west corner is 60 -- 60.8 feet back. So you have to get to the garage because there's an existing two-car garage.

MEMBER HILLER: You need that width?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: You need that width, yeah. It's only 16 wide at that point because it is a two-car wide driveway and two-car wide garage. We tried to make the circular as small as possible, you know, but that's just about bare minimum for the turning radius.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Again, can I just clarify.

Pervious surface coverage front yard is over

71 percent.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: The front yard impervious is 70.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Pervious, pervious.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: The pervious is 70.9 percent over in the front yard, yes.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Or 287 square feet.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Or 287 square feet.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Which doesn't sound as ominous as 70 percent.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I think it sounds just as ominous.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: It just might.

MEMBER HILLER: Is there anything you can do, John? Is there anything you can do to reduce somewhat the coverage?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: If you want to do one car?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mary, they're off the record.

(Whereupon, a discussion was held off the record.)

MR. CAPOBIANCO: We have Turfstone, which is a pervious material, which is a paver with grass that grows in between, that could be used to eliminate some of the impervious. But the pervious is a small -- a relatively small number that you're allowed in the front yard. You're only allowed 405 square feet and it's literally impossible. The existing driveway if you didn't even have a circular would be used up at 405 square feet because the house is set back pretty far. To get to the garage you need to drive like 60 feet back. So it's really the front

#### Lipton - 6/6/18

yard that brings the numbers over. But the impervious overage on the whole property is only 3.8 percent. But the impervious on the front yard is what's high; that's 30.1 percent.

Now, you can -- you can -- what you can do is you could, you know, introduce a little more pervious in the front yard and put less impervious, but I think I'd rather have -- you could put more impervious and have less pervious, but I think it's better to have more pervious than impervious because you want the water to drain.

And that will drain through a Turfstone. We would use a lot more Turfstone.

And now they're coming out with a grass you could drive on, you know, like a grass that doesn't count as pervious or impervious. So we're doing that on a few houses. Or you could put, you know, like four strips of concrete.

MEMBER HILLER: So anything you could do to reduce this.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: You can, you can do something to reduce it.

MEMBER HILLER: So give us a figure.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: A figure?

MEMBER HILLER: Yeah.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: I'd say you could probably bring it down. The pervious which is 30 percent you could bring that down to 15 percent and the impervious -- I'm sorry -- that's impervious that was 30 percent, bring it down to 15. And then the 70 -- 70.9 percent of front yard pervious, I'd say you could probably bring it down to 50 percent.

MEMBER HILLER: That's helpful.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, we could do that. We could bring it down. And you could also do, you know, strips of grass in between, just the driveway. Like half of that. We could do just the circular. And the area that you were mentioning, the 1,227 square feet, I can eliminate that by putting in the strips of concrete that are four-foot in width, three-foot wide, just so you can drive a car on it to get to the garage, and that would eliminate a lot of that area. The 1,227 would come off the number.

MEMBER HILLER: That's very helpful.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: So that would be a big number. We can modify this so that it would bring it down significantly.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: How fast can you do it?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, I would say we could

bring it down to, you know, half on each, 15 and 35. So you could bring it down from 30 percent to 15, and the 70 to 35 percent.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For an older couple they'll be able to navigate driving on the strips?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Yeah, because the strip it has to be less than four foot in width, 3-foot-11. And then you have plenty of room to drive on that.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So they'll be able to navigate it without --

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Yeah, I don't think that will be a problem for that 1,227 square feet.

Then the circular portion they don't have to worry about jumping off that sidewalk. They would just have that as a pervious and impervious mix which would look nice and we can make it work, yeah.

MR. CASTRO: Where would the four-foot driveway start and end?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Do you see where the circular ends, it would be approximately like half the depth, about 30 feet out from the base of the two-car garage, and that whole 1,227 square feet that we're talking about -- that's not 1,227. That would be like 20 by 30, about 600 square feet would be eliminated off the number. Do you see

what I'm talking about?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I suggest in order for us to vote properly you can quantify it. We can do -- let's do Adler. You step away, get your real numbers, and then we'll come back.

(Whereupon, a recess was taken; the application was recalled.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Back to Lipton.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: On the front yard impervious which is permitted 405 square feet, we're going to have 445 square feet, which is 10.5 percent over. And then on the front yard pervious which is permitted 405 square feet, we're going to have 445 square feet, which is 10.5 percent over. So we've reduced it, you know, significantly. And the overall impervious complies, and the overall pervious complies.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Castro, do you want him to repeat it?

