# **Sewer Master Plan**

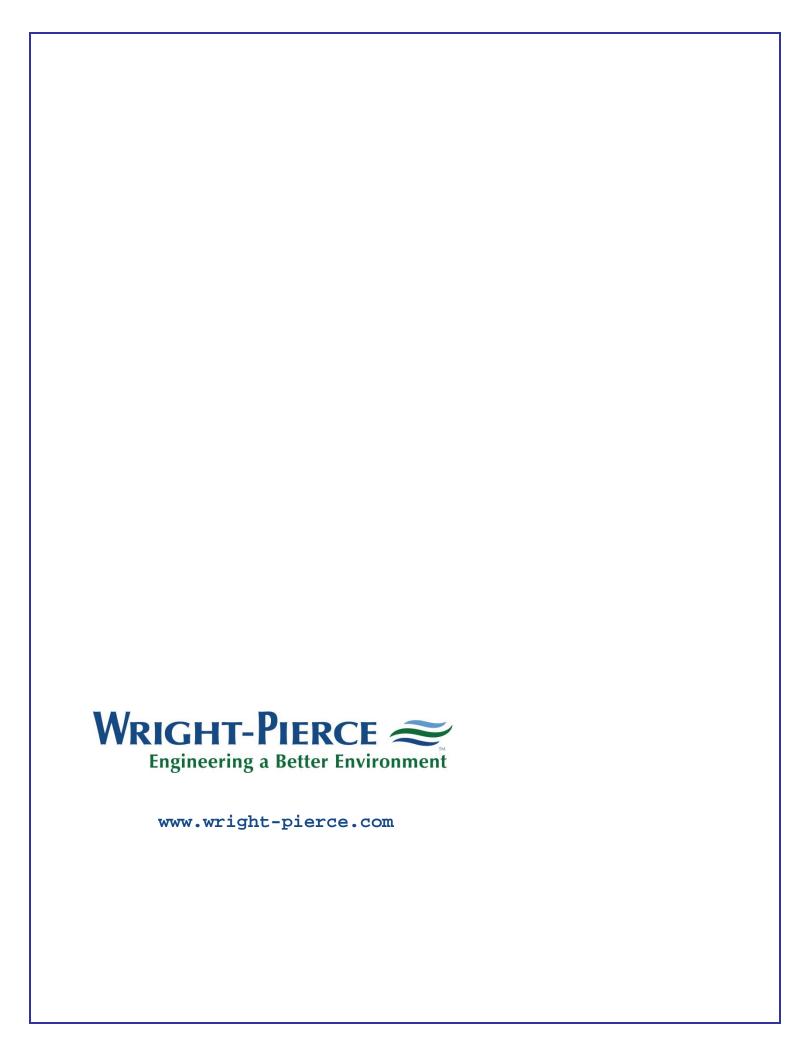
# WARE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS Ware, MA

October 2016





Water
Wastewater
Infrastructure



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## **SEWER MASTER PLAN**

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# Section 1 Introduction



#### **SECTION 1**

## INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 BACKGROUND

The Town of Ware, Massachusetts is located on the eastern edge of Hampshire county bordering the southern end of the Quabbin Reservoir. Ware's population grew steadily in the 20<sup>th</sup> century, but has been stagnant over the past 20 years with a current population of 9,872 residents. The wastewater infrastructure serves approximately 55 percent of the community, which includes 23 miles of gravity sewer, one municipally owned and operated pump station, one private pump station and approximately 1,737 sewer users. The Town owns and operates a 1.0 MGD rated wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) located on Robbins Road operating under National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. MA0100889 with discharge to the Ware River. Ware's sewer collection system dates back to the late 19<sup>th</sup> century and has experienced a series of expansions and improvements over the years.

## 1.2 SCOPE OF STUDY

This section provides a brief discussion of the scope of work involved in developing the Sewer Master Plan for the Town of Ware.

## 1.2.1 Review of Existing Conditions

The Town of Ware has performed several studies to identify needs within the collection and treatment systems to identify upgrades and expansions to better serve the Town. The following is a list of information reviewed and tasks performed to identify and document existing conditions as part of the Sewer Master Plan development.

- Various record drawings from past sewer expansion projects
- Site visits to existing pumping stations, WWTF and various collection system locations
- Ware WWTF flow data and Operation and Maintenance (O&M) manual
- Sewer Collection System Operation and Maintenance Manual and Map Book (completed by Tighe and Bond in July 2016)

• Rules and Regulations Governing the Town of Ware's public sewer system (adopted July, 21, 2015 and amended October 20, 2015).

Existing conditions are detailed in Section 2. Some of the existing conditions information is located in the Appendices of the report.

## 1.2.2 Assessment of Potential Future Sewer Service Needs

The following is a list of tasks completed and documentation reviewed to assess potential future sewer service needs for the Town of Ware.

- Sewer Interceptor Expansion Planning Study (completed by Dufresne-Henry, Inc. in April 1997)
- Conceptual Design for Sewer Expansion (developed by Robert E. Mellstrom Consulting Engineer in 2012)
- Review of Town's Open Space and Recreation Plan (completed March 3, 2016)

Possible future conditions are detailed in Section 3. Existing sewer system evaluation/assessment infrastructure (sewer system rehabilitation, for example) needs and costs are discussed in Section 4. Some of information referred to above is located in the Appendices of the report.

## 1.2.3 Development of Sewer Master Plan

The following is a list of tasks completed to develop the Sewer Master Plan.

- Conceptual plans for potential future expansion of the Town's sewer collection system (along Palmer Road and adjacent streets)
- Reviewed and selected methods to collect and transport wastewater
- Flow estimates from existing and future sewers
- Assessed infrastructure improvements required to handle current and potential future flows
- Prioritized infrastructure improvements based on existing information
- Prepared cost estimates for improvements to existing sewer assessment, potential sewer expansions and treatment facility improvements

• Proposed methods to finance future Capital Improvement Projects (CIP)

Recommendations are presented in Sections 3 and 4 and funding/financing options are presented in Section 5.

# Section 2 Existing Conditions



#### **SECTION 2**

## **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

This section includes a discussion of the existing conditions of Ware's sanitary sewer collection system, pumping facilities and wastewater treatment facility (WWTF); a discussion of the non-sewered area of the Town; and a summary of existing flows.

## 2.1 WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM

The Town of Ware sewer collection system is comprised of approximately 595 manholes, two pumping stations, three siphons and over 25.5 miles of gravity sewers. The sewer system was originally constructed in the 1890s (just 30 years post-Civil War) within the Northside neighborhood as a combined system, which consisted of direct discharge into the Ware River. The original sewer system map is included in Appendix A. The system has received upgrades and expansions since its original construction, including the 1960's construction of the WWTF and other facilities upgrades and improvements in the 1980's. The collection system consists of gravity sewers ranging from 4 to 24 inches in diameter, with the majority of the system piping being 6 to 8 inches in diameter. The collection system piping consists of vitrified clay (VC), asbestos cement (AC), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and reinforced concrete pipes (RCP). The VC and AC piping are located in the older sections of the system, while the PVC and RCP piping are primarily newer sewers.

Ware's wastewater is predominantly residential with minor commercial sources, as well as one significant industrial user (SIU), Kanzaki Specialty Papers (KSP). KSP recently installed a pretreatment system that has reduced solids loadings to the WWTF (KSP solids loadings to the Town's WWTF have been problematic in the past). The commercial sources of wastewater are various small businesses, restaurants, and laundry facilities located in and around Routes 32 and 9. The Town's most recent sewer expansion included a 15-inch diameter interceptor installed along the abandoned railroad bed for the Gibbs Crossing Shopping Plaza. The 15-inch diameter interceptor was completed in conjunction with a "rails-to-trails" project that includes a public walking trail as part of the sewer easement. This sewer main receives flows from the Gibbs Crossing Pump Station and has sufficient capacity for sewer expansion in the Southwest/Western

portion of Town. A full size plan of the existing Ware Existing Sewer System is shown as Figure 2-1 (located in a pocket as Appendix A).

#### 2.1.1 Non-sewered Areas

Figure 2-1 shows a significant portion of Ware is not currently served by public sewer. Developed properties in these areas are primarily zoned as residential and are served by privately-owned onsite septic systems (generally assumed to consist of a septic tank and a subsurface disposal field). It is assumed that the existing septic systems in Town are "pumped" by private septic hauler companies and septage is disposed of and treated at the Ware WWTF or other local treatment facilities.

## 2.2 PUMPING STATIONS

The Town owns and operates one pumping station located on Webb Court. The Town also receives wastewater from a privately owned and operated pump station within the Gibbs Crossing Shopping Plaza.

## 2.2.1 Webb Court Pumping Station

The Webb Court pump station (See Figure 2-2 below) is located in the middle of Webb Court off of Pulaski Street and has been in operation since 1984. This station collects residential flows from the end of Webb Court and serves approximately 10 residential properties. This station was originally constructed with a Hydromatic submersible pump. In 2012, the pump station received an upgrade, including the replacement of the pump and control systems with two free standing Environment One (E/One) semi-positive displacement grinder pumps. These pumps were installed due to pump clogging issues requiring frequent maintenance and an inadequate alarming system. This station does not have the ability to monitor or record flows.

Wastewater flows by gravity into a 4-foot diameter wetwell and is pumped by the E/One duplex submersible grinder pumps through two individual 1.5-inch diameter, 25-foot-long PVC force mains (with an approximate 15-foot static lift) into an adjacent manhole. The estimated average daily flow for this station is approximately 1,100 gpd. The control panel is located at the dead end

of Webb Court about 140 feet away from the wetwell. There are two PVC electrical conduits exiting the wetwell that travel to the end of the dead end road to the pump control panel. The wetwell and pumps are shown in Figure 2-2.





The existing controls were replaced with an E/One T-260 alternating alarm panel, which was installed within the existing enclosure. Each pump has individual 6 conductor tray cables that run from the wetwell to the control panel (cables contain the power supply and alarm conductors). The pumps are operated by submersible level sensors located within the wetwell. The station alarming is performed locally on the control panel by red and green indicating lights and audible alarm buzzer. The Control panel is shown in Figure 2-3.

FIGURE 2-3
WEBB COURT PUMPING STATION CONTROL PANEL



## 2.2.2 Gibbs Crossing Pumping Station

The Gibbs Crossing Pumping Station is situated in the center of the Gibbs Crossing Shopping Plaza located off of route 32 near the Palmer Town line. The pump station was built to serve the commercial buildings within the shopping plaza, including Walmart and Lowes. This station was constructed in 2009 (approximately 7 years old). This station includes an 8-foot diameter wetwell, two 5 Hp non-clog, submersible pumps operated by submersible level transducers and backup float switches. The station also includes a pad-mounted, propane-fueled emergency generator with a buried propane tank and a control panel enclosure. The Gibbs Crossing Pumping Station site is shown in Figure 2-4.

FIGURE 2-4
GIBBS CROSSING PUMPING STATION



The pumps are designed to operate at 130 gpm at 43 feet of TDH with a 3-inch diameter discharge. The station force main is routed through an adjacent 4-foot diameter valve pit, which contains check and plug valves for each pump and a bypass pump connection. The force main increases to a 4-inch diameter Ductile Iron (DI) pipe outside the valve pit. The valve pit and pump bypass connection (with quick-disconnect) are shown below in Figure 2-5.

FIGURE 2-5 GIBBS CROSSING PUMPING STATION VALVE PIT AND BYPASS CONNECTION



The station conveys wastewater through the 4-inch diameter DI force main and discharges into a newly constructed 15-inch diameter PVC interceptor. This pump station was also constructed with the intent of installing a pump station and sewer expansions on Palmer Road (Route 32) and surrounding streets South of the Ware River in the future. There is an additional 8-inch diameter DI force main installed as part of the project that discharges into the same manhole as the Gibbs Crossing Pumping Station 4-inch force main. The pump station design plans show that the force main was constructed to the western edge of the Gibbs Crossing property (adjacent from Walmart) with a plug for a future connection. Refer to Figure 2-6 for the pump station discharge manhole.

FIGURE 2-6 GIBBS CROSSING PUMPING STATION DISCHARGE MANHOLE



## 2.3 WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY (WWTF)

The Town of Ware existing WWTF is located on Robbins Road and was originally constructed in 1965 with a sedimentation basin and two anaerobic digesters for sludge processing. The facility underwent a major upgrade in 1984, which included secondary treatment utilizing the extended aeration - activated sludge process for biological oxygen demand (BOD) and suspended solids removal and seasonal nitrification. In 2012, the Town upgraded the influent pump station

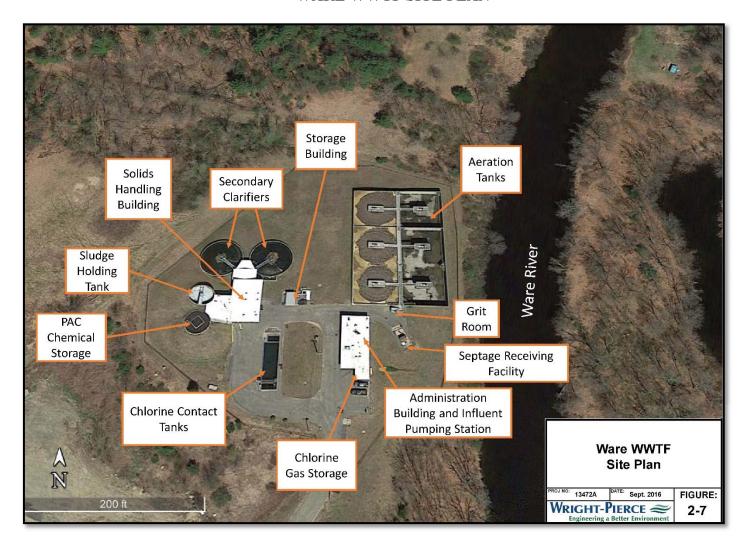
facilities, which included replacement of the pump motors, VFDs and a new control system. The existing Ware WWTF site plan is shown in Figure 2-7.

The Ware WWTF includes the following unit processes:

- Headworks with channel grinder and a bypass manual bar rack, influent pump system with two interconnecting wetwells and three 30 Hp dry pit pumps
- Septage receiving station
- Grit removal system, including two 47.5 cubic foot grit collecting channels, a grit pump, a cyclone degritter and grit cart
- Two aeration trains, each with two zones (Zone 1 60-feet x 60 feet with 13-foot sidewater depth and one 30 Hp mechanical aerator, Zone 2 120 feet x 60 feet with 13 feet sidewater depth with two 25 Hp mechanical aerators). Currently, the second aeration train is not in service, but is reportedly available for use (it is recommended that the Town double check mechanical, electrical and piping/valve operating conditions prior to putting this aeration train into service). Bags of soda ash are manually added to the influent for alkalinity addition.
- Two circular secondary clarifiers (56 foot diameter with 15 foot sidewater depth)
- Chlorine gas disinfection system, sulfur dioxide gas dechlorination system and two chlorine contact tanks. One of these tanks is buried with a concrete cover.
- Polyaluminum Chloride (PAC) 2,000-gallon storage tank and chemical feed system for phosphorus removal located in the original facility digester room No. 1
- Three 6-inch Return Activated Sludge (RAS) Pumps, two scum pumps and two 4-inch Waste Sludge (WAS) Pumps with an 85,000-gallon sludge storage tank for offsite disposal via liquid transport.

The Ware WWTF is currently permitted to treat an average daily flow of 1.0 million gallons per day (MGD), which includes flows from domestic, commercial and industrial sources. The plant also receives hauled septage from the Town of Ware and surrounding communities. This facility discharges into the Ware River and operates under the MassDEP/EPA National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit No. MA0100889 (renewed in 2013).

FIGURE 2-7 WARE WWTF SITE PLAN



The WWTF was originally designed for an average daily flow of 2.0 MGD and a peak flow of 5.2 MGD as part of the 1984 upgrade. The 2001 NDPES permit renewal reduced the plants rated average flow capacity to 1.0 MGD, as a result of the flows and loads not reaching the initially anticipated design criteria. The current NPDES permit (2013) limits for the Ware WWTF are shown in Table 2-1. The complete NPDES discharge permit is listed in Appendix B.

TABLE 2-1 NPDES PERMIT FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

PARAMETER	MONTHLY AVERAGE	WEEKLY AVERAGE	DAILY MAXIMUM
Flow, MGD	1.0	_	Report
BOD <sub>5</sub> , mg/l (lb./d)	25 (208)	25 (208)	Report
TSS, mg/l (lb./d)	25 (208)	25 (208)	Report
pH, Std. Units	_	6.5 - 8.3	
E. coli, cfu/100 mL Apr. 1 – Oct 31	126	_	409
Residual Chlorine (ug/L) Apr. 1 – Oct. 31	116	_	200
Total Copper (ug/L)	9.0	_	17.9
Total Aluminum (ug/L)	96	_	
Total Phosphorus mg/L (lb./d), Apr. 1 – Oct. 31	0.584 (5.38)	1.0 (9.2)	1.5 (13.8)
Total Phosphorus mg/L (lb./d), Nov. 1 – Mar. 31	1.0 (9.2)		Report
Dissolved Orthophosphate, Nov. 1 – Mar. 31	_	Report	
Ammonia as N, mg/L (lb./d), June 1 – Oct. 31	1.0 (8.8)	1.0 (8.8)	1.5 (13.2)
TKN mg/L	Report	_	_
Total Nitrite, mg/L	Report	_	_

The WWTF had experienced operational difficulties with the treatment of flows generated from KSPs industrial waste stream, including reduced biological treatment capacity and additional sludge handling and disposal costs. In response, the Town issued local limits for KSPs discharge for total suspended solids, turbidity, and zinc in 2010. Based on these limits, KSP determined that they would not be able to continue discharging wastewater to the WWTF without the installation of a pretreatment system at their facility. KSP and the Town entered into negotiations to develop a solution that would be beneficial to both parties, while maintaining NPDES discharge standards and satisfying the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPAs) industrial pretreatment requirements. Both parties agreed to share the capital and operation and maintenance costs for the implementation of a tertiary treatment system at the Ware WWTF that would allow KSP to

continue discharging wastewater to the Town's system without additional pretreatment performed at the KSP property.

In 2012, Wright-Pierce performed a WWTF evaluation for the Town to determine future process operational scenarios and treatment alternatives, including installation of a new tertiary treatment system to handle the high levels of suspended solids and turbidity discharged by KSP; and to treat the wastewater to an effluent total phosphorus (TP) concentration of 0.1 mg/L to meet potential future permit conditions.

In 2013, the Town moved forward with the design of a tertiary treatment system upgrade project to meet anticipated new NPDES permit regulations for total phosphorus and to continue to treat industrial solids contributed to the plant from KSP. Subsequently, the 2013 NPDES permit renewal included a seasonal phosphorus discharge phosphorus limit of 0.584 mg/L, which is higher (less stringent) than the anticipated 0.1 mg/L limit. In addition, KSP wanted a guarantee from the Town that the tertiary treatment system upgrade would effectively treat their waste stream. The Town would not provide KSP with a guarantee for the treatment of KSPs waste stream and KSP decided to build their own onsite pretreatment facility to meet the Town's local limits instead of cost sharing the tertiary treatment system upgrade with the Town.

KSPs pretreatment facility was put online in July 2015 and has reduced turbidity and improved performance at the Town's WWTF. A summary of the Town's WWTF current flows and loads for a two-year period from April 2014 to April 2016 are summarized in Table 2-2 below.

It has been three decades since the last major upgrade of the WWTF. The Town's WWTF will require upgrades in the near future due to aging process and auxiliary equipment/systems. Section 4 provides potential improvements to the Town's WWTF.

## TABLE 2-2 WWTF CURRENT INFLUENT FLOWS AND LOADS (April 2014 – April 2016)

DADAMETED	FLOW		BOD		TSS	
PARAMETER	MGD	P.F. <sup>4</sup>	mg/L	lb./day	mg/L	lb./day
Annual Average (Hydraulic)	0.57	1.00	257	1,215	347	1,640
Max. Month (BOD <sub>5</sub> Loading) <sup>1</sup>	0.60	0.98	470	2,191	504	2,349
Max. Day (BOD <sub>5</sub> Loading) <sup>2</sup>	0.47	0.83	660	2,581	407	1,683
Max. Month Flow (Hydraulic)	0.98	1.72		ı	l	_
Peak Day Flow (Hydraulic) <sup>3</sup>	1.15	2.03		l	l	_
Peak Hourly Flow (Hydraulic) <sup>5</sup>	2.90	5.11	_	_	_	_

## Notes:

- 1. Maximum 30-day rolling average BOD loadings occurred in June 2014.
- 2. Peak Day BOD loadings occurred July 29, 2014.
- 3. Maximum day flow occurred on April 4, 2015.
- 4. Peaking Factor equals flow divided by average daily flow.
- 5. Peak Flow is based on the highest recorded instantaneous flow, which occurred on March 29, 2016.

# Section 3 Future Planning Conditions



#### **SECTION 3**

## **FUTURE PLANNING CONDITIONS**

This section includes a description of the planning area, planning period, population and growth projections, and strategies considered for possible future sewer extension projects. This section includes a description of the possible future sewer extension projects, including future flows and estimated construction costs.

## 3.1 FUTURE PLANNING AREAS

The Town of Ware constructed a 15-inch diameter interceptor in 2008 within an abandoned railroad path for the purposes of providing public sewer to the newly constructed Gibbs Crossing Shopping center and for providing the opportunity for additional sewer extinctions in the surrounding areas. Currently, the 15-inch diameter interceptor only receives flows from the shopping plaza via the Gibbs Crossing Pumping Station, but was designed for a "build-out" of the southwestern portion of Town due to its relatively dense population and the potential environmental needs for the Beaver Lake area. The future planning areas (potential sewer expansion areas) for the Sewer Master Plan includes seven "projects" as listed below:

- 1. Project 1: Longview Street Sewer Extension
- 2. Project 2: Meadow Heights Sewer Extension
- 3. Project 3: Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension
- 4. Project 4: Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension
- 5. Project 5: Palmer Road Sewer Extension
- 6. Project 6: Old Belchertown Road Sewer Extension
- 7. Project 7: Beaver Lake Area Low Pressure Sewer System

The bounds of these future planning areas were considered due to the needs for existing properties, development density, topography and economic or environmental impacts. There are a number of unsewered areas in Town with fairly large lot sizes that should easily support an onsite septic system and have topography that would require multiple pump stations to convey flow to the existing collection system. These areas were removed from further consideration for municipal

sewer extension as onsite septic systems should largely be more cost-effective than extending Town sewer to a small number of residences in a large geographic area.

## 3.1.1 Planning Period

The planning period used for the Sewer Master Plan is 10 years. Therefore, the projections made in this Sewer Master Plan are through the year 2026. The intent is to provide a roadmap for any sewer extension; existing sewer rehabilitation and WWTF upgrade projects that may occur during the next 10 years.

## 3.2 POPULATION DEMOGRAPHICS AND HISTORICAL TRENDS

The population historical data discussed in this section will serve as the basis for projecting future population for the Town of Ware. To better understand the population demographics in the Town of Ware, the following primary sources of information were collected and analyzed:

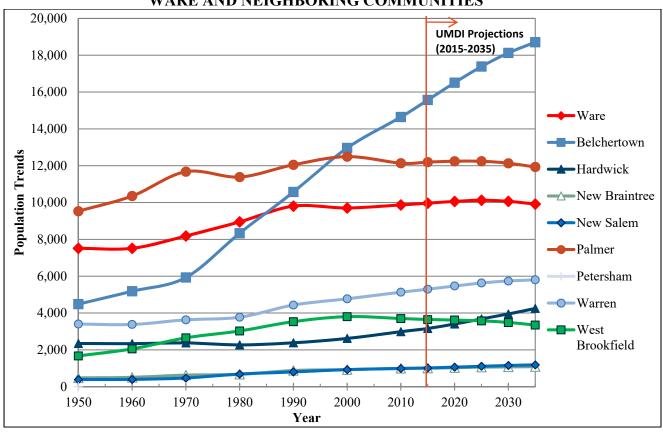
- US Bureau of Census Data
- University of Massachusetts Donahue Institute (UMDI)
- Pioneer Valley Planning Commission (PVPC)
- Massachusetts Department of Transportation (MassDOT)

The Census data includes population trends for each community in Massachusetts extending back to 1950. The population trends in Ware and its neighboring communities are presented in Table 3-1 and graphically in Figure 3-1.

TABLE 3-1 POPULATION TRENDS FOR WARE AND NEIGHBORING COMMUNITIES

Town	1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010
Ware	7,517	7,517	8,187	8,953	9,808	9,707	9,872
Belchertown	4,487	5,186	5,936	8,339	10,579	12,968	14,649
Hardwick	2,348	2,340	2,379	2,272	2,385	2,622	2,990
New Braintree	478	509	631	671	881	927	999
New Salem	392	397	474	688	802	929	990
Palmer	9,533	10,358	11,680	11,389	12,054	12,497	12,140
Petersham	814	890	1,014	1,024	1,131	1,180	1,234
Warren	3,406	3,383	3,633	3,777	4,437	4,776	5,135
West Brookfield	1,674	2,053	2,653	3,026	3,532	3,804	3,701

FIGURE 3-1
POPULATION TRENDS AND PROJECTIONS FOR WARE AND NEIGHBORING COMMUNITIES



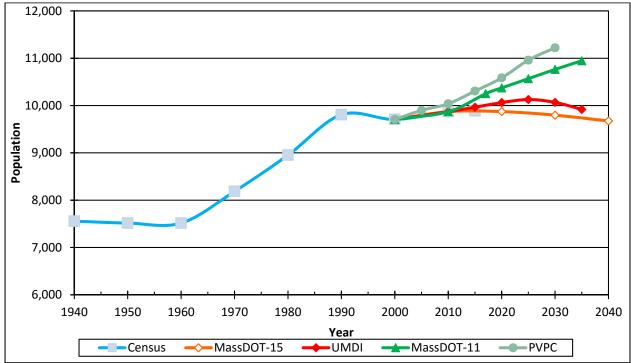
In general, smaller communities in the suburbs experienced growth during the post-World War II period from 1950's through the 1980's, when growth population began to level off in most communities. The most rapid growth during this period occurred in rural communities with abundant open space and land available for development. In response to this growth, improved land-use planning, growth management and stricter development standards led to more sustained, managed growth over the last 20-30 years for most communities. In addition, escalating property values and high housing costs may have contributed to slower growth and development in certain communities.

## 3.3 HISTORICAL AND PROJECTED POPULATION

According to the Census, the Town of Ware has experienced additional population growth since the early 1960s. From 1960 to 1990 the population growth was strong and generally constant at the rate of 9.1 percent per 10-years until 2000, when growth slowed significantly and became negative. At that point, growth resumed, but increased at a slower rate of approximately 0.18 percent per year through 2015. The current 2015 population as reported by UMDI is approximately 9,967 residents and the Census estimated a total population of approximately 9,888 residents in 2015.

Population projections as reported by the US Census, UMDI, MassDOT, and PVPC were reviewed for this study. The historic populations from 1940 to 2010 were provided by the US Census along with an estimated population in 2015. The UMDI projections were estimated in March of 2015, which provided projections from 2015 to 2035. Two sets of projections were used from MassDOT; an older projection from 2011 and an updated projection from 2015. The PVPC projections are from 2003. These various historic and projected populations are shown in Figure 3-2.

FIGURE 3-2 HISTORIC AND PROJECTED POPULATION



As shown in Figure 3-2, the MassDOT (2011) and PVPC projections have been higher than the actual 2010 population and increase at a rapid rate until 2030, while the UMDI and MassDOT (2015) projections only increase slightly until 2025, and then decreases to 2035 and 2040, respectively. Since the most recent projections show much slower growth, they are likely more realistic. Comparing both MassDOT (2015) and UMDI, UMDI is more conservative and likely more applicable for the Sewer Master Plan. Therefore, the UMDI projections for the next ten years, included in Table 3-2, were utilized as they appear be more closely aligned with actual population trends.

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TABLE 3-2 UMDI POPULATION PROJECTIONS

Year	Projected Population
2016	9,986
2017	10,006
2018	10,025
2019	10,045
2020	10,064
2021	10,077
2022	10,090
2023	10,103
2024	10,116
2025	10,129

The UMDI projections show a slowing of growth over the next twenty years with an increase of 143 in population from 2016 to 2025. In regards to sewer service, the Town of Ware currently provides sewers to approximately 55 percent of the Town's population according to the 2016 Open Space and Recreation Plan.

## 3.4 WASTEWATER COLLECTION AND TREATMENT SYSTEMS

There is only one municipally operated pumping station that serves a limited number of properties for Webb Court and a private pump station for a commercial shopping center (Gibbs Crossing), along with the WWTF influent pump station. Currently, the Town's collection system does not include any low pressure sewer systems, but there are some residential sewer users connected to the gravity system with individual grinder pumps. Different sewer system methods are considered for possible future expansion of the Town's collection system and are further described below.

## 3.4.1 Gravity Sewers and Pumping Stations

As previously discussed, the Town of Ware owns and operates 23 miles of gravity sewers, including two pumping stations and three siphons. The majority of the existing system operates with gravity sewers transporting flows to the Ware WWTF. The existing pumping stations discharge through force mains into gravity sewers that flow directly to the WWTF for treatment and effluent discharge to the Ware River.

There are areas of Town that are already developed and can benefit from expansions of the gravity system that do not require a pumping station constructed, including sections of Palmer Road (Route 32) and adjacent streets from the Gibbs Crossing Shopping Center to Hillside Drive. However, some of the streets in this area would require a pump station for transporting flows due to existing topography. There are six potential projects that would include expansions of the gravity sewer system.

## 3.4.2 Low Pressure Systems

Low pressure sewer systems use shallow (below frost line), small diameter common piping and individual grinder pumps at each property to pump wastewater to an existing gravity sewer. The Town does not currently utilize low pressure systems, however, there are a few properties throughout Town with privately owned sewage (E/One Series) grinder pumps that discharge directly into a gravity sewer. Low pressure sewers are an option considered for areas with fluctuating topography that would require multiple common pumping stations to serve a small area. Low pressure sewers and individual grinder pumps are a technology considered for sewering the Beaver Lake area.

#### 3.5 FUTURE FLOW PROJECTIONS

The following is a summary of the process used to estimate future flow projections for the Sewer Master Plan as well as a description of assumptions made to estimate flows.

## 3.5.1 Residential Average Daily Flow Projection

TR-16 standards call for a minimum of 70 gallons per day per capita (GPDC) to be used for wastewater flow projections. The 2016 Open Space and Recreation Plan (located in Appendix E) indicates that the average household population in 2010 in Ware was 2.39 and that 61 percent of private homes are single family and 39 percent are buildings with two or more units. Therefore, for the purposes of this planning, 2.5 people per parcel has been estimated based on this data and the average daily flow for one residential parcel has been assumed to be 175 gallons per day (gpd).

#### 3.5.1.1 Buildable Land

Developable residential lots were also considered for the future build-out condition. A residential lot is required to be at least 80,000 square feet (1.84 Acres) according to the 2016 Open Space and Recreation Plan. If a lot was large enough to be subdivided, it was estimated that 80 percent of the lot is suitable for new building purposes. The other 20 percent of each lot is set aside for roads and utilities, or is not expected to be buildable due to water features, slope, or unsuitable soils. Each potential buildable residential lot utilized a value of 175 gpd for calculating future flows.

Depending on the current lot size, existing residential lots were considered for future build-out. If an existing residential lot was at least 3.68 acres, it was split by the minimum lot size (1.84 acres). The following projects have residential lots where this occurred and was included in the analysis:

- Project 1 two residential properties split, creating five properties
- Project 2 three residential properties split, creating eight properties
- Project 3 ten residential properties split, creating twenty-six properties
- Project 4 no residential properties were large enough to split
- Project 5 three residential properties split, creating twenty-four properties
- Project 6 two residential properties split, creating five properties
- Project 7 nine residential properties split, creating fifty-eight properties

## 3.5.2 Commercial Average Daily Flow Projection

Although the majority of the potential future sewer expansion areas are residential, there are three projects areas with existing commercial or developable commercial properties. Within the future planning areas, the majority of existing commercial lots were located on Palmer Road (Route 32) with some additional developable land described below:

- **Project 1**: This project includes providing sewers to five existing commercial properties along Palmer Road (Route 32). This includes:
  - 1. Gillespie Car Care
  - 2. Teresa's Restaurant
  - 3. Sunny Side Storage LLC

- 4. Ware Business Center LLC
- 5. Remaining (fifth) existing commercial property is currently vacant
- **Project 5**: This project includes providing sewers to two existing commercial properties:
  - 1. Don's Auto Body on Bacon Street
  - 2. Ware on Earth Reality LLC on Palmer Road (Route 32)

This potential project would also provide municipal sewer to one commercially zoned parcel that could be developed into commercial or light industrial properties.

- **Project 6**: This project includes providing sewers to one existing commercial property:
  - 1. Advanced Auto Parts located on Palmer Road (Route 32)

## 3.5.2.1 Flow per Building Area

Commercial flows are typically estimated based on square footage of building area. Commercial development can range widely in sewer use per square foot from a grocery store with very little water use, to a restaurant with a much higher flow per square foot. Typical values range from 0.03 to 0.06 gallons per day per square foot. A value of 0.06 gallons per day per square foot (gpd/sf) was selected based on the existing and potential commercial development on Palmer Road (Route 32) area.

## 3.5.2.2 Commercial Lot Coverage

The commercial flow estimate assumes buildings will cover at least 20 percent of the lot. This value is based on the existing development and potential developments on Palmer Road. Proposed lot coverage is higher than the existing development and accounts for "infill" development.

## 3.5.2.3 Flow per land Area

Flow per building area was multiplied by the percent lot coverage to get the flow potential from each lot as shown in Table 3-3.

TABLE 3-3 COMMERCIAL FLOW ESTIMATE PER ACRE

Formula	Values
(Flow per Building Area, sf)	(0.06 gpd/sf)
× (convert square feet to acres)	× (43,560 sf/acre)
× (Percent Lot Coverage)	× (20% lot coverage)
= (Flow per Land Area)	= 523 gallons per day per acre

This value was used to determine the total potential flow from each commercial parcel. For parcels already partially developed, the estimated building flow was based on the total potential flows for redevelopment of the parcel.

#### 3.5.3 Infiltration Allowance

Infiltration is groundwater that enters the sewer system through defects in the pipes, manholes, and/or pipe joints. Infiltration in the existing sewers is already included in the existing flows. An allowance for infiltration in developed areas to be served by future gravity sewers of 250 gpd per inch-diameter-mile of sewer within the right-of-way is assumed based on TR-16 standards. An infiltration allowance has not been included for low pressure systems as there is minimal infiltration in systems with individual grinder pump stations and pressure piping. Note that when estimating peak flow rates, the peaking factor is only applied to sanitary flows and not the infiltration allowance.

## 3.5.4 Peaking Factors

Peaking factors are necessary in sizing wastewater infrastructure to account for diurnal and seasonal variation in wastewater flow that differs from the average. These factors are multiplied by average daily flow and infiltration is added to arrive at peak hourly flows. Factors such as the type of development, average daily flow, and proximity of the development to a collection point, such as a pump station are considered. Normal peaking factor estimates range from 3 to 6 depending on service area size based on these factors.

Current peak hourly flow to average daily flow ratios from the two existing pump stations are unavailable for the sewer master planning. Flow data for the WWTF from April 2014 through

April 2016 indicates a peaking factor of about 5. For the existing sewers and WWTF, the actual current peaking factors have been used to estimate future flow. However, for the potential future projects, the following peaking factor was used:

Average daily flows less than 100,000 GPD: PF = 6.0

The following equation was used to calculate peak daily flow (PDF) from average daily flow (ADF):

 $PDF = (ADF \times PF) + Infiltration Allowance$ 

## 3.6 POTENTIAL SEWER EXTENSION PROJECTS

The following is a brief summary of each potential sewer expansion Project based on our evaluations, discussions with Town personnel in conjunction with the review of current GIS mapping, the 1999 Conceptual Sewer Plan Layout and the 2012 Conceptual Design for Sewer Expansion.

Included in each summary is a conceptual description of the type of sewer system to serve the Project area, the basis for the flow projections (number of residential units, assumptions made regarding any proposed future development, etc.), the projected sanitary flow and infiltration allowance, and the estimated cost of the conceptual plan for the Project area. The number of residential units was estimated based on the number of parcels in a project area unless otherwise noted. A summary of the projected average daily flows and peak flow calculations for each project are located in Appendix C.

A plan outlining all of the potential future sewer expansion Projects is shown in Figure 3-3. The boundaries of the projects are approximate only and will likely be refined during future development of a specific Project and design of the sewers to include some of the properties adjacent to the identified areas.

All of the projects are proposed in the Southwest and Western portion of Ware. The flows generated from these potential sewer expansion projects will discharge into the 15-inch diameter

 interceptor that currently receives flows from the Gibbs Crossing shopping plaza and then flows by gravity directly to the WWTF. Many of the projects are not dependent on another downstream project being constructed and could be constructed independently to connect directly into the 15-inch diameter interceptor.

Pumping stations (and force mains) are recommended for several of the projects. Pumping stations have been assumed to be submersible grinder type with <u>smaller</u> pump stations to include flows less than 50 gpm, and <u>larger</u> submersible non-clog pump stations with flows greater than 120 gpm. All pump stations are assumed to include a pad-mounted permanent, emergency power generator and electrical/control equipment enclosure. The Sewer Master Plan cost estimating uses one conservative cost for both small and large pumping stations.

## 3.6.1 Cost Estimating

Cost estimates for the conceptual sewer plans for each potential sewer expansion project are planning level estimates intended to provide order of magnitude of possible costs to serve each area. For estimating purposes, the unit prices summarized in Table 3-4 were used. Gravity sewer unit prices are applied to the estimated main line sewer lengths and include costs for manholes, service laterals to the edge of the right-of-way and pavement restoration. Ledge factors have been applied to gravity sewer and force main cost estimates. In addition to construction costs, allowances have been included as follows:

- Construction contingency and engineering (design, bidding, construction administration and field observation) services (40 percent)
- Administrative and legal costs (2 percent)

Costs are based on an ENR Index of 10,385 (August 2016).

TABLE 3-4 CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE UNIT PRICES

Item Description	<b>Unit Price</b>
8-inch Gravity Sewer	\$210/LF
12-inch Gravity Sewer	\$240/LF
Force Main	\$130/LF
Pump Station	\$600,000/EA
Low Pressure Sewer	\$130/LF
River Crossing	\$100,000/EA
Railroad Crossing	\$75,000/EA

# 3.6.2 Potential Future Sewer Extension Projects

#### 3.6.2.1 Project 1: Longview Street Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 7,100 linear feet of 8-inch diameter gravity sewers on Longview Street, Woodland Heights, Kingsbury Lane, a portion of Palmer Road (Route 32), Westbrook Avenue and Susan Drive. It also involves constructing a pumping station on Susan Drive and approximately 1,100 linear feet of force main to convey flows generated from Westbrook Avenue and Susan drive. The force main will discharge into an existing manhole at the end of Longview Street into the existing 15-inch diameter interceptor line. Flows generated north of the existing manhole including Longview Street, Woodland Heights, Kingsbury Lane and Palmer Road will discharge into the existing sewer by gravity.

There are approximately 94 residential housing units and 5 commercial units that could be served by gravity sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 23,900 gpd (sanitary flow of 21,200 gpd and infiltration flow of 2,700 gpd). The estimated cost for this project is \$3,190,000. There are no other sewer expansion projects that are required to be constructed to allow this project to connect to the Town's sewer system. Refer to Figure 3-4 for the extents of this project area.

#### 3.6.2.2 Project 2: Meadow Heights Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 3,200 linear feet of 8-inch diameter and 1,500 linear feet of 12-inch diameter gravity sewers on Meadow Road, Meadow Heights, a small portion

of Palmer Road and Dugan Road. The gravity sewers would connect to an existing manhole that is part of the 15-inch diameter interceptor sewer located in the abandoned railroad easement.

There are approximately 49 residential housing units that could be served by gravity sewer within this project with a projected average daily flow of 10,700 gpd (sanitary flow of 8,600 gpd and infiltration flow of 2,100 gpd). The estimated cost for the project is \$1,470,000. There are no other projects that are required to be constructed to allow this project to connect to the Town's existing sewer system, however, this project area will receive sewer flows from Project's 6 and 7.

A force main will discharge flow from Project area 6 into a manhole on Palmer Road. The gravity sewer that receives additional flows outside of Project 2 will be 12-inched in diameter. Refer to Figure 3-5 for the extents of this project area.

#### 3.6.2.3 Project 3: Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 10,100 linear feet of 8-inch diameter gravity sewers on Malboeuf Road, Skyview Drive, Sunnyhill Drive, a small portion of Palmer Road, Anderson Road and Desatis Drive. The gravity sewers would connect to an existing manhole that is part of the 15-inch diameter interceptor sewer located near the end of Malboeuf Road. Refer to Figure 3-6 for the extents of this project area.

There are approximately 142 residential housing units that could be served by gravity sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 28,800 gpd (sanitary flow of 24,900 gpd and infiltration flow of 3,900 gpd). The estimated cost for the project is \$3,030,000. There are no other projects that are required to be constructed to allow this project to connect to the Town's existing sewer system.

#### 3.6.2.4 Project 4: Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 3,600 linear feet of 8-inch diameter sewer on Mountain View Drive and Oak Ridge Circle. It also involves constructing a pumping station on Oak Ridge Circle and approximately 400 linear feet of force main to convey flows generated from Oak Ridge Circle. The force main will discharge into an existing manhole within the sewer easement into the existing 15-inch diameter gravity sewer. Flows generated from Mountain View

Road will discharge by gravity into both sides of an existing manhole located at the low point in the center of the road. Refer to Figure 3-7 for the extents of this project area.

There are approximately 50 residential housing units that could be served by gravity sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 10,200 gpd (sanitary flow of 8,800 gpd and infiltration flow of 1,400 gpd). The estimated cost for this project is \$2,010,000. There are no other projects that are required to be constructed to allow for connection to the Town's existing sewer system.

#### 3.6.2.5 Project 5: Palmer Road Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 7,700 linear feet of 8-inch diameter gravity sewers on Bacon Road and a portion of Palmer Road (Route 32). The gravity sewers in this area will require a sewer piping/railroad crossing. This project also involves constructing a pumping station on Palmer Road and approximately 1,900 linear feet of force main to convey flows generated in the area. This force main will connect to an existing plugged 8-inch diameter force main that was constructed as part of the Gibbs Crossing Pump Station project (previously discussed in Section 2). This force main will also require being constructed under the Ware River to connect to the existing plugged force main. Flows generated from this project area will discharge into the existing 15-inch diameter gravity sewer.

There are approximately 54 residential housing units and 3 commercial units that could be served by gravity sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 13,100 gpd (sanitary flow of 10,100 gpd and infiltration flow of 3,000 gpd). The estimated cost for this project is \$3,770,000. There are no other projects required to be constructed for this project. Refer to Figure 3-8 for the extents of this project area.

# 3.6.2.6 Project 6: Old Belchertown Road Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 7,600 linear feet of 8-inch diameter and 800 linear feet of 12-inch diameter gravity sewers on Williston Drive, Junior Hill Road, Pine Crest Circle, Hillside Terrace, and a portion of Palmer Road (Route 32) and Old Belchertown Road. This project also includes the construction of a pumping station that will receive flows from this

project area, as well as Project 7. The Old Belchertown Road Pump Station force main would discharge into the Project 2 sewer by force main that will be approximately 2,100 feet long.

There are approximately 84 residential housing units and 1 commercial unit that could be served by gravity sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 18,300 gpd (sanitary flow of 14,900 gpd and infiltration flow of 3,400 gpd). The estimated cost for this project is \$3,800,000. Project 2 is required to be constructed to accommodate construction of this project. Refer to Figure 3-9 for the extents of this project area.