MR. CASTRO: He can repeat it.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Please repeat it.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: On the chart they permit on the front yard impervious 405 square feet. We're proposing 445 square feet, which is approximately 10.5 percent over. The pervious was also

# Lipton - 6/6/18

405 square feet in the front yard. We're putting 1 2 in 445 square feet, which is 10.5 over. The front 3 yard impervious and pervious are the same. overall impervious complies. It's under the 4 5 required by about 75 square feet. And the overall 6 pervious complies, and that's slightly under also 7 of the requirement. So that complies. 8 MR. CASTRO: So you're no longer requesting the 3.8 percent over on impervious? That's 10 eliminated. MR. CAPOBIANCO: No.

> CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Any further questions from the Board?

> > (No response.)

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Anyone from the audience? (No response.)

If not, we're going to CHAIRMAN KEILSON: take into consideration the benefit to the applicant and any possible detriment to the community, and we're going to take a vote at this point and we will start with Mr. Moskowitz.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Gottlieb.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: For.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Hiller.

22

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

23

24

# Lipton - 6/6/18

1	MEMBER HILLER: For.
2	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Felder.
3	MEMBER FELDER: For.
4	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: And we vote for. Two
5	years.
6	MR. CAPOBIANCO: Two years, okay.
7	MR. LIPTON: Thank you very much.
8	MR. CASTRO: Board of Building Design
9	approval.
10	MR. CAPOBIANCO: Board of Building Design,
11	okay. Thank you very much.
12	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
13	9:02 p.m.)
14	************
15	Certified that the foregoing is a true and
16	accurate transcript of the original stenographic
17	minutes in this case.
18	
19	Mary Buci
20	MARY BENCI, RPR Court Reporter
21	Court Keporter
22	

1	INCO	DRPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		Village Hall
4		196 Central Avenue Lawrence, New York
5		
6		June 6, 2018 9:02 p.m.
7		
8	APPLICATION:	21 Herrick Drive
9		Lawrence, New York
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman
12		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB
13		Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
15		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ
16		Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.
19		Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL
22		Building Department
23		
24		Mary Panai DDD
25		Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter

2

3

4 5

6

7 8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Nayman, 21 Herrick Drive. MR. CAPOBIANCO: John Capobianco, architect

for Mr. and Mr. Nayman.

We're requesting a variance to construct a 720-square-foot swimming pool. Also, we're requesting to shift the garage, actually reconstruct the garage further to the north of the property, five feet from the side and five feet from the rear, where eight feet is required.

The proposed garage will also house a cabana. So we'll have a one-car garage and a cabana, which is attached or part of the same structure.

The structure that you saw on the design replicates what's there now, since it kind of follows suit with the Tudor-style appearance of the house and also which is fairly typical down the block as to that type house having that style garage.

Unfortunately, it requires a height variance as well. The midpoint being 14 and a half feet versus 12 feet.

The other variance we're seeking, which we're approximately nine percent over on, is actually the impervious surface coverage. We met and complied with the impervious front yard and we met

and complied with the pervious front yard. The total pervious also is in compliance. So it's a nine percent overage on the overall impervious coverage.

I have photographs that I was there today taking of the rear, and I'd like to pass them out to show you how intensely buffered the property is (handing).

The hardship we have with this pool is the fact that there's only 33.54 feet that exists in the rear yard. And to maintain a pool of the size that they need, they would have to push the pool back to five feet from the property line. It probably could be brought forward more to increase that dimension to eight feet, which I think they would be willing to do. And the side -- and you know, when you're looking at the rear, you can't even, you know, see the house behind it. It's so intensely, you know, vegetated and buffered with plants and screening. And in addition to that, we're going to increase the screening with evergreens running down the back of the property to create more privacy from both sides.

The south part of the property there's a garage, a detached garage that they would be

against, which we feel shouldn't -- the pool shouldn't cause any adverse effect to the adjoining neighbor to the south. There's also right now an overage on the rear yard. There actually is an extra three and a half feet from the property line to the garage, which is really not shown in the picture, but the property line is about three and a half feet away from the existing garage that's there.

The side yard could also be increased to eight feet as well, which would diminish the distance between the garage and the pool. But this is the application, and you know, I don't feel it's that overdone. I feel that, you know, we have to move the half of the garage, otherwise it's smack in the middle of the new yard. You see, what happened was this was a subdivision, and they actually owned two lots and then they did a reapportionment taking a little away from the corner lot and adding it to theirs, which increased their property to 10,000.4 square feet, which helped their property a lot and helped their potential development of this property in regard to all the coverages.