#### 3.6.2.7 Project 7: Beaver Lake Area Low Pressure Sewer Extension

This project involves constructing approximately 40,100 linear feet of 1.5-inch to 4-inch diameter low pressure sewers on Lake View Circle, Shoreline Drive, Lagoon Road, Otter Circle, Coldbrook Drive, Beaver Lake Road, Beaver Road, Point View Road, Indian Hill Road, Horseshoe Circle, Lower Cove Road, Big Tree Drive, a portion of Babcock Tavern Road, Miner Road, Old Belchertown Road, Monson Turnpike Road, and Coffey Hill Road. Flows generated will connect using a low pressure sewer connection that will discharge into Project 6 sewer piping on Old Belchertown Road.

There are approximately 445 residential housing units that could be served by low pressure sewer within this project area with a projected average daily flow of 77,900 gpd (all sanitary flow, no infiltration assumed). The estimated cost for this project is \$7,440,000. Project 2 and Project 6 are both required to be constructed to accommodate construction of this project. Refer to Figure 3-10 for the extents of this project area.

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TABLE 3-5
POTENTIAL SEWER EXTENSION PROJECTS ESTIMATED QUANTITIES

	Estimated Quantities							
Project		/ Sewer .F)	Force Main (LF)	Pump Station (EA.)	Low Pressure Sewer	Railroad & River Crossings		
	8" Dia.	12" Dia.			(LF)	(EA.)		
1 - Longview Street Sewer Extension	7,100	-	1,100	1	-	-		
2 - Meadow Heights Sewer Extension	3,200	1,500	-	-	-	-		
3 - Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension	10,100	-	-	-	-	-		
4 - Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension	3,600	-	400	1	-	-		
5 - Palmer Road Sewer Extension	7,700	-	1,900	1	-	2		
6 - Old Belchertown Road Pump Station and Sewer Extension	7,600	800	2,100	1	-	-		
7 - Beaver Lake Area Low-Pressure Sewer System	-	-	-	-	40,100	-		

TABLE 3-6
POTENTIAL SEWER EXTENSION PROJECTS ESTIMATED PROJECT COST

	Estimated Construction Costs						Estimated		
Project	Gravity Sewer	Force Main	Pump Station	Low Pressure Sewer	Railroad & River Crossings	Contingency* (40%)	Subtotal	Administrative & Legal (2%)	Overall Project Totals
1 Longview Street Sewer Extension	\$1,491,000	\$143,000	\$600,000	-	-	\$893,600	\$3,127,600	\$62,600	\$3,190,000
2 Meadow Heights Sewer Extension	\$1,032,000	-	-	-	-	\$412,800	\$1,444,800	\$28,900	\$1,470,000
3 Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension	\$2,121,000	-	-	-	-	\$848,400	\$2,969,400	\$59,400	\$3,030,000
4 Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension	\$756,000	\$52,000	\$600,000	-	-	\$563,200	\$1,971,200	\$39,400	\$2,010,000
5 Palmer Road Sewer Extension	\$1,617,000	\$247,000	\$600,000	-	\$175,000	\$1,055,600	\$3,694,600	\$73,900	\$3,770,000
6 Old Belchertown Road Pump Station and Sewer Extension	\$1,788,000	\$273,000	\$600,000	-	-	\$1,064,400	\$3,725,400	\$74,500	\$3,800,000
7 Beaver Lake Area Low-Pressure Sewer System	-	-	-	\$5,213,000	-	\$2,085,200	\$7,298,200	\$146,000	\$7,440,000
Project Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$24,710,000

<sup>\*</sup>Contingency includes construction, engineering, and construction administration costs.

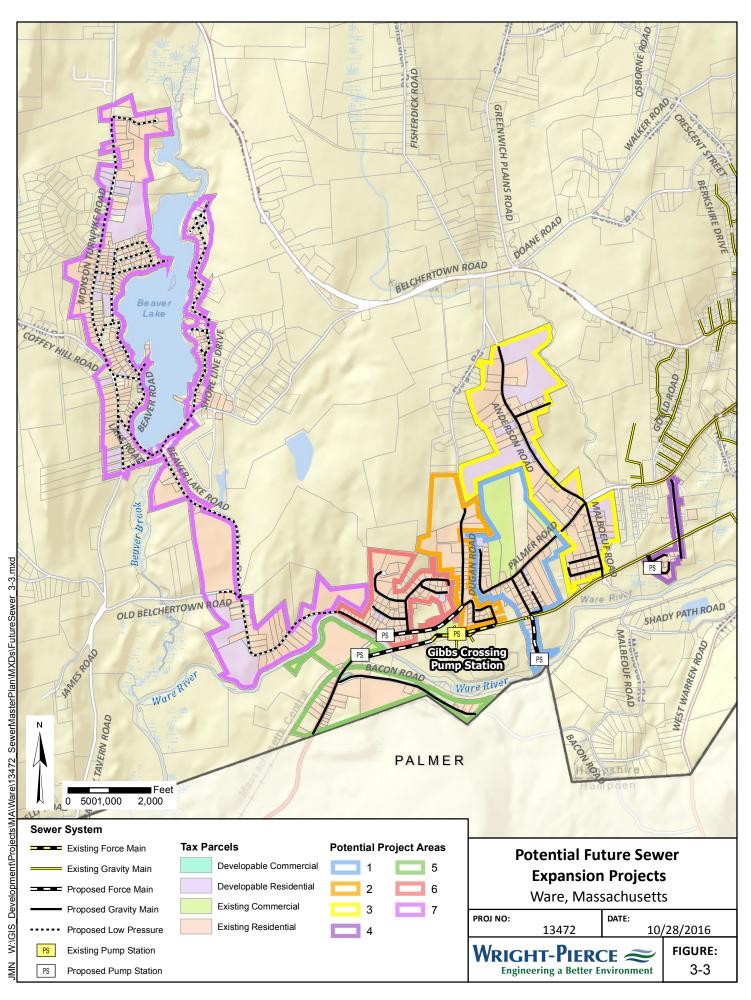
#### 3.7 POTENTIAL FUTURE SEWER PROJECTS FLOWS SUMMARY

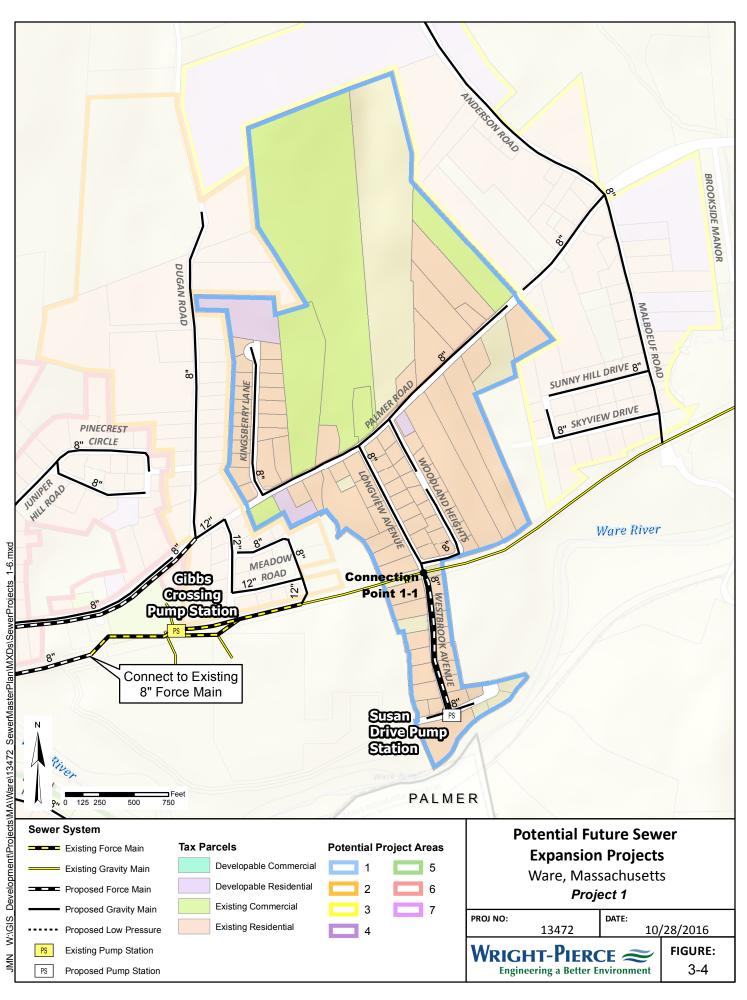
The potential future sewer projects presented in this report are based on current information and past sewer expansion studies provided by the Town. These projects are subject to change over time (examples being the interest from developers or existing property owners to connect to Town sewer) so there must be flexibility to account for future changes. Additionally, these projects do not specifically need to be completed in the numbering sequence presented, although two projects (6 and 7) require other projects to be completed first.

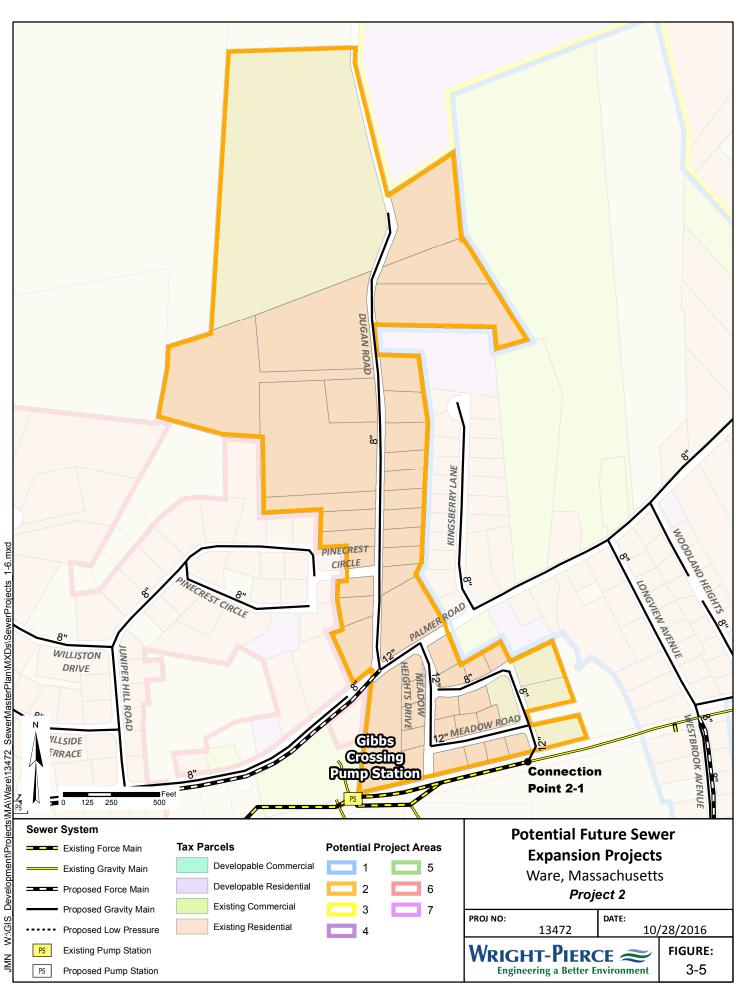
Table 3-5 below includes the amount potential additional residential and commercial sewer users and additional flows generated from each potential future sewer expansion project. The total amount of potential flows added to the Ware WWTF is 0.183 mgd. As presented in Section 2, the WWTF currently receives and average annual flow of 0.57 mgd and is permitted to treat 1.0 mgd. The potential future flows for a full build-out condition of sewer expansion Projects 1 through 7 will be approximately 0.753 mgd. The potential future sewer expansion projects could add approximately 918 new residential and 9 commercial sewer users to the Ware sewer collection system.

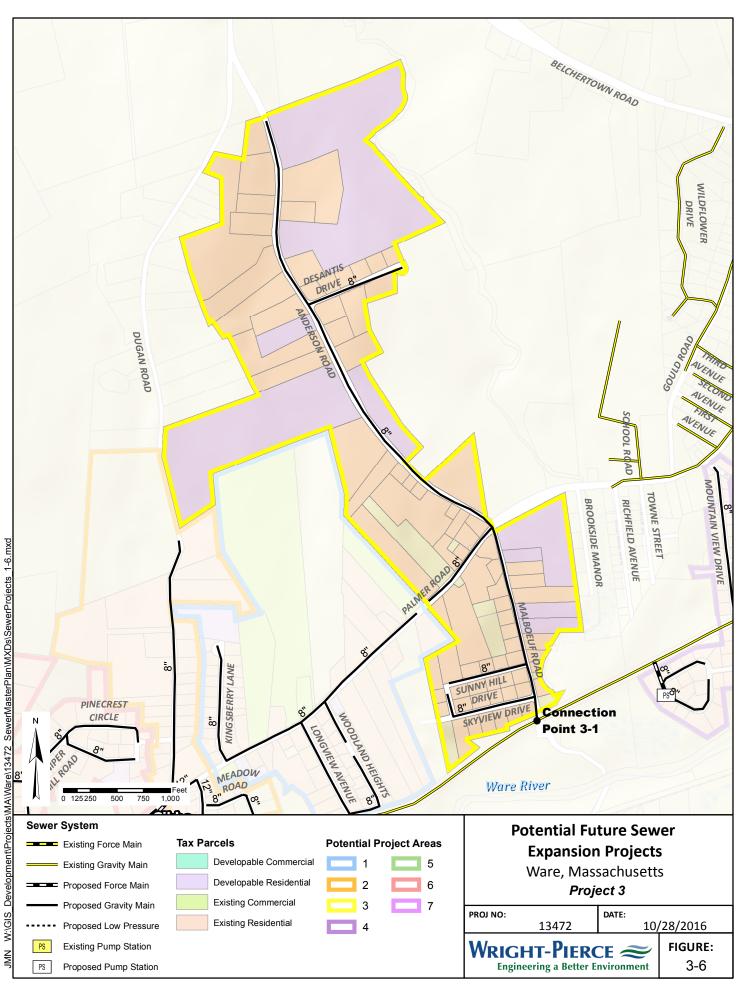
TABLE 3-7
POTENTIAL FUTURE SEWER EXPANSION FLOWS
(PROJECTS 1 THROUGH 7)

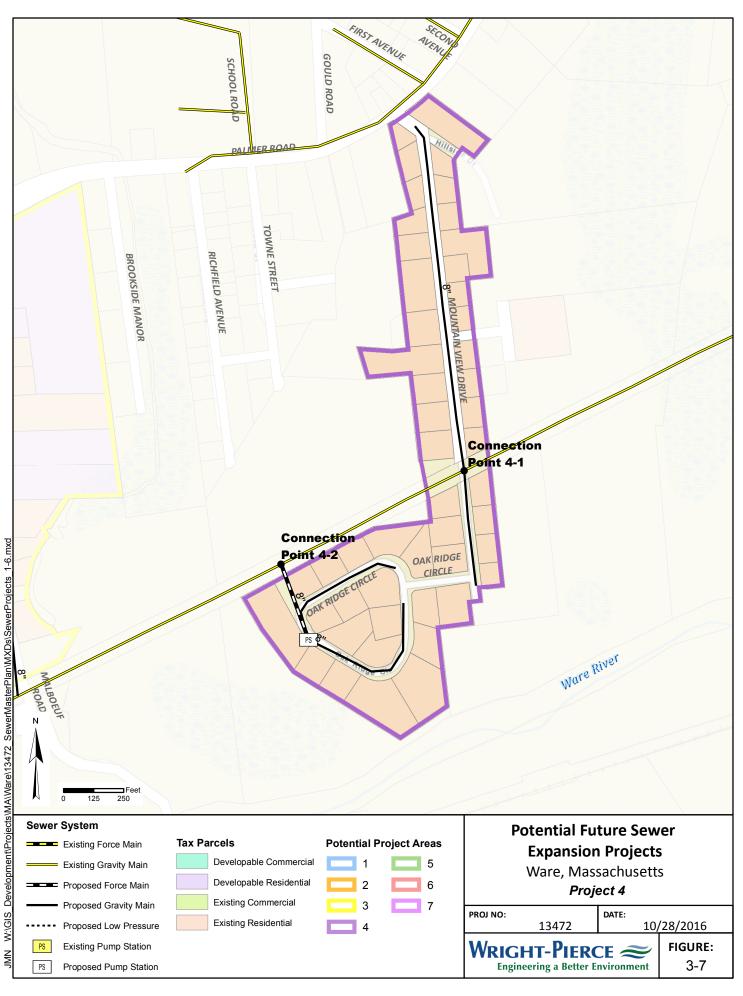
Project No.	Project Area Description	Residential Sewer Users	Commercial Sewer Users	Sanitary Flows (GPD)	Infiltration Flow (GPD)	Average Day Flows (GPD)
1	Longview Street Sewer Extension	94	5	21,200	2,700	23,900
2	Meadow Heights Sewer Extension	49	0	8,600	2,100	10,700
3	Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension	142	0	24,900	3,900	28,800
4	Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension	50	0	8,800	1,400	10,200
5	Palmer Road Sewer Extension	54	3	10,100	3,000	13,100
6	Old Belchertown Road Sewer Extension	84	1	14,900	3,400	18,300
7	Beaver Lake Low Pressure Sewer System	445	0	77,900	0	77,900
	Total	918	9	166,400	16,500	182,900

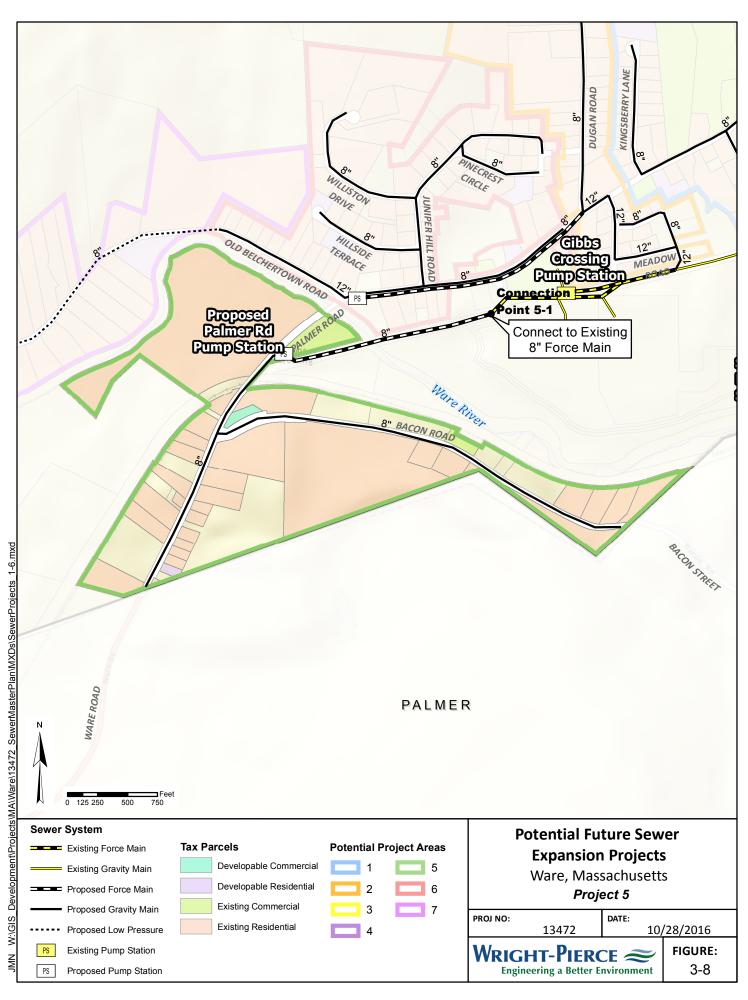


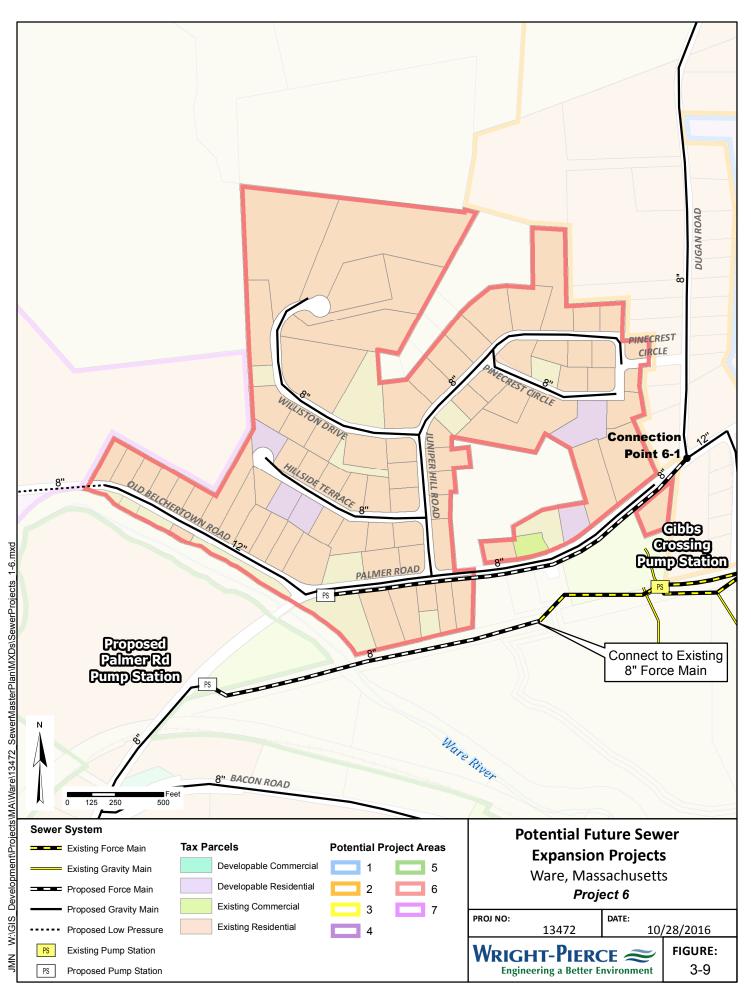


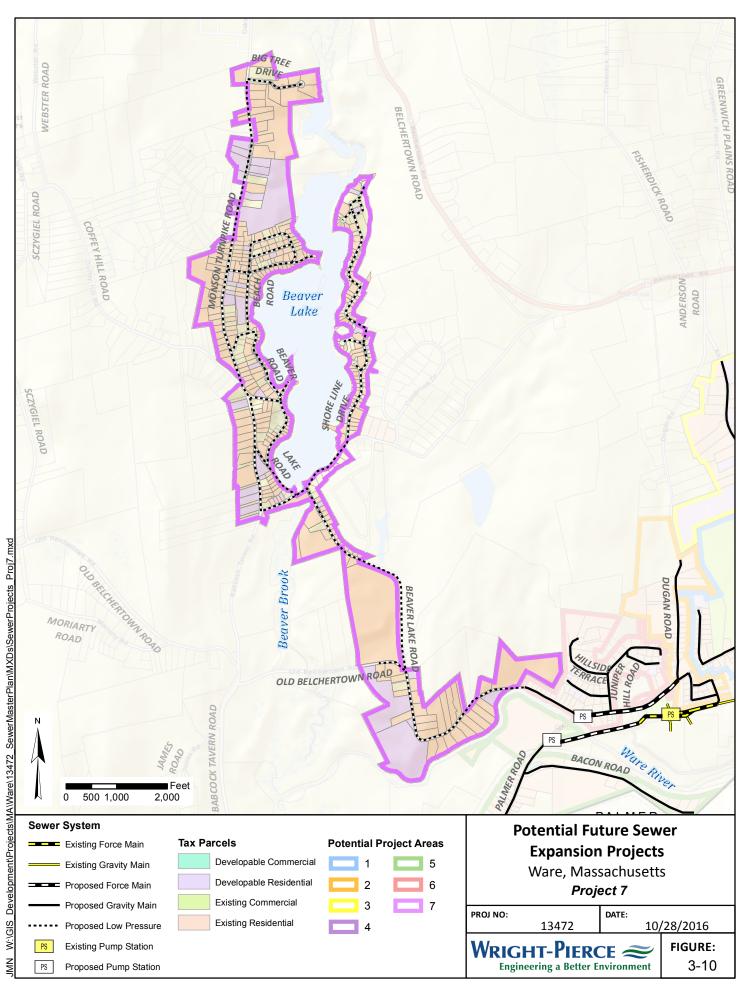












# Section 4 Existing Wastewater Infrastructure Improvements



#### **SECTION 4**

#### EXISTING WASTEWATER INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS

#### 4.1 WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM

This section summarizes suggestions for investigations, evaluations and improvements to the Town's existing wastewater collection system, which will be required to assess the current condition and to address known and potential future system problems. At the end of each major section (4.1 for Collection System and 4.2 for WWTF), a summary of recommendations has been provided.

The existing sewer system appears to have adequate capacity to handle projected potential future flows (flows presented in Section 3). All of the potential future sewer expansion projects will connect to the existing Gibbs Crossing interceptor, which discharges directly to the WWTF. The majority of existing wastewater infrastructure "needs" are due to the age and operations and maintenance requirements of the system.

# 4.1.1 Infiltration and Inflow (I/I) and Sewer System Evaluation Survey (SSES) Projects

The Town was awarded a Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) in early 2009 to conduct a planning study for the Northside Neighborhood, which included the areas in and around Church Street, North Street, Pleasant Street, Park Street, Walnut Street and Park Avenue. This area of Town was selected due to the age of the sewer system and the expectation by the Town that the sewer system would have significant infiltration and inflow in this area. The planning study was conducted in 2009 by Fay, Spofford and Thorndike (FST), and included 68 manhole inspections and 12,820 linear feet of pipe inspection (completed in December 2009). Of the 68 manholes inspected, 25-vented covers were noted and three manholes were recommended for replacement. The study also indicated that many of the manholes required repair and cleaning to remove debris and allow for better flow through the structures. A total of 87,000 gallons of infiltration/inflow were measured during these investigations.

A total of 8,000 linear feet of sewer was CCTV inspected in August 2009. The remaining piping could not be inspected due to blockages or debris within the sewer lines. During the inspection program 7,500 gallons of infiltration was estimated to be cost-effective to remove via cleaning, testing and sealing. Since the CCTV inspection was completed during the summer (August), it is assumed that infiltration rates estimated were on the "lower end" due to lower groundwater conditions. The majority of the piping inspected was noted as 6-inch diameter VCP with many open joints, which would have a high potential for excessive infiltration if groundwater were present at or above the pipe elevation and/or as a result of rain-induced infiltration (RII).

Additional I/I field activities included 12,820 linear feet of smoke testing. As a result of the smoke testing efforts, the following inflow sources were observed:

- Roof leaders connected to the system at 81 North Street
- Potential broken service laterals at 81 and 84 Church Street
- Catch basin potentially connected to the sewer at 77 and 87 Church Street

# **4.1.2** Previous Sewer Rehabilitation Projects

As discussed in Section 2 of the report, a large portion of the Ware wastewater collection system in the Northside Neighborhood area was constructed in the 1890s (just 30 years post- Civil War). This system was a combined wastewater and stormwater system and discharged directly into the Ware River at an outfall located off West Street, behind the present location of the Family Dollar store.

A second outfall was installed on the south shore of the Ware River near the end of Monroe Street and discharged wastewater from the South, Maple, Chestnut and Elm Street neighborhoods and Morse Avenue. Additional outfalls to the Ware River were added at Marjorie and Cummings Streets. The original Town sewer system network served the community without significant additions or improvements throughout much of the 20th century. Over the decades, some of these sewers have been replaced, repaired and/or extended, including:

• Sewer replacements and expansions on Pulaski, Parker and Main Streets in the 1980s

- In 2001 400 feet of pipe and three manholes were replaced on North Street
- In 2002 2,370 feet of pipe and eight manholes were replaced on Eagle Street
- In 2003 1,260 feet of pipe were treated with root control chemical on North Street
- In 2005 2,500 feet of pipe along (and manholes) were replaced and 1,440 feet of service laterals were installed on Pleasant Street, Aspen Street, Vigilant Street and Aspen Court
- In 2005 170 feet of sewers were replaced on Bellevue Avenue
- In 2007 800 feet of pipe and all manholes were replaced on South Street and Knox Avenue, and portions of Maple Street were inspected and repaired. Sewer manhole frames and covers, which were either vented or in poor condition were replaced with solid frames and covers on South Street, Knox Avenue, Maple Street, Morse Avenue, Milner Street, Maple Avenue and Maple Court.
- In 2008 790 feet of pipe and five manholes were replaced on Pine Street and 30 feet of pipe and two manholes were replaced on Grove Street. Also, five manhole frames and covers were replaced and all inverts rebuilt on Cherry Street.
- In 2011 500 feet of pipe received chemical root treatment, one sewer point repair, five
  manhole repairs, five frames and covers replacements, and one manhole invert was
  repaired on Park Street. The Park Street project also included the reconstruction of the
  roadway and installation of a new drainage system. These improvements assisted in
  reducing inflow and rain induced infiltration into the sewer collection system by reducing
  ponding along the roadway.

#### 4.1.3 I/I, SSES and Sewer Rehabilitation Projects

Although some of the original sewer system has been replaced or repaired, many of the original sewer pipes and manholes installed in the late 1890s (just 30 years post-Civil War) are still in service and are beyond their intended design life. It is important to perform routine maintenance and inspection of a municipal sewer system to identify any deficiencies to minimize blockages, back-ups and/or sanitary sewer system overflows (SSOs) from occurring. As presented above, the Town has completed limited I/I, SSES and sewer system rehabilitation projects on the collection system. However, to our knowledge, no full system-wide I/I, SSES has been performed (or if performed, is not available to the Town and Wright-Pierce).

In 2014, MassDEP mandated that all communities with municipal sewer systems develop and implement an I/I Control Plan by December 31, 2017. The MassDEP I/I Control Plan requirement and the need for the Town to develop a long-term plan for continuing to investigate, evaluate (SSES tasks) and remove I/I from its collection system should be the number one collection system priority going forward. Accordingly, it is recommended that the Town develop and implement a collection system investigation/evaluation (I/I, SSES work) and capital improvements program (sewer rehabilitation) of the existing sewer system. The major steps are summarized below:

- 1. I/I Control Plan
- 2. SSES Tasks Phase I and Additional Phases as necessary
- 3. Sewer Rehabilitation includes review of previously completed and recommended rehabilitation tasks
- 4. Annual System Inspections, Evaluation and Rehabilitation as necessary once first three items are complete

### I/I Control Plan

The following outlines a strategic and cost-effective approach for addressing the *I/I Control Plan* meeting MassDEP's December 2017 mandate. The existing sewer collection system consists of approximately 25.5 miles (134,640 linear feet) of gravity sewers and 595 manholes. MassDEP guidelines recommend the installation of one flow meter per 20,000 linear feet of sewer. The Town-wide I/I Control Plan recommended to commence in the Spring of 2017 will consist of the following tasks:

- 1. Installing up to six flow meters for a 6-month period strategically located to divide up sections of the sewer system into separate "study areas"
- 2. Installation of one rain gage for a 6-month period during flow metering
- 3. The metering and rain gage data will be evaluated and presented in a Report summarizing the total I/I measured within each study area. The study areas will be ranked based on I/I rates normalized for the total sewer inventory in each study area (gallons per day per inch diameter mile).
- 4. The I/I Control Plan will include recommendations for subsequent SSES phases/tasks (smoke testing, flow isolations (micro-metering), pipe CCTV inspections, manhole

inspections, building inspections and dyed-water testing/flooding) with a schedule and estimated costs for additional SSES work and sewer rehabilitation (as part of the Town's overall capital improvements program)

The *I/I Control Plan* is anticipated to be completed within a 9-month period (March 2017 through December 2017), including six months for collecting flow metering and rain gage data and three months for completing the evaluation and summary report. The I/I Control Plan task is estimated to cost approximately \$145,000 as presented in Table 4-1 below.

#### **SSES - Phase I**

Once the I/I Control Plan is complete, Phase 1 SSES work can commence. We have developed a scope of work according to the recently updated MassDEP's I/I, SSES guidelines. The Phase I SSES work is assumed to be performed on approximately 20,000 linear feet of sewer piping and 100 manholes (approximately 20 percent of the total system piping and manholes). This assumption will be revisited and adjusted as necessary upon completion of the I/I Control Plan. The SSES field investigation work is assumed to include:

- Closed Circuit Television Inspection (CCTV) of sewer piping
- Manhole inspections (NASSCO Level 2 Inspections)
- Smoke testing
- Evaluation of data and information collected during the investigations
- Summary report recommending additional SSES phases/tasks and any cost-effective sewer rehabilitation work to reduce identified I/I and address any observed structural deficiencies.

Additional SSES phases/tasks will be developed upon completion of Phase I SSES. Phase I SSES work is estimated to be approximately \$128,000 as presented in Table 4-2 below.

#### **Sewer Rehabilitation**

Upon completion of the Phase I SSES, it is recommended that the Town move into rehabilitation of identified cost-effective problem areas concurrently with additional SSES tasks. This should include newly identified cost-effective rehabilitation tasks and previously identified sewer rehabilitation tasks. It is recommended that the Town hold off on moving into rehabilitation of

previously identified problems/deficiencies until the I/I Control Plan and Phase I SSES work is complete. This will allow the opportunity to revisit some of these previously identified problems and compare such to any newly identified problems. This will allow the Town to prioritize both current and older rehabilitation tasks into one overall comprehensive, cost-effective approach.

Below is a brief summary of previously identified I/I sources that may be appropriate to consider as part of the sewer rehabilitation program:

- Four sources identified during previous smoke testing efforts recommend dyed-water testing to verify connection to the Town sewer system
  - o Following dyed-water testing, Town to work with the owners on 81 North Street to remove the roof leaders from the sewer system
  - O Following dyed-water testing, confirm that the catch basin in front of 77 and 87 Church Street is connected to the sewer system. Assuming this catch basin is connected to the sewer system, the Town should consider installing new drainage system piping to the existing drainage system and redirect that catch basin flow from the sewer system to the drainage system.
- The West Street siphon transfers the majority of wastewater flow across the Ware River to a 24-inch diameter interceptor, which travels along the River to the WWTF for treatment. This is an important asset of the sewer collection system which could present the Town with substantial financial burden if an emergency repair was ever necessary. It has been reported by the Town that the siphon has not been opened or cleaned in over 30 years. It was reported by the Town that an overflow/backup that occurred on West Street was the result of grease build-up in the pipe in the easement upstream of the siphon. Each siphon concrete chamber should be cleaned and inspected for structural deficiencies and FEMA floodplain code compliance. The siphon barrels should also be cleaned and CCTV inspected to determine the condition of the pipe and identify any potential maintenance and/or repairs.

# Annual System Inspections, Evaluation and Rehabilitation

Once the Town has completed its I/I Control Plan, Phase I SSES work and subsequent sewer rehabilitation and additional SSES work, it is recommended that the Town plan and budget for ongoing sewer system inspections, evaluations and rehabilitation on an as-needed basis. This annual program will allow the Town to continue to evaluate and repair/upgrade its collection system in a systematic and cost/budget effective manner. Each year a collection system area identified having excessive I/I could have continued SSES work consisting of:

- Manhole inspections
- CCTV pipeline inspection
- Smoke testing, and
- Building inspections

Continuing these tasks annually, as-needed will allow the Town to continue to identify and quantify I/I sources and make necessary repairs/improvements (for I/I and structural purposes).

Additional sewer rehabilitation will be determined based on the findings of the ongoing annual SSES program.

TABLE 4-1 I/I CONTROL PLAN COST ESTIMATE

Item	Description	Unit Cost	<b>Total Cost</b>	
1	Flow Metering	\$3,500 per	\$126,000 <sup>1</sup>	
	(6 Meters x 6 Months = 36 Meter Months)	Meter Month		
2	Rain Gage	\$1,500 per Rain	\$9,000	
	(1 Gage x 6 Months = 6 Rain Gage Months)	Gage Month		
3	Project Administration and Meetings	\$10,000	\$10,000	
		Total	\$145,000	

#### Notes:

- 1. Estimated cost includes evaluation and summary report.
- 2. Police details not included.

TABLE 4-2 ESTIMATED PHASE I SSES COSTS

Item	Description	Unit Cost	<b>Total Cost</b>
1	Pipeline Cleaning and CCTV - 20,000 Linear Feet	\$3.50/LF <sup>1</sup>	\$70,000
2	Smoke Testing - 20,000 Linear Feet	\$1.00/LF	\$20,000
3	Level 2 Manhole Inspections - 100 Manholes	\$180/Manhole	\$18,000
4	Evaluation, Analyses and Summary Report	\$10,000	\$10,000
5	Project Administration and Meetings	\$10,000	\$10,000
		Total	\$128,000

#### Notes:

- 1. Includes light pipe cleaning.
- 2. Police details not included.

#### 4.2 WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY (WWTF)

As discussed in Section 2, the Ware WWTF received its last major upgrade in 1984. In 2011, a phosphorus removal tertiary system upgrade was designed, but the project was never constructed because KSP pulled its share of funding from the project to construct its own onsite pretreatment facility. The Town did replace the influent pump system motors and controls with new VFDs in 2012. The majority of the remaining unit process systems/equipment were installed during the 1984 upgrade and are over 30 years old. The typical life span for wastewater process equipment is 20 to 25 years.

It is recommended that the Town implement an upgrade to the existing WWTF within the next 5 years to replace aging process systems/equipment, as well as auxiliary systems such as mechanical HVAC/plumbing, electrical, instrumentation and control and building upgrades. Prior to implementing facility upgrades, it is recommended that the Town further define all system/equipment needs as a precursor to designing and constructing specific WWTF

upgrades/improvements (including potential new permitting requirements). As part of the Sewer Master Plan, a site visit was performed at the WWTF with the Town's Operations staff to observe and discuss the current status and operating condition of the facility. Previous WWTF reports and evaluations were also reviewed and considered to assist in our evaluation and review of existing facility conditions and general needs going forward.

The following sections provide an overview of existing WWTF processes and potential improvements/upgrades to the WWTF.

### 4.2.1 Preliminary Treatment and Influent Pumping

As previously discussed, the influent pump system motors were replaced in 2012 and are in good working condition. VFDs were also installed to operate and control the influent pumps. The influent pump station wetwells are in good condition, however, the installation of new access hatches with proper safety grates is recommended. The plant includes a 10-inch magnetic flow meter on the discharge piping of the influent pump station for recording plant flows. This flow meter is original from 1984 and should be replaced.

The main electrical room is located directly above the influent pump room. There is an access hatch for pump removal that creates and open environment between the two spaces. The pump room ventilation system will require continuous ventilation or 6 air changes per hour in order to declassify the space. An evaluation is recommended to review the HVAC status, code compliance and needs going forward. HVAC improvements may be necessary for this are of the WWTF.

The existing grit removal system includes two independent 47.5 cubic foot capacity, 9-inch-deep grit collection channels under the walkway between the two aeration tank trains. Low flow through the channels allows the grit to settle out. A grit pump and cyclone degritter are located in the grit pump room under the stairway. The grit is pumped into a hydro-cyclone, which drains the water back to the influent wetwell and discharges grit into a cart for disposal. The grit pump motor has been replaced and the hydro-cyclone has also been rehabilitated since the last major facility upgrade. Given the configuration of the grit removal system, it is suspected that a portion of the grit is not removed via the grit channel. A more detailed evaluation for the grit removal process equipment is recommended.

#### 4.2.2 Secondary Treatment

#### **Aeration**

The aeration tanks consist of two trains divided into two zones by a concrete baffle wall. The first zone has 0.35 million gallons of volume and the second has 0.70 million gallons of volume. A capacity analysis was conducted as part of the Master Plan, but it is suspected that sufficient capacity is available given the large aeration tank volume (approx. 2 million gallons). The concrete appears to be in good condition. The plant only operates one train at a time due to the flows being lower than designed from the 1984 upgrade (as discussed in Section 2). Currently, the second aeration train is not in service, but is reportedly available for use (it is recommended that the Town double check mechanical, electrical and piping/valve operating conditions prior to putting this aeration train into service).

Currently, there is approximately 4 feet of settled sludge within the online aeration tank. It is suspected that KSP contributed significantly to the sludge build-up in the aeration tanks prior to start-up of their new pretreatment facility.

The existing mechanical surface aerators were installed in 1984 and are nearing the end of their useful life. These aerators provide 0.6 Hp/1,000 cubic feet with typical minimum mixing values for mechanical surface aeration range from 0.6 to 1.15 Hp/1,000 cubic feet (Metcalf and Eddy, 1991). Given the age, condition and continued rag build-up problems on the mechanical aerator shafts and blades, insufficient mixing energy within the aeration tanks is a contributing factor in the settlement of solids. The settled sludge within the aeration tanks is causing a reduction in treatment volume (estimated to be 30 percent reduction). This reduction in available treatment volume/capacity has occasionally disrupted the WWTFs ability to provide seasonal nitrification.

Due to the inefficient sludge mixing, energy consumption, and age of the mechanical aerators, it is recommended to consider replacement of the mechanical aeration system with a fine-bubble diffused aeration system, which would include new blowers and diffused air grid at the bottom of the aeration tanks. The blowers could be installed within the existing Administration Building electrical room or in the current chlorine gas room. Diffused aeration would prevent solids settlement on the bottom of the tanks and provide a more efficient oxygen transfer rate and reduced

energy consumption and costs (electric company energy efficiency rebate incentives may be available to the Town for this upgrade). Alternatively, a hybrid mixer-aerator system could also be considered in lieu of a fine bubble diffused aeration system. This system would eliminate the need to install a diffused aeration grid on the floor of the aeration tanks and reduce the size of the new blowers. However, it would require the installation of six new, smaller, top mounted mixers in the aeration tanks. The advantages and disadvantages of each aeration alternative should be vetted out once replacement of the existing system commences. The secondary treatment system could also be considered for conversion to a Modified Ludzak-Ettinger (MLE) process for enhanced nitrogen removal. This could be accomplished with the installation of submersible mixers and pumps within the aeration tanks.

#### **Chemical Addition**

The Ware WWTF is currently alkalinity deficient and receives supplemental alkalinity from the manual addition of 50-pound bags of soda ash prior to the aeration tanks. This process is labor intensive and time consuming. In addition, dumping 50 pounds of soda ash into the process stream creates a sludge load of alkalinity and is not efficiently adding alkalinity in a consistent manner that could enhance nitrogen removal rates. It is recommended to install a sodium hydroxide chemical storage and feed system for dedicated alkalinity addition. The sodium hydroxide (caustic) would replace the need for manual addition of (50-pound bags) soda ash and would provide a more precise alkalinity addition to secondary treatment process. Sodium hydroxide would also be used for pH adjustment for effluent discharge to the Ware River.

#### Clarification

The plant uses two 56-foot diameter concrete secondary clarifiers with a center scum well for final solids settling. The clarifiers settle secondary sludge to a center sump, which is either wasted into the sludge holding tank with the waste sludge pumps or pumped into the aeration tanks with the Return Activated Sludge (RAS) Pumps. Scum floating on the surface of the clarifiers is "skimmed" into the scum well with constantly rotating skimmer arms. The scum is then pumped into the sludge holding tank and mixed with waste-activated sludge for disposal. The clarifier mechanisms, RAS and Scum pumps currently do not have any reported problems, however, they

were installed as part of the 1984 upgrade and are reaching the end of their useful life. It is recommended to replace the clarifier "internals" as part of future WWTF upgrades.