So the unfortunate thing is that it shifted,

it created an existing two-car garage smack in the middle of their yard. So that was really a problem, and we have to shift it over in order to, you know, have any sort of yard to create a pool and patio area. But this is the application and, you know, they're here to answer any questions that the Board might have with regard to what they're proposing. They have a child that is --

MS. NAYMAN: Did you get the --

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We are in receipt of all the letters --

MS. NAYMAN: Okay, fine.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: -- from the medical authorities.

MS. NAYMAN: So one of our kids has a rare genetic disorder and it affects him in many ways, as the doctor explained in the letter. Swimming is very beneficial to him in every possible way. So that's probably why we're trying to do this.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: So what we're asking for as an adjustment of this plan, because we feel that eight feet will work and required 15 on the side, and eight feet would work in the rear allowing us, you know, room to plant heavy shrubs and plants, evergreens along that west property line, and that

would diminish the pool a little bit, because you can't get very close to the house because the house is only 33.54 feet left in that yard. So but that would be the change that we would be -- you know, it would be acceptable, I think, to the Naymans.

MR. NAYMAN: Of course, if it's acceptable to our neighbors, which they seem to have come here; I'm hoping they're coming to support us.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: A couple of questions,

John. The two lots, how -- what was the -- it was divided and then the dividing line was moved over.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Yes.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: The lot line was moved.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Yes.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: How far was it moved over to accommodate the new garage?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: It's shifted over. I think it was 9,000 -- it shifted over to gain about 1,000 square feet.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: So this one is 10,000 feet; the adjacent lot is 9,170.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Right. So it was just about the reverse. It was like 9,000 originally and the other one was larger, so we shifted that north

property line to the north to increase the size of their property, and then that corner property was to be left as a potential new house or sale for a new house, whatever.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Who owns the corner lot

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, it's owned by the Naymans, but in a different corporation name.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Okay. Well, for this purpose it's by the Naymans?

MR. NAYMAN: It's owned by a multimember LLC, not controlled by either my wife or I.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I guess the former owner had no problem keeping it as one parcel.

MR. NAYMAN: No, he actually had it as two parcels.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, it was originally always two parcels.

MR. NAYMAN: What happened was we bought the house as two parcels, and accidently at closing they closed under one name which accidently merged it and then we re-subdivided it to be exactly as it was, only adding a little to our existing house in case we ever wanted to make it bigger or put a pool in.

4 5

MEMBER HILLER: So are you saying that in case you ever wanted to make it bigger it shows you do have control over the other lot.

MR. NAYMAN: No, no. We made it at the time of the application.

MEMBER HILLER: But you were able to do that. You were able to do that because you had control. You had some control.

MR. NAYMAN: At that time, yes. At this time, no.

MEMBER HILLER: All right. I just want to point out while I have a tremendous sympathy, and I've read your letters, a pool is not an entitlement. If the property doesn't warrant having a pool, or doesn't meet the specs of having the pool, then it is not an entitlement to get the pool. That's why you're here for a variance.

The variance you are asking for is a very severe variance, which would require us to do unprecedented things, unprecedented decisions to allow for this pool. And having the knowledge that there is some kind of relationship between yourselves and the adjacent property, whatever it may be, is one thing. That's one consideration. The second consideration is that the pool is not

-- does not conform to the requirements of the code in any way, or even close to requirement of the code.

MR. NAYMAN: So just in regards to our side lot, our side neighbor, there's an existing structure where -- which is 20 feet, plus three feet that our neighbor the Geliebters own, plus the five feet that we're requesting, so it's almost 28 feet from his area. And I realize that what we are asking for from our back neighbor is, let's call it, let's say, aggressive, and we've -- I've spoken to the Davies, and I said what accommodations can we make, and they're not interested in us having a pool under any circumstances. I guess that's why they're here.

MEMBER HILLER: That makes it more difficult also. The fact that the structure and the garage exist there does not mitigate the fact of the obligations to have a 15-foot or 20-foot setback from the side yard.

MR. NAYMAN: Well, I would understand the reason that there is that requirement of the setback is not to intrude on your neighbors.

MEMBER HILLER: It's a requirement. I have great sympathy and I read everything. And I would

invite you, if this -- whatever happens, I have a pool, I'd be happy to accommodate you in any way you can. But I tell you right now, this for me is a very, very severe request, a very outside request.