#### 4.2.3 Disinfection System

The plant disinfection system includes a gas chlorination system and a sulfur dioxide dechlorination system along with two concrete chlorine contact tanks. One of the two chlorine contact tanks is a smaller buried by-pass tank with a concrete cover and is only used during repairs on the main tank. The chlorination and dechlorination systems are flow-paced by the influent flow meter and located in the administration building chlorinator room. The chlorine gas system can also be used for process/odor control of influent flow and the septage holding tank. The majority of chlorine gas systems used at wastewater treatment facilities have been phased out over the years. The Town of Ware should strongly consider immediate replacement of its chlorine gas system. Chlorine is a toxic gas that attacks the respiratory system, eyes and skin (it was originally used as a chemical weapon in World War 1). If a chlorine leak occurred at this site, fatal chlorine gas levels could be present in the immediate area. The Town's Fire Department is reluctant to enter this area of the WWTF.

Due to the unsafe nature and Risk Management Planning (RMP) requirements associated with the use of a gaseous based system, the Town has evaluated and considered upgrades of the existing disinfection facilities to either a liquid chemical-based system or Ultraviolet (UV) disinfection system. The Town could decide to retrofit the existing chlorine contact tank to include a new UV disinfection system. The UV disinfection system could likely be fit within the existing chlorine contact tank with up to three trains. The UV system would not require replacement of the existing potable water service line (see discussion below) and the by-pass chlorine contact tank could be used during the installation of the new UV system. The existing disinfection facilities would be demolished or re-purposed once the new system is operational. The existing chlorinator room could be used for storage or a location to install diffused aeration system blowers. The UV system would remove the use of chlorine and total residual chlorine (TRC) in the plant's effluent (the NPDES permit would be modified to remove the TRC requirement).

Alternatively, the Town could upgrade the existing disinfection system to a bulk chemical storage disinfection system utilizing liquid sodium hypochlorite (for chlorination) and sodium bisulfite

(for dechlorination) system. These systems do not have the potential to produce chlorine gas, significantly reducing their safety concerns. However, other personnel safety concerns do exist due to the corrosive nature of both of these chemicals. Furthermore, based on information from the Town's Fire Chief, these systems will require a potable water sprinkler fire suppression system due to the chemical quantities required. In order to supply the required flows for a sprinkler system the existing water main servicing the WWTF would need to be replaced with a larger diameter pipe from the WWTF to West Street (approximately 0.5 miles in length and estimated to cost nearly \$1 M). A chemical fire suppression system is an alternative the Town would like to pursue, however, the Town's fire chief has stated that he will only accept a water sprinkler fire suppression system.

Use of a UV system is typically more costly than a liquid chlorination/dechlorination system from both a capital and O&M cost standpoint (UV systems typically use significantly more electricity than liquid systems). However, with the need for a larger diameter water main extension to the WWTF for Fire protection purposes (as noted above), the 20-year present worth cost for a UV system will likely be comparable, or perhaps even lower than a liquid system. Use of a UV system eliminates significant safety concerns associated with chemical handling.

#### 4.2.4 Solids Handling Facilities

The current solids handling facilities consist of two waste sludge pumps and an 85,000-gallon storage tank retrofitted from the old digester and sludge mixer. As previously mentioned, the RAS pumps recycle secondary sludge from the clarifiers to the aeration tanks for biological treatment and the waste sludge pumps transfer WAS from the clarifiers to the sludge storage tanks. The waste sludge pumps pump liquid sludge into tanker trucks (8,000 gallons per load) for disposal on an as needed basis. Connection to the trucks is provided by a flexible hose and cam-lock coupling connection. A dewatering pump is used to remove water from the settled sludge in the storage tank allowing supernatant to be removed. This is difficult to regulate and requires constant monitoring. At the present time there is no efficient way of removing built-up grease, rags or grit from the sludge storage tank and its mixer.

The plant does not currently operate any dewatering equipment and disposes 1.5-2 percent solids content sludge. The 1984 upgrade included the installation of the sludge storage tank, two belt

filter presses, two filter feed pumps (currently used as waste sludge pumps), a polymer make-up unit and a sludge conveyor. This system has been abandoned and the belt filter presses and conveyor were demolished. The filter press room is now used for storage, including soda ash bags and other equipment.

It is recommended that the WWTF consider the addition of a sludge thickening process as part of a future facility upgrade. A Gravity Belt Thickener (GBT) could be installed within the old filter press room, which would increase the sludge solids content to 7-8 percent significantly reducing sludge disposal volumes and costs for the Town. The existing waste sludge pumps could be used for pumping sludge to the GBT. These pumps were installed in 1984 and would require further evaluation and may require replacement. Two new dedicated thickened sludge pumps would be required to pump thickened sludge.

The existing plant water pumps would also need to be upgraded in order to provide necessary plant water flow and pressure for the sludge thickening facilities improvements (will also provide plant water for other systems throughout the WWTF).

Implementing new solids thickening facilities could result in a capital cost payback in as little as 3-5 years. A detailed cost-benefit analysis could be conducted for sludge thickening at the Ware WWTF.

#### 4.2.5 Ware WWTF Improvements

A description of potential WWTF improvements are listed below:

- *Demolition Work* Includes the demolition of the existing systems required for installation of new recommended equipment and sewer utilities at the WWTF.
- Site Work Includes site piping, paving, grading and drainage and other items as required.
- *Influent Pump Station Modifications* Installation of new access hatches with safety grating for each wetwell and replacement of the influent flow meter.
- Diffused Aeration System Installation of three positive displacement type blowers, air piping, control valves and 9-inch diameter membrane diffuser grids for both aeration tanks.
   A hybrid mixer-aerator system could be considered as an alternative to a diffused aeration system.

- **Secondary Clarifier Improvements** Replacement of the both 56-foot diameter secondary clarifier mechanical mechanisms (complete "internals" replacement).
- Sodium Hydroxide Chemical Storage and Feed System Installation of a 1,000-gallon storage tank, two peristaltic chemical feed pumps and piping within a secondary containment area (replaces manual soda ash addition approach).
- RAS, Waste Sludge and Scum Pump Replacements Includes replacement of three RAS pumps, two waste sludge pumps, one scum pump and process piping and valves as required.
- *Sludge Thickening System* Includes the installation of a Gravity Belt Thickener (GBT) and two sludge feed pumps that will be installed in the Solids Handling Building. Includes associated piping, valves and other ancillary systems/equipment.
- Thickened Sludge Transfer Pumps Includes the installation of two new thickened sludge transfer pumps and associated process piping and valves for pumping thickened sludge into a storage tank and loading tanker trucks for off-site disposal.
- *Plant Water Pump System* Includes replacement of the existing plant water pumps with a new skid-mounted packaged type, plant water pump system and associated piping and valves and flow meter.
- *UV Disinfection System* Includes the installation of a new UV Disinfection system that will be installed within the existing Chlorine Contact Tank (assumes UV system is utilized, not a liquid disinfection type system). Ultraviolet Trasmittance (UVT) testing on the Ware WWTF wastewater stream will be necessary to evaluate/confirm that the required disinfection can be achieved using this process (make sure use of current and future chemicals and industrial wastewater discharge to the WWTF (KSP discharge, for example), are not problematic).
- Building System Improvements Includes required building system improvements such
  as doors, windows, roofing, flooring and/or walls for the Administration and Solids
  Handling Buildings as required. The Solids Handling Building does have a new roof
  (installed in 2015).
- Mechanical (HVAC/Plumbing) Includes the renovation of existing HVAC and plumbing systems within the Administration and Solids Handling Buildings. Bring WWTF buildings/areas into NFPA 820 compliance.

- Instrumentation and Control Improvements Includes the installation of a complete SCADA hardware and software system upgrade and associated devices including tank level monitoring equipment and DO analyzers.
- *Electrical* Installation of new Motor Control Center (MCCs), replacement of energy efficient interior and site lighting, control panels throughout plant as required to meet designated NEMA classified space. Includes electrical systems as necessary to support new system/equipment improvements.

## 4.2.6 Ware WWTF Upgrade Estimated Costs

As previously discussed, the Ware WWTF has not gone through a major upgrade since 1984 and would benefit from various upgrades and improvements. The typical life span for process systems is 20-25 years with the majority of the unit process systems now over 30 years old. A breakdown of the potential WWTF improvements cost estimates is summarized in Table 4-3 below.

Potential WWTF upgrades and improvements are estimated to cost approximately \$6,390,000 based on potential improvements described. These are intended to be planning level cost estimates for Town budgeting purposes.

The contingency and engineering services cost estimate is approximately 40 percent of the conceptual construction cost estimate. This cost is intended to cover all engineering services including, preliminary and final design, bidding, construction administration phase and field observation services, and miscellaneous unidentified changes that may be determined during the design and construction phase of the project (construction contingencies). The construction contingency is typically reduced as a project proceeds through the final planning and design phases and is ultimately ready for bidding.

Administration and legal fees cost estimate is approximately 2 percent of the conceptual cost estimate and is for administration, legal and bonding costs that may be included in the project.

# TABLE 4-3 WARE WWTF UPGRADES CONCEPTUAL PROJECT COST ESTIMATE

Description	Amount
Construction Cost	
Demolition Work	\$100,000
Site Work	\$200,000
Influent Pump Station Modifications	\$100,000
Diffused Aeration System	\$800,000
Secondary Clarifier Improvements	\$400,000
Sodium Hydroxide Chemical Storage and Feed System	\$200,000
RAS, Waste Sludge and Scum Pump Replacements	\$300,000
Sludge Thickening System	\$700,000
Thickened Sludge Transfer Pumps	\$200,000
Plant Water Pump System	\$100,000
UV Disinfection System	\$500,000
Building System Improvements	\$150,000
Mechanical HVAC/Plumbing	\$200,000
Instrumentation and Control Improvements	\$150,000
Electrical Improvements	\$400,000
Construction Cost Subtotal	\$4,500,000
Construction Contingency and Engineering Services (40%)	\$1,800,000
Administration and Legal Fees (2%)	\$90,000
Total Project Cost	\$6,390,000

# Section 5 Wastewater System Funding, Financing and Implementation Schedule



#### **SECTION 5**

# WASTEWATER SYSTEM FUNDING, FINANCING AND IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

#### 5.1 CURRENT WASTEWATER FUNDING

The Town of Ware owns, operates and maintains the existing wastewater collection, pumping, and treatment system as an enterprise fund; that is, the costs to operate, maintain, and perform capital upgrades to the system are funded by the system users, not the entire tax base of Ware. Proportionate shares of the revenue come from residential and commercial users, with smaller amounts derived from sewer connection and septage disposal fees. The Town of Ware rate payers have funded the bulk of capital improvements of the wastewater system over past years. For Fiscal Year 2017, the sewer enterprise fund is expected to receive revenue of \$797,000, with the majority of funds coming from the users (\$690,000). The 2017 operating budget is \$759,729, which leaves \$40,359 in escrow for capital expenditures. The Town does not currently have any annual bond payments for past capital improvements projects.

The Ware WWTF also receives revenue from "trucked-in" septage from within town and other surrounding communities. Septage is accepted at the WWTF within the Town of Ware for \$0.10 per gallon and from outside of town for \$0.12 per gallon.

In general, the Town's Sewer Enterprise fund does not participate in funding projects that serve existing residential neighborhoods that are currently served by on-site subsurface disposal systems unless there are substantial environmental concerns. If these projects are constructed, property owners that are served fund the projects through a betterment assessment by the Town (100% of the project cost paid for by properties that abut the new sewer system). Sewer assessments are determined utilizing the total number of existing residential sewer units to be served, or the residential equivalent of commercial or industrial sources further described in Section 5.2.3.

#### 5.2 FUNDING ALTERNATIVES

There are a number of funding alternatives available for the potential sewer expansion projects outlined in this Sewer Master Plan. Some of the alternatives described below are currently utilized by the Town.

#### **5.2.1** Sewer User Charge

The Town currently assesses a sewer user charge to all sewer users to pay for all of the annual operating, maintenance, and capital expenses of the collection and treatment facilities in Ware. The Town of Ware annually establishes equitable and just user charges for the use of the wastewater facilities to be paid by every owner of an establishment whose building connects directly or indirectly into the municipal sewer system.

A current base charge of \$40.50 (2016) per quarter is charged for all active accounts. This base charge covers the first 500 cubic feet measured by the water meter for the structure. Sewer fees defined in Section 2 of the Town's regulations is \$4.30 (2016) per hundred cubic feet beyond the first 500 cubic feet as measured by the water meter for the structure. The rules and regulations governing the Town of Ware's public sewer system adopted July 21, 2015 and amended October 20, 2015 are included in Appendix D.

#### **5.2.2** Sewer Connection Fees

Any time a new sewer user connects to the existing collection system, the Town assesses a sewer connection charge. This includes two different fees, the application and inspection fee (currently \$200), as well as a connection fee (see list below).

Residential: \$2,250Commercial: \$5,000Industrial: \$10,000

• Subdivision: \$2,500 including residential fees for individual lots

The purpose of the connection fee, or system development charge, is to ensure that new users "purchase" their portion of the existing wastewater infrastructure that was funded by others. The

rules and regulations require that any property within 150 feet of a sewer connect to the sewer and pay the sewer connection charge unless exempted by this regulation. Since this fee is intended for buy-in to existing infrastructure, it is not recommended that these funds be used to fund sewer extension projects.

#### **5.2.3** Public Sewer Extension Charges

Section 16 of the Town's rules and regulations allows for extension of sewer by assessing the owners of land abutting a public sewer line installed by the Town by a rate based upon the "uniform unit" betterment method. Sewer assessments are determined utilizing the total number of residential sewer units to be served, or the residential equivalent of commercial, industrial, or semi-public uses and are levied as betterment assessments or alternatively sewer privilege fees. The rate is determined by user class and applies to all lands developed or undeveloped abutting a sewered street.

The total assessments do not exceed the local share of the total sewer project cost, which includes total costs of engineering, survey, design, construction, land acquisition, construction engineering services, legal services and all related contingencies, less all state and federal aid received and other contributions to the project cost from other sources. The betterment payment for an assessed property is based upon the total number of sewer units designated for said property at the time of assessment. Property owners have the option to finance betterment payments. The interest rate charged by the Town is the rate being charged to the Town for the sewer construction project bond, plus any interest required by Massachusetts General Laws.

For the seven potential public sewer extension Projects included in the Master Plan, the betterment assessment will range depending on the total project cost and the total number of potential sewer users within the project area. Table 5-1 below lists estimated betterment assessments for each potential Project based on the number of existing and developable residential, commercial/industrial parcels within the project limits. Table 5-1 also includes estimates of connection and new sewer user fees for full build-out of the project areas, which would equate to approximately \$2.318 million in connection fees and approximately \$150,500 in annual revenue

TABLE 5-1
ESTIMATED SEWER BETTERMENT ASSESSMENTS, CONNECTION FEES AND BASE SEWER USER REVENUE

Project No.	Project Area Description	Total No. of Sewer Users	Project Cost	Cost Per User (Betterment)	Connection Fees <sup>1</sup>	Base Annual Revenue <sup>2</sup>
1	Longview Street Sewer Extension	99	\$3,190,000	\$32,300	\$247,500	\$16,100
2	Meadow Heights Sewer Extension	49	\$1,470,000	\$30,000	\$122,500	\$8,000
3	Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension	142	\$3,030,000	\$21,400	\$355,000	\$23,100
4	Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension	50	\$2,010,000	\$40,200	\$125,000	\$8,100
5	Palmer Road Sewer Extension	57	\$3,770,000	\$66,200	\$142,500	\$9,300
6	Old Belchertown Road Sewer Extension	85	\$3,800,000	\$44,700	\$212,500	\$13,800
7	Beaver Lake Low- Pressure Sewer System	445	\$7,440,000	\$16,700	\$1,113,000	\$72,100
	Total	927	\$24,710,000	-	\$2,318,000	\$150,500

#### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> Connection fees are based on residential fee of \$2,500 per connection.

<sup>2.</sup> Base sewer user revenue based on \$40.50 per quarter for the first 500 cubic feet (measured by the structure water meter). Additional sewer user revenue of \$4.30 per 100 cubic feet (measured by the structure water meter) above the base sewer user revenue is not included.

from user fees for the Town (could be used for Capital Improvements Program (CIP) I/I and Sewer Rehabilitation projects).

#### **5.2.4** Private Sewer Extension Charges

When a developer or a person other than the Town of Ware, or duly authorized representative of the Town, constructs a sewer extension to the public sewer system, the Town assesses a sewer privilege fee in lieu of a betterment assessment with respect to each sewer unit to be served by said sewer extension. The sewer privilege fee is currently equivalent to \$7,500 per residential unit and non-residential units are currently \$7,500 multiplied by the sewer unit calculation in Section 16.3(B)(2) of the Town's rules and regulations. Sewer privilege fees are levied at the time of connection to the public sewer system. Sewer Privilege Fees are paid as a lump sum at the time of the connection.

#### 5.3 WASTEWATER GRANT AND /OR LOAN OPPERTUNITIES

There are a number of grant and loan programs available to support wastewater projects. Two programs the Town is eligible for are the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Rural Development (RD) combination Grant/Loan program and the State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF) loan program.

#### **5.3.1** USDA Rural Development (RD)

The USDA RD grant and loan program is available for the planning, design, and construction of municipal wastewater infrastructure projects for communities with a population less than 10,000 (Town of Ware is currently just under this population threshold). Grant amounts and loan interest rates vary depending on the availability of funds, the median household income of the municipality, and the projected user rates resulting from the project. The main eligibility criterion is median household income (MHI). Specifically, if the municipality's MHI is below the State average, then it qualifies for up to 45 percent grant funding; however, if the municipality's MHI is below 80% of the State average, then it qualifies for up to 75 percent grant funding. The State average MHI based on the 2014 Census ACS 1-year survey was \$69,160. Based on the 2010 Census results, the Town of Ware's MHI was \$38,894 in 2014 dollars. Accordingly, it is

anticipated that the Town could qualify for up to 45 percent grant funding and a 40-year low interest rate loan. It should be noted however, that USDA RD grants in recent years have averaged approximately 20 percent of the project cost, even if a community qualifies for a higher grant percentage.

#### 5.3.2 State Revolving Loan Fund (SRF)

The Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) administers the Clean Water SRF loan program, which provides loans for wastewater projects at a subsidized interest rate, as well as the possibility of a "grant", usually in the form of principal forgiveness. In order to qualify for an SRF loan, a project (or projects) must be placed on DEP Intended Use Plan (IUP), which is done annually. This is a competitive process and not all projects qualify for SRF loan funding. Every summer (usually August), a Project Evaluation Form (PEF) must be prepared and submitted to DEP. DEP then reviews and scores each PEF submitted and develops a draft IUP that is issued in the Fall of that same year. After a public comment period and hearing, DEP issues a final IUP typically at the beginning of the following year. If a project is listed on the final IUP, it is eligible for SRF loan funding. Other requirements need to be met to receive this loan, including submittal of an SFR loan application and local appropriation of project funding by the community by June 30th of the following year.

SRF loans have some eligibility requirements such as contractors and consultants being required to meet specific disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), Minority Business Enterprises (MBE) and Women Business Enterprises (WBE) percentages, adhering to federal wage rates, and complying with the requirements of American Iron and Steel Act. More recently, supplemental requirements, such as the development of a Fiscal Sustainability Plan (FSP) or Asset Management Plan, is required.

It is recommended that the Town consider utilizing USDA RD and/or SRF loan program funding for future WWTF system capital improvements projects. Many municipalities have successfully applied for, qualified for, and utilized SRF loan and/or USDA RD funding.

#### 5.4 AD VALOREN TAXES/TOWN BONDS

Another alternative for funding sewer system projects is through taxation. Occasionally, municipalities have used this approach for sewer extension projects to serve a public facility such as a school, a library or a fire station or to improve an environmentally compromised area. Another example would be the extension of sewer or improvements to sewer infrastructure to serve an area targeted for economic development that would benefit the Town. As the project benefits the entire Town rather than just a select area, the Town may choose to pay the debt service through taxation rather than placing the burden on just the existing sewer user base.

One benefit of this alternative for the sewer users is that the cost for a given project is spread out over a much wider base (entire community rather than only current sewer users). Ad valorem taxes are not a common approach for wastewater facilities, but there are some municipalities that use this alternative.

#### 5.5 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN FUNDING/FINANCING

Funding for wastewater system O&M and capital improvements can be provided with different strategies as noted above. The Town should pursue grant and low-interest loan opportunities as detailed above to assist with capital improvements projects. Betterments should be utilized for potential sewer extension projects. Sewer user charges need to be reviewed and adjusted on a routine basis to make sure the wastewater system O&M budget is properly funded and to assist with system improvements. Sewer user fees and/or taxation can be used to assist in funding/financing system improvements projects. Wright-Pierce will perform a sewer "rate study" independent of the Sewer Master Plan to assist in developing a funding/financing plan to operate, maintain and improve the wastewater system.

#### 5.5.1 Capital Improvements Plan

Wastewater system capital improvements should be planned, funded/financed and implemented over a specified period of time. There are three categories of wastewater system "needs" for the Town of Ware:

Existing Collection System Improvements

- Wastewater Treatment Facility Improvements
- Sewer System Extension Projects

These are listed in recommended priority. Regulatory drivers and system age and other needs are driving the existing collection system improvements as a top priority. Facility age, O&M needs, code compliance and other "drivers" are reasons for WWTF improvements. Potential Sewer System Extension projects will be driven by the "need" and desire of the residents and property owners and overall Town project coordination for each of the seven Project Areas. An overall implementation schedule is shown in the table below for the Town to use for planning and budgeting purposes.

TABLE 5-2
IMPLEMENTATION SCHEDULE

Project/Task	Start Date	Finish Date
Existing Collection System		
I/I Control Plan	Spring 2017	December 2017
Phase I SSES	Spring 2018	December 2018
Phase II SSES	2019	2020
Sewer Rehabilitation Projects	2018	2022
Ongoing SSES and Rehabilitation	Annually	Annually
WWTF Improvements <sup>1</sup>	2018	2021
Sewer Extension Projects		
Projects 1 through 7	As Necessary	As Necessary

#### Notes:

- 1. WWTF improvements could be separated into multiple phases and spread over several years for budgeting purposes.
- 2. Ongoing SSES and rehabilitation work to commence in 2023 and the be performed annually.

A more specific 10-year Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) is shown in Table 5-3. Priority is I/I, SSES work, followed by WWTF Improvements. Sewer extension projects to be completed by Town as determined necessary.

TABLE 5-3
RECOMMENDED TEN-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM - WASTEWATER SYSTEM WARE, MASSACHUSETTS

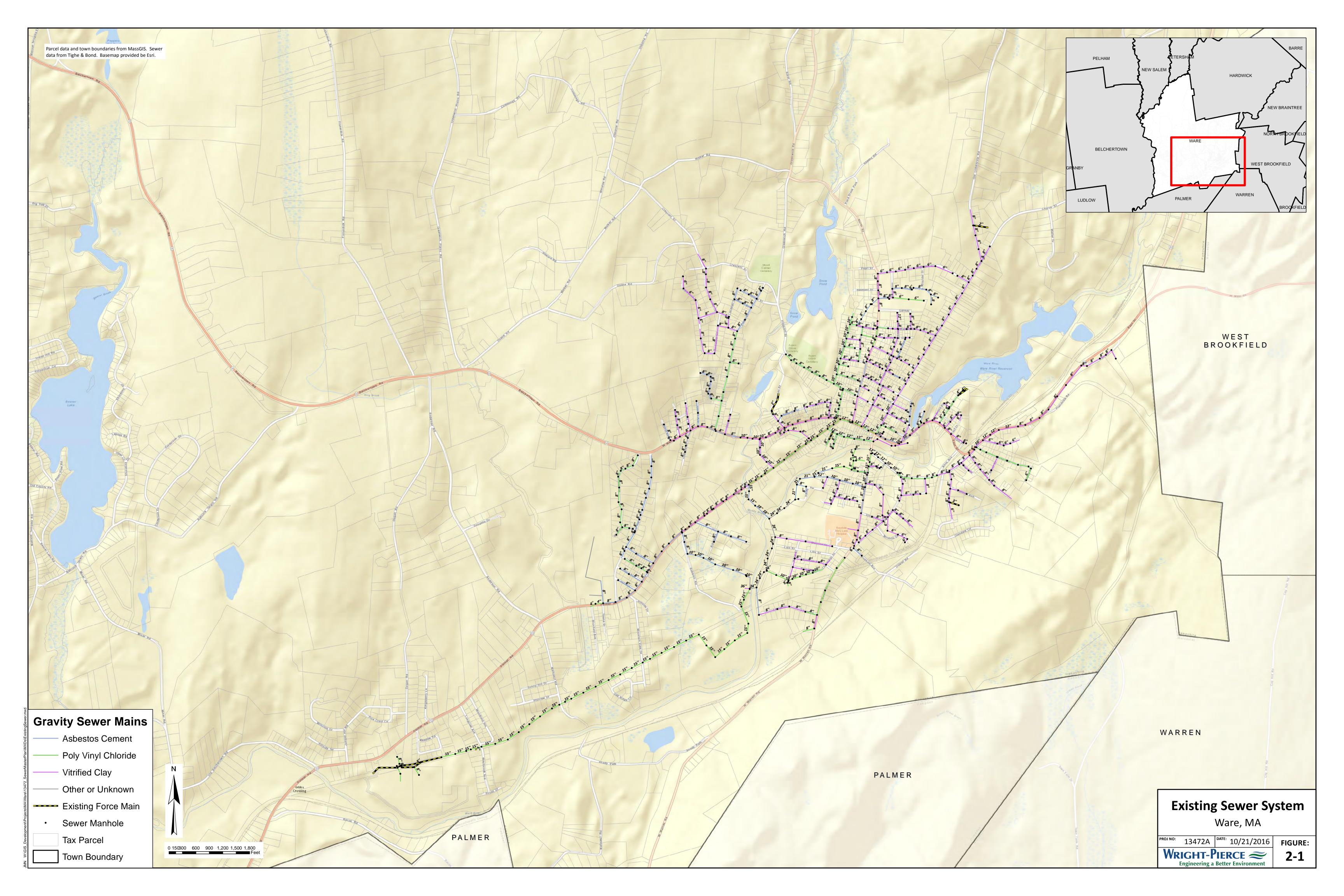
	Total Cost	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
	Estimate	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
<b>Existing Collection System</b>	•	'	•	•			•				
I/I Control Plan	\$145,000	\$145,000									
Phase I SSES	\$128,000		\$128,000								
Phase II SSES	\$200,000			\$100,000	\$100,000						
Sewer Rehabilitation <sup>1</sup>	\$1,000,000		\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000				
Ongoing SSES and Rehab. <sup>1</sup>	\$200,000							\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$50,000
WWTF Improvements		-	•	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	•				
Overall WWTF Upgrades <sup>4</sup>	\$6,390,000		\$500,000	\$1,890,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000					
(UV, sludge thickening, etc.)											
Sewer Extension Projects	-11		Į.			<u>I</u>	Į.				•
Project No. 1 – Longview Street <sup>2</sup>	\$3,190,000					\$638,000	\$2,552,000				
Project No. 2 – Meadow Heights <sup>2</sup>	\$1,470,000							\$294,000	\$1,176,000		
Project No. 3 – Malboeuf Road <sup>2</sup>	\$3,030,000									\$606,000	\$2,424,000
Project No. 4 – Mountain View <sup>3</sup>	\$2,010,000										
Project No. 5 – Palmer Road <sup>3</sup>	\$3,770,000										
Project No. 6 – Old Belchertown <sup>3</sup>	\$3,800,000										
Project No. 7 – Beaver Lake <sup>3</sup>	\$7,440,000										
TOTAL	\$32,773,000	\$145,000	\$828,000	\$2,190,000	\$2,300,000	\$2,838,000	\$2,752,000	\$344,000	\$1,226,000	\$656,000	\$2,474,000

#### Notes:

- 1. Sewer rehabilitation and ongoing SSES and sewer rehabilitation costs are very preliminary estimates and need to be updated/refined after I/I and Phase I and II SSES work is complete.
- 2. 20 percent of project cost estimated to be incurred in year 1 and 80 percent of cost in year 2.
- 3. Sewer extension projects 4, 5, 6 and 7 are assumed to occur beyond the 10-year project horizon, if at all.
- 4. WWTF improvements assumed to be completed as one phase and to be completed over a 4-year period.
- 5. All estimated costs are project costs, including engineering, administration, construction and contingencies.
- 6. Phase II SSES costs are very preliminary estimates and need to be refined/adjusted after completion of Phase I SSES work.

## APPENDIX A

**Existing Ware Wastewater Collection System Plan** 



# APPENDIX B Ware WWTF NPDES Permit

#### AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended, (33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; the "CWA"), and the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, as amended, (M.G.L. Chap. 21, §§ 26-53),

#### Town of Ware **Department of Public Works**

is authorized to discharge from the facility located at

**Ware Wastewater Treatment Plant 30 Robbins Road** Ware, MA 01082

to receiving water named

#### Ware River

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth herein.

This permit will become effective on the first day of the calendar month immediately following sixty days after signature.\*

This permit and the authorization to discharge expire at midnight, five (5) years from the effective date.

This permit supersedes the permit issued on May 1, 2007.

This permit consists of 18 pages in Part I Part I including effluent limitations and monitoring requirements, 25 pages in Part II including General Conditions and Definitions, Attachment A – 2007 Revised Freshwater Chronic Toxicity Test Protocol, Attachment B - Reassessment of Technically Based Local Limits, Attachment C - NPDES Permit Requirement for Industrial Pretreatment Annual Report, and Attachment D - Summary of Required Report Submittals.

Signed this day of

Director Office of Ecosystem Protection **Environmental Protection Agency** Boston, MA

Director

Massachusetts Wastewater Management Program Department of Environmental Protection Commonwealth of Massachusetts Boston, MA

<sup>\*</sup> Pursuant to 40 CFR 124.15(b)(3), if no comments requesting a change to the draft permit are received, the permit will become effective upon the date of signature.

#### PART I

A.1. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge treated effluent from outfall serial number **001** to the Ware River. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored as specified below.

#### MONITORING REQUIREMENTS<sup>3</sup> **EFFLUENT LIMITS** EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC **PARAMETER** AVERAGE **AVERAGE AVERAGE** AVERAGE **MAXIMUM MEASUREMENT** SAMPLE **MONTHLY MONTHLY DAILY FREQUENCY TYPE** WEEKLY WEEKLY $FLOW^2$ \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* 1.0 MGD Report MGD **CONTINUOUS RECORDER** $FLOW^2$ \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* Report MGD **CONTINUOUS** RECORDER BOD<sub>5</sub> <sup>4</sup> 208 lbs/Day 208 lbs/Day 25 mg/L 25 mg/L Report mg/l 1/WEEK 24-HOUR COMPOSITE<sup>5</sup> $TSS^4$ 208 lbs/Day 1/WEEK 24-HOUR 208 lbs/Day 25 mg/L 25 mg/L Report mg/l COMPOSITE<sup>5</sup> pH RANGE<sup>1</sup> 6.5 - 8.3 SU (SEE PERMIT PARAGRAPH I.A.1.b.) 1/DAY **GRAB** ESCHERICHIA COLI 1,6 \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* 126 cfu/100 mL 409 cfu/100 mL 1/WEEK **GRAB** April 1st – October 31st TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE<sup>1,7</sup> \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* 116 μg/L $200 \mu g/L$ 1/DAY **GRAB** April 1st – October 31<sup>st</sup> TOTAL COPPER<sup>8</sup> \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* $9.0 \mu g/L$ $17.9 \,\mu g/L$ 1/MONTH 24-HOUR COMPOSITE<sup>5</sup> TOTAL ALUMINUM<sup>9</sup> \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* 96 μg/L 1/MONTH 24-HOUR COMPOSITE<sup>5</sup>

#### **CONTINUED FROM PREVIOUS PAGE**

A.1. During the period beginning the effective date and lasting through expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge from treated effluent from outfall serial number **001** to the Ware River. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored as specified below.

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC		<u>E1</u>	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS <sup>3</sup>				
PARAMETER	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	AVERAGE MONTHLY	AVERAGE WEEKLY	MAXIMUM DAILY	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS April 1st - October 31st	******	******	584 μg/L	1.0 mg/L	1.5 mg/L	2/WEEK	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS November 1st - March 31st	******	*****	1.0 mg/L	*****	Report mg/L	1/WEEK	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
ORTHO-PHOSPHORUS, DISSOLVED November 1st - March 31st	*****	*****	*****	Report mg/L	*****	1/WEEK	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
AMMONIA-NITROGEN June 1st – October 31st	******	******	1.0 mg/L	1.0 mg/L	1.5 mg/L	1/WEEK	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	******	******	Report mg/L	******	******	1/MONTH	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
TOTAL NITRATE NITROGEN	******	*****	Report mg/L	*****	******	1/MONTH	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
TOTAL NITRITE NITROGEN	******	*****	Report mg/L	*****	******	1/MONTH	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>
WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY 10, 11, 12,13 Acute LC <sub>50</sub> Chronic C-NOEC Aluminum Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Nickel Zinc Hardness	≥ 100% ≥10% Report maximum of	daily µg/L daily µg/L daily µg/L daily µg/L daily µg/L daily µg/L				4/YEAR	24-HOUR COMPOSITE <sup>5</sup>

#### Footnotes:

- 1. Required for State Certification.
- 2. Report annual average, monthly average, and the maximum daily flow. The limit is an annual average, which shall be reported as a rolling average. The value will be calculated as the arithmetic mean of the monthly average flow for the reporting month and the monthly average flows of the previous eleven months.
- 3. Effluent sampling shall be of the discharge from the dechlorination chamber. Any change in sampling location must be reviewed and approved in writing by EPA and MassDEP.

A routine sampling program shall be developed in which samples are taken at the same location, same time and same days of the week each month. Occasional deviations from the routine sampling program are allowed, but the reason for the deviation shall be documented in correspondence appended to the applicable discharge monitoring report.

All samples shall be tested using the analytical methods found in 40 CFR § 136, or alternative methods approved by EPA in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR § 136.

- 4. Sampling required for influent and effluent.
- 5. 24-hour composite samples will consist of at least twenty-four (24) grab samples taken during one consecutive 24 hour period, either collected at equal intervals and combined proportional to flow or continuously collected proportionally to flow.
- 6. The monthly average limit for *E. coli* is expressed as a geometric mean. *E. coli* monitoring shall be conducted concurrently with a total residual chlorine sample.
- 7. Total residual chlorine monitoring is required whenever chlorine is added to the treatment. The limitations are in effect from April 1st through October 31st. The permittee is not authorized to discharge chlorine during the winter months.

The minimum level (ML) for total residual chlorine is defined as 20  $\mu$ g/L. This value is the minimum level for chlorine using EPA approved methods found in the most currently approved version of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, Method 4500 CL-E and G. One of these methods must be used to determine total residual chlorine. For effluent limitations less than 20  $\mu$ g/L, compliance/non-compliance will be determined based on the ML. Sample results of 20  $\mu$ g/L or less shall be reported as zero on the discharge monitoring report.

Chlorination and dechlorination systems shall include an alarm system for indicating

system interruptions or malfunctions. Any interruption or malfunction of the chlorine dosing system that may have resulted in levels of chlorine that were inadequate for achieving effective disinfection, or interruptions or malfunctions of the dechlorination system that may have resulted in excessive levels of chlorine in the final effluent shall be reported with the monthly DMRs. The report shall include the date and time of the interruption or malfunction, the nature of the problem, and the estimated amount of time that the reduced levels of chlorine or dechlorination chemicals occurred.

- 8. The minimum level (ML) for copper is defined as 3  $\mu$ g/L. This value is the minimum level for copper using the Furnace Atomic Absorption analytical method (EPA Method 220.2). This method or other EPA-approved method with an equivalent or lower ML shall be used for effluent limitations less than 3  $\mu$ g/L. Sampling results of 3  $\mu$ g/L or less shall be reported as zero on the Discharge Monitoring Report.
- 9. The aluminum sample shall be taken concurrently with one of the total phosphorus samples.
- 10. The permittee shall conduct chronic (and modified acute) toxicity tests *four* times per year. The chronic test may be used to calculate the acute LC<sub>50</sub> at the 48 hour exposure interval. The permittee shall test the daphnid, <u>Ceriodaphnia dubia</u>, only. Toxicity test samples shall be collected during the months of February, May, August and November. The test results shall be submitted by the last day of the month following the completion of the test. The results are due March 31, June 30, September 30 and December 31, respectively. The tests must be performed in accordance with test procedures and protocols specified in **Attachment A** of this permit.

Test Dates in	Submit Results By:	Test Species	Acute Limit LC <sub>50</sub>	Chronic Limit C-NOEC
February May August November	March 31 June 30 September 30 December 31	Ceriodaphnia dubia (daphnid)	≥ 100%	≥ 10%

- 11. The  $LC_{50}$  is the concentration of effluent which causes mortality to 50% of the test organisms. Therefore, a 100% limit means that a sample of 100% effluent (no dilution) shall cause no more than a 50% mortality rate.
- 12. C-NOEC (chronic-no observed effect concentration) is defined as the highest concentration of toxicant or effluent to which organisms are exposed in a life cycle or partial life cycle test which causes no adverse effect on growth, survival, or reproduction,

based on a statistically significant difference from dilution control, at a specific time of observation as determined from hypothesis testing. As described in the EPA WET Method Manual EPA 821-R-02-013, Section 10.2.6.2, all test results are to be reviewed and reported in accordance with EPA guidance on the evaluation of the concentration-response relationship. The 10% or greater" limit is defined as a sample which is composed of 10% (or greater) effluent, the remainder being dilution water.

13. If toxicity test(s) using receiving water as diluent show the receiving water to be toxic or unreliable, the permittee shall either follow procedures outlined in **Attachment A**(Toxicity Test Procedure and Protocol) Section IV., DILUTION WATER in order to obtain an individual approval for use of an alternate dilution water, or the permittee shall follow the Self-Implementing Alternative Dilution Water Guidance, which may be used to obtain automatic approval of an alternate dilution water, including the appropriate species for use with that water. This guidance is found in Attachment G of NPDES Program Instructions for the Discharge Monitoring Report Forms (DMRs), which may be found on the EPA Region I web site at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/Region1/enforcementandassistance/dmr.html">http://www.epa.gov/Region1/enforcementandassistance/dmr.html</a>. If this guidance is revoked, the permittee shall revert to obtaining individual approval as outlined in Attachment A. Any modification or revocation to this guidance will be transmitted to the permittees. However, at any time, the permittee may choose to contact EPA-New England directly using the approach outlined in Attachment A.

#### Part I.A.1. (Continued)

- a. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the water quality standards of the receiving waters.
- b. The pH of the effluent shall not be less than 6.5 or greater than 8.3 at any time.
- c. The discharge shall not cause objectionable discoloration of the receiving waters.
- d. The effluent shall not contain a visible oil sheen, foam, or floating solids at any time.
- e. The permittee's treatment facility shall maintain a minimum of 85 percent removal of both total suspended solids and biochemical oxygen demand. The percent removal shall be based on monthly average values.
- f. The permittee shall minimize the use of chlorine while maintaining adequate bacterial control.
- g. The results of sampling for any parameter done in accordance with EPA approved methods above its required frequency must also be reported.
- h. If the average annual flow in any calendar year exceeds 80 percent of the facility's design flow, the permittee shall submit a report to MassDEP by March 31 of the following calendar year describing its plans for further flow increases and describing how it will maintain compliance with the flow limit and all other effluent limitations and conditions.
- 2. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Director of the following:
  - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to section 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
  - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit.
  - c. For purposes of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
    - (1) The quantity and quality of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
    - (2) Any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

- 3. Prohibitions Concerning Interference and Pass Through:
  - a. Pollutants introduced into POTW's by a non-domestic source (user) shall not pass through the POTW or interfere with the operation or performance of the works.

#### 4. Toxics Control

- a. The permittee shall not discharge any pollutant or combination of pollutants in toxic amounts.
- b. Any toxic components of the effluent shall not result in any demonstrable harm to aquatic life or violate any state or federal water quality standard which has been or may be promulgated. Upon promulgation of any such standard, this permit may be revised or amended in accordance with such standards.
- 5. Numerical Effluent Limitations for Toxicants

EPA or MassDEP may use the results of the toxicity tests and chemical analyses conducted pursuant to this permit, as well as national water quality criteria developed pursuant to Section 304(a)(1) of the Clean Water Act (CWA), state water quality criteria, and any other appropriate information or data, to develop numerical effluent limitations for any pollutants, including but not limited to those pollutants listed in Appendix D of 40 CFR Part 122.

#### B. UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

The permittee is authorized to discharge only in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and only from the outfall(s) listed in Part I.A.1. of this permit. Discharges of wastewater from any other point sources, including sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs), are not authorized by this permit and shall be reported to EPA and MassDEP in accordance with Section D.1.e.(1) of the General Requirements of this permit (Twenty-four hour reporting).

Notification of SSOs to MassDEP shall be made on its SSO Reporting Form (which includes DEP Regional Office telephone numbers). The reporting form and instruction for its completion may be found on-line at <a href="http://www.mass.gov/dep/water/approvals/surffms.htm#sso">http://www.mass.gov/dep/water/approvals/surffms.htm#sso</a>.

#### C. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SEWER SYSTEM

Operation and maintenance of the sewer system shall be in compliance with the General Requirements of Part II and the following terms and conditions. The permittee is required to complete the following activities for the collection system which it owns:

#### 1. Maintenance Staff

The permittee shall provide an adequate staff to carry out the operation, maintenance, repair, and testing functions required to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Provisions to meet this requirement shall be described in the Collection System O & M Plan required pursuant to Section C.5. below.

#### 2. Preventive Maintenance Program

The permittee shall maintain an ongoing preventive maintenance program to prevent overflows and bypasses caused by malfunctions or failures of the sewer system infrastructure. The program shall include an inspection program designed to identify all potential and actual unauthorized discharges. Plans and programs to meet this requirement shall be described in the Collection System O & M Plan required pursuant to Section C.5. below.

#### 3. Infiltration/Inflow

The permittee shall control infiltration and inflow (I/I) into the sewer system as necessary to prevent high flow related unauthorized discharges from their collection systems and high flow related violations of the wastewater treatment plant's effluent limitations. Plans and programs to control I/I shall be described in the Collection System O & M Plan required pursuant to Section C.5. below.

#### 4. Collection System Mapping

Within 30 months of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall prepare a map of the sewer collection system it owns (see page 1 of this permit for the effective date). The map shall be on a street map of the community, with sufficient detail and at a scale to allow easy interpretation. The collection system information shown on the map shall be based on current conditions and shall be kept up to date and available for review by federal, state, or local agencies. Such map(s) shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- a. All sanitary sewer lines and related manholes;
- b. All combined sewer lines, related manholes, and catch basins;
- c. All combined sewer regulators and any known or suspected connections between the sanitary sewer and storm drain systems (e.g. combination manholes);
- d. All outfalls, including the treatment plant outfall(s), CSOs, and any known or suspected SSOs, including stormwater outfalls that are connected to combination manholes;
- e. All pump stations and force mains;
- f. The wastewater treatment facility(ies);
- g. All surface waters (labeled);

- h. Other major appurtenances such as inverted siphons and air release valves;
- i. A numbering system which uniquely identifies manholes, catch basins, overflow points, regulators and outfalls;
- j. The scale and a north arrow; and
- k. The pipe diameter, date of installation, type of material, distance between manholes, and the direction of flow.
- 5. Collection System Operation and Maintenance Plan

The permittee shall develop and implement a Collection System Operation and Maintenance Plan.