MR. NAYMAN: Is there anything that we could do or say to accommodate?

MEMBER HILLER: You could exercise your authority on the lot next to you.

MR. NAYMAN: We don't control it.

MEMBER HILLER: So in that case -- all right,

I will dismiss that. I will dismiss that from

consideration. So we are left with a lot which is

not -- is not entitled to a pool.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Let me ask you a factual question. This is a question for John. The distance from the Davies' property to the pool, is it five feet or is it eight feet?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: It's eight feet. We're proposing eight feet, yes.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Okay.

MR. NAYMAN: Maybe the Davies have changed their mind and they wouldn't mind if we somehow accommodated. I'm not sure what we can do.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: They'll be heard.

Everyone can be heard. We're here for the duration. MEMBER FELDER: Is there any way to somehow 3 move the garage to attach perhaps further forward 4 to the house and create more space there? 5 MR. CAPOBIANCO: There's a way to move the 6 garage forward and to put a pool in as of right. 7 There is a way. So it's still a pool. 8 MEMBER HILLER: As of right then, it's as of 9 10 right. MEMBER FELDER: Then I think you would 11 satisfy your neighbors if they have problems with 12 it. I guess they'll be heard. 13 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Off the record. 14 (Whereupon, a discussion was held off the 15 16 record.) CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Does anyone from the 17 audience want to speak to the matter? 18 Please step back. 19 MR. DAVIES: My name is Sam Davies, 20 2 Manor Lane. I am the back neighbor. 21 MR. GELIEBTER: My name is Joseph Geliebter, 22 side neighbor, 25 years. Not a neighbor, but 23 living in the residence in Lawrence. 24

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Who is first?

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. DAVIES: I've been a resident for 35 years. I've appeared in front of this Board before many times, and I appreciate always their understanding of the cases, even as we heard tonight.

I was here a few years ago when the Naymans came with their original proposal. I think Mr. Keilson was the Chairman then also. That's when the lots were not divided, okay. As Mr. Nayman described, they did not divide it, but Mr. Hoffman who lived there before he did divide the lots, and they bought it and somehow the lots were merged again. At that time they proposed a building addition, and I have that plan here, the plan from a few years ago, and they also proposed a pool then also. And I spoke at the Board then also about the size of the lot that they had and they would be able, as was mentioned just now, able to build a pool without any variances, with plenty of room. But as was mentioned then, they were going to redivide it, and because of that they were coming for variances. At that time the Board did not accept their proposal, because they haven't done anything for the last few years.

Now that it's been divided again, they're

trying to squeeze this whole complex, et cetera, et cetera, in an area where it does not fit in any way that I can see, okay. As was mentioned also by Mr. Hiller, and that's the way we see it.

My family room is in back which takes up almost the same size as this pool, and it would certainly be a quality of life issue for us also having the pool so close in the back. Especially since it should be 20 feet away and they're proposing eight feet, even with the trees.

As far as the lot itself, I am not against anyone enhancing their property or building something to their advantage if the Zoning Board agrees to it based on the laws of the Village.

However, I don't see how the lot the way it is now can accommodate that situation. Okay. So as far as we are concerned, we are very much against this plan.

Mr. Geliebter.

MR. GELIEBTER: From what I understood, the three and a half feet from my garage to the property line, the Nayman property line, was going to be used as part of this eight-foot settlement (sic), which am I wrong?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: No, no, no. Turn our way.

3

4 5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. GELIEBTER: Quality of life, privacy, and solitude is very important to us. The Naymans put all their equipment, and it doesn't show on the plan, I don't know why, four air-conditioning units, a pump, a well pump all on our side. They had plenty of space on their side, a vast lot. There's noise. We put our pump in our basement. We put our air-conditioning units behind our house, in between, in the middle. There's noise. To have the noise again from a pool, and this is not a quiet neighbor, this is not -- I don't want to go on the record formally, but I could just mention things, but I don't want to -- I could mention one thing. There's a knock on the door from the new neighbor. You know, he was cutting down a lot of trees. That tree that's on his side on his backyard, half of it is in my property, and I should pay for half. He already had a bill. I should pay. He wants to cut down that tree. I have to pay for it. That's all I will say.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The garage is between your property and -- the garage -- the proposed pool the proposed pool will be opposite the garage. Do you still think that's going to affect your quality of life?