- a. Within six (6) months of the effective date of the permit, the permittee shall submit to EPA and MassDEP
  - (1) A description of the collection system management goals, staffing, information management, and legal authorities;
  - (2) A description of the collection system and the overall condition of the collection system including a list of all pump stations and a description of recent studies and construction activities; and
  - (3) A schedule for the development and implementation of the full Collection System O & M Plan including the elements in paragraphs b.1. through b.8. below.
- b. The full Collection System O & M Plan shall be completed, implemented and submitted to EPA and MassDEP within twenty four (24) months from the effective date of this permit. The Plan shall include:
  - (1) The required submittal from paragraph 5.a. above, updated to reflect current information;
  - (2) A preventive maintenance and monitoring program for the collection system;
  - (3) Description of sufficient staffing necessary to properly operate and maintain the sanitary sewer collection system and how the operation and maintenance program is staffed;
  - (4) Description of funding, the source(s) of funding and provisions for funding sufficient for implementing the plan;
  - (5) Identification of known and suspected overflows and back-ups, including manholes. A description of the cause of the identified overflows and back-ups, corrective actions taken, and a plan for addressing the overflows and back-ups consistent with the requirements of this permit;
  - (6) A description of the permittee's programs for preventing I/I related effluent violations and all unauthorized discharges of wastewater, including overflows and by-passes and the ongoing program to identify

- and remove sources of I/I. The program shall include an inflow identification and control program that focuses on the disconnection and redirection of illegal sump pumps and roof down spouts; and
- (7) An educational public outreach program for all aspects of I/I control, particularly private inflow.
- (8) An Overflow Emergency Response Plan to protect public health from overflows and unanticipated bypasses or upsets that exceed any effluent limitation in the permit.

#### 6. Annual Reporting Requirement

The permittee shall submit a summary report of activities related to the implementation of its Collection System O & M Plan during the previous calendar year. The report shall be submitted to EPA and MassDEP annually by March 31. The summary report shall, at a minimum, include:

- a. A description of the staffing levels maintained during the year;
- b. A map and a description of inspection and maintenance activities conducted and corrective actions taken during the previous year;
- c. Expenditures for any collection system maintenance activities and corrective actions taken during the previous year;
- d. A map with areas identified for investigation/action in the coming year;
- e. If treatment plant flow has reached 80% of its design flow [0.8 MGD] based on the annual average flow during the reporting year, or there have been capacity related overflows, submit a calculation of the maximum daily, weekly, and monthly infiltration and the maximum daily, weekly, and monthly inflow for the reporting year; and
- f. A summary of unauthorized discharges during the past year and their causes and a report of any corrective actions taken as a result of the unauthorized discharges reported pursuant to the Unauthorized Discharges section of this permit.

#### 7. Alternate Power Source

In order to maintain compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the permittee shall provide an alternative power source(s) sufficient to operate the portion of the publicly owned treatment works<sup>1</sup> it owns and operates.

<sup>1</sup> As defined at 40 CFR §122.2, which references the definition at 40 CFR §403.3

#### D. SLUDGE CONDITIONS

- 1. The permittee shall comply with all existing federal and state laws and regulations that apply to sewage sludge use and disposal practices, including EPA regulations promulgated at 40 CFR Part 503, which prescribe "Standards for the Use or Disposal of Sewage Sludge" pursuant to Section 405(d) of the CWA, 33 U.S.C. § 1345(d).
- 2. If both state and federal requirements apply to the permittee's sludge use and/or disposal practices, the permittee shall comply with the more stringent of the applicable requirements.
- 3. The requirements and technical standards of 40 CFR Part 503 apply to the following sludge use or disposal practices.
  - a. Land application the use of sewage sludge to condition or fertilize the soil
  - b. Surface disposal the placement of sewage sludge in a sludge only landfill
  - c. Sewage sludge incineration in a sludge only incinerator
- 4. The requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 do not apply to facilities which dispose of sludge in a municipal solid waste landfill. 40 CFR § 503.4. These requirements also do not apply to facilities which do not use or dispose of sewage sludge during the life of the permit but rather treat the sludge (e.g. lagoons, reed beds), or are otherwise excluded under 40 CFR § 503.6.
- 5. The 40 CFR Part 503 requirements including the following elements:
  - General requirements
  - Pollutant limitations
  - Operational Standards (pathogen reduction requirements and vector attraction reduction requirements)
  - Management practices
  - Record keeping
  - Monitoring
  - Reporting

Which of the 40 CFR Part 503 requirements apply to the permittee will depend upon the use or disposal practice followed and upon the quality of material produced by a facility. The EPA Region 1 Guidance document, "EPA Region 1 - NPDES Permit Sludge Compliance Guidance" (November 4, 1999), may be used by the permittee to assist it in

determining the applicable requirements.<sup>2</sup>

6. The sludge shall be monitored for pollutant concentrations (all Part 503 methods) and pathogen reduction and vector attraction reduction (land application and surface disposal) at the following frequency. This frequency is based upon the volume of sewage sludge generated at the facility in dry metric tons per year

less than 290	1/ year
290 to less than 1,500	1 /quarter
1,500 to less than 15,000	6 /year
15,000 +	1/month

Sampling of the sewage sludge shall use the procedures detailed in 40 CFR 503.8.

- 7. Under 40 CFR § 503.9(r), the permittee is a "person who prepares sewage sludge" because it "is ... the person who generates sewage sludge during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works ...." If the permittee contracts with *another* "person who prepares sewage sludge" under 40 CFR § 503.9(r) i.e., with "a person who derives a material from sewage sludge" for use or disposal of the sludge, then compliance with Part 503 requirements is the responsibility of the contractor engaged for that purpose. If the permittee does not engage a "person who prepares sewage sludge," as defined in 40 CFR § 503.9(r), for use or disposal, then the permittee remains responsible to ensure that the applicable requirements in Part 503 are met. 40 CFR § 503.7. If the ultimate use or disposal method is land application, the permittee is responsible for providing the person receiving the sludge with notice and necessary information to comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 503 Subpart B.
- 8. The permittee shall submit an annual report containing the information specified in the 40 CFR Part 503 requirements (§ 503.18 (land application), § 503.28 (surface disposal), or § 503.48 (incineration)) by **February 19** (see also "EPA Region 1 NPDES Permit Sludge Compliance Guidance"). Reports shall be submitted to the address contained in the reporting section of the permit. If the permittee engages a contractor or contractors for sludge preparation and ultimate use or disposal, the annual report need contain only the following information:
  - a. Name and address of contractor(s) responsible for sludge preparation, use or disposal
  - b. Quantity of sludge (in dry metric tons) from the POTW that is transferred to the sludge contractor(s), and the method(s) by which the contractor will prepare and use or dispose of the sewage sludge.

<sup>2</sup> This guidance document is available upon request from EPA Region 1 and may also be found at: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/permits/generic/sludgeguidance.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/permits/generic/sludgeguidance.pdf</a>

#### E. INDUSTRIAL USERS AND PRETREATMENT PROGRAM

- 1. The permittee shall develop and enforce specific effluent limits (local limits) for Industrial User(s), and all other users, as appropriate, which together with appropriate changes in the POTW Treatment Plant's Facilities or operation, are necessary to ensure continued compliance with the POTW's NPDES permit or sludge use or disposal practices. Specific local limits shall not be developed and enforced without individual notice to persons or groups who have requested such notice and an opportunity to respond. Within 120 days of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall prepare and submit a written technical evaluation to the EPA analyzing the need to revise local limits. As part of this evaluation, the permittee shall assess how the POTW performs with respect to influent and effluent of pollutants, water quality concerns, sludge quality, sludge processing concerns/inhibition, biomonitoring results, activated sludge inhibition, worker health and safety and collection system concerns. In preparing this evaluation, the permittee shall complete and submit the attached form (Attachment B) with the technical evaluation to assist in determining whether existing local limits need to be revised. Justifications and conclusions should be based on actual plant data if available and should be included in the report. Should the evaluation reveal the need to revise local limits, the permittee shall complete the revisions within 120 days of notification by EPA and submit the revisions to EPA for approval. The Permittee shall carry out the local limits revisions in accordance with EPA's Local Limit Development Guidance (July 2004).
- 2. The permittee shall implement the Industrial Pretreatment Program in accordance with the legal authorities, policies, procedures, and financial provisions described in the permittee's approved Pretreatment Program, and the General Pretreatment Regulations, 40 CFR 403. At a minimum, the permittee must perform the following duties to properly implement the Industrial Pretreatment Program (IPP):
  - a. Carry out inspection, surveillance, and monitoring procedures which will determine independent of information supplied by the industrial user, whether the industrial user is in compliance with the Pretreatment Standards. At a minimum, all significant industrial users shall be sampled and inspected at the frequency established in the approved IPP but in no case less than once per year and maintain adequate records.
  - b. Issue or renew all necessary industrial user control mechanisms within 90 days of their expiration date or within 180 days after the industry has been determined to be a significant industrial user.
  - c. Obtain appropriate remedies for noncompliance by any industrial user with any pretreatment standard and/or requirement.
  - d. Maintain an adequate revenue structure for continued implementation of the Pretreatment Program.

- 3. The permittee shall provide the EPA and MassDEP with an annual report describing the permittee's pretreatment program activities for the twelve (12) month period ending 60 days prior to the due date in accordance with 403.12(i). The annual report shall be consistent with the format described in Attachment D of this permit and shall be submitted no later than **March 1** of each year.
- 4. The permittee must obtain approval from EPA prior to making any significant changes to the industrial pretreatment program in accordance with 40 CFR 403.18(c).
- 5. The permittee must assure that applicable National Categorical Pretreatment Standards are met by all categorical industrial users of the POTW. These standards are published in the Federal Regulations at 40 CFR 405 et. seq.
- 6. The permittee must modify its pretreatment program, if necessary, to conform to all changes in the Federal Regulations that pertain to the implementation and enforcement of the industrial pretreatment program. The permittee must provide EPA, in writing, within 180 days of this permit's effective date proposed changes, if applicable, to the permittee's pretreatment program deemed necessary to assure conformity with current Federal Regulations. At a minimum, the permittee must address in its written submission the following areas: (1) Enforcement response plan; (2) revised sewer use ordinances; and (3) slug control evaluations. The permittee will implement these proposed changes pending EPA Region 1's approval under 40 CFR 403.18. This submission is separate and distinct from any local limits analysis submission described in Part I.E.1.

#### F. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Optimizing Nitrogen Removal Efficiency - Within one year of the effective date of the permit, the permittee shall complete an evaluation of alternative methods of operating the existing wastewater treatment facility to optimize the removal of nitrogen, and submit a report to EPA and MassDEP documenting this evaluation and presenting a description of recommended operational changes. The methods to be evaluated include, but are not limited to, operational changes designed to enhance nitrification (seasonal and year round), incorporation of anoxic zones, septage receiving policies and procedures, and side stream management. The permittee shall implement the recommended operational changes to maintain the mass discharge of total nitrogen less than the existing annual average discharge load. The annual average total nitrogen load from this facility (2004-2005) is estimated to be 58 lbs/day.

After submittal of the Initial Nitrogen Optimization Report, the permittee shall also submit an annual report to EPA and MassDEP, by February 1 each year, that summarizes activities related to optimizing nitrogen removal efficiencies, documents the annual nitrogen discharge load from the facility, and tracks trends relative to the previous year.

#### G. MONITORING AND REPORTING

For a period of one year from the effective date of the permit, the permittee may either submit monitoring data and other reports to EPA in hard copy form or report electronically using NetDMR, a web-based tool that allows permittees to electronically submit discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) and other required reports via a secure internet connection. Beginning no later than one year after the effective date of the permit, the permittee shall begin reporting using NetDMR, unless the facility is able to demonstrate a reasonable basis that precludes the use of NetDMR for submitting DMRs and reports. Specific requirements regarding submittal of data and reports in hard copy form and for submittal using NetDMR are described below:

#### a. Submittal of Reports Using NetDMR

NetDMR is accessed from: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/netdmr">http://www.epa.gov/netdmr</a>. Within one year of the effective date of this permit, the permittee shall begin submitting DMRs and reports required under this permit electronically to EPA using NetDMR, unless the facility is able to demonstrate a reasonable basis, such as technical or administrative infeasibility, that precludes the use of NetDMR for submitting DMRs and reports ("opt-out request").

DMRs shall be submitted electronically to EPA no later than the 15th day of the month following the completed reporting period. All reports required under the permit shall be submitted to EPA, including the MassDEP Monthly Operations and Maintenance Report, as an electronic attachment to the DMR. Once a permittee begins submitting reports using NetDMR, it will no longer be required to submit hard copies of DMRs or other reports to EPA and will no longer be required to submit hard copies of DMRs to MassDEP. However, permittees shall continue to send hard copies of reports other than DMRs (including Monthly Operation and Maintenance Reports) to MassDEP until further notice from MassDEP.

#### b. Submittal of NetDMR Opt-Out Requests

Opt-out requests must be submitted in writing to EPA for written approval at least sixty (60) days prior to the date a facility would be required under this permit to begin using NetDMR. This demonstration shall be valid for twelve (12) months from the date of EPA approval and shall thereupon expire. At such time, DMRs and reports shall be submitted electronically to EPA unless the permittee submits a renewed opt-out request and such request be approved by EPA. All opt-out requests should be sent to the following addresses:

# Attn: NetDMR Coordinator U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Water Technical Unit 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 (OES04-4) Boston, MA 02109-3912

And

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Surface Water Discharge Permit Program 627 Main Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Worcester, Massachusetts 01608

c. Submittal of Reports in Hard Copy Form

Monitoring results shall be summarized for each calendar month and reported on separate hard copy Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) (DMRs) postmarked no later than the 15<sup>th</sup> day of the month following the completed reporting period. All reports required under this permit, including MassDEP Monthly Operation and Maintenance Reports, shall be submitted as an attachment to the DMRs. Signed and dated originals of the DMRs, and all other reports or notifications required herein or in Part II shall be submitted to the Director at the following address:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Water Technical Unit (OES04-SMR) 5 Post Office Square - Suite 100 Boston, MA 02109-3912

Duplicate signed copies of all reports or notifications required above shall be submitted to the State at the following addresses:

MassDEP – Western Region Bureau of Resource Protection 436 Dwight Street, Suite 402 Springfield, MA 01103

Copies of toxicity tests and nitrogen optimization reports only to:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Surface Water Discharge Permit Program 627 Main Street, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Worcester, Massachusetts 01608

Any verbal reports, if required in **Parts I** and/or **II** of this permit, shall be made to both

EPA-New England and to MassDEP.

#### H. STATE PERMIT CONDITIONS

- 1. This authorization to discharge includes two separate and independent permit authorizations. The two permit authorizations are (i) a federal National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) pursuant to the Federal Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; and (ii) an identical state surface water discharge permit issued by the Commissioner of the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) pursuant to the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, M.G.L. c. 21, §§ 26-53, and 314 C.M.R. 3.00. All of the requirements contained in this authorization, as well as the standard conditions contained in 314 CMR 3.19, are hereby incorporated by reference into this state surface water discharge permit.
- 2. This authorization also incorporates the state water quality certification issued by MassDEP under § 401(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act, 40 C.F.R. 124.53, M.G.L. c. 21, § 27 and 314 CMR 3.07. All of the requirements (if any) contained in MassDEP's water quality certification for the permit are hereby incorporated by reference into this state surface water discharge permit as special conditions pursuant to 314 CMR 3.11.
- 3. Each agency shall have the independent right to enforce the terms and conditions of this permit. Any modification, suspension or revocation of this permit shall be effective only with respect to the agency taking such action, and shall not affect the validity or status of this permit as issued by the other agency, unless and until each agency has concurred in writing with such modification, suspension or revocation. In the event any portion of this permit is declared invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of state law such permit shall remain in full force and effect under federal law as a NPDES Permit issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. In the event this permit is declared invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of federal law, this permit shall remain in full force and effect under state law as a permit issued by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

## **Summary of Required Report Submittals**

This table is a summary of the reports required to be submitted under this NPDES permit as an aid to the permittee(s). If there are any discrepancies between the permit and this summary, the permittee(s) shall follow the permit requirements. The addresses are for the submittal of hard copies.

When the permittee begins reporting using NetDMR, submittal of hard copies of many of the required reports will not be necessary. See permit conditions for details.

1	2
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	MassDEP
Water Technical Unit (OES04-SMR)	Surface Water Discharge Permit Program
5 Post Office Square - Suite 100	627 Main Street, 2nd Floor
Boston, MA 02109-3912	Worcester, Massachusetts 01608
3	
MassDEP - Western Regional Office	
Bureau of Resource Protection	
436 Dwight Street, Suite 402	
Springfield, MA 01103	

Requirement	Due Date	Addressees
Toxicity test samples shall be	Results shall be submitted by March 31,	1 and 2
collected during the months of	June 30, September 30 and December	
February, May August and	31 of each year	
November		
[Part I.A. Footnote 9]		
If the average annual flow in	By March 31 of the following calendar	1, 2 and 3
any calendar year exceeds	year	
80% of the facility's design		
flow, the permittee shall		
submit a report to MassDEP.		
[Part I.A.1.h.]		
Notification of Sanitary Sewer	Within 24 hours of SSO event.	1 and 3
Overflows		
[Part I.B.]		
The permittee shall prepare a	Within 30 months of the effective date	1, 2, and 3
map of the sewer collection	of this permit	
system it owns.		
[Part 1.C.4.]		
The permittee shall develop	Within six (6) months of the effective	1, 2, and 3
and implement a Collection	date of the permit, the permittee shall	
System Operation and	submit to EPA and MassDEP	
Maintenance Plan.		
[Part 1.C.5.a.]		

The full Collection System O&M Plan shall be submitted and implemented to EPA and MassDEP. [Part 1.C.5.b.]	Within twenty four (24) months from the effective date of this permit.	1, 2, and 3
The permittee shall submit a summary report of activities related to the implementation of its Collection System O & M Plan during the previous calendar year.  [Part 1.C.6.]	The report shall be submitted to EPA and MassDEP annually by March 31	1, 2, and 3
Annual Sludge Report [Part I.D.8.]	Annually by February 19	1, 2, and 3
Initial Nitrogen Optimization Report [Part I.E]	Within one year of the effective date.	1, 2, and 3
Nitrogen Optimization Annual Report	Annually by February 1, following submittal of Initial Nitrogen Optimization Report.	1, 2, and 3
Annual report describing the permittee's pretreatment program activities. [Part I.E.3.]	The report shall be submitted to EPA and MassDEP annually by March 1	1, 2, and 3
Monitoring results obtained during each calendar month shall be summarized and reported on Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) [Part I.F.1.a.]	Postmarked or submitted electronically no later than the 15th day of the following month.	1, 2, and 3

#### UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY NEW ENGLAND - REGION 1 FIVE POST OFFICE SQUARE, SUITE 100 BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02109-3912

#### **FACT SHEET**

## DRAFT NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT TO DISCHARGE TO WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES PURSUANT TO THE CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA)

**NPDES PERMIT NUMBER:** MA0100889

PUBLIC NOTICE START AND END DATES: March 8, 2013 – April 6, 2013

#### NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Town of Ware
Department of Public Works
4 ½ Church Street
Ware, Massachusetts 01082

#### NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Ware Wastewater Treatment Plant 30 Robbins Road Ware, Massachusetts 01082

#### **RECEIVING WATER(S):**

Ware River (Segment MA 36-06) Chicopee River Basin

**RECEIVING WATER CLASSIFICATION(S):** B - Warm Water Fishery, CSO\*

\* Although this segment is classified as a CSO (combined sewer overflow) in the 2006 standards, there are currently no CSOs in this segment. Future standards will reflect this fact.

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#### 1. Proposed Action, Type of Facility, and Discharge Location

The facility's discharge outfalls are listed below:

<u>Outfall</u>	Description of Discharge	Receiving water	Outfall Location
001	Treated Effluent	Ware River	42° 15' 1" N 72° 15' 1" W

The above named applicant has applied to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") for the reissuance of its NPDES permit to discharge into the designated receiving waters. The facility collects and treats domestic wastewater, septage, and industrial wastewater. The discharge from this secondary wastewater treatment facility is via Outfall 001 to the Ware River (See Figure 1 – Facility Location Map).

The Town of Ware Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) is a 1.0 million gallon per day (MGD) secondary wastewater treatment facility located in Ware, Massachusetts, serving a population of about 5,500. There is one industrial user contributing wastewater to this facility: Kanzaki Specialty Papers, which contributes approximately 54,500 gallons per day of process wastewater from paper coating operations.

The collection system is 100% separate sanitary sewers.

#### 2. Description of Discharge

A quantitative description of the discharge based on recent monitoring data from July 2009 through June 2012 is shown in Appendix A.

#### 3. Receiving Water Description

#### 3.1 Designated Use

The Ware River is a Class B (Warm Water Fishery) waterbody. The Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards (MA SWQS) at 314 CMR 4.05(3)(b) state that Class B waters shall have the following designated uses:

"These waters are designated as a habitat for fish, other aquatic life, and wildlife, including for their reproduction, migration, growth and other critical functions, and for primary and secondary contact recreation. Where designated in 314 CMR 4.06, they shall be suitable as a source of public water supply with appropriate treatment ("Treated Water Supply"). Class B waters shall be suitable for irrigation and other agricultural uses and for compatible industrial cooling and process uses. These waters shall have consistently good aesthetic value."

The Chicopee River Basin 2003 Water Quality Assessment Report indicates that the river segment receiving the Ware WWTP's discharge is attaining its uses for aquatic life and aesthetics with other uses not assessed. This river segment is listed the Massachusetts Year 2010 Integrated List of Waters [Clean Water Act, Section 303(d) list] as impaired and requiring a TMDL for fecal coliform. The

2003 assessment included an "Alert" status for the aquatic life use because of ongoing chronic and acute toxicity results from Ware WWTP's WET test. The assessment also noted sedimentation, undercut banks, and trash deposits on this segment.

The limits in the draft permit are based on information in the application, the existing permit, discharge monitoring reports, and a site visit.

#### 3.2 Flow and Dilution Factor

The design flow of the facility is 1.0 MGD (1.55 cfs) and is unchanged since issuance of the current permit.

Water quality based limitations are established with the use of a calculated available dilution. 314 CMR 4.03(3)(a) requires that effluent dilution be calculated based on the receiving water 7Q10. The 7Q10 is the lowest observed mean river flow for 7 consecutive days, recorded over a 10-year recurrence interval. EPA calculated the 7Q10 and 30Q10 based on the flow at USGS gage 01173000 plus flow from the 90 square miles between the gage and the Ware outfall. This flow was calculated as follows:

7Q10 at USGS 011723000, Ware River at Intake Works Near Barre, MA = 5.84 cubic feet per second (cfs)

Drainage Area = 96.3 square miles

7Q10 at USGS 01173500, Ware River at Gibbs Crossing, MA = 15.8 cfs Drainage Area = 197 square miles

Flow factor for area between USGS 01173000 and USGS01173500 =

(15.8 cfs - 5.84 cfs)/(197 sq. mi. - 96.3 sq. mi.) = 10 cfs/100.7 sq. mi. = 0.099 cfs/sq. mi.

Drainage Area at Outfall = 186 square miles

 $7Q10 = 5.84 \text{ cfs} + 0.099 \text{ cfs/sq. mi} \times (186 \text{ sq. mi.} - 96.3 \text{ sq. mi.}) = 14.7 \text{ cfs} = 9.49 \text{ MGD}$ 

Ware WWTP design flow = 1.0 MGD x 1.55 cfs/MGD = 1.55 cfs

Dilution Factor = (Facility Flow + 7Q10)/Facility Flow Dilution Factor = (1.55 cfs + 14.7 cfs)/1.55 cfs = 10.5

#### 4. Limitations and Conditions

The effluent limitations of the draft permit, the monitoring requirements, and any implementation schedule (if required) may be found in the draft permit.

#### 5. Permit Basis: Statutory and Regulatory Authority

The Clean Water Act (CWA or the Act) prohibits the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States without an NPDES permit unless such a discharge is otherwise authorized by the Act. An NPDES permit is used to implement technology-based and water quality-based effluent limitations as well as other requirements including monitoring and reporting. This draft NPDES permit was developed in accordance with statutory and regulatory authorities established pursuant to the Act. The regulations governing the NPDES program are found in 40 CFR Parts 122, 124 and 125.

Under Section 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA, publicly owned treatment works (POTWs) had to achieve effluent limitations based upon secondary treatment by July 1, 1977. The secondary treatment requirements are set forth in 40 CFR Part 133. The regulations describe the secondary treatment requirements for biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>), total suspended solids (TSS), and pH. The average monthly and average weekly BOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS limitations are based on the requirements of 40 CFR §133.102. Numerical limitations for pH and *E. coli* are based on state certification requirements under Section 401(a)(1) of the CWA as described in 40 CFR §124.53 and state water quality standards in 314 CMR 4.05(3)(b) 3 and 4, respectively.

Under Section 301(b)(1)(C) of the CWA, discharges are subject to effluent limitations based on water quality standards. The MA SWQS, 314 CMR 4.00, include requirements for the regulation and control of toxic constituents and also require that EPA criteria, established pursuant to Section 304(a) of the CWA, shall be used unless site specific criteria are established. The State will limit or prohibit discharges of pollutants to surface waters to assure that surface water quality standards of the receiving waters are protected and maintained.

The permit must also limit any pollutant or pollutant parameter (conventional, non-conventional toxic, and whole effluent toxicity) that is or may be discharged at a level that causes, or has reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion above any water quality criterion [40 CFR §122.44(d)(1)]. An excursion occurs if the projected or actual instream concentrations exceed the applicable criterion. In determining reasonable potential, EPA considers existing controls on point and non-point sources of pollution, variability of the pollutant in the effluent, sensitivity of the species to toxicity and, where appropriate, the dilution of the effluent in the receiving water.

Also note that according to EPA regulations 40 CFR §122.44(l), when a permit is reissued, effluent limitations, standards or conditions must be at least as stringent as the final effluent limitations, standards or conditions in the previous permit, unless the circumstances on which the previous permit was based have materially and substantially changed since the time the permit was issued. Additionally, MassDEP has developed and adopted a statewide antidegradation policy to maintain and protect existing in-stream water quality. The Massachusetts Antidegradation Provisions are found at 314 CMR 4.04. No lowering of water quality is allowed, except in accordance with the antidegradation provisions.

The limits in the draft permit are based on information in the application, the existing permit, a site visit, discharge monitoring reports, and toxicity test results.

#### 6. Explanation of the Permit's Effluent Limitation(s)

#### 6.1 Facility Information

The Ware WWTP is an advanced wastewater treatment facility with a design flow of 1.0 MGD, which discharges to the Ware River. The wastewater treatment consists of a grit removal chamber, aeration tanks, chemical addition for phosphorus removal, two secondary clarifiers, chlorination and dechlorination. Liquid sludge (290 metric tons per year) is stored in a holding tank at the WWTP and is pumped directly into tankers and transported offsite for incineration.

The facility's location and flow schematic are shown on Figures 1 and 2 of this fact sheet.

#### 6.2 Permitted Outfalls

The outfall regulated in the draft permit is named 001.

6.3 Derivation of Effluent Limits under the Federal CWA and/or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts

#### BOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS

Under Section 301(b)(1)(B) of the CWA, POTWs had to achieve effluent limitations based on secondary treatment by July 1, 1977. The secondary treatment requirements for biochemical oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>) and total suspended solids (TSS) are in 40 CFR §133. The 30-day average percent removal limit of at least 85% for BOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS is based on the requirements in 40 CFR §133.102.

The limits from the current permit, which are 25 mg/L average monthly and 25 mg/L average weekly and are based on water quality considerations. These limits, which are more stringent than secondary treatment requirements, will be carried over to the draft permit. The mass limits calculations for BOD<sub>5</sub> and TSS are below, and are also the same as the current permit. Monitoring frequency is once per week. From July 2009 through June 2012, Ware had one exceedance of its BOD limits, when the reported value for monthly average loading was 210 lbs/day, above the permit limit of 208 lbs/day. There were no exceedances of the TSS limits during that time period.

Mass limits: Flow x Concentration x Conversion Factor = lbs/day

Average monthly/weekly limit: 1.0 MGD x 25 mg/L x 8.34(lb)(L)/(mg)(gal) = 208 lbs/day

#### pН

The draft permit includes pH limitations that are required by state water quality standards and are at least as stringent as pH limitations set forth at 40 CFR § 133.102(c). The pH of the effluent shall not be less than 6.5 or greater than 8.3 standard units at any time. No violations of the pH limit occurred from July 2009 through June 2012. Monitoring frequency is once per day.

### Escherichia coli

The current permit includes seasonal (April 1<sup>st</sup> – October 31<sup>st</sup>) limits for fecal coliform of 200 cfu/100 mL geometric monthly mean and 400 cfu/100 mL maximum daily value. From July 2009 through June 2012, there were three violations of the maximum daily limit and one violation of the geometric monthly mean limit (see Appendix A). The current permit also requires that an *Escherichia coli (E. coli)* sample be taken once per month from April through October concurrent with the fecal coliform sample, but does not include a limit.

The Commonwealth of Massachusetts promulgated *E. coli* criteria in the SWQS (314 CMR 4.00) on December 29, 2006, replacing fecal coliform bacteria criteria. These new criteria were approved by EPA on September 19, 2007.

The draft permit therefore includes *E. coli* limits and does not include fecal coliform limits or monitoring requirements. The *E. coli* limits for Outfall 001 proposed in the draft permit are in effect from April 1<sup>st</sup> through October 31<sup>st</sup> of each year. The limits are 126 colony forming units per 100 ml (cfu/100 ml) geometric monthly mean and 409 cfu/100 ml maximum daily value (this is the 90% distribution of the geometric mean of 126 cfu/100 ml). The past monitoring indicates that these limits would have been exceeded only once (April 2011). The proposed *E. coli* monitoring frequency in the draft permit is once per week and is consistent with the prior fecal coliform monitoring.

### **Total Residual Chlorine**

The draft permit includes total residual chlorine (TRC) limitations, which are seasonal and are based on state water quality standards. Since the draft permit includes seasonal monitoring requirements and limitations for total chlorine residual, the permittee is not authorized to use or discharge chlorine from November 1<sup>st</sup> through March 31<sup>st</sup>. Chlorine compounds produced by the chlorination of wastewater can be extremely toxic to aquatic life. The water quality criteria established for chlorine are 19 µg/L daily maximum and 11 µg/l monthly average in the receiving water (see National Recommended Water Quality Criteria: 2002). Given a dilution factor of 10.5, the residual chlorine limits have been set at 200 µg/L daily maximum and 116 µg/L monthly average.

### <u>Total Residual Chlorine Limitations:</u>

```
(acute criteria * dilution factor) = Acute limit (Maximum Daily) (19 \mug/L x 10.5) = 200 \mug/L (chronic criteria * dilution factor) = Chronic limit (Monthly Average) (11 \mug/L x 10.5) = 116 \mug/L
```

These limits are slightly more stringent than the limits in the current permit because of the reduced dilution factor. Past effluent data indicates that the facility has routinely achieved the proposed monthly average limit, but would have occasionally exceeded the more stringent maximum daily limit.

The permit also includes a requirement that the chlorination and dechlorination systems include alarms for indicating system interruptions or malfunctions and that interruptions or malfunctions be reported with the monthly compliance reports. This requirement is intended to supplement the grab

sampling requirements for chlorine and bacteria and is a recognition of the limitations of a grab sampling program for determining consistent compliance with permit limits.

### Total Nitrogen

Excessive nitrogen loadings are causing significant water quality problems in Long Island Sound, including low dissolved oxygen. In December 2000, the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection (CT DEP) completed a total maximum daily load (TMDL) for addressing nitrogen-driven eutrophication impacts in Long Island Sound. The TMDL included a waste load allocation (WLA) for point sources and a load allocation (LA) for non-point sources. The point source WLA for out-of-basin sources (Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont wastewater facilities discharging to the Connecticut, Housatonic and Thames River watersheds) requires an aggregate 25% reduction from the baseline total nitrogen loading estimated in the TMDL.

The baseline total nitrogen point source loadings estimated for the Connecticut, Housatonic, and Thames River watersheds were 21,672 lbs/day, 3,286 lbs/day, and 1,253 lbs/day respectively (see table below). The estimated current point source total nitrogen loadings for the Connecticut, Housatonic, and Thames Rivers respectively are 13,836 lbs/day, 2,151 lbs/day, and 1,015 lbs/day, based on recent information and including all POTWs in the watershed. The following table summarizes the estimated baseline loadings, TMDL target loadings, and estimated current loadings:

Basin	Baseline Loading <sup>1</sup>	TMDL Target <sup>2</sup>	Current Loading <sup>3</sup>
	(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)	(lbs/day)
Connecticut River	21,672	16,254	13,836
Housatonic River	3,286	2,464	2,151
Thames River	1,253	940	1,015
Totals	26,211	19,657	17,002

The estimated current loading for the Ware WWTP used in the above analysis was 58 lbs/day, based upon a total nitrogen concentration of 9.4 mg/l and the average flow of 0.74 MGD (9.4 mg/L \*0.74 MGD \* 8.34), as indicated in the Facility's 2004 through 2005 DMRs. A review of the DMRs from July 2009 through June 2012 indicate that the monthly average total nitrogen load varied from 21 lbs/day to 154 lbs/day with an average value of 76 lbs/day, (refer to Appendix A for TKN and nitrite and nitrate monitoring results) which is more than the estimated loading of 58 lbs/day. Based on a review of the data, total nitrogen levels in the effluent have risen, and it appears that the facility is not denitrifying as effectively in recent years as it was during the baseline years. The permittee has indicated that the reduction in denitrification effectiveness indicated may be partly due to the buildup of solids from Kanzaki Specialty Papers in the aeration basins.

To ensure that the aggregate nitrogen loading from out-of-basin point sources does not exceed the TMDL target of a 25% reduction over 2004-2005 baseline loadings, EPA intends to include a permit condition for all existing treatment facilities in Massachusetts and New Hampshire that discharge to the Connecticut, Housatonic, and Thames River watersheds, requiring the permittees to evaluate alternative methods of operating their treatment plants to optimize the removal of nitrogen, and to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated loading from TMDL (see Appendix 3 to CT DEP "Report on Nitrogen Loads to Long Island Sound", April 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 25% reduction

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimated current loading from 2004 – 2005 DMR data.

describe previous and ongoing optimization efforts. Facilities not currently engaged in optimization efforts will also be required to implement optimization measures sufficient to ensure that their nitrogen loads do not increase above the 2004-2005 baseline, and that their aggregate 25% reduction is maintained. Such a requirement has been included in this permit.

Specifically, the permit requires an evaluation of alternative methods of operating the existing wastewater treatment facility to control total nitrogen levels, including, but not limited to, operational changes designed to enhance nitrification (seasonal and year-round), incorporation of anoxic zones, septage receiving policies and procedures, and side stream management. This evaluation is required to be completed and submitted to EPA and MassDEP within one year of the effective date of the permit, along with a description of past and ongoing optimization efforts. The permit also requires implementation of optimization methods sufficient to ensure that there is no increase in total nitrogen compared to the existing average daily load. The permit requires annual reports to be submitted that summarize progress and activities related to optimizing nitrogen removal efficiencies, document the annual nitrogen discharge load from the facility, and track trends relative to previous years.

The agencies will annually update the estimate of all out-of-basin total nitrogen loads and may incorporate total nitrogen limits in future permit modifications or reissuances as necessary to address increases in discharge loads, a revised TMDL, or other new information that may warrant the incorporation of numeric permit limits. There have been significant efforts by the New England Water Pollution Control Commission (NEIWPCC) work group and others since completion of the 2000 TMDL, which are anticipated to result in revised wasteload allocations for in-basin and out-of-basin facilities. Although not a permit requirement, EPA strongly recommends that permittees consider alternatives for further enhancing nitrogen reduction in their facility planning.

### Ammonia-Nitrogen

High levels of ammonia in the water column can be toxic to fish by making it more difficult for fish to excrete this chemical via passive diffusion from gill tissues. Ammonia toxicity varies with pH and temperature. Ammonia can also lower dissolved oxygen levels by conversion to nitrate/nitrate, which consumes oxygen.

The current permit includes a monthly average limit of 1 mg/l, a weekly average limit of 1 mg/l and a maximum daily limit of 1.5 mg/l during the period from June through October. These limits were established to limit the instream oxygen demand resulting from the nitrification of ammonia to nitrates. The 2007 Fact Sheet evaluated these limits and verified that they were in accordance with the 1999 Update of Ambient Water Quality Criteria for Ammonia (EPA-822-R-014, December 1999 and 64 FR 71974). Monitoring data indicates that these limits are consistently achieved (one violation of the weekly average limit- September 2011).

The limits proposed in the draft permit are the same as those in the current permit. The draft permit includes a monthly average limit of 1 mg/l, a weekly average limit of 1 mg/l and a maximum daily limit of 1.5 mg/l during the period from June through October, and the proposed monitoring frequency is once per week.

### **Phosphorus**

State water quality standards require any point source discharge containing nutrients in concentrations that encourage eutrophication or growth of weeds or algae be provided with the highest and best practicable treatment to remove such nutrients. Phosphorus and other nutrients promote the growth of nuisance algae and aquatic plants. When these plants and algae undergo their decay processes, they generate strong odors, depress dissolved oxygen levels in the river, and impair benthic habitat.

The MA SWQS (314 CMR 4.00) do not contain numerical criteria for total phosphorus. The narrative criteria for nutrients is found at 314 CMR 4.05(5)(c), which states that

"Unless naturally occurring, all surface waters shall be free from nutrients in concentrations that would cause or contribute to impairment of existing or designated uses and shall not exceed the site specific criteria developed in a TMDL or as otherwise established by the Department pursuant to 314 CMR 4.00. Any existing point source discharge containing nutrients in concentrations that would cause or contribute to cultural eutrophication, including the excessive growth of aquatic plants or algae, in any surface water shall be provided with the most appropriate treatment as determined by the Department, including, where necessary, highest and best practical treatment (HBPT) for POTWs and BAT for non POTWs, to remove such nutrients to ensure protection of existing and designated uses".

EPA has published national guidance documents that contain recommended total phosphorus criteria and other indicators of eutrophication. EPA's Quality Criteria for Water 1986 (the Gold Book) recommends, to control eutrophication, that in-stream phosphorus concentrations should be less than  $100 \, \mu g/l$  (0.100 mg/l) in streams or other flowing waters not discharging directly to lakes or impoundments and less than  $50 \, \mu g/l$  in flowing waters discharging to lakes or impoundments.

More recently, EPA released Ecoregional Nutrient Criteria, established as part of an effort to reduce problems associated with excess nutrients in water bodies in specific areas of the country. The ecoregion-specific criteria represent conditions in waters minimally impacted by human activities, and thus representative of water without cultural eutrophication. The Ware Wastewater Treatment Plant is within Ecoregion XIV, Eastern Coastal Plain, Northeastern Coastal Zone. Recommended criteria for this Ecoregion<sup>4</sup> include a total phosphorus criteria of 23.75 µg/l (0.024 mg/l).

EPA has typically applied the Gold Book criterion because it was developed from an effects-based approach versus the reference conditions-based approach used to develop the ecoregion criteria. The effects-based approach is taken because it is more directly associated with an impairment to a designated use (e.g. fishing). The effects-based approach provides a threshold value above which water quality impairments are likely to occur. It applies empirical observations of a causal variable (i.e. phosphorus) and a response variable (i.e. algal growth) associated with designated use impairments. Referenced-base values are statistically derived from a comparison within a population of rivers in the same ecoregional class. They are a quantitative set of river characteristics (physical, chemical, and biological) that represent minimally impacted conditions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Ambient Water Quality Criteria Recommendations, Information Supporting the Development of State and Tribal Nutrient Criteria, Rivers and Streams in Ecoregion XIV, published in December, 2001

The current permit limits the Ware WWTP effluent to 1 mg/L total phosphorus as a monthly average year-round. The current permit also includes limits of 1.0 mg/L as a weekly average and 1.5 mg/L maximum daily from April through October. From July 2009 through June 2012, there was one violation of the weekly average and daily maximum phosphorus limits, in June 2012 when both results were reported as 1.6 mg/L.

The phosphorus limit calculated for the current permit did not account for upstream concentration of phosphorus when setting effluent limitations. Accounting for upstream concentrations is necessary to ensure that the discharge from the Ware treatment plant does not cause or contribute to an exceedance of water quality standards. The limit has been recalculated to account for the upstream concentration.

The 2003 Chicopee River Watershed Water Quality Assessment (2003 WQA) presented ambient phosphorus concentrations at Upper Church Street, Ware, upstream on the Ware River from the Ware WWTP. During low flow conditions that year, the instream phosphorus concentration was  $49 \mu g/l$ .

The box below shows the necessary water quality based effluent limitation at an upstream concentration of 49  $\mu g/l$  under 7Q10 conditions. This analysis shows that an effluent average monthly limitation of 584  $\mu g/L$  is necessary. The maximum daily seasonal limitation of 1.5 mg/l from the current permit has been maintained to avoid backsliding as has the winter average monthly limitation of 1.0 mg/l.

	Average Monthly Phosphorus Limit								
			$Q_sC_s = Q_dC_d + Q_rC_r$						
	Where								
	$egin{array}{c} C_{ m s} \ Q_{ m s} \end{array}$	= =	Concentration below outfall Streamflow below outfall (effluent + upstream)	= =	100 μg/l 16.25 cfs				
	$egin{array}{l} Q_d \ C_d \ Q_r \ C_r \end{array}$	= = = =	Discharge flow Discharge concentration Upstream flow Upstream concentration	= = = =	1.55 cfs ? 14.7 cfs 49 μg/l				
,	Therefore,								
	$C_d$	=	(16.25 cfs x 100 μg/l) - (14.7 c 1.55 cfs	cfs x 49	<u>μg/l)</u>				
		=	584 μg/l						

To ensure attainment of water quality standards, the draft permit contains a monthly average limit of  $584~\mu g/L$ , a weekly average limit of 1.0~mg/L, and a maximum daily limit of 1.5~mg/l for the growing season months of April through October, with a monitoring frequency of twice per week. The draft permit carries forward the monthly average limit of 1~mg/l for the non-growing season months of November through March. The monitoring frequency from November through March is once per

week. Past performance indicates that Ware WWTP already meets the new summer phosphorus limit on a routine basis.

If new water quality data or the completion of a total maximum daily load analysis (TMDL) indicates the need for more stringent limits, EPA and DEP may exercise the reopener clause of Part II A.4. of this permit and modify the phosphorus numerical limits.

The current permit includes a monitoring requirement for ortho-phosphorus during the winter period of November through March. The draft permit continues this required monitoring as it is necessary to identify whether the particulate fraction remains low and to further understand the physical dynamics of phosphorus in the non-growing season. Without the continued ortho-phosphate monitoring requirement, EPA and MassDEP cannot ensure that the loads authorized in the winter period are sufficiently protective of standards, specifically that the higher loads will not cause or contribute to instream eutrophication.

#### Metals

Certain metals in water can be toxic to aquatic life. The Clean Water Act requires EPA to limit toxic metal concentrations in the effluent when metal discharges may result in an exceedance of water quality criteria. An evaluation of the concentration of metals in the facility's effluent (from Whole Effluent Toxicity reports submitted between November 2008 and February 2012) was used to determine reasonable potential for toxicity caused by aluminum, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel and zinc.

Metals may be present in both dissolved and particulate forms in the water column. However, extensive studies suggest that it is the dissolved fraction that is biologically available, and therefore, presents the greatest risk of toxicity to aquatic life inhabiting the water column. This conclusion is widely accepted by the scientific community both within and outside of EPA (Water Quality Standards Handbook: Second Edition, Chapter 3.6 and Appendix J, EPA 1994 [EPA 823-B-94-005a]. Also see http://www.epa.gov/waterscience/standards/ handbook/chapter03.html#section6). As a result, water quality criteria are established in terms of dissolved metals.

However, many inorganic components of domestic wastewater, including metals, are in the particulate form, and differences in the chemical composition between the effluent and the receiving water affects the partitioning of metals between the particulate and dissolved fractions as the effluent mixes with the receiving water, often resulting in a transition from the particulate to dissolved form (*The Metals Translator: Guidance for Calculating a Total Recoverable Permit Limit from a Dissolved Criterion* (USEPA 1996 [EPA-823-B96-007]). Consequently, quantifying only the dissolved fraction of metals in the effluent prior to discharge may not accurately reflect the biologically-available portion of metals in the receiving water. Regulations at 40 CFR 122.45(c) require, with limited exceptions, that metals limits in NPDES permits be expressed as total recoverable metals.

The facility's effluent concentrations (from Appendix A) were characterized assuming a lognormal distribution in order to determine the estimated 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of the daily maximum. For metals with hardness-based water quality criteria, the criteria were determined using the equations in 2002 National Recommended Water Quality Criteria, using the appropriate factors for the individual metals (see table below). The downstream hardness was calculated to be 23.1 mg/l as CaCO<sub>3</sub>, using

a mass balance equation with the design flow, receiving water at 7Q10, an upstream median hardness of 20 mg/l as  $CaCO_3$  and an effluent median hardness of 52 mg/l as  $CaCO_3$ .

	Hardness Analysis								
	$Q_sC_s = Q_dC_d + Q_rC_r$								
W	here								
C <sub>r</sub> Q <sub>o</sub> C <sub>o</sub> Q <sub>s</sub> C <sub>s</sub>	d = d = s = s =	Concentration below outfall Discharge flow Discharge concentration Upstream flow Upstream concentration Streamflow below outfall (effluent + upstream)		14.7 cfs 20 mg/L					
Th	herefore,								
Cr	r =	$\frac{(1.55 \text{ cfs x } 52 \text{ mg/L}) + (14.7 \text{ cos})}{16.25 \text{ cfs}}$	efs x 20 1	mg/L)					
	=	23.1 mg/l							

The following table presents the factors used to determine the acute and chronic total recoverable criteria for each metal:

**Table 1. Parameters for Calculating Total Recoverable Metals Criteria** 

Hardness = 23.1 mg/L

Metal	8	Paran	Total Recoverable Criteria			
	ma	ba	mc	bc	Acute Criteria (CMC) (ug/L)	Chronic Criteria (CCC) (ug/L)
Aluminum	_	1	_	1	750.00	87.00
Cadmium	1.1280	3.6867	0.7852	2.7150	0.87	0.78
Chromium III	0.819	3.7256	0.819	0.6848	543.01	25.95
Copper	0.9422	1.7000	0.8545	-1.702	3.52	2.67
Lead	1.273	-1.46	1.273	-4.705	12.64	0.49
Nickel	0.846	2.255	0.846	0.0584	135.82	15.10
Zinc	0.8473	0.884	0.8473	0.884	34.62	34.62

In order to determine whether the effluent has the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an exceedance above the in-stream water quality criteria for each metal, the following mass balance is used to project in-stream metal concentrations downstream from the discharge.

$$Q_d C_d + Q_S C_S = Q_r C_r$$

 $C_r = \frac{Q_d C_d + Q_S C_S}{Q_r}$ rewritten as:

where:

 $\begin{aligned} Q_d &= \text{effluent flow (design flow} = 1.0 \text{ MGD} = 1.55 \text{ cfs)} \\ C_d &= \text{effluent metals concentration in } \mu\text{g/L (95}^\text{th} \text{ percentile)} \end{aligned}$ 

 $Q_S$  = stream flow upstream (7Q10 upstream = 14.7 cfs)

 $C_S$  = background in-stream metals concentration in  $\mu$ g/L (median)

 $Q_r$  = resultant in-stream flow, after discharge ( $Q_S + Q_d = 16.25$  cfs)

 $C_r$  = resultant in-stream concentration in  $\mu g/L$ 

Reasonable potential is then determined by comparing this resultant in-stream concentration (for both acute and chronic conditions) with the criteria for each metal. In EPA's Technical Support Document for Water Quality Based Toxics Control, EPA/505/2-90-001, March 1991, commonly known as the "TSD", box 3-2 describes the statistical approach in determining if there is reasonable potential for an excursion above the maximum allowable concentration (criteria). If there is reasonable potential (for either acute or chronic conditions), the appropriate limit is then calculated by rearranging the above mass balance to solve for the effluent concentration (C<sub>d</sub>) using the criterion as the resultant in-stream concentration (C<sub>r</sub>). See the table below for the results of this analysis with respect to aluminum, cadmium, chromium, copper, lead, nickel and zinc.

Because there is reasonable potential for the discharge of aluminum and copper from Ware WWTP to cause or contribute to a violation of water quality standards, the draft permit includes limits for these two metals. The draft permit proposes a monthly average aluminum limit of 96 µg/L. For copper, the draft permit contains a maximum daily effluent limit of 17.9 µg/L and an average monthly limit of 9.0 µg/L. The proposed monitoring frequency for both metals is once per month. Also, see Appendix B for the aluminum calculations, and Appendix C for the copper calculations.

<sup>\*</sup>Acute Criteria (CMC) = exp{ma\*ln(hardness)+ba}

<sup>\*\*</sup>Chronic Criteria (CCC) = exp{mc\*ln(hardness)+bc}

**Table 2. Reasonable Potential Analysis for Metals** 

Metal	Qd	Cd (95th Percentile)	Qs	Cs (Median)	Qr = Qs + Qd	$Cr = \frac{(QdCd+QsCs)/Q_R}{(QdCd+QsCs)/Q_R}$	Crit	eria	Reasonable Potential	Limit = (QrC	r-QsCs)/Qd
	cfs	μg/L	cfs	μg/L	cfs	μg/L	Acute (μg/L)	Chronic (µg/L)	Cr > Criteria	Acute (μg/L)	Chronic (µg/L)
Aluminum		200.7		86		96.9	750	87	Y	N/A	96
Cadmium		0		0		0	0.865	0.779	N	N/A	N/A
Chromium		0		0		0	543.01	25.95	N	N/A	N/A
Copper	1.55	23.1	14.7	2	16.25	4.01	3.52	2.67	Y	17.9	9.0
Lead		0		0		0	12.64	0.49	N	N/A	N/A
Nickel		5		0		0.48	135.82	15.10	N	N/A	N/A
Zinc		140		16		27.8	34.62	34.62	N	N/A	N/A

### Whole Effluent Toxicity

Under Section 301(b)(1)(C) of the CWA, discharges are subject to effluent limitations based on water quality standards. The MA SWQS at 314 CMR 4.05(5)(c) include the following narrative and require that EPA criteria established pursuant to Section 304(a)(1) of the CWA be used as guidance for interpretation of the following narrative criteria: All surface waters shall be free from pollutants in concentrations or combinations that are toxic to humans, aquatic life or wildlife.

The toxicity limits in the current permit are C-NOEC  $\geq$  7% and LC50  $\geq$  100% and were established using the MassDEP *Implementation Policy for the Control of Toxic Pollutants in Surface* Waters, dated February 23, 1990 (the "Policy"). The Policy requires that the C-NOEC must equal or exceed the receiving water concentration (RWC) of the effluent, which is the inverse of the dilution factor. From August 2009 through February 2012, there were no exceedances of the acute toxicity limit. There were two violations of the chronic toxicity limit, in May 2010 and February 2011, when the C-NOEC was 6.25% effluent.

National studies conducted by the EPA have demonstrated that domestic sources contribute toxic constituents to POTWs. These constituents include metals, chlorinated solvents, aromatic hydrocarbons and others. Based on the potential for toxicity from domestic sources, the state narrative water quality criterion, the limited dilution at the discharge location, and in accordance with EPA national and regional policy and 40 C.F.R.§ 122.44(d), the draft permit includes whole effluent chronic and acute toxicity limitations. (See also "Policy for the Development of Water Quality-Based Permit Limitations for Toxic Pollutants", 49 Fed. Reg. 9016 March 9, 1984, and EPA's "Technical Support Document for Water Quality-Based Toxics Control", September, 1991.)

The draft permit requires quarterly chronic and acute toxicity tests using only the species *Ceriodaphnia dubia*. The acute toxicity endpoint, expressed as LC50, must equal or exceed 100% effluent. The chronic toxicity endpoint, expressed as C-NOEC (no effect concentration), must equal or exceed 10% effluent. The chronic toxicity limit in the draft permit is more stringent than that of the current permit due to the change in dilution factor. The tests must be performed in accordance with the test procedures and protocols specified in **Permit Attachment A**. The tests will be conducted four times a year, during the following months: February, May, August, and November.

Although the Ware WWTP has only two chronic toxicity exceedances, several other chronic tests have indicated chronic toxicity in the 50% and 25% effluent samples. EPA expects that POTWs with secondary treatment should have no chronic toxicity in the 100% effluent sample on a regular basis. The agencies will be monitoring the Ware WWTP's WET test results over the next permit term to determine if the pattern of chronic toxicity continues, and if so, require additional evaluation or WET testing to determine the source of toxicity. These requirements may include a toxicity identification evaluation (TIE) and/or a toxicity reduction evaluation (TRE).

### 7. Sludge

Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) requires that EPA develop technical standards regulating the use and disposal of sewage sludge. These regulations were signed on November 25, 1992, published in the Federal Register on February 19, 1993, and became effective on March 22, 1993. Domestic sludge that is land applied, disposed of in a surface disposal unit, or fired in a sewage sludge incinerator is subject to Part 503 technical standards and to State Env-Wq 800 standards. Part 503 regulations have a self-implementing provision, however, the CWA requires implementation through permits. Domestic sludge which is disposed of in municipal solid waste landfills are in compliance with Part 503 regulations provided the sludge meets the quality criteria of the landfill and the landfill meets the requirements of 40 CFR Part 258.

The draft permit has been conditioned to ensure that sewage sludge use and disposal practices meet the CWA Section 405(d) Technical Standards. In addition, EPA-New England has prepared a 72-page document entitled "EPA Region I NPDES Permit Sludge Compliance Guidance" for use by the permittee in determining their appropriate sludge conditions for their chosen method of sewage sludge use or disposal practices. This guidance document is available upon request from EPA Region 1 and may be found at: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/permits/generic/sludgeguidance.pdf">http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/permits/generic/sludgeguidance.pdf</a>. The permittee is required to submit an annual report to EPA-New England and NHDES-WD, by February 19th each year, containing the information specified in the Sludge Compliance Guidance document for their chosen method of sewage sludge use or disposal practices.

#### 8. Pretreatment

Ware WWTP has one non-categorical significant industrial user (SIU), Kanzaki Specialty Papers (Kanzaki). Kanzaki is considered non-categorical because it is not within any of the industries for which EPA has promulgated pretreatment standards. Ware WWTP reported in its reissuance application that influent from this user causes problems with the treatment works, due to large amounts of inorganic solids. Planned upgrades to the WWTP, partially financed by Kanzaki, will improve solids handling at the facility. A new tertiary treatment system will remove solids with less interference to the treatment system. Also, Kanzaki plans to install a flow equalization tank, which will reduce the variability in the flow they contribute to the Ware WWTP.

The permittee is required to administer a pretreatment program based on the authority granted under 40 § 122.44(j), 40 CFR § 403 and section 307 of the CWA. In accordance with 40 § 403, the permittee is obligated to modify, if necessary, its pretreatment program plan, to be consistent with current Federal Pretreatment Regulations. The permittee is also required to implement its pretreatment program in accordance with the requirements at 40 C.F.R. Part 403 (General Pretreatment Regulations). These requirements are necessary to ensure continued compliance with the POTW's NPDES permit and its sludge use or disposal practices. Those activities that the permittee must perform include, but are not limited to, the following: (1) develop and enforce EPA approved specific effluent limits (technically-based local limits); (2) issue industrial user discharge permits, (3) conduct compliance monitoring activities (e.g., sampling and inspections at industrial users), and (4) initiate enforcement actions against non-complying industrial users.

Lastly, the permittee must submit an annual pretreatment report on **March 1**, which describes the permittee's pretreatment program activities for the twelve month period ending 60 days prior to the due date.

### 9. Operations and Maintenance

EPA regulations set forth a standard condition for "Proper Operation and Maintenance" that is included in all NPDES permits. *See* 40 CFR § 122.41(e). This condition is specified in Part II.B.1 (General Conditions) of the draft permit and it requires the proper operation and maintenance of all wastewater treatment systems and related facilities installed or used to achieve permit conditions.

EPA regulations also specify a standard condition to be included in all NPDES permits that specifically imposes on permittees a "duty to mitigate." *See* 40 CFR § 122.41(d). This condition is specified in Part II.B.3 of the draft permit and it requires permittees to take all reasonable steps — which in some cases may include operations and maintenance work — to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of the permit which has the reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

Proper operation of collection systems is critical to prevent blockages and equipment failures that would cause overflows of the collection system (sanitary sewer overflows, or SSOs), and to limit the amount of non-wastewater flow entering the collection system (inflow and infiltration or I/I). I/I in a collection system can pose a significant environmental problem because it may displace wastewater flow and thereby cause, or contribute to causing, SSOs. Moreover, I/I could reduce the capacity and efficiency of the treatment plant and cause bypasses of secondary treatment. Therefore, reducing I/I will help to minimize any SSOs and maximize the flow receiving proper treatment at the treatment plant. There is presently estimated to be approximately 75,000 gpd of I/I in the sewer system. In its September 6, 2001 Infiltration and Inflow Policy, MassDEP specified that certain conditions related to I/I control be established in NPDES municipal permits.

Therefore, specific permit conditions have been included in Part I.B., and I.C. of the draft permit. These requirements include mapping of the wastewater collection system, preparing and implementing a collection system operation and maintenance plan, reporting unauthorized discharges including SSOs, maintaining an adequate maintenance staff, performing preventative maintenance, controlling infiltration and inflow to the extent necessary to prevent SSOs and I/I related-effluent violations at the wastewater treatment plant, and maintaining alternate power where necessary. These requirements are intended to minimize the occurrence of permit violations that have a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

### 10. Essential Fish Habitat

Under the 1996 Amendments (PL 104-267) to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. § 1801 et seq. (1998)), EPA is required to consult with the National Marine Fisheries Services (NMFS) if EPA's action or proposed actions that it funds, permits, or undertakes; may adversely impact any essential fish habitat as: waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity (16 U.S.C. § 1802 (10)). Adversely impact means any impact which reduces the quality and/or quantity of EFH (50 CFR § 600.910 (a)). Adverse effects may include direct (e.g., contamination or physical disruption), indirect (e.g., loss of prey, reduction in species' fecundity), site-specific or habitat-wide impacts, including individual, cumulative, or synergistic consequences of actions.

Essential fish habitat (EFH) is only designated for species for which federal fisheries management plans exist (16 U.S.C. § 1855(b) (1) (A)). EFH designations for New England were approved by the U.S. Department of Commerce on March 3, 1999.

The Ware River is a tributary of the Chicopee River, which flows into the Connecticut River, which ultimately drains into the Long Island Sound. The Connecticut River system has been designated as EFH for Atlantic salmon. Although EFH has been designated for this general location, EPA has concluded that this activity is not likely to affect EFH or its associated species for the following reasons:

- The quantity of the discharge from the WWTP is 1.0 MGD, and the effluent receives advanced treatment;
- The facility withdraws no water from the Ware River; therefore no life stages of Atlantic salmon are vulnerable to impingement or entrainment from this facility;
- Limits specifically protective of aquatic organisms have been established for phosphorus, chlorine, aluminum, and copper, based on EPA water quality criteria;
- Acute and chronic toxicity testing on Ceriodaphnia dubia is required four (4) times per year.
- The permit prohibits any violation of state water quality standards.

EPA believes that the conditions and limitations contained within the draft permit adequately protect all aquatic life, including those species with EFH designation. Impacts associated with issuance of this permit to the EFH species, their habitat and forage, have been minimized to the extent that no significant adverse impacts are expected. Further mitigation is not warranted.

### 11. Endangered Species Act

Section 7(a) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA), as amended, grants authority to and imposes requirements upon Federal agencies regarding endangered or threatened species of fish, wildlife, or plants ("listed species") and habitat of such species that has been designated as critical (a "critical habitat"). The ESA requires every Federal agency, in consultation with and with the assistance of the Secretary of Interior, to insure that any action it authorizes, funds, or carries out, in the United States or upon the high seas, is not likely to jeopardize the continued existence of any listed species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of critical habitat. The United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) administers Section 7 consultations for freshwater species. The National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) administers Section 7 consultations for marine species and anadromous fish.

EPA has reviewed the federal endangered or threatened species of fish, wildlife, or plants to see if any such listed species might potentially be impacted by the re-issuance of this NPDES permit. No federally endangered species have been identified within 30 miles of the Town of Ware. Therefore, EPA concludes that the limits and conditions contained in this draft permit reissuance are not likely to adversely affect species of concern or their habitats. No consultation is necessary.

### 12. Monitoring

The effluent monitoring requirements have been established to yield data representative of the discharge under authority of Section 308(a) of the CWA in accordance with 40 CFR §§122.41(j), 122.44(l), and 122.48.

The Draft Permit includes new provisions related to Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) submittals to EPA and the State. The Draft Permit requires that, no later than one year after the effective date of the permit, the permittee submit all monitoring data and other reports required by the permit to EPA using NetDMR, unless the permittee is able to demonstrate a reasonable basis, such as technical or administrative infeasibility, that precludes the use of NetDMR for submitting DMRs and reports ("opt-out request").

In the interim (until one year from the effective date of the permit), the permittee may either submit monitoring data and other reports to EPA in hard copy form, or report electronically using NetDMR.

NetDMR is a national web-based tool for regulated CWA permittees to submit discharge monitoring reports (DMRs) electronically via a secure Internet application to U.S. EPA through the Environmental Information Exchange Network. NetDMR allows participants to discontinue mailing in hard copy forms under 40 CFR § 122.41 and § 403.12. NetDMR is accessed from the following url: <a href="http://www.epa.gov/netdmr">http://www.epa.gov/netdmr</a>. Further information about NetDMR, including contacts for EPA Region 1, is provided on this website.

EPA currently conducts free training on the use of NetDMR, and anticipates that the availability of this training will continue to assist permittees with the transition to use of NetDMR. To participate in upcoming trainings, visit <a href="http://www.epa.gov/netdmr">http://www.epa.gov/netdmr</a> for contact information for Massachusetts.

The Draft Permit requires the permittee to report monitoring results obtained during each calendar month using NetDMR, no later than the 15th day of the month following the completed reporting period. All reports required under the permit shall be submitted to EPA as an electronic attachment to the DMR. Once a permittee begins submitting reports using NetDMR, it will no longer be required to submit hard copies of DMRs or other reports to EPA and will no longer be required to submit hard copies of DMRs to MassDEP. However, permittees must continue to send hard copies of reports other than DMRs to MassDEP until further notice from MassDEP.

The Draft Permit also includes an "opt-out" request process. Permittees who believe they cannot use NetDMR due to technical or administrative infeasibilities, or other logical reasons, must demonstrate the reasonable basis that precludes the use of NetDMR. These permittees must submit the justification, in writing, to EPA at least sixty (60) days prior to the date the facility would otherwise be required to begin using NetDMR. Opt-outs become effective upon the date of written approval by EPA and are valid for twelve (12) months from the date of EPA approval. The opt-outs expire at the end of this twelve (12) month period. Upon expiration, the permittee must submit DMRs and reports to EPA using NetDMR, unless the permittee submits a renewed opt-out request sixty (60) days prior to expiration of its opt-out, and such a request is approved by EPA.

Until electronic reporting using NetDMR begins, or for those permittees that receive written approval from EPA to continue to submit hard copies of DMRs, the Draft Permit requires that submittal of DMRs and other reports required by the permit continue in hard copy format. Hard copies of DMRs must be postmarked no later than the 15th day of the month following the completed reporting period.

### 13. State Certification Requirements

The NPDES Permit is issued jointly by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection under federal and state law, respectively. As such, all the terms and conditions of the permit are, therefore, incorporated into and constitute a discharge permit issued by the MassDEP Commissioner.

# 14. Comment Period, Hearing Requests, and Procedures for Final Decisions

All persons, including applicants, who believe any condition of the draft permit is inappropriate must raise all issues and submit all available arguments and all supporting material for their arguments in full by the close of the public comment period, to the U.S. EPA, Office of Ecosystem Protection, 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, Boston, Massachusetts 02109-3912. Any person, prior to such date, may submit a request in writing for a public hearing to consider the draft permit to EPA and the State Agency. Such requests shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. Public hearings may be held after at least thirty days public notice whenever the Regional Administrator finds that response to this notice indicates a significant public interest. In reaching a final decision on the draft permit, the Regional Administrator will respond to all significant comments and make these responses available to the public at EPA's Boston office.

Following the close of the comment period and after a public hearing, if such a hearing is held, the Regional Administrator will issue a final permit decision and forward a copy of the final decision to the applicant and each person who has submitted written comments or requested notice.

### 15. General Conditions

The general conditions of the permit are based on 40 CFR Parts 122, Subparts A and D and 40 CFR §124, Subparts A, D, E, and F and are consistent with management requirements common to other permits.

### 16. State Certification Requirements

The staff of the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection ("MassDEP") has reviewed the draft permit. EPA has requested permit certification by the State pursuant to 40 CFR § 124.53 and expects that the draft permit will be certified.

#### 17. EPA & MassDEP Contacts

Additional information concerning the draft permit may be obtained between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, from:

Robin L. Johnson EPA New England – Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 Mail Code OEP06-1 Boston, MA 02109-3912

Telephone: 617-918-1045 FAX: 617-918-0045

Johnson.Robin@epa.gov

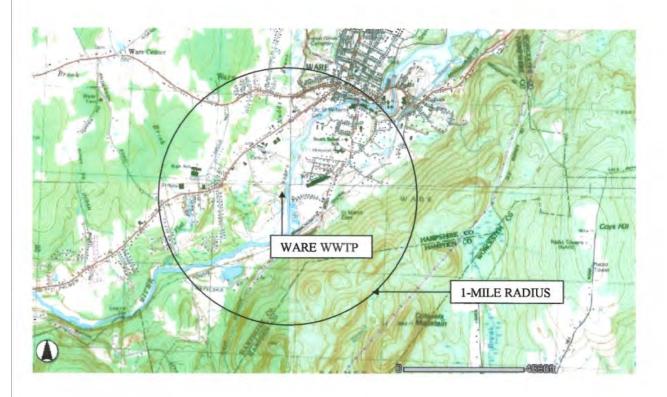
claire.golden@state.ma.us

Claire Golden Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection 205B Lowell Street Wilmington, Massachusetts 01887 Telephone: 978-694-3244 FAX: 978-694-3498

February 21, 2013

Date

Ken Moraff, Director Office of Ecosystem Protection U.S. Environmental Protection Agency



### A-5

### TOPOGRAPHIC MAP

### WARE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT

SECTION OF USGS MAP SCALE 1 IN. = 3,400 FT. +/-

THERE ARE NO WELLS, SPRINGS, OR SURFACE WATER BODIES, OTHER THAN THE WARE RIVER, WITHIN ¼ MILE OF THE WARE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT.

Figure 1 – Facility Location Map

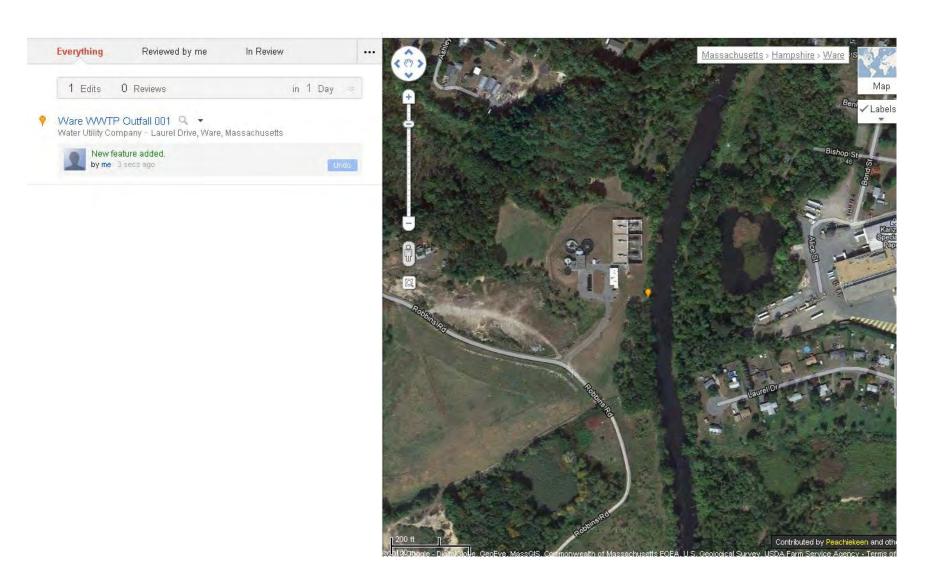
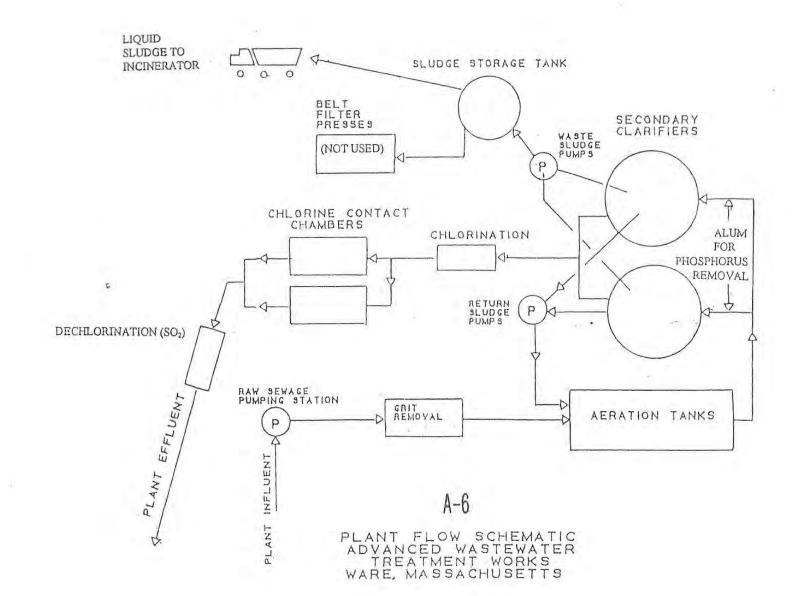


Figure 2 – Outfall Location Map





### <u>001A</u>

BOD, 5-day, 20 deg. C Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

Season -	- 0						
			Q1	Q2	C1	C2	C3
			208 lb/d	208 lb/d	25 mg/L	25 mg/L	Req. Mon. mg/L
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	DAILY MX
00310	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	32 lb/d	86 lb/d	6 mg/L	10 mg/L	10 mg/L
00310	08/31/2009	9/12/2009	39 lb/d	90 lb/d	7 mg/L	15 mg/L	15 mg/L
00310	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	18 lb/d	28 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00310	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	28.7 lb/d	58.1 lb/d	6.6 mg/L	11 mg/L	11 mg/L
00310	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	14.1 lb/d	56.7 lb/d	3 mg/L	10.8 mg/L	18 mg/L
00310	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	34.2 lb/d	53.2 lb/d	6.3 mg/L	8.5 mg/L	11 mg/L
00310	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	30.1 lb/d	71 lb/d	6 mg/L	8.7 mg/L	18 mg/L
00310	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	27.7 lb/d	40.7 lb/d	5.3 mg/L	7.8 mg/L	7.8 mg/L
00310	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	72 lb/d	154 lb/d	10 mg/L	18 mg/L	18 mg/L
00310	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	23 lb/d	38 lb/d	3 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00310	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	14 lb/d	16 lb/d	3 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00310	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	13 lb/d	14 lb/d	3 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00310	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	39 lb/d	65 lb/d	10 mg/L	15 mg/L	15 mg/L
00310	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	23 lb/d	41 lb/d	6 mg/L	10 mg/L	10 mg/L
00310	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	34.4 lb/d	87.9 lb/d	4 mg/L	20 mg/L	20 mg/L
00310	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	210 lb/d	40 lb/d	5 mg/L	9 mg/L	9 mg/L
00310	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	25 lb/d	37 lb/d	6 mg/L	8 mg/L	8 mg/L
00310	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	16 lb/d	30 lb/d	4 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00310	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	28 lb/d	48 lb/d	7 mg/L	12 mg/L	12 mg/L
00310	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	35 lb/d	57 lb/d	8 mg/L	13 mg/L	13 mg/L
00310	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	23 lb/d	45 lb/d	2 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00310	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	39 lb/d	69 lb/d	5 mg/L	9 mg/L	9 mg/L
00310	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	13 lb/d	13 lb/d	2 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00310	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	18 lb/d	48 lb/d	3 mg/L	8 mg/L	8 mg/L
00310	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	19 lb/d	33 lb/d	4 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00310	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	16 lb/d	37 lb/d	3 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00310	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	24 lb/d	40 lb/d	3 mg/L	5 mg/L	5 mg/L
00310	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	13 lb/d	13 lb/d	2 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00310	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	23 lb/d	53 lb/d	3 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00310	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	16 lb/d	25 lb/d	2 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00310	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	23 lb/d	35 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00310	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	35 lb/d	71 lb/d	7 mg/L	14 mg/L	14 mg/L
00310	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	26 lb/d	45 lb/d	4 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00310	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	13 lb/d	13 lb/d	3 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00310	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	19 lb/d	28 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00310	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	19 lb/d	38 lb/d	4 mg/L	8 mg/L	2 mg/L

Chlorine, total residual Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

			C1	C3
			160 ug/L	277 ug/L
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	<b>DAILY MX</b>
50060	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	20 ug/L	60 ug/L
50060	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	60 ug/L	90 ug/L
50060	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	45 ug/L	70 ug/L
50060	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	26 ug/L	70 ug/L
50060	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	18 ug/L	90 ug/L
50060	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	36 ug/L	80 ug/L
50060	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	31 ug/L	70 ug/L
50060	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	29 ug/L	50 ug/L
50060	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	28 ug/L	50 ug/L
50060	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	25 ug/L	40 ug/L
50060	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	20 ug/L	30 ug/L
50060	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	24 ug/L	40 ug/L
50060	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	119 ug/L	260 ug/L
50060	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	81 ug/L	120 ug/L
50060	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	42 ug/L	240 ug/L
50060	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	69 ug/L	250 ug/L

50060	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	70 ug/L	220 ug/L
50060	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	65 ug/L	240 ug/L
50060	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	51 ug/L	170 ug/L
50060	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	56 ug/L	230 ug/L
50060	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	45 ug/L	280 ug/L

Coliform, fecal general Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

Season -	- 0			
			C1	C3
			200 CFU/100mL	400 CFU/100mL
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO GEO	DAILY MX
74055	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	41.4 CFU/100mL	1,500 CFU/100mL
74055	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	14.8 CFU/100mL	30 CFU/100mL
74055	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	13.6 CFU/100mL	70 CFU/100mL
74055	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	31.7 CFU/100mL	20 CFU/100mL
74055	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	30.5 CFU/100mL	80 CFU/100mL
74055	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	10 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	9.4 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	9 CFU/100mL	9 CFU/100mL
74055	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	9 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	24.4 CFU/100mL	120 CFU/100mL
74055	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	9.5 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	264 CFU/100mL	22,200 CFU/100mL
74055	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	9 CFU/100mL	9 CFU/100mL
74055	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	11 CFU/100mL	20 CFU/100mL
74055	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	24 CFU/100mL	450 CFU/100mL
74055	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	16 CFU/100mL	140 CFU/100mL
74055	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	17 CFU/100mL	50 CFU/100mL
74055	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	10 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	10 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
74055	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	17 CFU/100mL	80 CFU/100mL
74055	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	10 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL

### E. coli, thermotol, MF, MTEC Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

Season = 0

			C1	C3
			Req. Mon. CFU/100mL	Req. Mon. CFU/100mL
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	DAILY MX
31633	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	NODI Code = 9	NODI Code = 9
31633	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	NODI Code = 9	NODI Code = 9

Limit Start Date = 1/1/10 Season = 0

			C1	C3
			Req. Mon. CFU/100mL	Req. Mon. CFU/100mL
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MOAV GEO	DAILY MX
31633	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	8 CFU/100mL	8 CFU/100mL
31633	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	8 CFU/100mL	8 CFU/100mL
31633	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	4 CFU/100mL	4 CFU/100mL
31633	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	1 CFU/100mL	10 CFU/100mL
31633	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	4,300 CFU/100mL	4,300 CFU/100mL
31633	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	1 CFU/100mL	1 CFU/100mL
31633	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	0 CFU/100mL	0 CFU/100mL
31633	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	2 CFU/100mL	2 CFU/100mL

8 CFU/100mL 31633 06/30/2012 7/3/2012 8 CFU/100mL

# Flow, in conduit or thru treatment plant Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

			Q1	Q2
			Req. Mon. MGD	Req. Mon. MGD
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	DAILY MX
50050	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	0.63	1.11 MGD
50050	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	0.72	1.24 MGD
50050	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	0.55	0.69 MGD
50050	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0.52	0.64 MGD
50050	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	0.56	0.63 MGD
50050	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	0.65	0.75 MGD
50050	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	0.6	0.98 MGD
50050	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	0.63	1 MGD
50050	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	0.86	1.7 MGD
50050	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	0.92	1.7 MGD
50050	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	0.56	0.62 MGD
50050	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	0.52	0.58 MGD
50050	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	0.47	0.54 MGD
50050	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	0.45	0.57 MGD
50050	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	0.46	0.53 MGD
50050	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	0.5	0.65 MGD
50050	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	0.51	0.62 MGD
50050	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	0.51	0.61 MGD
50050	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	0.48	0.54 MGD
50050	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	0.52	0.79 MGD
50050	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	1.35	2.7 MGD
50050	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	0.93	1.13 MGD
50050	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	0.8	0.96 MGD
50050	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	0.71	0.83 MGD
50050	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	0.57	0.69 MGD
50050	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	0.64	1.84 MGD
50050	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	0.95	2.03 MGD
50050	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	0.77	0.9 MGD
50050	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	0.91	1.03 MGD
50050	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	0.99	1.54 MGD
50050	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	0.7	0.79 MGD
50050	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	0.61	0.78 MGD
50050	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	0.6	0.68 MGD
50050	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	0.51	0.61 MGD
50050	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	0.56	0.68 MGD
50050	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	0.57	0.68 MGD
		AVG	0.660833333	
		MED	0.6	

### Flow, total Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

			Q1
			1 MGD
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	ROLL AVG
82220	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	0.72 MGD
82220	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	0.72 MGD
82220	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	0.69 MGD
82220	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0.68 MGD
82220	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	0.68 MGD
82220	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	0.66 MGD
82220	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	0.64 MGD
82220	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	0.64 MGD
82220	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	0.65 MGD
82220	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	0.67 MGD
82220	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	0.65 MGD
82220	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	0.69 MGD
82220	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	0.63 MGD
82220	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	0.61 MGD
82220	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	0.6 MGD
82220	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	0.6 MGD
82220	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	0.59 MGD
82220	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	0.57 MGD
82220	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	0.57 MGD
82220	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	0.56 MGD
82220	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	0.61 MGD
82220	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	0.61 MGD
82220	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	0.63 MGD
82220	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	0.64 MGD
82220	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	0.65 MGD
82220	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	0.67 MGD
82220	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	0.71 MGD
82220	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	0.73 MGD
82220	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	0.76 MGD
82220	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	0.8 MGD
82220	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	0.82 MGD
82220	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	0.83 MGD
82220	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	0.77 MGD
82220	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	0.73 MGD
82220	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	0.71 MGD
82220	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	0.7 MGD

# Nitrite plus nitrate total 1 det. (as N) Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

season -	= 0	season = u					
			C1				
			Req. Mon. mg/L				
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AV MN				
00630	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	14				
00630	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	9.3				
00630	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	13				
00630	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	16				
00630	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	12				
00630	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	15				
00630	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	17				
00630	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	5.8				
00630	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	8.8				
00630	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	3				
00630	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	2.5				
00630	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	15				
00630	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	6.8				
00630	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	13				
00630	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	15				
00630	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	18				
00630	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	15				
00630	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	19				
00630	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	13				

00630	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	17
00630	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	10
00630	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	12
00630	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	9.9
00630	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	6.8
00630	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	12
00630	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	8.7
00630	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	12
00630	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	10
00630	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	7
00630	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	9.9
00630	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	9.8
00630	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	10.9
00630	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	15
00630	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	16
00630	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	9.4
00630	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	7.4
		AVG	11.52777778
		MED	12

#### Nitrogen, ammonia total (as N)

Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 2

			C1	C2	C3
			1 mg/L	1 mg/L	1.5 mg/L
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	DAILY MX
00610	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	0.23 mg/L	0.6 mg/L	0.6 mg/L
00610	08/31/2009	9/12/2009	0.55 mg/L	0.98 mg/L	0.98 mg/L
00610	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	0.46 mg/L	0.56 mg/L	0.56 mg/L
00610	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0.2 mg/L	0.32 mg/L	0.32 mg/L
00610	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	0.34 mg/L	0.74 mg/L	0.74 mg/L
00610	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	0.59 mg/L	0.85 mg/L	0.85 mg/L
00610	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	0.2 mg/L	0.25 mg/L	0.25 mg/L
00610	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	0.48 mg/L	0.89 mg/L	0.89 mg/L
00610	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	0.4 mg/L	0.96 mg/L	0.96 mg/L
00610	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	0.42 mg/L	0.72 mg/L	0.72 mg/L
00610	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	0.23 mg/L	0.34 mg/L	0.34 mg/L
00610	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	0.24 mg/L	0.49 mg/L	0.49 mg/L
00610	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	0.47 mg/L	1.2 mg/L	1.2 mg/L
00610	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	0.2 mg/L	0.32 mg/L	0.32 mg/L
00610	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	0.45 mg/L	0.62 mg/L	0.62 mg/L

### Nitrogen, Kjeldahl, total (as N)

Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

Season = 0

C1 Req. Mon. mg/L Rec Dt **Pram** MP Dt MO AV MN 00625 07/31/2009 8/11/2009 0.28 00625 08/31/2009 9/12/2009 1.1 09/30/2009 00625 10/14/2009 0.99 00625 10/31/2009 11/13/2009 1.3 12/8/2009 00625 11/30/2009 1.5 1/14/2010 00625 12/31/2009 1.5 00625 01/31/2010 2/12/2010 1.6 00625 02/28/2010 3/11/2010 4.9 00625 03/31/2010 4/13/2010 1.9 00625 04/30/2010 5/13/2010 4.2 00625 05/31/2010 6/8/2010 1.4 00625 06/30/2010 7/13/2010 1.6 00625 07/31/2010 8/11/2010 1.6 00625 08/31/2010 9/13/2010 1.7 00625 09/30/2010 10/14/2010 1.8 00625 10/31/2010 11/8/2010 1.4 00625 11/30/2010 12/7/2010 16 00625 12/31/2010 1/11/2011 2 00625 01/31/2011 2/8/2011 2 00625 02/28/2011 3/3/2011 2.7

00625	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	4.3
00625	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	2.3
00625	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	2.2
00625	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	1.1
00625	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	2.1
00625	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	1.7
00625	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	0.9
00625	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	1.2
00625	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	0.88
00625	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	0.95
00625	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	1.3
00625	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	1.6
00625	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	2.5
00625	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	1.4
00625	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	1.5
00625	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	1.5
		AVE	2.191666667
		MED	1.6

pH Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

			C1	C3
			6.5 SU	8.3 SU
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MINIMUM	<b>MAXIMUM</b>
00400	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	08/31/2009	9/12/2009	6.5 SU	6.7 SU
00400	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	6.5 SU	6.7 SU
00400	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	6.5 SU	6.9 SU
00400	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	6.5 SU	6.9 SU
00400	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	6.6 SU	6.8 SU
00400	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	6.5 SU	7 SU
00400	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	6.5 SU	6.7 SU
00400	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	6.5 SU	7.3 SU
00400	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	6.5 SU	7.4 SU
00400	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	6.5 SU	6.9 SU
00400	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	6.5 SU	7 SU
00400	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	6.5 SU	6.8 SU
00400	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	6.5 SU	7.2 SU
00400	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	6.7 SU	7 SU
00400	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	6.8 SU	6.9 SU
00400	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	6.6 SU	6.9 SU
00400	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	6.5 SU	7.1 SU
00400	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	6.9 SU	7.1 SU
00400	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	6.8 SU	7.4 SU
00400	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	6.9 SU	7.2 SU
00400	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	6.8 SU	7.1 SU
00400	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	6.8 SU	7.1 SU
00400	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	6.9 SU	7.2 SU
00400	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	6.9 SU	7.2 SU
00400	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	6.9 SU	7 SU
00400	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	6.8 SU	7 SU
00400	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	6.8 SU	7 SU
00400	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	6.8 SU	7 SU
00400	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	6.8 SU	7 SU
00400	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	6.9 SU	7.1 SU
00400	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	6.9 SU	7.2 SU

Phosphate, ortho, dissolved (as P) Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

Season = 0

Q2 C3 Q1 C1 Req. Mon. lb/d Req. Mon. mg/L Req. Mon. mg/L Req. Mon. lb/d MO AVG **DAILY MX** MO AVG **DAILY MX** <u>Pram</u> MP Dt Rec Dt

00671	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	0.42 lb/d	0.66 lb/d	0.09 mg/L	0.14 mg/L
00671	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	0.49 lb/d	1.19 lb/d	0.09 mg/L	0.19 mg/L
00671	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	6.13 lb/d	30.99 lb/d	1.22 mg/L	3.8 mg/L
00671	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	3.3 lb/d	4.3 lb/d	0.63 mg/L	0.8 mg/L
00671	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	3 lb/d	3.6 lb/d	0.4 mg/L	0.47 mg/L
00671	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	3.3 lb/d	5.1 lb/d	0.79 mg/L	1.2 mg/L
00671	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	3.1 lb/d	3.7 lb/d	0.73 mg/L	0.86 mg/L
00671	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	3.9 lb/d	7.6 lb/d	0.99 mg/L	1.9 mg/L
00671	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	3.2 lb/d	3.7 lb/d	0.73 mg/L	0.86 mg/L
00671	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	4.6 lb/d	6.9 lb/d	0.41 mg/L	0.61 mg/L
00671	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	2.9 lb/d	4.4 lb/d	0.38 mg/L	0.58 mg/L
00671	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	3 lb/d	4 lb/d	0.37 mg/L	0.49 mg/L
00671	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	2 lb/d	4 lb/d	0.34 mg/L	0.68 mg/L
00671	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	1.6 lb/d	1.9 lb/d	0.31 mg/L	0.37 mg/L
00671	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	2 lb/d	2.7 lb/d	0.4 mg/L	0.53 mg/L

### Phosphorus, total (as P) Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

			C1	C2	C3
			1 mg/L	1 mg/L	1.5 mg/L
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	DAILY MX
00665	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	0.32 mg/L	0.36 mg/L	0.36 mg/L
00665	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	0.36 mg/L	0.42 mg/L	0.42 mg/L
00665	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	0.31 mg/L	0.46 mg/L	0.46 mg/L
00665	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0.21 mg/L	0.28 mg/L	0.28 mg/L
00665	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	0.23 mg/L	0.3 mg/L	0.3 mg/L
00665	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	0.24 mg/L	0.36 mg/L	0.36 mg/L
00665	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	0.29 mg/L	0.38 mg/L	0.38 mg/L
00665	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	0.48 mg/L	0.55 mg/L	0.55 mg/L
00665	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	0.63 mg/L	0.76 mg/L	0.76 mg/L
00665	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	0.66 mg/L	0.7 mg/L	0.7 mg/L
00665	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	0.64 mg/L	0.64 mg/L	0.64 mg/L
00665	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	0.45 mg/L	0.64 mg/L	0.64 mg/L
00665	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	0.4 mg/L	0.47 mg/L	0.47 mg/L
00665	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	0.37 mg/L	0.54 mg/L	0.54 mg/L
00665	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	0.45 mg/L	0.7 mg/L	0.7 mg/L
00665	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	0.46 mg/L	0.74 mg/L	0.74 mg/L
00665	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	0.6 mg/L	0.81 mg/L	0.81 mg/L
00665	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	0.53 mg/L	0.65 mg/L	0.65 mg/L
00665	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	0.43 mg/L	0.54 mg/L	0.54 mg/L
00665	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	0.6 mg/L	0.91 mg/L	0.91 mg/L
00665	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	0.98 mg/L	1.6 mg/L	1.6 mg/L