1 2 3

MR. GELIEBTER: Yes, yes. Another example, they have this vast property. Where are all their chairs, their backyard armchairs or whatever, beach chairs? Right by the side of my lot. This is not a neighbor that I can trust to keep it quiet. And just, you know what, I don't have to argue anything additional, just the code is there for a reason. And if this Village, if this Village says that this is an exceptional request, I say there's a reason for that code, and that's it.

MR. DAVIES: Can I ask you a question? You mentioned something before in one of the other cases, that when there's a subdivision you don't give variances. When it's a subdivision property, you're reluctant to give the variances; you just mentioned that before. So there's a subdivision here as well. So I don't know if that applies to -- which lot it applies to, or maybe I didn't understand it correctly.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: We're talking about a subdivision that occurred years ago.

MR. DAVIES: No, this subdivision occurred now. This happened again now.

MR. MARTIR: No, at the same time that we

granted the subdivision we're not willing to grant the variance.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: The impact of a variance, that a variance is thereby created.

MR. DAVIES: I didn't understand it.

MR. GELIEBTER: I'm a reasonable neighbor.

The second I come home from work, I was stalked to look at the plans and see what he's offering. I said, come back in 15 minutes. He said, when can I come to discuss it? I said in 15 minutes. He says, good, because I have to go to Cedarhurst later. I'm waiting and I'm waiting and I'm waiting and I'm waiting and I'm driving -- backing out of my driveway, and Mr. Nayman has his plans, and I say to him, I'm trying to catch a train, please move out of my driveway, really I need to catch a train. Again, he wouldn't move. Just to give you a sense. I'm reasonable. My wife's reasonable. And we're good neighbors.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Everybody is reasonable.

MR. GELIEBTER: Everybody is reasonable. And we want to be good neighbors.

MEMBER FELDER: Is there any compromise that either of you can see short of meeting the full --

Mr. Nayman meeting the full setbacks required and building as of right somewhere on that property?

Is there any sort of compromise or is that --

MR. GELIEBTER: On their property.

MEMBER FELDER: I'm just asking.

MR. DAVIES: Well, I didn't analyze the square footage, okay. I'm not an architect. I'm not a builder.

MEMBER FELDER: Well, for you the rear setback would be --

MR. DAVIES: The rear is a big problem. If they figured out some way to maybe put it on the side of the house and the cabana in the back, something like that. The way they subdivided the property, at least the way I see it here, from my understanding there might be room to do it there. If they reduced the size of the pool a little bit and the width and they put it on the side of the house, and maybe leave the driveway the way it is. Make it a one-car driveway.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Three questions. So

Mr. Geliebter, who maintains the three-foot -- the

three feet of property that is your property by

deed but it's adjacent to your garage and it's

contiguous with the Nayman property, who maintains

those three feet? Who mows the lawn? 1 MR. GELIEBTER: I don't know if there's a 2 lawn there. 3 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Do you visit that 4 5 property? MR. GELIEBTER: I do on occasion, I do, yeah. 6 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: But you don't know who 7 maintains it? 8 MR. GELIEBTER: I always visited that 9 property. I mean, retrieved balls when my kids 10 were smaller. I mean, I don't give up my rights. 11 I always did, because they always used to throw 12 13 there. MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: You don't know if you 14 maintain that or Mr. Nayman maintains that, you 15 don't know, or do you know? 16 MR. GELIEBTER: I maintain that property. 17 Are you talking about the property line? 18 MEMBER FELDER: It would be the three feet to 19 the right. If you're facing your garage, it would 20 be --21 MR. GELIEBTER: No, no, it starts before the 22 23 garage. MEMBER FELDER: On the other side of that 24

fence it's three feet.

MR. GELIEBTER: But that fence is gone. It's not really a fence. MEMBER FELDER: So it would be the three feet 3 there. 4 MR. GELIEBTER: As they say, it is kaput. 5 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: The focus of your 6 objection seems to be more about the --7 MR. GELIEBTER: It's quality of life. 8 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Let me just finish. More 9 about -- if I understand your remarks, more about 10 the location of all of the property, the pool 11 equipment and pool machinery --12 MR. GELIEBTER: The noise. 13 MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: -- the noise associated 14 with that. 15 MR. GELIEBTER: And also, I'm entitled as a 16 resident to have code, and there's a reason for 17 code, and safety. There are safety issues. 18 have grandchildren. I have nine grandchildren and 19 another one on the way. You know, like there's a 20 21 spacer. CHAIRMAN KEILSON: There will be fencing. 22 Every pool requires additional fencing, so I don't 23 think we should --24

MR. GELIEBTER: I brought pictures.

pictures too of the equipment. I don't know why it's not on the plans.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay. Thank you very much.

MR. GELIEBTER: I rest.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: All right. Does anyone else want to speak to the matter?

MR. DAVIES: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Last call.

MS. NAYMAN: Can I say a few things?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Yeah.

MS. NAYMAN: So I'm just like noticing that there seems to be like a misunderstanding or lack of clarity about the whole subdivision issue. So I just wanted to clarify it for everybody, that we — the previous owner, Mr. Hoffman, in, I don't know, 1972 or whatever, subdivided the property. And when we bought it we bought two lots. There was an error.

MR. DAVIES: That's not true, by the way.

MS. NAYMAN: Maybe it was 1980. I don't know.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Mr. Davies, please.

MS. NAYMAN: When we bought it we bought two lots and there was an error. I mean, I think you

4 5

were at the Board meeting that dealt with that.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Absolutely.

MS. NAYMAN: Basically, it was retroactive back to what it was supposed to be. Then our lawyer in the closing made an error. So it never was for all intents and purposes one lot. And I know there's been a lot of discussion about, oh, well, why don't you put it on that other lot. As my husband said, the problem was it was owned by the same person, which is the problem which is why it became remerged, so it was owned by a separate entity. It's not us. That's why it's maintained as two lots.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Who maintains it?

MS. NAYMAN: Mows the lawn?

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Maintains it.

 ${\tt MS.}$  NAYMAN: We do. I guess we should charge them.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Charge yourself or charge them?

MS. NAYMAN: Charge them. But anyway, but in any event, our understanding was that a lot without a house can't have a pool. Like a pool is an accessory to a house structure, so there's no house there, so it's not even --

2

3

4

5

67

8

9

10

1112

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Well, we'll let the Village address that.

MS. NAYMAN: -- a possibility.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I think that can be dealt with a lot easier than the issue between the neighbors probably.

MS. NAYMAN: So just getting back to the whole -- another thing I noticed that was maybe not clear is that the noise definitely is an issue, and we understand that. And in fact, we thought we were being considerate in that the noise doesn't come from the water. The noise comes from the people hanging out by water, laughing and shouting and talking. And the way the plan shows all of that, like where the people are going to be sitting, is totally on the other side, like closer to our home, not anywhere near the perimeter. In fact, if we would -- if the pool would be 15 feet away and 20 feet away, people would be sitting right next to the fence. So this way there's nobody sitting anywhere near the perimeter. They're sitting on the side by our house. So just a thought, just a thought that in fact if it was 15 feet and 20 feet away it would be a lot noisier for the neighbors than it would

be if it was just the side of the pool and plants and fence and whatever else is there.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I think Mr. Hiller may bear me out that the noise really emanates from the pool itself because people are playing in the pool, the kids are playing in the pool, and that's where the noise emanates from. I'm not saying there's not noise from people sitting in the lounge chairs, but really the greatest noise emanates from within the pool itself.

MEMBER HILLER: Correct.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: I've only had a pool since 1984.

MR. NAYMAN: Again, I very much understand where the Davies are coming from because it would be so close to their backyard. Again, with regards to the Geliebters, they have a nonconforming garage which would never be allowed nowadays. That nonconforming garage abuts our backyard which buffers any possible noise. I don't know, but most people don't hang out in their driveways or their garages. I mean, maybe some people do. But since I've been living in Lawrence or in the Five Towns since 1979, I have never met anybody like that.

We didn't intend on putting the pool equipment on the side of the house as

Dr. Geliebter had suggested. And I think that an 11-foot buffer from his garage has been done before in Lawrence.

Again, I understand the Davies' point of view. If we moved it from five feet -- our request from five feet to eight feet, would it be something that would be reasonable? We would be glad to, again, put up a higher fence, put up more trees alongside there to buffer any noise. As my wife said, the chairs in the sitting area would not be there. You know, it could be a great accommodation.

MS. NAYMAN: And also just to address one other issue that the Board had mentioned that would be an unprecedented, like, grant of a request. So our need because of our child, his condition is extremely rare. I'd never heard of it until I was told my child has it. I would say that's pretty unprecedented. And I mean, I think the doctor explained it in the letter, but the way of his life has to be, like, to move and to exercise, and the water because it supports his muscles is really the best way.

MR. NAYMAN: He has zero muscle tone and he's been getting growth hormones since one month old.

MEMBER HILLER: We actually read the letter.