#### Season = 1

C1 Req. Mon. mg/L <u>Pram</u> MP Dt Rec Dt **MO AVG** 00665 11/30/2009 12/8/2009 0.13 mg/L 12/31/2009 1/14/2010 00665 0.2 mg/L 00665 01/31/2010 2/12/2010 1.44 mg/L 00665 02/28/2010 3/11/2010 0.68 mg/L 00665 03/31/2010 4/13/2010 0.46 mg/L 00665 11/30/2010 12/7/2010 0.78 mg/L 00665 12/31/2010 1/11/2011 0.88 mg/L 01/31/2011 2/8/2011 00665 1.23 mg/L 00665 02/28/2011 3/3/2011 1 mg/L 00665 03/31/2011 4/11/2011 0.6 mg/L 11/30/2011 12/7/2011 0.51 mg/L 00665 12/31/2011 1/4/2012 0.6 mg/L 00665 00665 01/31/2012 2/2/2012 0.42 mg/L 3/7/2012 00665 02/29/2012 0.48 mg/L 00665 03/31/2012 4/4/2012 0.67 mg/L

Solids, total suspended Limit Start Date = 7/1/07 Season = 0

Season .	- 0						
			Q1	Q2	C1	C2	C3
			208 lb/d	208 lb/d	25 mg/L	25 mg/L	Req. Mon. mg/L
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	MO AVG	WKLY AVG	DAILY MX
00530	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	5 lb/d	11 lb/d	1 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00530	08/31/2009	9/12/2009	1 lb/d	6 lb/d	0 mg/L	1 mg/L	1 mg/L
00530	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	5 lb/d	19 lb/d	1 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	0 lb/d	0 lb/d	0 mg/L	0 mg/L	0 mg/L
00530	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	3.76 lb/d	NODI Code =	0.8 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00530	11/30/2009	1/13/2010	NODI Code =	14.1 lb/d	NODI Code =	NODI Code =	NODI Code =
00530	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	22.8 lb/d	32.6 lb/d	4.2 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	10.04 lb/d	47.31 lb/d	2 mg/L	5.8 mg/L	9 mg/L
00530	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	36.6 lb/d	52.3 lb/d	7 mg/L	10 mg/L	10 mg/L
00530	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	43 lb/d	69 lb/d	6 mg/L	8 mg/L	8 mg/L
00530	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	15 lb/d	21 lb/d	2 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	19 lb/d	31 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	13 lb/d	14 lb/d	3 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00530	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	9 lb/d	13 lb/d	2 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00530	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	15 lb/d	24 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	11.5 lb/d	17.6 lb/d	3 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	10 lb/d	13 lb/d	2 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00530	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	17 lb/d	29 lb/d	4 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	22 lb/d	26 lb/d	5 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	28 lb/d	64 lb/d	7 mg/L	16 mg/L	16 mg/L
00530	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	30 lb/d	44 lb/d	6 mg/L	10 mg/L	10 mg/L
00530	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	68 lb/d	90 lb/d	6 mg/L	8 mg/L	8 mg/L
00530	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	31 lb/d	62 lb/d	4 mg/L	8 mg/L	8 mg/L
00530	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	27 lb/d	33 lb/d	4 mg/L	5 mg/L	5 mg/L
00530	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	12 lb/d	12 lb/d	2 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00530	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	5 lb/d	10 lb/d	1 mg/L	2 mg/L	2 mg/L
00530	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	16 lb/d	21 lb/d	3 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	55 lb/d	95 lb/d	7 mg/L	12 mg/L	12 mg/L
00530	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	19 lb/d	32 lb/d	3 mg/L	5 mg/L	5 mg/L
00530	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	23 lb/d	45 lb/d	3 mg/L	6 mg/L	6 mg/L
00530	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	16 lb/d	25 lb/d	2 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L
00530	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	18 lb/d	23 lb/d	3 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	25 lb/d	50 lb/d	5 mg/L	10 mg/L	10 mg/L
00530	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	25 lb/d	35 lb/d	5 mg/L	7 mg/L	7 mg/L
00530	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	13 lb/d	17 lb/d	3 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	14 lb/d	19 lb/d	2 mg/L	4 mg/L	4 mg/L
00530	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	10 lb/d	14 lb/d	2 mg/L	3 mg/L	3 mg/L

Monitoring Location = K

BOD, 5-day, percent removal

Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

			85 %
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AV MN
81010	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	96.5 %
81010	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	95.8 %
81010	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	98.5 %
81010	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	97 %
81010	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	96.5 %
81010	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	94.5 %
81010	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	96 %
81010	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	97 %
81010	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	93.6 %
81010	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	98 %
81010	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	98.9 %
81010	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	98.3 %
81010	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	97.3 %
81010	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	98.3 %
81010	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	96.8 %
81010	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	97.4 %
81010	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	97.7 %
81010	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	98.6 %
81010	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	96.8 %
81010	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	96.7 %
81010	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	97.8 %
81010	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	96 %
81010	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	99 %
81010	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	98 %
81010	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	98 %
81010	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	99 %
81010	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	98.4 %
81010	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	99 %
81010	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	98.7 %
81010	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	98.7 %
81010	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	97.4 %
81010	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	95.8 %
81010	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	97.8 %
81010	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	98.5 %
81010	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	98.4 %
81010	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	97.3 %

# Solids, suspended percent removal Limit Start Date = 7/1/07

			C1
			85 %
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	MO AV MN
81011	07/31/2009	8/11/2009	99.4 %
81011	08/31/2009	9/11/2009	99.9 %
81011	09/30/2009	10/14/2009	99.4 %
81011	10/31/2009	11/13/2009	100 %
81011	11/30/2009	12/8/2009	100 %
81011	12/31/2009	1/14/2010	98 %
81011	01/31/2010	2/12/2010	96 %
81011	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	96 %
81011	03/31/2010	4/13/2010	96 %
81011	04/30/2010	5/13/2010	98 %
81011	05/31/2010	6/8/2010	98 %
81011	06/30/2010	7/13/2010	99 %
81011	07/31/2010	8/11/2010	99 %
81011	08/31/2010	9/13/2010	99 %
81011	09/30/2010	10/14/2010	99 %
81011	10/31/2010	11/8/2010	99 %
81011	11/30/2010	12/7/2010	99 %
81011	12/31/2010	1/11/2011	98 %
81011	01/31/2011	2/8/2011	96.5 %
81011	02/28/2011	3/3/2011	97 %
81011	03/31/2011	4/11/2011	94 %
81011	04/30/2011	5/9/2011	98 %
81011	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	99 %

81011	06/30/2011	7/7/2011	99 %
81011	07/31/2011	8/5/2011	99.4 %
81011	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	98.6 %
81011	09/30/2011	10/7/2011	94.9 %
81011	10/31/2011	11/3/2011	98.6 %
81011	11/30/2011	12/7/2011	98.4 %
81011	12/31/2011	1/4/2012	98.2 %
81011	01/31/2012	2/2/2012	98.3 %
81011	02/29/2012	3/7/2012	97.6 %
81011	03/31/2012	4/4/2012	97.7 %
81011	04/30/2012	5/2/2012	99.1 %
81011	05/31/2012	6/5/2012	99.1 %
81011	06/30/2012	7/3/2012	98.8 %

### 001B

### Monitoring Location = 1

### LC50 Static 48Hr Acute Ceriodaphnia

Limit Start Date = 8/1/07

Season = 0

			C1
			100 %
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	DAILY MN
TAA3B	08/31/2009	9/21/2009	100 %
TAA3B	11/30/2009	1/13/2010	100 %
TAA3B	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	100 %
TAA3B	05/31/2010	6/16/2010	100 %
TAA3B	08/31/2010	8/31/2010	100 %
TAA3B	11/30/2010	12/9/2010	100 %
TAA3B	02/28/2011	3/29/2011	100 %
TAA3B	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	100 %
TAA3B	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	100 %
TAA3B	11/30/2011	12/12/2011	100 %
TAA3B	02/29/2012	3/9/2012	100 %
TAA3B	05/31/2012	6/12/2012	100 %

# Noel Statre 7Day Chronic Ceriodaphnia Limit Start Date = 8/1/07

			C1
			7 %
<u>Pram</u>	MP Dt	Rec Dt	DAILY MN
TBP3B	08/31/2009	9/21/2009	100 %
TBP3B	11/30/2009	1/13/2010	100 %
TBP3B	02/28/2010	3/11/2010	7 %
TBP3B	05/31/2010	6/16/2010	6.25 %
TBP3B	08/31/2010	8/31/2010	25 %
TBP3B	11/30/2010	12/9/2010	25 %
TBP3B	02/28/2011	3/29/2011	6.25 %
TBP3B	05/31/2011	6/7/2011	25 %
TBP3B	08/31/2011	9/6/2011	100 %
TBP3B	11/30/2011	12/12/2011	50 %
TBP3B	02/29/2012	3/9/2012	50 %
TBP3B	05/31/2012	6/12/2012	100 %

# Appendix B

# **Aluminum Data from Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests**

Date	Effluent (µg/L)	River (µg/L)
11/9/2009	71	94
2/8/2010	243	82
5/10/2010	93	138
8/10/2010	100	90
11/18/2010	99	109
2/7/2011	108	74
5/9/2011	48	47
8/8/2011	77	38
11/14/2011	53	146
2/20/2012	140	70
median	96	86

### Reasonable Potential Analysis no ND, >10 data points, Lognormal distribution

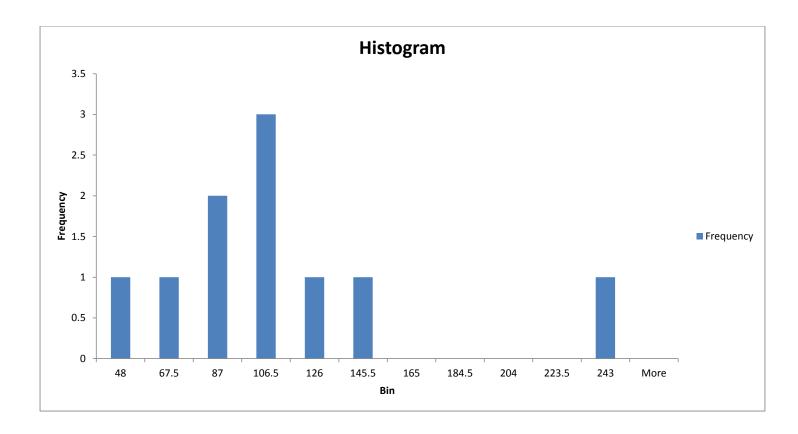
## Dilution Factor: 10

Date	Al (ug/L)	Yi InAl (ug/L)
8/10/2009	71	4.2627
11/9/2009	243	5.4931
2/8/2010	93	4.5326
5/10/2010	100	4.6052
8/10/2010	99	4.5951
11/18/2010	108	4.6821
2/7/2011	48	3.8712
5/9/2011	77	4.3438
8/8/2011	53	3.9703
11/14/2011	140	4.9416

## Al - (Lognormal distribution, no ND)

Estimated Daily Maximum Effluent Concentration		
k = number of daily samples =	10	
$u_y$ = Avg of Nat. Log of daily Discharge =	4.52977	
$s_y$ = Std Dev. of Nat Log of daily discharge =	0.46944	
$\sigma_y^2$ = estimated variance = (SUM[(y <sub>i</sub> - $u_y$ ) <sup>2</sup> ]) / (k-1) =	0.220377315	
cv(x)= Coefficient of Variation =	0.103635194	
99th Percentile Daily Max Estimate = $\exp(u_y + 2.326*s_y)$ Estimated Daily Max 99th percentile = Estimated Daily Max including Dilution Factor =	276.3577	ug/L ug/L
95th Percentile Daily Max Estimate = $\exp(u_y + 1.645*s_y)$ Estimated Daily Max = Estimated Daily Max including Dilution Factor =	200.7389	ug/L ug/L

Bin	Frequency
48	1
67.5	1
87	2
106.5	3
126	1
145.5	1
165	0
184.5	0
204	0
223.5	0
243	1
More	0



## Aluminum Reasonable Potential Analysis

Acute			96.94432585
	Downstream conc	Downstream conc = (QeCe + QsCs)/Qr	
			-
			<mark>. '</mark>
Qr =	16.25 cfs	7Q10 + design flow	
Qs =	14.7 cfs	7Q10	
Cs =	86 ug/l	Background conc	
Qr = Qs = Cs = Qe = Ce =	1.55 cfs	design flow	
Ce =	200.74 ug/l	maximum concentration	

Water Quality Criterion 750.00

There is NO reasonable potential

Chronic	Downstream conc	= (QeCe + QsCs)/Qr	96.94443077
Qr =	16.25 cfs	7Q10 + design flow	
Qs =	14.7 cfs	7Q10	
Cs =	86 ug/l	Background conc	
Qe =	1.55 cfs	design flow	
Ce =	200.74 ug/l	95th percentile projection	

Water Quality Criterion 87.00

There is reasonable potential

## **Permit Limit Calculation**

 $Q_sC_s + Q_dC_d = Q_rC_r$ 

**Monthly Average** 

Permit Limit =  $[C_r \times (Q_d + Q_s) - Q_s C_s]/Q_d = 96.48387 \text{ mg/L}$ 

Units

Where

C <sub>s</sub> =	background concentration	86.00 µg/L
$Q_s =$	critical streamflow	14.7 cfs
Qd=	critical effluent flow	1.55 cfs
Cr=	water quality criterion	87 µg/L

# Appendix C

# **Copper Data from Whole Effluent Toxicity Tests**

Date	Effluent (µg/L)	River (µg/L)
8/10/2009	12	4
11/9/2009	12	2
2/8/2010	20	<1
5/10/2010	9	2
8/10/2010	14	2
11/18/2010	12	3
2/7/2011	12	1
5/9/2011	10	10
8/8/2011	11	1
11/14/2011	7	<1
2/20/2012	6	1
median	12	2

### Reasonable Potential Analysis no ND, >10 data points, Lognormal distribution

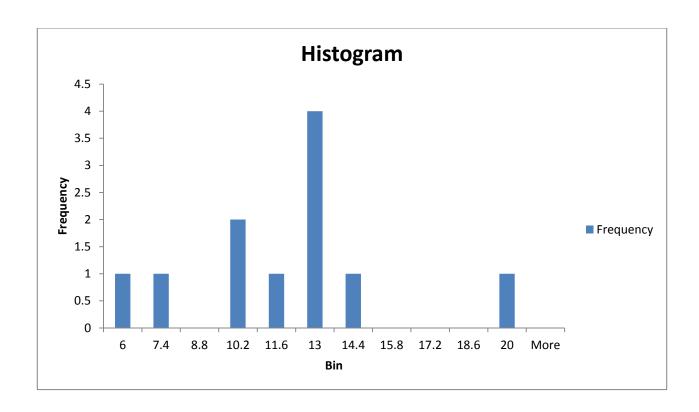
## Dilution Factor: 10

Date	Cu (ug/L)	Yi InCu (ug/L)
8/10/2009	12	2.4849
11/9/2009	12	2.4849
2/8/2010	20	2.9957
5/10/2010	9	2.1972
8/10/2010	14	2.6391
11/18/2010	12	2.4849
2/7/2011	12	2.4849
5/9/2011	10	2.3026
8/8/2011	11	2.3979
11/14/2011	7	1.9459
2/20/2012	6	1.7918

## Al - (Lognormal distribution, no ND)

Estimated Daily Maximum Effluent Concentration	
k = number of daily samples =	11
$u_y$ = Avg of Nat. Log of daily Discharge =	2.38271
$s_y$ = Std Dev. of Nat Log of daily discharge =	0.32625
$\sigma_y^2$ = estimated variance = (SUM[( $y_i - u_y$ ) <sup>2</sup> ]) / (k-1) =	0.106435896
cv(x)= Coefficient of Variation =	0.136921986
99th Percentile Daily Max Estimate = exp (u <sub>y</sub> + 2.326*s <sub>y</sub> ) Estimated Daily Max 99th percentile = Estimated Daily Max including Dilution Factor =	23.1398 ug/L ug/L
95th Percentile Daily Max Estimate = exp (u <sub>y</sub> + 1.645*s <sub>y</sub> ) Estimated Daily Max = Estimated Daily Max including Dilution Factor =	18.5298 ug/L ug/L

Bin	Frequency
6	1
7.4	. 1
8.8	0
10.2	2
11.6	1
13	4
14.4	. 1
15.8	0
17.2	0
18.6	0
20	1
More	0



Acute	te Downstream conc = (QeCe + QsCs)/Qr		3.716923077
Qr = Qs = Cs = Qe = Ce =	16.25 cfs 14.7 cfs	7Q10 + design flow 7Q10	
Cs =	2 ug/l	Background conc	
Qe =	1.55 cfs	design flow	
Ce =	20.00 ug/l	maximum concentration	

Water Quality Criterion 3.52

There is reasonable potential

Chronic	Downstream conc = (QeCe + QsCs)/Qr		3.576690861
Qr =	16.25 cfs	7Q10 + design flow	
Qs =	14.7 cfs	7Q10	
Cs =	2 ug/l	Background conc	
Qe =	1.55 cfs	design flow	
Ce =	18.53 ug/l	95th percentile projection	

Water Quality Criterion 2.67

There is reasonable potential

# **Permit Limit Calculation**

 $Q_sC_s + Q_dC_d = Q_rC_r$ 

**Maximum Daily** 

Permit Limit =  $[C_r \times (Q_d + Q_s) - Q_s C_s]/Q_d = 17.93548 \mu g/L$ 

Units

Where

 $C_s$ = background concentration 2.00 µg/L  $Q_s$ = critical streamflow 14.7 cfs Qd= critical effluent flow 1.55 cfs Cr= acute water quality criterion 3.52 µg/L

 $Q_sC_s + Q_dC_d = Q_rC_r$ 

**Monthly Average** 

Permit Limit =  $[C_r \times (Q_d + Q_s) - Q_s C_s]/Q_d = 9.024194 \mu g/L$ 

Units

Where

 $C_s$ = background concentration 2.00 µg/L  $Q_s$ = critical streamflow 14.7 cfs Qd= critical effluent flow 1.55 cfs Cr= chronic water quality criterion 2.67 µg/L

MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS 1 WINTER STREET BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02108 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY OFFICE OF ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION REGION I BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02109

JOINT PUBLIC NOTICE OF A DRAFT NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT TO DISCHARGE INTO THE WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES UNDER SECTIONS 301 AND 402 OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT, AS AMENDED, AND UNDER SECTIONS 27 AND 43 OF THE MASSACHUSETTS CLEAN WATERS ACT, AS AMENDED, AND REQUEST FOR STATE CERTIFICATION UNDER SECTION 401 OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT.

DATE OF NOTICE: March 8, 2013

NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: MA0100889

PUBLIC NOTICE NUMBER: MA-007-13

NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Town of Ware
Department of Public Works
4 ½ Church Street
Ware, Massachusetts 01082

#### NAME AND ADDRESS OF FACILITY WHERE DISCHARGE OCCURS:

Ware Wastewater Treatment Plant 30 Robbins Road Ware, Massachusetts 01082

RECEIVING WATER(S):

Ware River (Segment MA 36-06) Chicopee River Basin

RECEIVING WATER CLASSIFICATION(S): B - Warm Water Fishery, CSO\*

\* Although this segment is classified as a CSO (combined sewer overflow) in the 2006 standards, there are currently no CSOs in this segment. Future standards will reflect this fact.

#### PREPARATION OF THE DRAFT PERMIT:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) have cooperated in the development of a permit for the above identified facility. The effluent limits and permit conditions imposed have been drafted to assure compliance with the Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. sections 1251 et seq., the Massachusetts

Clean Waters Act, G.L. c. 21, §§ 26-53, 314 CMR 3.00 and State Surface Water Quality Standards at 314 CMR 4.00. EPA has formally requested that the State certify this draft permit pursuant to Section 401 of the Clean Water Act and expects that the draft permit will be certified. However, sludge conditions in the draft permit are not subject to State certification requirements.

#### INFORMATION ABOUT THE DRAFT PERMIT:

A fact sheet (describing the type of facility; type and quantities of wastes; a brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions; and significant factual, legal and policy questions considered in preparing this draft permit) and the draft permit may be obtained at no cost at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/draft\_permits\_listing\_ma.html">http://www.epa.gov/region1/npdes/draft\_permits\_listing\_ma.html</a> or by writing or calling EPA's contact person named below:

Robin L. Johnson
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency – Region 1
5 Post Office Square, Suite 100 (OEP06-1)
Boston, MA 02109-3912
Telephone: (617) 918-1045

The administrative record containing all documents relating to this draft permit is on file and may be inspected at the EPA Boston office mentioned above between 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except holidays.

# PUBLIC COMMENT AND REQUEST FOR PUBLIC HEARING:

All persons, including applicants, who believe any condition of this draft permit is inappropriate, must raise all issues and submit all available arguments and all supporting material for their arguments in full by **April 6, 2013**, to the U.S. EPA, 5 Post Office Square, Boston, Massachusetts 02109-3912. Any person, prior to such date, may submit a request in writing to EPA and the State Agency for a public hearing to consider this draft permit. Such requests shall state the nature of the issues proposed to be raised in the hearing. A public hearing may be held after at least thirty days public notice whenever the Regional Administrator finds that response to this notice indicates significant public interest. In reaching a final decision on this draft permit, the Regional Administrator will respond to all significant comments and make the responses available to the public at EPA's Boston office.

#### FINAL PERMIT DECISION:

Following the close of the comment period, and after a public hearing, if such hearing is held, the Regional Administrator will issue a final permit decision and forward a copy of the final decision to the applicant and each person who has submitted written comments or requested notice.

DAVID FERRIS, DIRECTOR
MASSACHUSETTS WASTEWATER
MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

KEN MORAFF, ACTING DIRECTOR OFFICE OF ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY – REGION 1

# APPENDIX C

**Potential Future Sewer Expansion Project Flows** 

# Ware, MA - Sewer Master Plan Projected Future Flow Estimates by Project

# Master Calculation Inputs

THE COLOUR CONTRACTOR	
People/Single Family Home	2.5
Residential (GPD/Capita)	70
Residential (GPD/Unit)	175
TR-16 I/I Allowance (GPD/In-Diam-Mile)	250

# (All flows are projected Average Daily Flows)

Project 1	Longview Street Sewer Extension
	Residential 94 units times 175 gpd/unit = 16,450 *calculated lower,adjusted
	commercial properties that were
	Commercial         8.726         acres         523         4,699         below 175 to 175
	Infiltration 10.76 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 2,689
Project 2	Meadow Heights Sewer Extension
	Residential 49 units times 175 gpd/unit = 8,575
	Infiltration 8.26 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 2,064
Project 3	Malboeuf Road Sewer Extension Residential 142 units times 175 gpd/unit = 24,850
	Residential         142 units times         175 gpd/unit =         24,850           Infiltration         15.30 in-diam-mi times         250 gpd/in-diam-mi =         3,826
	5, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
Project 4	Mountain View Drive Sewer Extension
1 10,000 4	Residential 50 units times 175 gpd/unit = 8,750
	Infiltration 5.45 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 1,364
Project 5	Palmer Road Sewer Extension
	Residential 54 units times 175 gpd/unit = 9,450 *calculated 418, one 300, other
	Existing Commercial 0.8 acres 523 475 120, increased the 120 to 175
	Developable Commercial 0.098 acres 523 gpd/acre = 175 *put as 175, originally 51.
	Infiltration 11.67 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 2,917
Project 6	Old Belchertown Road Sewer Extension
	Residential 84 units times 175 gpd/unit = 14,700 *calculated to 43, changed to
	Commercial 0.082 acre 523 gpd/acre 175 175
	Infiltration 13.33 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 3,333
Project 7	Beaver Lake Area Low-Pressure Sewer System
	Residential 445 units times 175 gpd/unit = 77,875  Infiltration 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 0
	Infiltration 0.00 in-diam-mi times 250 gpd/in-diam-mi = 0

# APPENDIX D

Rules and Regulations Governing the Town of Ware's Public Sewer System

# RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE TOWN OF WARE'S PUBLIC SEWER SYSTEM

Adopted July 21, 2015 Amended October 20, 2015

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#### TOWN OF WARE SEWER REGULATIONS

#### **SECTION 1- GENERAL PROVISIONS**

# 1.1 Purpose and Policy

These regulations set forth uniform requirements for Users of the Publicly Owned Treatment Works for the Town of Ware and enable the Town of Ware to comply with all applicable State and Federal laws, including the Clean Water Act (33 United States Code [U.S.C.] section 1251 et seq.) and the General Pretreatment Regulations (Title 40 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* [CFR] Part 403). The objectives of these regulations are:

- A. To prevent the introduction of pollutants into the Publicly Owned Treatment Works that will interfere with its operation;
- B. To prevent the introduction of pollutants into the Publicly Owned Treatment Works that will pass through the Publicly Owned Treatment Works, inadequately treated, into receiving waters, or otherwise be incompatible with the Publicly Owned Treatment Works;
- C. To protect both Publicly Owned Treatment Works personnel who may be affected by wastewater and sludge in the course of their employment and the general public;
- D. To promote reuse and recycling of industrial wastewater and sludge from the Publicly Owned Treatment Works;
- E. To provide for fees for the equitable distribution of the cost of operation, maintenance, and improvement of the Publicly Owned Treatment Works; and
- F. To enable the Town of Ware to comply with its National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit conditions, sludge use and disposal requirements, and any other Federal or State laws to which the Publicly Owned Treatment Works is subject.
- G. To assure that connections into the public sewer shall be properly constructed, installed, and connected.

These regulations shall apply to all Users of the Publicly Owned Treatment Works. The regulations authorize the issuance of individual wastewater discharge permits; provide for monitoring, compliance, and enforcement activities; establish administrative review procedures; require User reporting; and provide for the setting of fees for the equitable distribution of costs resulting from the program established herein.

It shall be unlawful to introduce any substance into the Publicly Owned Treatment Works for the Town of Ware except as a User in compliance with these regulations.

#### 1.2 Administration

Except as otherwise provided herein, the Director of Public Works shall administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of these regulations. Any powers granted to or duties imposed upon the Director of Public Works may be delegated by the Director of Public Works to a duly authorized Town of Ware employee.

#### 1.3 Abbreviations

The following abbreviations, when used in these regulations, shall have the designated meanings:

BOD Biochemical Oxygen Demand
BMP Best Management Practice
BMR Baseline Monitoring Report
CFR Code of Federal Regulations
CIU Categorical Industrial User
COD Chemical Oxygen Demand

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

gpd gallons per day
IU Industrial User
mg/l milligrams per liter

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

POTW Publicly Owned Treatment Works

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

SIU Significant Industrial User SNC Significant Noncompliance TSS Total Suspended Solids U.S.C. United States Code

#### 1.4 Definitions

Unless a provision explicitly states otherwise, the following terms and phrases, as used in these regulations, shall have the meanings hereinafter designated.

**Act or "the Act."** The Federal Water Pollution Control Act, also known as the Clean Water Act, as amended, 33 U.S.C. section 1251 et seq.

**Approval Authority**. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 1.

# Authorized or Duly Authorized Representative of the User.

- (1) If the User is a corporation:
  - (a) The president, secretary, treasurer, or a vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy or decision-making functions for the corporation; or

- (b) The manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions that govern the operation of the related facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiate and direct other comprehensive measures to assure long-term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for individual wastewater discharge permit requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures.
- (2) If the User is a partnership or sole proprietorship: a general partner or proprietor, respectively.
- (3) If the User is a Federal, State, or local governmental facility: a director or highest official appointed or designated to oversee the operation and performance of the activities of the government facility, or their designee.
- (4) The individuals described in paragraphs 1 through 3, above, may designate a Duly Authorized Representative if the authorization is in writing; the authorization specifies the individual or position responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge originates or having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company, and the written authorization is submitted to the Town of Ware.

**Biochemical Oxygen Demand or BOD**. The quantity of oxygen utilized in the biochemical oxidation of organic matter under standard laboratory procedures for five (5) days at 20 degrees centigrade, usually expressed as a concentration (e.g., mg/l).

**Best Management Practices or BMPs:** means schedules of activities, prohibitions of practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to implement the prohibitions listed in Section 2.6 A and B. BMPs include treatment requirements, operating procedures, and practices to control plant site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or waste disposal, or drainage from raw materials storage.

**Board** - The Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners of Ware, Massachusetts or its authorized agent or representative.

Board of Health shall mean the Board of Health of the Town of Ware.

**Building drain:** That part of the lowest horizontal piping of a drainage system which receives the discharge from soil, waste, and other draining pipes inside the walls of the building and conveys it to the building sewer.

**Building sewer:** A sewer conveying wastewater from the premises of a User to the publicly owned treatment works.

Categorical Pretreatment Standard or Categorical Standard. Any regulation containing pollutant discharge limits promulgated by EPA in accordance with sections 307(b) and (c) of the Act (33 U.S.C. section 1317) that apply to a specific category of Users and that appear in 40 CFR Chapter 1, Subchapter N, Parts 405-471.

Categorical Industrial User. An Industrial User subject to a categorical Pretreatment Standard or categorical Standard.

Chemical Oxygen Demand or COD. A measure of the oxygen required to oxidize all compounds, both organic and inorganic, in water.

Control Authority (or Town). The Town of Ware.

Cooling water shall mean the water discharged from any use, such as air conditioning, cooling or refrigeration, to which the only pollutant added is heat.

**Daily Maximum.** The arithmetic average of all effluent samples for a pollutant collected during, a calendar day.

**Daily Maximum Limit.** The maximum allowable discharge limit of a pollutant during a calendar day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in units of mass, the daily discharge is the total mass discharged over the course of the day. Where Daily Maximum Limits are expressed in terms of a concentration, the daily discharge is the arithmetic average measurement of the pollutant concentration derived from all measurements taken that day.

**Director or Director of Public Works.** The person designated by the Town of Ware to supervise the operation of the POTW, and who is charged with certain duties and responsibilities by these regulations. This person acts as the Superintendent. The term also means a Duly Authorized Representative of the Director of Public Works.

**Domestic wastes** shall mean liquid wastes:

- (1) From the noncommercial preparation, cooking and handling of food; or
- (2) Containing human excrement and similar matter from the sanitary conveniences of dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial facilities and institutions.

**Environmental Protection Agency or EPA**. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or, where appropriate, the Regional Water Management Division Director, the Regional Administrator, or other duly authorized official of said agency.

**Existing source.** Any source of discharge that is not a "New Source."

**Grab sample.** A sample that is taken from a waste stream without regard to the flow in the waste stream and over a period of time not to exceed fifteen (15) minutes.

**Indirect Discharge or Discharge.** The introduction of pollutants into the POTW from any non-domestic source.

**Industrial User:** A source of Indirect Discharge to the POTW.

**Infiltration** shall mean the water entering a sanitary sewer, including sewer service connections, from the ground, through such means as, but not limited to, defective pipes, pipe joints, connections or manhole walls. Infiltration does not include, and is distinguished from, inflow.

**Inflow** shall mean the water discharged into a sanitary sewer including service connections from such sources as, but not limited to, roof leaders, cellar, yard and area drains, foundation drains, cooling water discharges, drains from springs and swampy areas, manhole covers, cross-connections from the storm sewers and combined sewers, catch basins, storm waters, surface run-off, street wash waters, or drainage. Inflow does not include, and is distinguished from, infiltration.

**Instantaneous Limit.** The maximum, concentration of a pollutant allowed to be discharged at any time, determined from the analysis of any discrete or composite sample collected, independent of the industrial flow rate and the duration of the sampling event.

**Interference.** A discharge that, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, inhibits or disrupts the POTW, its treatment processes or operations or its sludge processes, use or disposal; and therefore, is a cause of a violation of the Town's NPDES permit or of the prevention of sewage sludge use or disposal in compliance with any of the following statutory/regulatory provisions or permits issued thereunder, or any more stringent State or local regulations: section 405 of the Act; the Solid Waste Disposal Act, including Title II commonly referred to as the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA); any State regulations contained in any State sludge management plan prepared pursuant to Subtitle D of the Solid Waste Disposal Act; the Clean Air Act; the Toxic Substances Control Act; and the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act.

**Local Limit.** Specific discharge limits developed and enforced by the Town of Ware upon industrial or commercial facilities to implement the general and specific discharge prohibitions listed in 40 CFR 403.5(a)(l) and (b).

"May" is permissive.

**Medical waste.** Isolation wastes, infectious agents, human blood and blood products, pathological, wastes, sharps, body parts, contaminated bedding, surgical wastes, potentially contaminated laboratory wastes, and dialysis wastes.

**Monthly Average**. The sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month.

**Monthly Average Limit.** The highest allowable average of "daily discharges" over a calendar month, calculated as the sum of all "daily discharges" measured during a calendar month divided by the number of "daily discharges" measured during that month.

**National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES):** the program for issuing, conditioning and denying permits for the discharge of pollutants from point sources into the navigable waters, the contiguous zone and the oceans pursuant to Section 402 of PL 92 500.

#### New Source.

- (1) Any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is (or may be) a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced after the publication of proposed Pretreatment Standards under section 307(c) of the Act that will be applicable to such source if such Standards are thereafter promulgated in accordance with that section, provided that:
  - (a) The building, structure, facility, or installation is constructed at a site at which no other source is located; or,
  - (b) The building, structure, facility, or installation totally replaces the process or production equipment that causes the discharge of pollutants at an Existing Source; or
  - (c) The production or wastewater generating processes of the building, structure, facility, or installation are substantially independent of an Existing Source at the same site. In determining whether these are substantially independent, factors such as the extent to which the new facility is integrated with the existing plant, and the extent to which the new facility is engaged in the same general type of activity as the Existing Source, should be considered.
- (2) Construction on a site at which an Existing Source is located results in a modification rather than a New Source if the construction does not create a new building, structure, facility, or installation meeting the criteria of Section(l)(b) or (c) above but otherwise alters, replaces, Or adds to existing process or production equipment.
- (3) Construction of a New Source as defined under this paragraph has commenced if the owner or operator has:
  - (a) Begun, or caused to begin, as part of a continuous onsite construction program;
    - i. any placement, assembly, or installation of facilities or equipment; or
    - ii. significant site preparation work including clearing, excavation, or removal of existing buildings, structures, or facilities which is necessary for the placement assembly, or installation of new source facilities or equipment; or

(b) Entered into a binding contractual obligation for the purchase of facilities or equipment, which are intended to be used in its operation within a reasonable time. Options to purchase or contracts which can be terminated or modified without substantial loss, and contracts for feasibility, engineering, and design studies do not constitute a contractual obligation under this paragraph.

**Non-contact cooling water.** Water used for cooling that does not come into direct contact with any raw material, intermediate product, waste product, or finished product.

**Pass Through**. A discharge which exits the POTW into waters of the United States in quantities or concentrations which, alone or in conjunction with a discharge or discharges from other sources, is a cause of a violation of any requirement of the Town of Ware NPDES permit, including an increase in the magnitude or duration of a violation.

**Person.** Any individual, partnership, copartnership, firm, company, corporation, association, joint stock company, trust, estate, governmental entity, or any other legal entity; or their legal representatives, agents, or assigns. This definition includes all Federal, State, and local governmental entities.

**pH.** A measure of the acidity or alkalinity of a solution, expressed in standard units.

**Pollutant.** Dredged spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, filter backwash, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, Medical Wastes, chemical wastes, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt, municipal, agricultural and industrial wastes, and certain characteristics of wastewater (e.g., pH, temperature, TSS, turbidity, color, BOD, COD, toxicity, or odor).

**Pretreatment.** The reduction of the amount of pollutants, the elimination of pollutants, or the alteration of the nature of pollutant properties in wastewater prior to, or in lieu of, introducing such pollutants into the POTW. This reduction or alteration can be obtained by physical, chemical, or biological processes; by process changes; or by other means, except by diluting the concentration of the pollutants unless allowed by an applicable Pretreatment Standard.

**Pretreatment requirements.** Any substantive or procedural requirement related to pretreatment imposed on a User, other than a Pretreatment Standard.

**Pretreatment standards or Standards**. Pretreatment Standards shall mean prohibited discharge standards, categorical Pretreatment Standards, and Local Limits.

**Prohibited Discharge Standards or Prohibited Discharges**. Absolute prohibitions against the discharge of certain substances; these prohibitions appear in Section 2.6 of these regulations.

**Properly shredded garbage** shall mean the wastes from the preparation, cooking, and dispensing of food that have been shredded to such a degree that all particles will be carried

freely under the flow conditions normally prevailing in public sewers, with no particle greater than one-half (1/2) inch (1.27) centimeters in any dimension.

**Publicly Owned Treatment Works or POTW**. A treatment works, as defined by section 212 of the Act (33 U.S.C. section 1292), which is owned by the Town of Ware. This definition includes any devices or systems used in the collection, storage, treatment, recycling, and reclamation of sewage or industrial wastes of a liquid nature and any conveyances, which convey wastewater to a treatment plant.

**Receiving stream** shall mean a body of water, stream or water course receiving the discharge of waters from the wastewater treatment plant

**Septic tank waste**. Any sewage from holding tanks such as vessels, chemical toilets, campers, trailers, and septic tanks.

**Sewage**. Human excrement and gray water (household showers, dishwashing operations, etc.).

# Significant Industrial User (SIU).

A Significant Industrial User is:

- (1) An Industrial User subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards; or
- (2) An Industrial User that:
  - (a) Discharges an average of twenty-five thousand (25,000) gpd or more of process wastewater to the POTW (excluding sanitary, non-contact cooling and boiler blowdown wastewater);
  - (b) Contributes a process waste stream which makes up five (5) percent or more of the average dry weather hydraulic or organic capacity of the POTW treatment plant; or
  - (c) Is designated as such by Town of Ware on the basis that it has a reasonable potential for adversely affecting the POTW's operation or for violating any Pretreatment Standard or Requirement.

**Significant Non-Compliance (SNC)** shall mean any violation which meets one or more specific criteria set forth within 40 CFR 403.8 (f)(2)(vii).

"Shall" is mandatory.

**Slug load or Slug discharge.** Any discharge at a flow rate or concentration, which could cause a violation of the prohibited discharge standards in Section 2.6 of these regulations. A Slug Discharge is any Discharge of a non-routine, episodic nature, including but not limited to an accidental spill or a non-customary batch Discharge, which has a reasonable potential

to cause Interference or Pass Through, or in any other way violate the POTW's regulations, Local Limits or Permit conditions.

**Standard Industrial classification (SIC)** shall mean a classification pursuant to the Standard Industrial Classification Manual issued by the Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, 1972, as amended from time to time.

**Storm Water.** Any flow occurring during or following any form of natural precipitation, and resulting from such precipitation, including snowmelt.

**Total Suspended Solids or Suspended Solids.** The total suspended matter that floats on the surface of, or is suspended in, water, wastewater, or other liquid, and that is removable by laboratory filtering.

"Town" shall mean the Town of Ware, Massachusetts.

**Toxic pollutant** shall mean any pollutant or combination of pollutants listed as toxic in regulations promulgated by the administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under Section 307(a) of the Act, or other Acts; or in regulations promulgated under M.G.L. C. 21, including, but not limited to, 314 CMR 3.00, 7.00 and 12.00.

**User**. Any person who contributes, causes or permits the contribution of wastewater into the Publicly Owned Treatment Works of the Town of Ware.

**Wastewater.** Liquid and water-carried industrial wastes and sewage from residential dwellings, commercial buildings, industrial, and manufacturing facilities, and institutions, whether treated or untreated, which are contributed to the POTW.

Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP), Water Pollution Control Plant (WPCP) or Treatment Plant. That portion of the POTW that is designed to provide treatment of municipal sewage and industrial waste.

Terms not otherwise defined herein shall be as adopted in the latest edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater published by the American Public Health Association, the American Water Works Association and the Water Pollution Control Federation, or as defined in the General Pretreatment Regulations 40 CFR Part 403.

#### SECTION 2- GENERAL SEWER USE REQUIREMENTS

# 2.1 Control of Inflow/Infiltration

All new systems of sewers and extensions of existing systems shall be so constructed as to prevent any and all inflow/infiltration considered excessive as defined by Federal Standards. All new sewer systems and extensions shall include a standard pressurization test for pressure sewers and an exfiltration test for gravity sewers and manholes, as required by the Director of Public Works or his/her designee. The Director of Public Works shall specify the nature of the required testing. These tests shall be witnessed and attested to by the authorized DPW representatives. If

the Town Engineer cannot witness the tests, a registered professional engineer (in Massachusetts) shall certify and seal with authorized stamp, a letter which states the results of all testing on sewers and manholes. All existing sewerage systems shall be maintained to eliminate any and all inflow/infiltration considered excessive by DEP.

# 2.2 User compliance.

- A. It shall be unlawful to discharge to any natural outlet within the Town, or in any area under the jurisdiction of said Town, any sewage or other polluted waters, except where suitable treatment has been provided in accordance with subsequent provisions of this bylaw and the requirements of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
- B. Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful to construct or maintain in the Town any privy, privy vault, septic tank, cesspool, or other facility intended or used for the disposal of sewage except where no sewage facilities are available.
- C. Users shall make wastewater acceptable in accordance with these regulations before discharging to the Town sewer and subsequently to the POTW. Any user to whom federal or state pretreatment standards are applicable shall be in compliance with such standards within the time required by the Director of Public Works or his/her designee. In addition, the Director may deny or condition new or increased contributions of pollutants to the Ware sewer system by industrial users.

# 2.3 Required building sewer connections.

All structures used for human occupancy and equipped with sanitary facilities which are located within one hundred fifty (150) feet of public sewer mains and to which the property abuts shall connect at the owner's expense to the public sewer system if the connection into the community system will flow into the main by gravity.

All new structures must be connected to the community sewerage system if the property abuts a public easement in which a sewer main exists and is available for connection.

Upon connection to the community sewerage system any septic tank must be disconnected from the structure and shall be pumped dry and the tank filled with clean gravel or sand. The contents of a septic tank which is being discontinued because the structure which it served is being connected to the community sewerage system must have the sludge pumped from the tank and disposed of in a proper fashion according the DEP regulations.

All structures within one hundred fifty (150) feet of a community sewer main, unless exempted by this regulation, shall connect to the community sewer system.

Any persons requesting exemption from connecting to the community sewer system shall be required to:

A. Have their premises inspected by the Director or other authorized representative.

- B. Show just cause that the connection would result in an unreasonable disruption of existing facilities or create an extreme financial burden. To document and justify such a financial burden, financial statements and/ or other financial records must be submitted to the Director for review.
- C. Provide information, such as certification by a registered engineer or sanitarian, that the septic system was properly installed and is operating satisfactorily and in compliance with current State and local regulations.

#### 2.4. Building sewers and connections.

- A. No unauthorized person shall uncover, make any connections with or opening into, use, alter, or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance thereof without first obtaining a written permit from the Department of Public Works. Any person preparing a new discharge into the system or a substantial change in volume or character of pollutants that are being discharged into the system shall notify the Department of Public Works at least forty-five (45) days prior to the proposed change or connection.
- B. There shall be two classes of sewer connection permits: for residential and commercial service, and for Industrial Users. In either case, the property owner or his or her agent shall make application on a special form furnished by the Director. The permit application shall be supplemented by any plans, specifications or other information considered pertinent by the Director. A permit and inspection fee as shown in the Appendix for a residential, commercial or industrial sewer connection permit shall be paid to the Town of Ware.
- C. All costs and expense for the installation of the building sewer shall be borne by the applicant or property owner. The property owner shall select a private contractor to make the connection. Any work done in the public right-of-way and all connections shall be in accord with such rules, regulations, or directions of the Department of Public Works. The property owner shall indemnify the Town of Ware from any loss or damage that may directly or indirectly be caused by the installation of the building sewer.
- D. A separate and independent building sewer shall be provided for every building; except where one building stands at the rear of another on an interior lot and no private sewer is available or can be constructed to the rear building through an adjoining alley, court, yard, or driveway, the building sewer from the front building may be extended to the rear building and charged as separate connections.