As a matter of fact, I have sensitivity. We just wanted to refer to the letter. We didn't want to discuss the letter.

MS. NAYMAN: I understand. We're very private about it also.

MEMBER HILLER: There are eight or nine months out of the year that a pool cannot be used. It's not an indoor pool. And somehow I'm sure you're giving your child all the benefit of therapy that the child needs. This is -- to rest the entire case on the need for the child to have a pool is a weak argument.

MR. NAYMAN: Well --

MEMBER HILLER: Sir, let me finish. While I have tremendous sympathy for that, it does not preclude the rights of your neighbors for a variance of this nature which is a very, very demanding variance. Please understand that does not -- our sympathies are with you, but as you know, the pool is a three-month or four-month issue and that's what it is.

MR. NAYMAN: With all due respect, I think

that our child is almost ten years old. Most kids that are at that age start going to sleep-away camp and spend those two, three, four and I would say five months a year, almost half the year that they would use a pool, or he would be able to use a pool, a public pool that's heated he would be using for therapy. So whereas most kids enjoy two months away from home where they get to swim, he is not able to do that unless he is supervised like he is in school with a full-time shadow ten hours a day.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Let me just come to the heart of it. So I speak only for myself and not the other members of the Board. I'm less concerned about the proximity to the Geliebter property because of the fact that there's a garage and it's a nonconforming garage, and the three feet are maintained by yourself. I'm less concerned about that.

What more -- are you presenting anything more? Are you able to present anything more to accommodate the Davies' concern, which is a very traditional concern. It's not out of the ordinary. And I think what you said was that you right now -- well, I'm not sure what you said.

What's the maximum accommodation of distance that you can --

MR. NAYMAN: The yard from the house to the gate is 33 feet. We had originally requested five feet so that the pool could be 18, which would be 23 and 10 feet to put lawn chairs and so on next to our house. If making it eight feet would conform, I'm still requesting an aggressive variance, and that would accommodate the Davies, so then we would have seven feet to put lawn chairs on that side, and the pool would shift over from five feet to eight feet from his property line. Again, buffering it with trees, and our word that we would not put any more lawn chairs over there, as well as not on the Geliebter side.

MR. MARTIR: Can I just ask, there was a radius map submitted, Joe -- excuse me -- John. Sorry. You prepared this radius map or it was prepared for you by Long Island Expediters?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Yes.

MR. MARTIR: Do you know how the list of names was compiled by them?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: He compiled it. He usually does it.

MR. MARTIR: On property lot 881 it lists the

21

18

19

20

22

23

24

1	owner's name as Nayman. So you were saying it's
2	owned by a multi LLC.
3	MR. NAYMAN: Yes, called HEBR, Herrick
4	Broadway LLC.
5	MR. MARTIR: LLC, okay.
6	MEMBER HILLER: Are you a member of that LLC?
7	MR. NAYMAN: I'm a minority member.
8	MEMBER HILLER: Are you a member of that LLC?
9	MR. NAYMAN: She is not.
10	MS. NAYMAN: Nope.
11	MR. MARTIR: Okay.
12	MEMBER FELDER: John, what was the proposal
13	that you said could be done?
14	CHAIRMAN KEILSON: As of right.
15	MEMBER FELDER: As of right.
16	MR. CAPOBIANCO: As of right you could move
17	the garage forward instead of to the sides and
18	then hold 20-foot rear and 15 side and do a
19	slightly narrower pool.
20	MEMBER HILLER: On the side of the house or
21	in back?
22	MR. CAPOBIANCO: No, it's still in the back,
23	but it would be close to the house. The pool
24	wouldn't be on the side of the house; the detached
25	garage would be.

Nayman - 6/6/18MEMBER GOTTLIEB: John, you've been here many 1 2 times before, and I think you realize we've never given an eight-foot or even a ten-foot rear yard. 3 4 I'm sure that you must have spoken with your 5 clients about this. You came up with a plan. MR. CAPOBIANCO: That would be the pool 6 7 location as of right. MEMBER GOTTLIEB: That would fall 20 feet --MR. CAPOBIANCO: And the garage, which is 10 here, instead of shifting to here would still be detached, maintaining eight feet from the side yard. So it is feasible to go in and just get a 12 permit and comply with all the 13 14 impervious/pervious. MEMBER GOTTLIEB: You would have a backyard

8

9

11

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

play area as well, which you wouldn't have in this plan.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Right.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: In the first plan.

MEMBER HILLER: So you're dropping the request?