- E. Old building sewers may be used in connection with new buildings only when they are found, on examination by the DPW, to meet all requirements of these rules and regulations.
- F. The connection of the building sewer into the POTW shall conform to the requirements of the building and plumbing code or other applicable regulations. The property owner shall construct the building sewer from the property line to the building drain. This construction shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Department of Public Works and as herein stated.
- G. The size, slope, alignment, materials of construction of a building sewer, and the methods to be used in excavating, placing of the pipe, jointing, testing, and backfilling the trench, shall all conform to the requirements of the State Plumbing Code, as applicable and the Department of Public Works Standards. The following are the basic requirements:
  - (1) Pipe shall be a minimum of four (4) inch diameter for a single family residential dwelling, and a minimum of six (6) inch diameter for a commercial building or multifamily dwelling, as determined by the Director of Public Works.
  - (2) Pipe material shall be ductile iron, polyvinyl chloride (PVC), or similar material and subject to the approval of the Director of Public Works; all materials to be of sufficient strength for the particular installation.
  - (3) Pipe joints shall be either factory-made compression-type joints or FERNCO type couplings or equal.
  - (4) All building sewers shall be laid straight to line and grade, with a minimum pitch of one-quarter (1/4) inch per foot.
  - (5) All building sewers shall carefully be bedded in pea stone, backfilled, have a minimum of six (6) inch cushion from rock or ledge or other utility, to prevent damage.
  - (6) All pipe, joints and connections shall be watertight and gastight.
  - (7) When a new building replaces an existing service at a property, the existing sewer service shall be replaced complete to the sewer main unless the existing connection is approved by the Director of Public Works.
- H. Whenever possible, the building sewer shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. In all buildings in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sanitary sewage carried by such building drain may be lifted by an approved means and discharged to the building sewer.

- I. The applicant for the building sewer permit shall notify the Department of Public Works when the building sewer is ready for inspection. The inspection will be made by an authorized representative of the Department of Public Works and approval will be given if the installation is accepted. The building sewer shall not be covered or backfilled until this approval is given. All sewer installation work shall be limited to within the time period of 7:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. Work shall not be permitted on Saturdays, Sundays or holidays, nor be performed outside of the allowable time period without written authorization from the Director. Should the sewer installation work be performed outside of the above time periods, the user, contractor and/or developer shall pay for the cost of inspection by the Department of Public Works or their designated representative at the rates described herein.
- J. The building sewer from the main to the building (or all pipes beyond the tee or wye in the roadway) is the property of the property owner and all repairs to the same must be at his/her expense. If the Director makes an emergency repair to a building sewer, the reasonable costs of such repair may be charged to the property owner as a supplemental fee.
- K. No person shall make or have connections of roof downspouts, foundation drains, areaway drains, or other sources of surface runoff groundwater to a building sewer or building drain which in turn is connected directly or indirectly to a public sanitary sewer. Sump or cellar pumps used for the control or relief of groundwater and/or drainage shall not be discharged to the building sewer, either directly or indirectly.
- L. All excavations for building sewer installation shall be completed in compliance with all applicable State and Federal regulations and shall be adequately guarded with barricades and lights so as to protect the public from hazard. Streets, sidewalks, parkways, and other public property disturbed in the course of the work shall be restored in a manner satisfactory to the Director of Public Works.
- M. Any excavation in Town accepted streets shall be in strict compliance with Department of Public Works Standards.
- N. Pumping stations shall not be allowed to be constructed to service proposed subdivisions unless sufficient documentation has been provided to the Department of Public Works that a gravity connection to the Town's sanitary sewer system does not exist nor is feasible to connect into using acceptable engineering practices. Should the Director of Public Works authorize the construction of a pumping station to service a subdivision, the pumping station shall be designed and constructed in accordance with specifications approved by the Director of Public Works.
- O. No new services will be granted from November 1 to April 1 except in such cases as deemed emergencies, or otherwise deemed appropriate by the Director.

Applications must be received by October 15 to qualify for installation by November 1.

- P. All fittings supplied as a courtesy by the Sewer Division to the consumer, shall be billed to the consumer.
- Q. Maintenance and repair of building sewers shall be the responsibility of the property owner. If the Director makes an emergency repair to a building sewer, the reasonable costs of such repair may be charged to the property owner as a supplemental fee.

#### 2.5 Fees

# A. User charges

The Town of Ware shall annually establish equitable and just user charges for the use of the sewage facilities to be paid by every owner of an establishment whose building sewers connect directly or indirectly into public sewers. Such annual charges shall be in proportion to the quantity of water supplied to every such establishment, subject to just and equitable discounts and abatements in exceptional cases, or in the case of private water supply, a fair estimate shall be used. The town shall revise the charges for users or user classes to accomplish the following: maintain a proportionate distribution of operation and maintenance cost among users and user classes as required herein; generate sufficient revenue to pay the total operation and maintenance costs necessary to the proper operation and maintenance (including replacement) of the treatment works; and apply excess revenues collected from a class of users to the costs of operation and maintenance attributable to that class for the next year and adjust the rate accordingly. The user charges shall constitute a lien upon the real estate using such public sewers to be collected in the same manner as taxes upon real estate. Such lien shall be proper and superior to every other lien or claim except a lien of an existing tax, water charge or local assessment or in an action of contract in the name of the Town.

# B. Charges for Service

The charge for residential or sewer service shall be based upon the quantity of water actually passing through the water meter, whether used or wasted. The rate shall be prevailing rate as established by the <u>Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners</u> per one hundred (100) cubic feet of water consumption as measured on the water meter. In addition to the charge for water consumption, a service charge per billing period shall be billed to all users as approved by the <u>Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners</u>. Service charges for sewer use are listed in Appendix A.

Septic tank sludge from septic tanks located within Ware and from outside Ware will be treated for a fee per gallons as established by the <u>Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners</u> and payable by the firm which delivers the sludge. The fee shall be as shown in Appendix A.

There shall be conducted a regular annual review of the sewer rates.

## C. Sewer Abatement Request

- 1.) The applicant requesting sewer abatement must complete an Application for Sewer Abatement form approved by the Board and submit that form to the Board or designee, within thirty (30) days after the billing period. The applicant must provide a written description as to the reasons why he/she feels the abatement should be granted.
- 2.) A processing fee of \$15.00 shall be charged for all sewer abatement applications submitted for consideration. The fee shall be attached to the application and shall not be refundable if the application is denied.
- **3.)** The Board will determine whether or not to issue abatement. Abatements are issued in the form of a credit on the applicant's next bill.

# D. Sewer Abatements Considered for Approval

# 1.) Agriculture or Horticulture Use

Water not discharged to the sewer system. Abatement requests are considered for dwellings that are designated as Agriculture or Horticulture facilities and are used for the purpose of raising animals or commercial crops when a common water meter is used for the purpose of the farmhouse and livestock watering. The sewer use fee will be based on an average home of similar size and usage.

#### 2.) Filling Swimming Pools

Sewer abatements for the purpose of filling new swimming pools or replacement liners in old pools will be granted by the Board if the abatement value is greater than the cost associated for the Town to process the abatement. The DPW Division will charge a \$35.00 service fee for meter readings and man-hours associated with the request for the sewer abatement.

#### 3.) Excessive Usage from Broken Water Pipes

In the event a meter reading is excessive due to broken water pipes, the homeowner may request a sewer abatement if he/she can prove within a reasonable doubt that the excess water did not enter the sewer system.

#### 4.) Inaccurate Readings

Sewer adjustments for inaccurate readings shall be subject to the Water Department confirming the error. The sewer fee charged will be proportional to the corrected water meter reading.

#### E. Sewer Abatement Not Allowed

Sewer Abatement will not be granted for the following use:

- 1.) Watering of gardens
- 2.) General wash-down of automobiles, buildings, driveways, etc.
- 3.) Watering of lawns
- **4.)** No water meter reading or use (The minimum charge will apply unless the water meter has been removed.)
- 5.) Any other reason determined by the Board after review

# 2.6 Prohibited Discharges

#### A. General Prohibitions.

No User shall introduce or cause to be introduced into the POTW any pollutant or wastewater which causes Pass Through or Interference. These general prohibitions apply to all Users of the POTW whether or not they are subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards or any other National, State, or local Pretreatment Standards or Requirements.

- B. Specific Prohibitions. No User shall introduce or cause to be introduced into the POTW the following pollutants, substances, or wastewater:
  - (1) Pollutants which create a fire or explosive hazard in the POTW, including, but not limited to, wastestreams with a closed-cup flashpoint of less than 140 degrees F (60 degrees C) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR 261.21;
  - (2) Wastewater having a pH less than 6.5 or more than 9.5, or otherwise causing corrosive structural damage to the POTW or equipment;
  - (3) Solid or viscous substances in amounts which will cause obstruction of the flow in the POTW resulting in Interference but in no case solids greater than 2 inch(es) in any dimension;
  - (4) Pollutants, including oxygen-demanding pollutants (BOD, etc.), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which, either singly or by interaction with other pollutants, will cause Interference with the POTW;
  - (5) Wastewater having a temperature which will inhibit biological activity in the treatment plant resulting in Interference, but in no case wastewater which

- causes the temperature at the introduction into the treatment plant to exceed 104 degrees F (40 degrees C);
- (6) Petroleum oil, non-biodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin, in amounts that will cause Interference or Pass Through;
- (7) Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems;
- (8) Trucked or hauled pollutants, except at discharge points designated by the Director of Public Works in accordance with Section 3.4 of these regulations;
- (9) Noxious or malodorous liquids, gases, solids, or other wastewater which, either singly or by interaction with other wastes, are sufficient to create a public nuisance or a hazard to life, or to prevent entry into the sewers for maintenance or repair;
- (10) Wastewater which imparts color which cannot be removed by normal treatment process, such as, but not limited to, dye wastes and vegetable tanning solutions, which consequently imparts color to the treatment plant's effluent, thereby violating the Town of Ware NPDES permit;
- (11) Wastewater containing any radioactive wastes or isotopes except in compliance with applicable State or Federal regulations;
- (12) Storm Water, surface water, ground water, artesian well water, roof runoff, subsurface drainage, swimming pool drainage, condensate, deionized water, Non-contact Cooling Water, and unpolluted wastewater, unless specifically authorized by the Director of Public Works;
- (13) Sludges, screenings, or other residues from the pretreatment of industrial wastes;
- (14) Medical Wastes, except as specifically authorized by the Director of Public Works in an individual wastewater discharge permit;
- (15) Wastewater causing, alone or in conjunction with other sources, the treatment plant's effluent to fail toxicity test;
- (16) Detergents, surface-active agents, or other substances which that might cause excessive foaming in the POTW;
- (17) Fats, oils, or greases of animal or vegetable origin in concentrations greater than that authorized by the Director of Public Works;

- (18) Wastewater causing two readings on an explosion hazard meter at the point of discharge into the POTW, or at any point in the POTW, of more than five percent (5%), or any single reading over ten percent (10%), of the lower explosive limit (LEL) of the meter.
- C. Pollutants, substances, or wastewater prohibited by this Section shall not be processed or stored in such a manner that they could be discharged to the POTW.

# 2.7 Polluted Discharge--Restricted

No Person shall discharge or cause to be discharged the following described substances, materials, waters, or Wastes if it appears likely in the opinion of the Director that such Wastes can harm either the Sewers, Wastewater treatment process, or equipment, have an adverse effect on the receiving stream, or can otherwise endanger life, limb, public property, or constitute a nuisance.

In forming an opinion as to the acceptability of these Wastes, the Director will give consideration to such factors as the quantities of subject Wastes in relation to flows and velocities in the Sewers, materials of construction of the Sewers, nature of the Wastewater treatment process, capacity of the Wastewater Treatment Works, degree of treatability of wastes in the Wastewater Treatment Works and other pertinent factors.

#### The substances restricted are:

- 1. No waters or wastes containing fats, wax, grease, or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/liter or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures between thirty-two degrees (32°) and one hundred fifty degrees (150°) Fahrenheit, (zero (00) and sixty-five degrees (65°) Centigrade);
- 2. Any Garbage that has not been properly shredded. The installation and operation of any Garbage grinder equipment with a motor of three-fourths (3/4) horsepower (0.76 hp metric) or greater may be subject to the review and approval of the Director;
- 3. Any waters or Wastes containing phenols or other taste or odor producing substances in such concentrations as to exceed the limits established by the Director and/or the requirements of the state, federal or other public agencies or jurisdictions for such discharge or the Receiving Waters;
- 4. Materials which exert or cause: Unusual concentrations of inert Suspended Solids (such as, but not limited to, Fuller's earth, lime slurries and lime residues) or of dissolved solids (such as, but not limited to, sodium chloride and sodium sulfate),
  - a. Color or Turbidity in such an amount that it will prevent the POTW from discharging a treated effluent in compliance with the water quality standards,

- b. Unusual BOD, COD, or Chlorine Demand in such quantities as to constitute a significant load on the POTW,
- c. Unusual volume of flow or concentration of waste constituting "slugs" as defined in this chapter;
- 5. Waters or Wastes containing substances which are not amenable to treatment or reduction by the Wastewater treatment processes employed, or are amenable to treatment plant effluent cannot meet the requirements of other agencies having jurisdiction over discharges to the Receiving Waters;
- 6. Septic tank solids that are not diluted sufficiently to assure that all particles will be carried freely under all flow conditions in the Wastewater Treatment Works.

# 2.8 Polluted Discharges--Options of Director

If any waters or Wastes are discharged, or are proposed to be discharged to the Public Sewers, which water contain the substances in excess of the limits which may be established by the Director of Public Works or possess the characteristics which, in the judgment of the Director of Public Works, may have a deleterious effect upon the Wastewater Treatment Works, processes, equipment, or Receiving Waters, or which otherwise create a hazard to life or constitute a public nuisance, the Director may:

- 1. Reject the Wastes;
- 2. Require Pretreatment to an acceptable condition for discharge to the Public Sewers;
- 3. Require control over the quantities and rates of discharge; and/or
- 4. Require payment to cover the added cost of handling and treating Wastes not covered by existing taxes or Sewer charges under the provisions of this chapter. The amount to be assessed shall include not only the aforementioned cost but also costs of ascertaining responsibilities.

If the Director permits the Pretreatment or equalization of waste flows, the design and installation of the plants and equipment shall be subject to the review and approval of the Director, and subject to the requirements of all applicable codes, ordinances and laws.

As set forth in Paragraph 1 above, the Director may restrict any waters or Wastes containing any of the following organic chemicals that exceed the following concentrations:

## 2.9 National Categorical Pretreatment Standards

Users must comply with the categorical Pretreatment Standards found at 40 CFR Chapter I, Subchapter N, Parts 405—471.

- A. Where a categorical Pretreatment Standard is expressed only in terms of either the mass or the concentration of a pollutant in wastewater, the Director of Public Works may impose equivalent concentration or mass limits in accordance with Section 2.9E and 2.9F.
- B. When the limits in a categorical Pretreatment Standard are expressed only in terms of mass of pollutant per unit of production, the Director of Public Works may convert the limits to equivalent limitations expressed either as mass of pollutant discharged per day or effluent concentration for purposes of calculating effluent limitations applicable to individual Industrial Users.
- C. When wastewater subject to a categorical Pretreatment Standard is mixed with wastewater not regulated by the same Standard, the Director of Public Works shall impose an alternate limit in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(e).
- D. A CIU may obtain a net/gross adjustment to a categorical Pretreatment Standard in accordance with the following paragraphs of this Section.
  - (1) Categorical Pretreatment Standards may be adjusted to reflect the presence of pollutants in the Industrial User's intake water in accordance with this Section. Any Industrial User wishing to obtain credit for intake pollutants must make application to the Town of Ware. Upon request of the Industrial User, the applicable Standard will be calculated on a "net" basis (i.e., adjusted to reflect credit for pollutants in the intake water) if the requirements of paragraph (2) of this Section are met.

#### (2) Criteria.

- (a) Either (i) The applicable Categorical Pretreatment Standards contained in 40 CFR subchapter N specifically provide that they shall be applied on a net basis; or (ii) The Industrial User demonstrates that the control system it proposes or uses to meet applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards would, if properly installed and operated, meet the Standards in the absence of pollutants in the intake waters.
- (b) Credit for generic pollutants such as biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), total suspended solids (TSS), and oil and grease should not be granted unless the Industrial User demonstrates that the constituents of the generic measure in the User's effluent are substantially similar to the constituents of the generic measure in the intake water or unless appropriate additional limits are placed on process water pollutants either at the outfall or elsewhere.
- (c) Credit shall be granted only to the extent necessary to meet the applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard(s), up to a maximum value equal to the influent value. Additional monitoring may be

- necessary to determine eligibility for credits and compliance with Standard(s) adjusted under this Section.
- (d) Credit shall be granted only if the User demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water as that into which the POTW discharges. The Town of Ware may waive this requirement if it finds that no environmental degradation will result.
- E. When a categorical Pretreatment Standard is expressed only in terms of pollutant concentrations, an Industrial User may request that Town of Ware convert the limits to equivalent mass limits. The determination to convert concentration limits to mass limits is within the discretion of the Director of Public Works. The Town of Ware may establish equivalent mass limits only if the Industrial User meets all the conditions set forth in Sections 2.9E(1)(a through e) below.
  - (1) To be eligible for equivalent mass limits, the Industrial User must:
  - a. Employ, or demonstrate that it will employ, water conservation methods and technologies that substantially reduce water use during the term of its individual wastewater discharge permit;
  - b. Currently use control and treatment technologies adequate to achieve compliance with the applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard, and not have used dilution as a substitute for treatment;
  - c. Provide sufficient information to establish the facility's actual average daily flow rate for all waste streams, based on data from a continuous effluent flow monitoring device, as well as the facility's long-term average production rate. Both the actual average daily flow rate and the long-term average production rate must be representative of current operating conditions;
  - d. Not have daily flow rates, production levels, or pollutant levels that vary so significantly that equivalent mass limits are not appropriate to control 'the Discharge; and
  - e. Have consistently complied with all applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards during the period prior to the industrial User's request for equivalent mass limits;
  - (2) An Industrial User subject to equivalent mass limits must:
  - a. Maintain and effectively operate control and treatment technologies adequate to achieve compliance with the equivalent mass limits;
  - b. Continue to record the facility's flow rates through the use of a continuous effluent, flow monitoring device;

- c. Continue to record the facility's production rates and notify the Director of Public Works whenever production rates are expected to vary by more than 20 percent from its baseline production rates determined, in paragraph 2.9F(1)(c) of this Section. Upon notification of a revised production rate, the Director of Public Works will reassess the equivalent mass limit and revise the limit as necessary to reflect changed conditions at the facility; and
- d. Continue to employ the same or comparable water conservation methods and, technologies as those implemented pursuant to paragraphs 2.9 E(l)(a) of this Section so 'long as it discharges under an equivalent mass limit.
- (3) When developing equivalent mass limits, the Director of Public Works:
- a. Will calculate the equivalent mass limit by multiplying the actual average daily flow rate of the regulated process(es) of the Industrial User by the concentration-based Daily Maximum and Monthly Average Standard for the applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard and the appropriate unit conversion factor;
- b. Upon notification of a revised production rate, will reassess the equivalent mass limit and recalculate the limit as necessary to reflect changed conditions at the facility; and
- c. May retain the same equivalent mass limit in subsequent individual wastewater discharger permit terms if the Industrial User's actual average daily flow rate was reduced solely as a result of the implementation of water conservation methods and technologies, and the actual average daily flow rates used in the original calculation of the equivalent mass limit were not based on the use of dilution as a substitute for treatment pursuant to Section 2.14. The Industrial User must also be in compliance with Section 13.3 regarding the prohibition of bypass.
- F. The Director of Public Works may convert the mass limits of the categorical Pretreatment Standards of 40 CFR Parts 414,419, and 455 to concentration limits for purposes of calculating limitations applicable to individual Industrial Users. The conversion is at the discretion of the Director of Public Works.
- G. Once included in its permit, the Industrial User must comply with the equivalent limitations developed in this Section (2.9) in lieu of the promulgated categorical Standards from which the equivalent limitations were derived.
- H. Many categorical Pretreatment Standards specify one limit for calculating maximum daily discharge limitations and a second limit for calculating maximum Monthly Average, or 4-day average, limitations. Where such Standards are being applied, the same production or flow figure shall be used in calculating both the average and the maximum equivalent limitation.

I. Any Industrial User operating under a permit incorporating equivalent mass or concentration limits calculated from a production-based Standard shall notify the Director of Public Works within two (2) business days after the User has a reasonable basis to know that the production level will significantly change within the next calendar month. Any User not notifying the Director of Public Works of such anticipated change will be required to meet the mass or concentration limits in its permit that were based on the original estimate of the long term average production rate.

#### 2.10 State Pretreatment Standards

Users must comply with all Commonwealth of Massachusetts Pretreatment Standards. It is the responsibility of the industrial user to identify all applicable Commonwealth of Massachusetts Pretreatment Standards.

#### 2.11 Local Limits

- A. The Director of Public Works is authorized to establish Local Limits pursuant to 40 CFR 403.5(c).
- B. The following pollutant limits are established to protect against Pass Through and Interference. No person shall discharge wastewater containing in excess of the following local limits. Any industrial user who discharges in excess of the TSS limit may be accessed a surcharge fee.

Maximum Allowable Industrial Headworks Loadings (MAIHL)

Pollutant	Concentration (mg/l)	Loading (lbs/d)
Zinc	8.53 mg/l	6.05 lbs/day
Total Suspended Solids	208.1 mg/l	147.5 lbs/day
Turbidity	49 NTUs	

The above limits apply at the point where the wastewater is discharged to the POTW. All concentrations for metallic substances are for total metal unless indicated otherwise. Director of Public Works may impose mass limitations in addition to the concentration-based limitations above.

- C. The Director of Public Works may develop Best Management Practices (BMPs), by regulation or in individual wastewater discharge permits.
- 2.12 Wastewaters--Containing Fats, Oil, and Grease (FOG)

Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be required when, in the opinion of the Director, they are necessary for the proper handling of liquid wastes containing grease in excessive amounts, or any flammable wastes, sand or other harmful ingredients; except that such interceptors shall not be required for private living quarters or dwelling units. All interceptors shall be maintained by the user at user's own expense in continuously efficient operation at all times.

# 2.13 Right of Revision

The Town of Ware reserves the right to establish, by regulation or in individual wastewater discharge permits, more stringent Standards or Requirements on discharges to the POTW consistent with the purpose of these regulations.

#### 2.14 Dilution

No User shall ever increase the use of process water, or in any way attempt to dilute a discharge, as a partial or complete substitute for adequate treatment to achieve compliance with a discharge limitation unless expressly authorized by an applicable Pretreatment Standard or Requirement. The Director of Public Works may impose mass limitations on Users who are using dilution to meet applicable Pretreatment Standards or Requirements, or in other cases when the imposition of mass limitations is appropriate.

#### SECTION 3- PRETREATMENT OF WASTEWATER

#### 3.1 Pretreatment Facilities

Users shall provide wastewater treatment as necessary to comply with these regulations and shall achieve compliance with all categorical Pretreatment Standards, Local Limits, discharge permits, and the prohibitions set out in Section 2.1 of these regulations within the time limitations specified by EPA, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, or the Director of Public Works, whichever is most stringent. Any facilities necessary for compliance shall be provided, operated, and maintained at the User's expense. Detailed plans describing such facilities and operating procedures shall be submitted to the Director of Public Works for review and approval, and shall be approved in writing by the Director of Public Works before such facilities are constructed. The review of such plans and operating procedures shall in no way relieve the User from the responsibility of modifying such facilities as necessary to produce a discharge acceptable to the Town of Ware under the provisions of these regulations.

#### 3.2 Additional Pretreatment Measures

A. Whenever deemed necessary, the Director of Public Works may require Users to restrict their discharge during peak flow periods, designate that certain wastewater be discharged only into specific sewers, relocate and/or consolidate points of discharge, separate sewage wastestreams from industrial wastestreams, and such other conditions as may be necessary to protect the POTW and determine the User's compliance with the requirements of these regulations.

- B. The Director of Public Works may require any User to install and maintain, on their property and at their expense, a suitable storage and flow-control facility to ensure equalization of flow. An individual wastewater discharge permit may be issued solely for flow equalization.
- C. Grease, oil, and sand interceptors shall be provided when, in the opinion of the Director of Public Works, they are necessary for the proper handling of wastewater containing excessive amounts of grease and oil, or sand; except that such interceptors shall not be required for residential users. All interception units shall be of a type and capacity approved by the Director of Public Works, complying with the Town of Ware's standards for grease, oil, and sand interceptors and shall be so located to be easily accessible for cleaning and inspection. Such interceptors shall be inspected, cleaned, and repaired in accordance with the Town of Ware's standards for grease, oil, and sand interceptors by the User at the expense of the User.
- D. Users with the potential to discharge flammable substances shall be required to install and maintain an approved combustible gas detection meter.

# 3.3 Accidental Discharge/Slug Discharge Control Plans

The Director of Public Works shall evaluate whether each SIU needs an accidental discharge/slug discharge control plan or other action to control Slug Discharges. The Director of Public Works may require any User to develop, submit for approval, and implement such a plan or take such other action that may be necessary to control Slug Discharges. Alternatively, the Director of Public Works may develop such a plan for any User. An accidental discharge/slug discharge control plan shall address, at a minimum, the following;

- A. Description of discharge practices, including non-routine batch discharges
- B. Description of stored chemicals;
- C. Procedures for immediately notifying the Director of Public Works of any accidental or Slug Discharge, as required by Section 6.6 of these regulations; and
- D. Procedures to prevent adverse impact from any accidental or Slug Discharge. Such procedures include, but are not limited to, inspection and maintenance of storage areas, handling and transfer of materials, loading and unloading operations, control of plant site runoff, worker training, building of containment structures or equipment measures for containing toxic organic pollutants, including solvents, and/or measures and equipment for emergency response.

### 3.4 Hauled Wastewater

A. Septic tank waste may be introduced into the POTW only at locations designated by the Director of Public Works, and at such times as are established by the Director of Public Works. Such waste shall not violate Section 2 of these regulations or any other

- requirements established by Town of Ware. The Director of Public Works may require septic tank waste haulers to obtain individual wastewater discharge permits.
- B. The Director of Public Works may require haulers of industrial waste to obtain individual wastewater discharge permits. The Director of Public Works may require generators of hauled industrial waste to obtain individual wastewater discharge permits. The Director of Public Works also may prohibit the disposal of hauled industrial waste. The discharge of hauled industrial waste is subject to all other requirements of these regulations.
- C. Industrial waste haulers may discharge loads only at locations designated by the Director of Public Works. No load may be discharged without prior consent of the Director of Public Works. The Director of Public Works may collect samples of each hauled load to ensure compliance with applicable Standards. The Director of Public Works may require the industrial waste hauler to provide a waste analysis of any load prior to discharge.
- D. Industrial waste haulers must provide a waste-tracking form for every load. This form shall include, at a minimum, the name and address of the industrial waste hauler, permit number, truck identification, names and addresses of sources of waste, and volume and characteristics of waste. The form shall identify the type of industry known or suspected waste constituents, and whether any wastes are RCRA hazardous wastes.
- E. All hauled waste checks shall be made out to the Town of Ware. The proceeds from the treatment of hauled wastewater shall be deposited into the Town of Ware Wastewater Enterprise Account. The money from this account shall only be used for maintenance of the POTW and collection system.

### SECTION 4-INDIVIDUAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMITS

## 4.1 Wastewater Analysis

When requested by the Director of Public Works, a User must submit information on the nature and characteristics of its wastewater within twenty (20) days of the request. The Director of Public Works is authorized to prepare a form for this purpose and may periodically require Users to update this information.

## 4.2 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Requirement

A. No Significant Industrial User shall discharge wastewater into the POTW without first obtaining an individual wastewater discharge permit from the Director of Public Works, except that a Significant Industrial User that has filed a timely application pursuant to Section 4.3 of these regulations may continue to discharge for the time period specified therein.

- B. The Director of Public Works may require other Users to obtain individual wastewater discharge permits as necessary to carry out the purposes of these regulations.
- C. Any violation of the terms and conditions of an individual wastewater discharge permit shall be deemed a violation of these regulations and subjects the wastewater discharge permittee to the sanctions set out in Sections 10 through 12 of these regulations. Obtaining an individual wastewater discharge permit does not relieve a permittee of its obligation to comply with all Federal and State Pretreatment Standards or Requirements or with any other requirements of Federal, State, and local law.

# 4.3 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permitting: Existing Connections

Any Industrial User in possession of a valid individual wastewater discharge permit at the time of promulgation of these regulations may continue discharging under the terms of that permit until the expiration date of the permit.

## 4.4 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permitting: New Connections

Any User required to obtain an individual wastewater discharge permit who proposes to begin or recommence discharging into the POTW must obtain such permit prior to the beginning or recommencing of such discharge. An application for this individual wastewater discharge permit, in accordance with Section 4.5 of these regulations, must be flied at least thirty (30) days prior to the date upon which any discharge will begin or recommence. Each application for new connection shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee made out to the Town of Ware. A one-time connection fees shall be identified in the individual wastewater discharge permit. Neither of these fees is refundable. A table of the fees is included in the Appendix.

## 4.5 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Application Contents

All Users required to obtain an individual wastewater discharge permit must submit a permit application. The Director of Public Works may require Users to submit all or some of the following information as part of a permit application. Incomplete or inaccurate applications will not be processed and will be returned to the User for revision.

## (1) Identifying Information,

- a. The name and address of the facility, including the name of the operator and owner.
- b. Contact information, description of activities, facilities, and plant production processes on the premises;

- (2) Environmental Permits. A list of any environmental control permits held by or for the facility.
- (3) Description of Operations.
  - a. A brief description of the nature, average rate of production (including each product produced by type, amount, processes, and rate of production), and standard industrial classifications of the operation(s) carried out by such User. This description should include a schematic process diagram, which indicates points of discharge to the POTW from the regulated processes.
  - b. Types of wastes generated, and a list of all raw materials and chemicals used or stored at the facility which are, or could accidentally or intentionally be, discharged to the POTW;
  - c. Number and type of employees, hours of operation, and proposed or actual hours of operation;
  - d. Type and amount of raw materials processed (average and maximum per day);
  - e. Site plans, floor plans, mechanical and plumbing plans, and details to show all sewers, floor drains, and appurtenances by size, location, and elevation, and all points of discharge;
- (4) Time and duration of discharges;
- (5) The location for monitoring all wastes covered by the permit;
- (6) Flow Measurement. Information showing the measured average daily and maximum daily flow, in gallons per day, to the POTW from regulated process streams and other streams, as necessary.
- (7) Measurement of Pollutants.
  - a. The categorical Pretreatment Standards applicable to each regulated process and any new categorically regulated processes for Existing Sources.
  - b. The results of sampling and analysis identifying the nature and concentration, and/or mass, where required by the Standard or by the Director of Public Works, of regulated pollutants in the discharge from each regulated process.
  - c. Instantaneous, Daily Maximum, and long-term average concentrations, or mass, where required, shall be reported.

- d. The sample shall be representative of daily operations and shall be analyzed in accordance with procedures set out in Section 6.10 of these regulations. Where the Standard requires compliance with a BMP or pollution prevention alternative, the User shall submit documentation as required by the Director of Public Works or the applicable Standards to determine compliance with the Standard.
- e. Sampling must be performed in accordance with procedures set out in Section 6.11 of these regulations.
- (8) Any requests for a monitoring waiver (or a renewal of an approved monitoring waiver) for a pollutant neither present nor expected to be present in the discharge based on Section 6.4 B.
- (9) Any other information as may be deemed necessary by The Director of Public Works to evaluate the permit application.
- (10) Each application for a new or the renewal of an individual permit shall be accompanied by a the appropriate fee made out to the Town of Ware. This fee is not refundable.

## 4.6 Application Signatories and Certifications

- A. All wastewater discharge permit applications, User reports and certification statements must be signed by an Authorized Representative of the User and contain the certification statement in Section 6.14 A.
- B. If the designation of an Authorized Representative is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility or overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company, a new written authorization satisfying the requirements of this Section must be submitted to the Director of Public Works prior to or together with any reports to be signed by an Authorized Representative.

### 4.7 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Decisions

The Director of Public Works will evaluate the data furnished by the User and may require additional information. Within ninety (90) days of receipt of a complete permit application, the Director of Public Works will determine whether to issue an individual wastewater discharge permit. The Director of Public Works may deny any application for an individual wastewater discharge permit at his or her discretion.

### SECTION 5- INDIVIDUAL WASTEWATER DISCHARGE PERMIT ISSUANCE

## 5.1 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Duration

An individual wastewater discharge permit shall be issued for a specified time period, not to exceed five (5) years from the effective date of the permit. An individual wastewater discharge permit may be issued for a period less than five (5) years, at the discretion of the Director of Public Works. Each individual wastewater discharge permit will indicate a specific date upon which it will expire.

Individual wastewater permits are non-transferable.

## 5.2 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Contents

An individual wastewater discharge permit shall include such conditions as are deemed reasonably necessary by the Director of Public Works to prevent Pass Through or Interference, protect the quality of the water body receiving the treatment plant's effluent, protect worker health and safety, facilitate sludge management and disposal, and protect against damage to the POTW.

### A. Individual wastewater discharge permits shall contain:

- (1) A statement that indicates the wastewater discharge permit issuance date, expiration date and effective date;
- (2) A statement that the wastewater discharge permit is nontransferable without prior notification to the Town of Ware in accordance with Section 5.5 of these regulations, and provisions for furnishing the new owner or operator with a copy of the existing wastewater discharge permit;
- (3) Effluent limits, including Best Management Practices, based on applicable Pretreatment Standards;
- (4) Self-monitoring, sampling, reporting, notification, and record-keeping requirements. These requirements shall include an identification of pollutants (or best management practices) to be monitored, sampling location, sampling frequency, and sample type based on Federal, State, and local law.
- (5) The process for seeking a waiver from monitoring for a pollutant neither present nor expected to be present in the Discharge in accordance with Section 6.4 B.
- (6) A statement of applicable penalties for violation of Pretreatment Standards and Requirements, and any applicable compliance schedule. Such schedule may not extend the time for compliance beyond that required by applicable Federal, State, or local law.

- (7) Requirements to control Slug Discharge, if determined by the Director of Public Works to be necessary.
- (8) Any grant of a monitoring waiver by the Director of Public Works (Section 6.4 B) must be included as a condition in the User's permit or other control mechanism.
- B. Individual wastewater discharge permits may contain, but need not be limited to, the following conditions:
  - (1) Limits on the average and/or maximum rate of discharge, time of discharge, and/or requirements for flow regulation and equalization;
  - (2) Requirements for the installation of pretreatment technology, pollution control, or construction of appropriate containment devices, designed to reduce, eliminate, or prevent the introduction of pollutants into the treatment works;
  - (3) Requirements for the development and implementation of spill control plans or other special conditions including management practices, necessary to adequately prevent accidental, unanticipated, or nonroutine' discharges;
  - (4) Development and implementation of waste minimization plans to reduce the amount of pollutants discharged to the POTW;
  - (5) The unit charge or schedule of User charges and fees for the management of the wastewater discharged to the POTW;
  - (6) Requirements for installation and maintenance of inspection and sampling facilities and equipment, including flow measurement devices;
  - (7) A statement that compliance with the individual wastewater discharge permit does not relieve the permittee of responsibility for compliance with all applicable Federal and State Pretreatment Standards, including those which become effective during the term of the individual wastewater discharge permit; and
  - (8) Other conditions as deemed appropriate by the Director of Public Works to ensure compliance with these regulations, and State and Federal laws, rules, and regulations.

### 5.3 Permit Issuance Process

A. Public Notification. The Director of Public Works will publish a notice of the anticipated issuance of a pretreatment permit at least thirty (30) days prior to

- issuance. The notice will indicate a location where the draft permit may be reviewed and an address where written comments may be submitted.
- B. Permit Appeals. The Director of Public Works shall provide public notice of the issuance of an individual wastewater discharge permit. Any person, including the User, may petition the Director of Public Works to reconsider the terms of an individual wastewater discharge permit within thirty (30) days of notice of its issuance.
  - (1) Failure to submit a timely petition for review shall be deemed to be a waiver of the administrative appeal.
  - (2) In its petition, the appealing party must indicate the, individual wastewater discharge permit provisions objected to, the reasons for this objection, and the alternative condition, if any, it seeks to place in the individual wastewater discharge permit.
  - (3) The effectiveness of the individual wastewater discharge permit shall not be stayed pending the appeal.
  - (4) If the Director of Public Works fails to act within thirty (30) days, a request for reconsideration shall be deemed to be denied. Decisions not to reconsider an individual wastewater discharge permit, not to issue an individual wastewater discharge permit, or not to modify an individual wastewater discharge permit shall be considered final administrative actions for purposes of judicial review.
  - (5) Aggrieved parties seeking judicial review of the final administrative individual wastewater discharge permit decision must do so by filing a complaint with the appropriate Court for proper jurisdiction within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

### 5.4 Permit Modification

- A. The Director of Public Works may modify an individual wastewater discharge permit for good cause, including, but not limited to the following reasons:
  - (1) To incorporate any new or revised Federal, State, or local Pretreatment Standards or Requirements;
  - (2) To address significant alterations or additions to the User's operation, processes, or wastewater volume or character since the time of the individual wastewater discharge permit issuance;
  - (3) A change in the POTW that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge;

- (4) Information indicating that the permitted discharge poses a threat to the Town of Ware POTW, a Town of Ware POTW process, Town of Ware personnel, or the receiving waters;
- (5) Violation of any terms or conditions of the individual wastewater discharge permit;
- (6) Misrepresentations or failure to fully disclose all relevant facts in the wastewater discharge permit application or in any required reporting;
- (7) Revision of or a grant of variance from categorical Pretreatment Standards pursuant to 40 CFR 403.13;
- (8) To correct typographical or other errors in the individual wastewater discharge permit; or
- (9) To reflect a transfer of the facility ownership or operation to a new owner or operator where requested in accordance with Section 5.5.
- B. The Director of Public Works may modify a general permit for good cause, including, but not limited to, the following reasons:
  - (1) To incorporate any new or revised Federal, State, or local Pretreatment Standards or Requirements;
  - (2) A change in the POTW that requires either a temporary or permanent reductions or elimination of the authorized discharge;
  - (3) To correct typographical or other errors in the individual wastewater discharge permit; or
  - (4) To reflect a transfer of the facility ownership or operation to a new owner or operator where requested in accordance with Section 5.5.

## 5.5 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Transfer

Individual wastewater discharge permits may be transferred to a new owner or operator only if the permittee gives at least thirty (30) days advance notice to the Director of Public Works and the Director of Public Works approves the individual wastewater discharge permit transfer. Permits shall only be transferable if the waste characteristics from the old facility are to remain identical to that of the new one. The notice to the Director of Public Works shall include a written certification by the new owner or operator which:

- A. States that the new owner and/or operator has no immediate intent to change the facility's operations and processes;
- B. Identifies the specific date on which the transfer is to occur; and

C. Acknowledges full responsibility for complying with the existing individual wastewater discharge permit.

Failure to provide advance notice of a transfer renders the individual wastewater discharge permit void as of the date of facility transfer.

## 5.6 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Revocation

The Director of Public Works may revoke an individual wastewater discharge permit for good cause, including, but not limited to, the following reasons:

- A. Failure to notify the Director of Public Works of significant changes to the wastewater prior to the changed discharge;
- B. Failure to provide prior notification to the Director of Public Works of changed conditions pursuant to Section 6.5 of these regulations;
- C. Misrepresentation or failure to fully disclose all relevant facts in the wastewater discharge permit application;
- D. Falsifying self-monitoring reports and certification statements;
- E. Tampering with monitoring equipment;
- F. Refusing to allow the Director of Public Works timely access to the facility premises and records;
- G. Failure to meet effluent limitations;
- H. Failure to pay fines;
- I. Failure to pay sewer charges;
- J. Failure to meet compliance schedules;
- K. Failure to complete a wastewater survey or the wastewater discharge permit application;
- L. Failure to provide advance notice of the transfer of business ownership of a permitted facility; or
- M. Violation of any Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, or any terms of the wastewater discharge permit or these regulations.

Individual wastewater discharge permits shall be voidable upon cessation of operations or transfer of business ownership. All individual wastewater discharge permits issued to a User are void upon the issuance of a new individual wastewater discharge permit to that User.

## 5.7 Individual Wastewater Discharge Permit Renewal

A User with an expiring individual wastewater discharge permit shall apply for individual wastewater discharge permit renewal by submitting a complete permit application, in accordance with Section 4.5 of these regulations, a minimum of thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the User's existing individual wastewater discharge permit.

# 5.8 Regulation of Waste Received from Other Jurisdictions

- A. If another municipality, or User located within another municipality, contributes wastewater to the POTW, the Director of Public Works shall enter into an intermunicipal agreement with the contributing municipality.
- B. Prior to entering into an agreement required by paragraph A, above, the Director of Public Works shall request the following information from the contributing municipality:
  - (1) A description of the quality and volume of wastewater discharged to the POTW by the contributing municipality;
  - (2) An inventory of all Users located within the contributing municipality that are discharging to the POTW; and
  - (3) Such other information as The Director of Public Works may deem necessary.
- C. An intermunicipal agreement, as required by paragraph A, above, shall contain the following conditions:
  - (1) A requirement for the contributing municipality to adopt a sewer use ordinance or regulations at least as stringent as these regulations. The requirement shall specify that such ordinance and limits must be revised as necessary to reflect changes made to the Town of Ware regulations or Local Limits;
  - (2) A requirement for the contributing municipality to submit a revised User inventory on at least an annual basis;
  - (3) A provision specifying which pretreatment implementation activities, including individual wastewater discharge permit issuance, inspection and sampling, and enforcement, will be conducted by the contributing municipality; which of these activities will be conducted by the Director of Public Works; and which of these activities will be conducted jointly by the contributing municipality and the Director of Public Works;

- (4) A requirement for the contributing municipality to provide the Director of Public Works with access to all information that the contributing municipality obtains as part of its pretreatment activities;
- (5) Limits on the nature, quality, and volume of the contributing municipality's wastewater at the point where it discharges to the POTW;
- (6) Requirements for monitoring the contributing municipality's discharge;
- (7) A provision ensuring the Director of Public Works access to the facilities of Users located within the contributing municipality's jurisdictional boundaries for the purpose of inspection, sampling, and any other duties deemed necessary by the Director of Public Works; and
- (8) A provision specifying remedies available for breach of the terms of the intermunicipal agreement.

## **SECTION 6- REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

## 6.1 Baseline Monitoring Reports

- A. Within either one hundred eighty (180) days after the effective date of a categorical Pretreatment Standard, or the final administrative decision on a category determination under 40 CFR 403.6(a)(4), whichever is later, existing Categorical Industrial Users currently discharging to or scheduled to discharge to the POTW shall submit to the Director of Public Works a report which contains the information listed in paragraph B, below. At least ninety (90) days prior to commencement of their discharge, New Sources, and sources that become Categorical Industrial Users subsequent to the promulgation of an applicable categorical Standard, shall submit to the Director of Public Works a report which contains the information listed in paragraph B, below. A New Source shall report the method of pretreatment it intends to use to meet applicable categorical Standards. A New Source also shall give estimates of its anticipated flow and quantity of pollutants to be discharged.
- B. Users described above shall submit the information set forth below.
  - (1) All information required in Section 4.5A (1) (a), Section 4.5A (2), Section 4.5A (3) (a), and Section 4.5A (6).
  - (2) Measurement of pollutants.
    - a. The User shall provide the information required in Section 4.5 A (7) (a) through (d).