MR. CAPOBIANCO: We don't know yet. up to them.

MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Do you want to confer? it possible that your neighbors might actually

prefer something closer to the original plan that you're proposing versus the alternative that you could do as of right. Does it make sense to confer with them and see if --

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, if we could make the pool work holding 10 feet, for example, from the rear, and then 10 from the side, it would bring it down in size a little bit, but it certainly would be closer to what the requirements are, and then leave the garage the way we did it originally, slide it over to the north end.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Not to give false expectations, Mr. Capobianco, but I wouldn't give a 10-foot rear yard.

MEMBER HILLER: If you have a plan to do something by right, why are we having any discussions? We're done.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, I'm just saying, a pool can be done as of right, and the garage would have to be shifted forward.

MEMBER HILLER: But there is no hardship and no request for a variance.

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Do you want to speak with your clients?

MR. NAYMAN: It doesn't seem like you would

permit it anyway. It doesn't seem like there's 1 anything to discuss. It sounds like, if you have 2 to vote, it doesn't sound like we're going to have 3 4 the vote. 5 MR. CAPOBIANCO: If you're not going to grant 6 the 10-foot, then the pool where we propose it 7 would never work.

> MEMBER GOTTLIEB: I can't speak for the other members, but I've never approved 10 feet.

> MR. CAPOBIANCO: Well, just saying, 33 feet, if you go 20, you're left with 13. If you hold it five feet from the house left with, you know, an eight-foot-wide pool.

> MEMBER HILLER: I want to repeat that I want you to have the pool. Do you have a way to get the pool without a variance and without a hardship so there's no reason to bring it before this Board and have your neighbors incited by the construction?

MR. NAYMAN: Thank you for your time.

MEMBER HILLER: Thank you.

MR. CAPOBIANCO: Do you want to adjourn the meeting or rethink it?

MR. NAYMAN: They'll never say yes, obviously.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

1	MR. MARTIR: You're withdrawing your request?
2	MR. CAPOBIANCO: Withdraw the application.
3	MEMBER MOSKOWITZ: Why don't you adjourn to
4	collect your
5	MR. CAPOBIANCO: I would adjourn.
6	MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Which allows you to come
7	back should something change.
8	MR. CAPOBIANCO: That's what we'll do.
9	MR. NAYMAN: Thank you for your time.
10	(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at
11	9:36 p.m.)
12	***************
13	Certified that the foregoing is a true and
14	accurate transcript of the original stenographic
15	minutes in this case.
16	
17	Mary Bina
18	MARY BENCI, RPR
19	Court Reporter
20	
21	
22	

1	INC	ORPORATED VILLAGE OF LAWRENCE
2		BOARD OF APPEALS
3		Village Hall
4		196 Central Avenue Lawrence, New York
5		June 6, 2018
6		9:38 p.m.
7	APPLICATION:	Moret LLC
8	APPLICATION.	210 Beach 2nd Street Lawrence, New York
9		
10	PRESENT:	
11		MR. LLOYD KEILSON Chairman
12		MR. EDWARD GOTTLIEB Member
14		MR. DANIEL HILLER Member
<ul><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>		MR. ELLIOT MOSKOWITZ Member
17		MR. AARON FELDER Member
18		MR. STEPHEN L. MARTIR, ESQ.
19		Village Attorney
20		MR. GERALDO CASTRO Building Department
21   22		MS. FLORENCE MAXWELL Building Department
23		
24		Mary Panai DDD
25		Mary Benci, RPR Court Reporter

Moret LLC - 6/6/18 CHAIRMAN KEILSON: On Moret LLC, 210 Beach Board members to reopen? CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Okay, reopen. report. and the merits of the application.

2nd Street in Lawrence. So a motion from the

MEMBER GOTTLIEB: Motion to reopen.

We have submission of a report, a SEQRA

MR. BROWNE: Good evening. It's Christian Browne, 333 Earle Ovington Boulevard, Suite 601, Uniondale, attorney for the applicant.

Yes. I believe the Board is now in receipt of a long form EAF, so we'd ask you to consider that in making your determination on both SEQRA

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Very good. Accepted, yes, into the record.

MR. BROWNE: I have nothing further.

CHAIRMAN KEILSON: Very good. Thank you very much. We're adjourning that one today. We are going back to reserving decision.

(Whereupon, the hearing concluded at 9:39 p.m.)

23

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

#### Moret LLC - 6/6/18

Certified that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of the original stenographic minutes in this case.

MARY BENCI, RPR Court Reporter