- b. The User shall take a minimum of one representative sample to compile that data necessary to comply with the requirements of this paragraph.
- c. Samples should be taken immediately downstream from pretreatment facilities if such exist or immediately downstream from the regulated process if no pretreatment exists. If other wastewaters are mixed with the regulated wastewater prior to pretreatment the User should measure the flows and concentrations necessary to allow use of the combined waste stream formula in 40 CFR 403.6(e) to evaluate compliance with the Pretreatment Standards. Where an alternate concentration or mass limit has been calculated in accordance with 40 CFR 403.6(e) this adjusted limit along with supporting data shall be submitted to the Control Authority;
- d. Sampling and analysis shall be performed in accordance with Section 6.10;
- e. The Director of Public Works may allow the submission of a baseline report which utilizes only historical data so long as the data provides information sufficient to determine the need for industrial pretreatment measures;
- f. The baseline report shall indicate the time, date and place of sampling and methods of analysis, and shall certify that such sampling and analysis is representative of normal work cycles and expected pollutant Discharges to the POTW.
- (3) Compliance Certification. A statement, reviewed by the User's Authorized Representative as defined in Section 1.4 C and certified by a qualified professional, indicating whether Pretreatment Standards are being met on a consistent basis, and, if not, whether additional operation and maintenance (O&M) and/or additional pretreatment is required to meet the Pretreatment Standards and Requirements.
- (4) Compliance Schedule. If additional pretreatment and/or O&M will be required to meet the Pretreatment Standards, the shortest schedule by which the User will provide such additional pretreatment and/or O&M must be provided. The completion date in this schedule shall not be later than the compliance date established for the applicable Pretreatment Standard. A compliance schedule pursuant to this Section must meet the requirements set out in Section 6.2 of these regulations.
- (5) Signature and Report Certification. All baseline monitoring reports must be certified in accordance with Section 6.14 A of these regulations and signed by an Authorized Representative as defined in Section 1.4C.

## 6.2 Compliance Schedule Progress Reports

The following conditions shall apply to the compliance schedule required by Section 6.1(B)(4) of these regulations:

- A. The schedule shall contain progress increments in the form of dates for the commencement and completion of major events leading to the construction and operation of additional pretreatment required. for the User to meet the applicable Pretreatment Standards (such events include, but are not limited to, hiring an engineer, completing preliminary and final plans, executing contracts for major components, commencing and completing construction, and beginning and conducting routine operation);
- B. No increment referred to above shall exceed nine (9) months;
- C. The User shall submit a progress report to The Director of Public Works no later than fourteen (14) days following each date in the schedule and the final date of compliance including, as a minimum, whether or not it complied with the increment of progress, the reason for any delay, and, if appropriate, the steps being taken by the User to return to the established schedule; and
- D. In no event shall more than nine (9) months elapse between such progress reports to The Director of Public Works.

# 6.3 Reports on Compliance with Categorical Pretreatment Standard Deadline

Within ninety (90) days following the date for final compliance with applicable categorical Pretreatment Standards, or in the case of a New Source following commencement of the introduction of wastewater into the POTW, any User subject to such Pretreatment Standards and Requirements shall submit to The Director of Public Works a report containing the information described in Section 4.5A(6) and (7) and 6. 1(B)(2) of these regulations. For Users subject to equivalent mass or concentration limits established in accordance with the procedures in Section 2.9, this report shall contain a reasonable measure of the User's long-term production rate. For all other Users subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards expressed in terms of allowable pollutant discharge per unit of production (or other measure of operation), this report shall include the User's actual production during the appropriate sampling period. All compliance reports must be signed and certified in accordance with Section 6.14 A of these regulations. All sampling will be done in conformance with Section 6.11.

# 6.4 Periodic Compliance Reports

A. Except as specified in Section 6.4.C, all Significant Industrial Users must, at a frequency determined by The Director of Public Works submit reports indicating the nature, concentration of pollutants in the discharge which are limited by Pretreatment Standards and the measured or estimated average and maximum daily flows for the reporting period. In cases where the Pretreatment Standard requires compliance with a Best Management Practice (BMP) or pollution

- prevention alternative, the User must submit documentation required by The Director of Public Works or the Pretreatment Standard necessary to determine the compliance status of the User.
- B. The Town of Ware may authorize an Industrial User subject to a categorical Pretreatment Standard to forego sampling of a pollutant regulated by a categorical Pretreatment Standard if the Industrial User has demonstrated through sampling and other technical factors that the pollutant is neither present nor expected to be present in the Discharge, or is present only at background levels from intake Water and without any increase in the pollutant due to activities of the Industrial User. This authorization is subject to the following conditions:
  - (1) The waiver may be authorized where a pollutant is determined to be present solely due to sanitary wastewater discharged from the facility provided that the sanitary wastewater is not regulated by an applicable categorical Standard and otherwise includes no process wastewater.
  - (2) The monitoring waiver is valid only for the duration of the effective period of the individual wastewater discharge permit, but in no case longer than 5 years. The User must submit a new request for the waiver before the waiver can be granted for each subsequent individual wastewater discharge permit. See Section 4.5A(8).
  - (3) In making a demonstration that a pollutant is not present, the Industrial User must provide data from at least one sampling of the facility's process wastewater prior to any treatment .present at the facility that is representative of all wastewater from all processes.
  - (4) The request for a monitoring waiver must be signed in accordance with Section 1 .4C, and include the certification statement in 6.14.A (40 CFR 403 .6(a)(2)(ii)).
  - (5) Non-detectable sample results may be used only as a demonstration that a pollutant is not present if the EPA approved method from 40 CFR Part 136 with the lowest minimum detection level for that pollutant was used in the analysis.
  - (6) Any grant of the monitoring waiver by the Director of Public Works must be included as a Condition in the User's permit. The reasons supporting the waiver and any information submitted by the User in its request for the waiver must be maintained by the Director of Public Works for 3 years after expiration of the waiver.
  - (7) Upon approval of the monitoring waiver and revision of the User's permit by the Director of Public Works, the Industrial User must certify on each report with the statement in Section 6.14 C below, that there has been no

- increase in the pollutant in its wastestream due to activities of the Industrial User.
- (8) In the event that a waived pollutant is found to be present or is expected to be present because of changes that occur in the User's operations, the User must immediately: Comply with the monitoring requirements of Section 6.4 A, or other more frequent monitoring requirements imposed by the Director of Public Works, and notify the Director of Public Works.
- (9) This provision does not supersede certification processes and requirements established in categorical Pretreatment Standards, except as otherwise specified in the categorical Pretreatment Standard.
- C. All periodic compliance reports must be signed and certified in accordance with Section 6.14 A of these regulations.
- D. All wastewater samples must be representative of the User's discharge. Wastewater monitoring and flow measurement facilities shall be properly operated, kept clean, and maintained in good working order at all times. The failure of a User to keep its monitoring facility in good working order shall not be grounds for the User to claim that sample results are unrepresentative of its discharge.
- E. If a User subject to the reporting requirement in this section monitors any regulated pollutant at the appropriate sampling location more frequently than required by the Director of Public Works, using the procedures prescribed in Section 6.11 of these regulations, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the report.
- F. Users that send electronic (digital) documents to the Town of Ware to satisfy the requirements of this Section shall also include one hard copy of the report as well;

## 6.5 Reports of Changed Conditions

Each User must notify the Director of Public Works of any significant changes to the User's operations or system, which might alter the nature, quality, or volume of its wastewater at least ninety (90) days before the change.

- A. The Director of Public Works may require the User to submit such information as may be deemed necessary to evaluate the changed condition, including the submission of a wastewater discharge permit application under Section 4.5 of these regulations.
- B. The Director of Public Works may issue an individual wastewater discharge permit under Section 5.7 of these regulations or modify an existing wastewater discharge permit under Section 5.4 of these regulations in response to changed conditions or anticipated changed conditions.

## 6.6 Reports of Potential Problems

- A. In the case of any discharge, including, but not limited to, accidental discharges, discharges of a non-routine, episodic nature, a non-customary batch discharge, a Slug Discharge or Slug Load, that might cause potential problems for the POTW, the User shall immediately telephone and notify the Director of Public Works of the incident. This notification shall include the location of the discharge, type of waste, concentration and volume, if known, and corrective actions taken by the User.
- B. Within five (5) days following such discharge, the User shall, unless waived by the Director of Public Works, submit a detailed written report describing the cause(s) of the discharge and the measures to be taken by the User to prevent similar future occurrences. Such notification shall not relieve the User of any expense, loss, damage, or other liability, which shall be incurred as a result of damage to the POTW, natural resources, or any other damage to person or property; nor shall such notification relieve the User of any fines, penalties, or other liability which may be imposed pursuant to these regulations.
- C. A notice shall be permanently posted on the User's bulletin board or other prominent place advising employees who to call in the event of a discharge described in paragraph A, above. Employers shall ensure that all employees, who could cause such a discharge to occur, are advised of the emergency notification procedure.
- D. Significant Industrial Users are required to notify the Director of Public Works immediately of any changes at its facility affecting the potential for a Slug Discharge.

## 6.7 Reports from Unpermitted Users

All Users not required to obtain an individual wastewater discharge permit shall provide appropriate reports to the Director of Public Works as the Director of Public Works may require.

# 6.8 Notice of Violation/Repeat Sampling and Reporting

If sampling performed by a User indicates a violation, the User must notify the Director of Public Works within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the violation. The User shall also repeat the sampling and analysis and submit the results of the repeat analysis to the Director of Public Works within thirty (30) days after becoming aware, of the violation. Re-sampling by the Industrial User is not required if the Town of Ware performs sampling at the User's facility at least once a month, or if the Town of Ware performs sampling at the User between the time when the initial sampling was conducted and the time when the User or Town of Ware receives the results of this sampling, or if the Town of Ware has performed the sampling and analysis in lieu of the Industrial User.

# 6.9. Notification of the Discharge of Hazardous Waste

- A. Any User who commences the discharge of hazardous waste shall notify the POTW, the EPA Regional Waste Management Division Director, and State hazardous waste authorities, in writing, of any discharge into the POTW of a substance which, if otherwise disposed of, would be a hazardous waste under 40 CFR Part 261. Such notification must include the name of the hazardous waste as set forth in 40 CFR Part 261, the EPA hazardous waste number, and the type of discharge (continuous, batch, or other). The notification requirement in this Section does not apply to pollutants already reported by Users subject to categorical Pretreatment Standards under the self-monitoring requirements of Sections 6.1, 6.3, and 6.4 of these regulations.
- B. In the case of any new regulations under section 3001 of RCRA identifying additional characteristics of hazardous waste or listing any additional substance as a hazardous waste, the User must notify the Director of Public Works, the EPA Regional Waste Management Waste Division Director, and State hazardous waste authorities of the discharge of such substance within ninety (90) days of the effective date of such regulations.
- C. This provision does not create a right to discharge any substance not otherwise permitted to be discharged by these regulations, a permit issued thereunder, or any applicable Federal or State law.

# 6.10 Analytical Requirements

All pollutant analyses, including sampling techniques, to be submitted as part of a wastewater discharge permit application or report shall be performed in accordance with the techniques prescribed in 40 CFR Part 136 and amendments thereto, unless otherwise specified in an applicable categorical Pretreatment Standard. If 40 CFR Part 136 does not contain sampling or analytical techniques for the pollutant in question, or where the EPA determines that the Part 136 sampling and analytical techniques are inappropriate for the pollutant in question, sampling and analyses shall be performed by using validated analytical methods or any other applicable sampling and analytical procedures, including procedures suggested by the Director of Public Works or other parties approved by EPA.

### 6.11 Sample Collection

Samples collected to satisfy reporting requirements shall be based on data obtained through appropriate sampling and analysis performed during the period covered by the report, based on data that is representative of conditions occurring during the reporting period. All samples shall be included with chain of custody reports.

A. Except as indicated in Section B and C below, the User must collect wastewater samples using 24-hour flow-proportional composite sampling techniques. Using protocols (including appropriate preservation) specified in 40 CFR Part 136 and appropriate EPA guidance, multiple grab samples collected during a 24-hour

period may be composited prior to the analysis as follows: for cyanide, total phenols, and sulfides the samples maybe composited in the laboratory or in the field; for volatile organics and oil and grease, the samples may be composited in the laboratory. Grab samples' may be required to show compliance with Instantaneous Limits.

- B. Samples for oil and grease, temperature, pH, cyanide, total phenols, sulfides, and volatile organic compounds must be obtained using grab collection techniques.
- C. For sampling required in support of baseline monitoring and 90-day compliance reports required in Sections 6.1 and 6.3, a minimum of four (4) grab samples must be used for pH, cyanide, total phenols, oil and grease, sulfide and volatile organic compounds for facilities for which historical sampling data do not exist; for facilities for which historical, sampling data are available, the Director of Public Works may authorize a lower minimum. For the reports required by Section 6.4, the Industrial User is required to collect the number of grab samples necessary to assess and assure compliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards and Requirements.

## 6.12 Date of Receipt of Reports

Written reports will be deemed to have been submitted on the date postmarked. For reports that are not mailed, postage prepaid, into a mail facility serviced by the United States Postal Service, the date of receipt of the report shall govern.

# 6.13 Recordkeeping

Users subject to the reporting requirements of these regulations shall retain, and make available for inspection and copying, all records of information obtained pursuant to any monitoring activities required by these regulations, any additional records of information obtained pursuant to monitoring activities undertaken by the User independent of such requirements, and documentation associated with Best Management Practices established under Section 2.4 C. Records shall include the date, exact place, method, and time of sampling, and the name of the person(s) taking the samples; the date analyses were performed; who performed the analyses; the analytical techniques or methods used; and the results of such analyses. These records shall remain available for a period of at least three (3) years. This period shall be automatically extended for the duration of any litigation concerning the User or the Town of Ware to which the documents may be relevant, or where the User has been specifically notified of a longer retention period by the Director of Public Works.

### 6.14 Certification Statements

A. Certification of Permit Applications, User Reports and Initial Monitoring Waiver: The following certification statement is required to be signed and submitted by Users submitting permit applications in accordance with Section 4.7; Users submitting baseline monitoring, reports under Section 6.1 B (5); Users submitting reports on compliance with the categorical Pretreatment Standard deadlines under

Section 6.3; Users submitting periodic compliance reports required by Section 6.4 A-D, and Users submitting an initial request to forego sampling of a pollutant on the basis of Section 6.4B(4). The following certification statement must be signed by an Authorized Representative as defined in Section 1.4 C:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted.

Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

### B. Certification of Pollutants Not Present

Users that have an approved monitoring waiver based on Section 6.4 B must certify on each report with the following statement that there has been no increase in the pollutant in its wastestream due to activities of the User.

Based on my inquiry of the person or persons directly responsible for managing compliance with the Pretreatment Standard for 40 CFR\_\_\_\_\_ [specify applicable National Pretreatment Standard part(s)], I certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there has been no increase in the level of\_\_\_\_ [list pollutant(s)] in the wastewaters due to the activities at the facility since filing of the last periodic report under Section 6.4.A.

### SECTION 7— COMPLIANCE MONITORING

## 7.1 Right of Entry: Inspection and Sampling

The Director of Public Works shall have the right to enter the premises of any User to determine whether the User is complying with all requirements of these regulations and any individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder. Users shall allow the Director of Public Works ready access to all parts of the premises for the purposes of inspection, sampling, records examination and copying, and the performance of any additional duties.

A. Where a User has security measures in force, which require proper identification and clearance before entry into its premises, the User shall make necessary arrangements with its security guards so that, upon presentation of suitable identification, the Director of Public Works shall be permitted to enter without delay for the purposes of performing specific responsibilities.

- B. The Director of Public Works shall have the right to set up on the User's property, or require installation of, such devices as are necessary to conduct sampling and/or metering of the User's operations.
- C. The Director of Public Works may require the User to install monitoring equipment as necessary. The facility's sampling and monitoring equipment shall be maintained at all times in a safe and proper operating condition by the User at its own expense. All devices used to measure wastewater flow and quality shall be calibrated quarterly to ensure their accuracy.
- D. Any temporary or permanent obstruction to safe and easy access to the facility to be inspected and/or sampled shall be promptly removed by the User at the written or verbal request of the Director of Public Works and shall not be replaced. The costs of clearing such access shall be born by the User.
- E. Unreasonable delays in allowing the Director of Public Works access to the User's premises shall be a violation of these regulations. The Director of Public Works at his or her discretion may deem the User's discharge permit null and void.
- F. The Director of Public Works shall have the right to bring any state, federal, or local official on a site inspection. The Director of Public Works shall have the right to allow his or her consultant on a site inspection as well.

### 7.2 Search Warrants

If the Director of Public Works has been refused access to a building, structure, or property, or any part thereof, and is able to demonstrate probable cause to believe that there may be a violation of these regulations, or that there is a need to inspect and/or sample as part of a routine inspection and sampling program of Town of Ware designed to verify compliance with these regulations or any permit or order issued hereunder, or to protect the overall public health, safety and welfare of the community, the Director of Public Works may seek issuance of a search warrant from the appropriate Court having jurisdiction in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

### **SECTION 8- CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION**

Information and data on a User obtained from reports, surveys, wastewater discharge permit applications, individual wastewater discharge permits, and monitoring programs, and from the inspection and sampling activities of the Director of Public Works, shall be available to the public without restriction, unless the User specifically requests, and is able to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works, that the release of such information would divulge information, processes, or methods of production entitled to protection as trade secrets under applicable State law. Any such request must be asserted at the time of submission of the information or data. When requested and demonstrated by the User furnishing a report that such information should be held confidential, the portions of a report which might disclose trade

secrets or secret processes shall not be made available for inspection by the public, but shall be made available immediately upon request to governmental agencies for uses related to the NPDES program or pretreatment program, and in enforcement proceedings involving the person furnishing the report. Wastewater constituents and characteristics and other effluent data, as defined at 40 CFR 2.302, shall not be recognized as confidential information and shall be available to the public without restriction.

### SECTION 9- PUBLICATION OF USERS IN SIGNIFICANT NONCOMPLIANCE

The Director of Public Works shall publish annually, in a newspaper of general circulation that provides meaningful public notice within the jurisdictions served by the Town of Ware POTW a list of the Users that, at any time during the previous twelve (12) months, were in Significant Noncompliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards and Requirements. The term Significant Noncompliance shall be applicable to all Significant Industrial Users (or any other Industrial User that violates paragraphs (C), (I) or (H) of this Section) and shall mean:

- A. Chronic violations of wastewater discharge limits, defined here as those in which sixty-six percent (66%) or more of all the measurements taken for the same pollutant parameter taken during a six- (6-) month period exceed.(by any magnitude) a numeric Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, including Instantaneous Limits as defined in Section 2;
- B. Technical Review Criteria (TRC) violations, defined here as those in which thirty-three percent (33%) or more of wastewater measurements taken for each pollutant parameter during a six- (6-) month period equals or exceeds the product of the numeric Pretreatment Standard or Requirement including Instantaneous Limits, as defined by Section 2 multiplied by the applicable criteria (1.4 for BOD, TSS, fats, oils and grease, and 1.2 for all other pollutants except pH);
- C. Any other violation of a Pretreatment Standard or Requirement as defined by Section 2 (Daily Maximum, long-term average, Instantaneous Limit, or narrative standard) that the Director of Public Works determines has caused, alone or in combination with other discharges, Interference or Pass Through, including endangering the health of POTW personnel or the general public;
- D. Any discharge of a pollutant that has caused imminent endangerment to the public or to the environment, or has resulted in [the Director's] exercise of its emergency authority to halt or prevent such a discharge;
- E. Failure to meet, within ninety (90) days of the scheduled date, a compliance schedule milestone contained in an individual wastewater discharge permit or enforcement order for starting construction, completing construction, or attaining final compliance;
- F. Failure to provide, within forty-five (45) days after the due date, any required reports, including (but not limited to) baseline monitoring reports, reports on

- compliance with categorical Pretreatment Standard deadlines, periodic selfmonitoring reports, and reports on compliance with compliance schedules;
- G. Failure to accurately report noncompliance; or
- H. Any other violation(s), which may include a violation of Best Management Practices, which the Director of Public Works determines will adversely affect the operation or implementation of the local pretreatment program.

### SECTION 10—ADMINISTRATIVE ENFORCEMENT REMEDIES

### 10.1 Notification of Violation

When the Director of Public Works finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, the Director of Public Works may serve upon that User a written Notice of Violation. Within thirty (30) days of the receipt of such notice, an explanation of the violation and a plan for the satisfactory correction and prevention thereof, to include specific required actions, shall be submitted by the User to the Director of Public Works. Submission of such a plan in no way relieves the User of liability for any violations occurring before or after receipt of the Notice of Violation. Nothing in this Section shall limit the authority of the Director of Public Works to take any action, including emergency actions or any other enforcement action, without first issuing a Notice of Violation.

### 10.2 Consent Orders

The Director of Public Works may enter into Consent Orders, assurances of compliance, or other similar documents establishing an agreement with any User responsible for noncompliance. Such documents shall include specific action to be taken by the User to correct the noncompliance within a time period specified by the document. Such documents shall have the same force and effect as the administrative orders issued pursuant to Sections 10.4 and 10.5 of these regulations.

### 10.3 Show Cause Hearing

The Director of Public Works may order a User which has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, to appear before the Director of Public Works and show cause why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. Notice shall be served on the User specifying the time and place for the meeting, the proposed enforcement action, the reasons for such action, and a request that the User show cause why the proposed enforcement action should not be taken. The notice of the meeting shall be served personally or by registered or certified mail (return receipt requested) at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing. Such notice may be served on any Authorized Representative of the User as defined in Section 1.4 C and required by Section 4.7 A. A show cause hearing shall not be a bar against, or prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.

### 10.4 Compliance Orders

When the Director of Public Works finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, the Director of Public Works may issue an order to the User responsible for the discharge directing that the User come into compliance within a specified time. If the User does not come into compliance within the time provided, sewer service may be discontinued unless adequate treatment facilities, devices, or other related appurtenances are installed and properly operated. Compliance orders also may contain other requirements to address the noncompliance, including additional self-monitoring and management practices designed to minimize the amount of pollutants discharged to the sewer, A compliance order may not extend the deadline for compliance established for a Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, nor does a compliance order relieve the User of liability for any violation, including any continuing violation. Issuance of a compliance order shall not be a bar against, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.

### 10.5 Cease and Desist Orders

When the Director of Public Works finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, or that the User's past violations are likely to recur, the Director of Public Works may issue an order to the User directing it to cease and desist all such violations and directing the User to:

- A. Immediately comply with all requirements; and
- B. Take such appropriate remedial or preventive action as may be needed to properly address a continuing or threatened violation, including halting operations and/or terminating the discharge.

Issuance of a cease and desist order shall not be a bar against, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.

# 10.6 Emergency Suspensions

The Director of Public Works may immediately suspend a User's discharge, after informal notice to the User, whenever such suspension is necessary to stop an actual or threatened discharge which reasonably appears to present or cause an imminent or substantial endangerment to the health or welfare of persons. The Director of Public Works may also immediately suspend a User's discharge, after notice and opportunity to respond, that threatens to interfere with the operation of the POTW, or which presents, or may present, an endangerment to the environment.

A. Any User notified of a suspension of its discharge shall immediately stop or eliminate its contribution. In the event of a User's failure to immediately comply voluntarily with the suspension order, the Director of Public Works may take such steps as deemed necessary, including immediate severance of the sewer connection, to prevent or minimize damage to the POTW, its receiving stream, or

endangerment to any individuals. The Director of Public Works may allow the User to recommence its discharge when the User has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Director of Public Works that the period of endangerment has passed, unless the termination proceedings in Section 10.8 of these regulations are initiated against the User.

B. A User that is responsible, in whole or in part, for any discharge presenting imminent endangerment shall submit a detailed written statement, describing the causes of the harmful contribution and the measures taken to prevent any future occurrence, to the Director of Public Works prior to the date of any show cause or termination hearing under Sections 10.3 or 10.8 of these regulations.

Nothing in this Section shall be interpreted as requiring a hearing prior to any Emergency Suspension under this Section.

## 10.7 Termination of Discharge

In addition to the provisions in Section 5.6 of these regulations, any User who violates the following conditions is subject to discharge termination:

- A. Violation of individual wastewater discharge permit conditions;
- B. Failure to accurately report the wastewater constituents and characteristics of its discharge;
- C. Failure to report significant changes in operations or wastewater volume, constituents, and characteristics prior to discharge;
- D. Refusal of reasonable access to the User's premises for the purpose of inspection, monitoring, or sampling; or
- E. Violation of the Pretreatment Standards in Section 2 of these regulations.

Such User will be notified of the proposed termination of its discharge and be offered an opportunity to show cause under Section 10.3 of these regulations why the proposed action should not be taken. Exercise of this option by the Director of Public Works shall not be a bar to, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against the User.

### SECTION .11 - JUDICIAL ENFORCEMENT REMEDIES

## 11.1 Injunctive Relief

When the Director of Public Works finds that a User has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, the Director of Public Works may petition the appropriate Court in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts through the Town of Ware's Attorney for the issuance of a temporary or permanent injunction, as appropriate, which

restrains or compels the specific performance of the individual wastewater discharge permit, order, or other requirement imposed by these regulations on activities of the User. The Director of Public Works may also seek such other action as is appropriate for legal and/or equitable relief, including a requirement for the User to conduct environmental remediation. A petition for injunctive relief shall not be a bar against, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against a User.

### 11.2 Civil Penalties

- A. A User who has violated, or continues to violate, any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement shall be liable to Town of Ware for a maximum civil penalty of \$5,000 per violation, per day. In the case of a monthly or other long-term average discharge limit, penalties shall accrue for each day during the period of the violation.
- B. To the fullest extent permitted by law, the Director of Public Works may recover reasonable attorneys' fees, court costs, and other expenses associated with enforcement activities, including sampling and monitoring expenses, and the cost of any actual damages incurred by the Town of Ware.
- C. Filing a suit for civil penalties shall not be a bar against, or a prerequisite for, taking any other action against a User.

#### 11.3 Remedies Nonexclusive

The remedies provided for in these regulations are not exclusive. The Director of Public Works may take any, all, or any combination of these actions against a noncompliant User. Enforcement of pretreatment violations will generally be in accordance with the Town of Ware enforcement response plan. However, the Director of Public Works may take other action against any User when the circumstances warrant.

### SECTION 12- SUPPLEMENTAL ENFORCEMENT ACTION

#### 12.1 Performance Bonds

The Director of Public Works may decline to issue or reissue an individual wastewater discharge permit to any User who has failed to comply with any provision of these regulations, a previous individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, unless such User first files a satisfactory bond, payable to Town of Ware, in a sum not to exceed a value determined by the Director to be necessary to achieve consistent compliance. This bond shall be made payable to the Town of Ware Industrial Wastewater Enterprise Account.

## 12.2 Liability Insurance

The Director of Public Works may decline to issue or reissue an individual wastewater discharge to any User who has failed to comply with any provision of these regulations, a previous individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, unless the User first submits proof that it has obtained financial assurances sufficient to restore or repair damage to the POTW caused by its discharge.

## 12.3 Payment of Outstanding Fees and Penalties

The Director of Public Works may decline to issue or reissue an individual wastewater discharge permit to any User who has failed to pay any outstanding fees or penalties incurred as a result of any provision of these regulations, a previous individual wastewater discharge permit, or an order issued hereunder.

# 12.4 Water and Sewer Supply Severance

Whenever a User has violated or continues to violate any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement, water and sewer service to the User may be severed. Service will recommence, at the User's expense, only after the User has satisfactorily demonstrated its ability to comply.

#### 12.5 Public Nuisances

A violation of any provision of these regulations, an individual wastewater discharge permit, or order issued hereunder, or any other Pretreatment Standard or Requirement is hereby declared a public nuisance and shall be corrected or abated as directed by the Director of Public Works. Any person(s) creating a public nuisance shall be subject to the provisions of Town of Ware bylaws, ordinances, codes and regulations governing such nuisances, including reimbursing the Town of Ware for any costs incurred in removing, abating, or remedying said nuisance.

#### 12.6 Informant Rewards

The Director of Public Works may pay up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for information leading to the discovery of noncompliance by a User. In the event that the information provided results in a civil penalty or an administrative fine levied against the User, The Director of Public Works may disperse up to ten percent (10%) of the collected fine or penalty to the informant. However, a single reward payment may not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).

### 12.7 Contractor Listing

Users which have not achieved compliance with applicable Pretreatment Standards and Requirements are not eligible to receive a contractual award for the sale of goods or services to Town of Ware. Existing contracts for the sale of goods or services to the Town of Ware held by a User found to be in Significant Noncompliance with Pretreatment Standards or Requirements may be terminated at the discretion of the Director of Public Works.

### SECTION 13 - AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO DISCHARGE VIOLATIONS

## 13.1 Upset

- A. For the purposes of this Section, upset means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with categorical Pretreatment Standards because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the User. An upset does not, include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational or equipment error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
- B. An upset shall constitute an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with categorical Pretreatment Standards if the requirements of paragraph (C), below, are met.
- C. A User who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
  - (1) An upset occurred and the User can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
  - (2) The facility was at the time being operated in a prudent and workman-like manner and in compliance with applicable operation and maintenance procedures; and
  - (3) The User has submitted the following information to the Director of Public Works within twenty-four (24) hours of becoming aware of the upset if this information is provided orally, a written submission must be provided within five (5) days:
    - (a) A description of the indirect discharge and cause of noncompliance;
    - (b) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue; and
    - (c) Steps being taken and/or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.
- D. In any enforcement proceeding, the User seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset shall have the burden of proof.
- E. Users shall have the opportunity for judicial determination on any claim of upset only in an enforcement action brought for noncompliance with categorical Pretreatment Standards.

F. Users shall control production of all discharges to the extent necessary to maintain compliance with categorical Pretreatment Standards upon reduction, loss, or failure of its treatment facility until the facility is restored or an alternative method of treatment is provided. This requirement applies in the situation where, among other things, the primary source of power of the treatment facility is reduced, lost, or fails.

### 13.2 Prohibited Discharge Standards

A User shall have an affirmative defense to an enforcement action brought against it for noncompliance with the general prohibitions in Section 2.1(A) of these regulations or the specific prohibitions in Sections 2.1 (B)(3) through (16) of these regulations if it can prove that it did not know, or have reason to know, that its discharge, alone or in conjunction with discharges from other sources, would cause Pass Through or Interference and that either:

- A. A Local Limit exists for each pollutant discharged and the User was in compliance with each limit directly prior to, and during, the Pass Through or Interference; or
- B. No Local Limit exists, but the discharge did not change substantially in nature or constituents from the User's prior discharge when the Town of Ware was regularly in compliance with its NPDES permit, and in the case of Interference, was in compliance with applicable sludge use or disposal requirements.

# 13.3 Bypass

- A. For the purposes of this Section,
  - (1) Bypass means the intentional diversion of wastestreams from any portion of a User's treatment facility.
  - (2) Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.
- B. A User may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause Pretreatment Standards or Requirements to be violated, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provision of paragraphs (C) and (D) of this Section.
- C. Bypass Notifications

- (1) If a User knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice to the Director of Public Works, at least ten (10) days before the date of the bypass, if possible.
- (2) A User shall submit oral notice to the Director of Public Works of an unanticipated bypass that exceeds applicable Pretreatment Standards within twenty-four (24) hours from the time it becomes aware of the bypass. A written submission shall also be provided within five (5) days of the time the User becomes aware of the bypass. The written submission shall contain a description of the bypass and its cause; the duration of the bypass, including exact dates and times, and, if the bypass has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the bypass. The Director of Public Works may waive the written report on a case-bycase basis if the oral report has been received within twenty-four (24) hours.

# D. Bypass

- (1) Bypass is prohibited, and the Director of Public Works may take an enforcement action against a User for a bypass, unless
  - (a) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
  - (b) There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
  - (c) The User submitted notices as required under paragraph (C) of this section.
- (2) The Director of Public Works may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Director of Public Works determines that it will meet the three conditions listed in paragraph (D)(l) of this Section.

SECTION 14- WASTEWATER TREATMENT RATES - [RESERVED] - See Appendix SECTION 15- MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

15.1 Pretreatment Charges and Fees

The Board of Selectmen may adopt reasonable fees for reimbursement of costs of setting up and operating the Town of Ware Pretreatment Program, which may include:

- A. Fees for wastewater discharge permit applications including the cost of processing such applications;
- B. Fees for monitoring, inspection, and surveillance procedures including the cost of collection and analyzing a User's discharge, and reviewing monitoring reports and certification statements submitted by Users;
- C. Fees for reviewing and responding to accidental discharge procedures and construction;
- D. Fees for filing appeals;
- E. Fees to recover administrative and legal costs (not included in Section 15.1 B) associated with the enforcement activity taken by the Director of Public Works to address IU noncompliance; and
- F. Fees for the review of proposed Pretreatment system and modifications to Pretreatment systems.
- G. Fees for analytical requirements at the POTW, which would regularly not be included in the POTW NPDES permit testing protocol.
- H. Fees associated with any NPDES Permit required reports (e.g. plant rating studies), pretreatment system evaluation and design, and the design and construction of upgrades required at the POTW which are due solely or in part to the User's discharge. These fees may be assessed as a lump sum connection fee. The Control Authority will provide backup for such fees;
- I. Fees to recover any NPDES permit violations which can be attributed to a User's individual wastewater discharge permit violation; and
- J. Other fees as the Town of Ware may deem necessary to carry out the requirements contained herein. These fees relate solely to the matters covered by these regulations and are separate from all other fees, fines, and penalties chargeable by the Town of Ware.

# 15.2 Severability

If any provision of these regulations is invalidated by any court of competent jurisdiction, the remaining provisions shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect.

### SECTION 16 – BETTERMENT ASSESSMENTS

### 16.1 Authority

The Town of Ware, acting through its Board of Selectmen serving as Water and Sewer Commissioners, shall assess the owners of land abutting a public sewer line installed by the Town by a rate based upon the uniform unit method. Sewer Assessments shall be determined utilizing the total number of existing residential sewer units to be served, or the residential equivalent of commercial, industrial or semi-public uses and shall be levied as betterment assessments or alternatively sewer privilege fees as described herein.

The authority to assess betterments, as well as the permitted methodologies for doing so, are described in MGL Ch. 80, §§ 14 through 24.

If any provision of these regulations or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of these regulations which can be given effect without such invalid provisions or applications.

## 16.2 Method of Assessing Betterments and Sewer Privilege Fees

#### A. General

The Town of Ware shall assess sewer betterments based upon the uniform unit method. Properties abutting a sewered street shall be assessed by a rate proportional to the total number of existing sewer units to be served at the time of the assessment. Said rate shall be determined by user class and shall apply to all lands developed or undeveloped abutting a sewered street. The total assessments shall not exceed the local share of the total sewer project cost which shall include total costs of engineering, survey, design, construction, land acquisition, construction engineering services, legal services and all related contingencies, less all state and federal aid received and other contributions to the project cost from other sources.

The Board shall levy, by preparing an Order of Assessment, assessments against all properties abutting a sewered street within six months after completion of the pertinent construction and of the subject portion of the sewer system (approved by the Board of Selectmen) for its intended use. In the Order of Assessment, the Board shall designate the owner of each parcel as of the preceding January first, as liable to assessment as stated under the provisions of the Massachusetts General Laws.

### B. Time of Assessment

(1) Betterments – The number of existing sewer units shall be determined by the Board of Selectmen for each sewer construction project approved by the Town Meeting. The time of assessment for lands abutting the sewered

street shall be that date upon which the sewer system with appurtenances is "approved for use". In the case where the construction of that portion of the sewer system (lateral sewers) funded by betterments is completed prior to the date upon which the sewer system is "approved for use" it shall be within the discretion of the Board of Selectmen to establish an earlier date of assessment.

- (2) Sewer Privilege Fees For those properties not abutting the sewer line at the time of construction, but tying into the system at a future date, the time of assessment shall be the date upon which that property connects into the sewer system.
- (3) For those properties serviced by the sewer system but subdivided at a future date, the time of assessment for the unsewered subdivision shall be the date upon which those subdivisions connect to the sewer system.

# 16.3 Sewer Unit Designation

### A. General

Sewer units shall be determined based upon the user class of those properties to be assessed a betterment. Said classes shall include residential and non-residential. The non-residential class shall include commercial, industrial, municipal and any or all other non-residential properties and sewer units shall be determined based upon the residential equivalent of such commercial, industrial, municipal or other non-residential class, as provided herein.

### B. Sewer Unit Determinations

Properties receiving direct benefit from the public sewer system, whether developed or undeveloped, shall be designated a number of sewer units in accordance with the following:

## (1) Residential Developed:

- (a) Single family dwellings shall comprise one sewer unit.
- (b) Multiple family dwellings (more than one dwelling unit) shall comprise a number of sewer units based upon the following methodology:
  - i. Rental properties (apartments) shall be assessed one sewer unit for each apartment with more than one bedroom. Rental properties shall be assessed one-half of one sewer unit for each one bedroom or studio apartment.
  - ii. Condominium complexes shall be assessed one sewer unit for each dwelling unit.

- (2) Non-Residential Developed with Town water:
  - (a) Non-residential property shall include all industrial, commercial and municipal properties.
  - (b) Non-residential buildings which are metered for water use shall comprise a number of sewer units based upon the average water consumption for the 12 months preceding the appropriation of the funds for construction using the following formula:

<u>Water Usage (gpd)</u> = Equivalent number of sewer units 200 gpd

(All decimals shall be rounded up to the next whole highest number)

- (3) Non-Residential Developed without Town water:
  - (a) Non-residential buildings not metered for water use shall be assigned a water consumption volume by the Ware Board of Health based on Title 5 of the State Environmental Code for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Minimum Requirements for the Subsurface Disposal of Sanitary Sewage. An equivalent number of sewer units shall then be determined by using the following formula:

Non-Residential

<u>Sewage Per Day (gpd)</u> = Equivalent number of sewer units 200 gpd

(All decimals shall be rounded up to the next whole highest number)

- (4) Residential Undeveloped:
  - (a) Undeveloped lots shall be assigned one sewer unit and be assessed accordingly. Future subdivisions of the assessed lot shall be subject to the assessment of sewer privilege fees.
- (5) Non-Residential Undeveloped:
  - (a) Undeveloped lots shall be assigned one sewer unit and be assessed accordingly. The lot shall be subject to the assessment of sewer privilege fees. Future use of the land shall govern the assessment of sewer privilege fees.

### 16.4 Betterment Payment

#### A. General

Except as herein provided, the provisions of Massachusetts General Laws relative to the assessment, apportionment, division, reassessment, abatement and collection of sewer assessments, liens therefor, and interest thereon shall apply to assessments made under this bylaw, and the Board of Assessors and Treasurer/Collector of the Town shall have all of the powers conveyed by Massachusetts General Laws relative to such assessments.

# B. Lump Sum Betterments

The lump sum betterment payment for an assessed property shall be based upon the total number of sewer units designated for said property at the time of assessment. Said number of sewer units shall be determined as described herein.

# C. Apportionment of Betterment Payment

Property owners shall have the option to apportion betterment payments in accordance with MGL Ch. 80, § 13. The interest rate charged by the Town shall be the rate being charged to the Town for the sewer construction project bond, plus any interest required by Massachusetts General Laws.

## 16.5 Sewer Privilege Fee

### A. Private Sewer Extension

If a developer or a person other than the Town of Ware, or duly authorized representative of the Town, constructs a sewer extension to the public sewer system, the Town shall assess a sewer privilege fee in lieu of betterment assessment with respect to each sewer unit to be served by said sewer extension. The sewer privilege fee shall be equivalent to \$7,500 per residential unit; non-residential units shall be \$7,500 multiplied by the sewer unit calculation described in Section 16.3(B)(2) of this bylaw. Sewer privilege fees shall be levied at the time of connection to the public sewer system. Sewer Privilege Fees shall be paid in a lump sum at the time of connection.

In addition, the developer and/or property owners connecting to a private sewer extension shall bear the burden of all costs, including costs of legal services, related to the following:

(1) Review of design plans and specifications for the private sewer

extensions to be accepted as part of the public sewer system conducted by a Registered Professional Engineer as authorized by the Board of Selectmen.

- (2) Inspection fees of the Board related to the installation of the private sewer extension tying into the public sewer system.
- (3) Application fees for a building Sewer Connection Permit, which shall include all reasonable costs related to installation inspection performed by an inspector for the Town of Ware.

Private costs associated with the design and construction of a private sewer extension shall not be considered with respect to the sewer privilege fee. Payments or method of payment related to these costs shall not be reflected within the sewer privilege fee.

# 16.6 Public Sewers in Unaccepted Ways

If a property abuts a private or unaccepted way within which a public sewer has been installed, or if a property lies within one hundred (100) feet of a public sewer within a private or unaccepted way, the Town shall assess a sewer privilege fee in lieu of betterment assessment against said property. The sewer privilege fee shall be equivalent to the betterment assessment for said property as determined by the procedures outlined in Section 16.3 of these regulations and shall be levied at the time of connection to the public sewer. All provisions governing the payment and method of payment related to betterment assessments as described in Section 16.4 of these regulations shall apply.

### SECTION 17 - EFFECTIVE DATE

These regulations shall be in full force and effect immediately following their passage, approval, and publication, as provided by law.

Adopted by the Board of Selectmen, July 21, 2015.

#### APPENDIX A

#### **FEES**

#### A-1 New Services

A. Application and Inspection Fee

The "Application and Inspection Fee" for a building sewer connection to the public sewer shall be \$200.

#### B. Connection Fees

The "Connection Fee" for a building sewer connection to the public sewer shall be as follows:

- 1. Residential A Sewer Connection ("Entrance") fee for individual residential sewer connections shall be two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars (\$2,250.00).
- 2. Commercial A Sewer Connection ("Entrance") fee for individual commercial sewer connections shall be five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00).
- 3. Industrial A Sewer Connection ("Entrance") fee for individual industrial sewer connections shall be ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00).
- 4. Subdivision A Sewer Connection ("Entrance") fee for subdivisions of land shall be two thousand five hundred dollars (\$5,000.00). This fee shall cover connections to the existing main sewer line by a new main sewer line in the proposed street. Entrance fees for individual lots will also apply to each lot within the subdivision.
- 5. In addition to the Sewer Connection ("Entrance") fee for subdivisions, an added cost per building lot proposed in a subdivision may be assessed for purposes of compensating the Town for administrative and construction inspection costs incurred. This cost per lot will be as established by the <u>Board of Water and Sewer Commissioners</u>.

Prior to issuance of a building permit for a building to be connected to the municipal sewer, the entire "Entrance Fee," must be paid in full. The "Entrance Fee" for a subdivision connection must be paid in full prior to work being started on said connection by either Department of Public Works forces or by a private contractor.

#### A-2 Charges for sewer service.

A. User Fees (all users)

- 1. Base Charge A base charge of \$37.50 per quarter shall be charged for all active accounts. This base charge will cover the first 500 cubic feet of sewerage as measured by the water meter for the structure
- 2. User Fee Sewer fees for all use above the minimum as defined in section 1 above shall be \$3.93 per hundred cubic feet as measured by the water meter for the structure.

#### A.3 Charges of hauled waste

Septic tank sludge from septic tanks located within Ware will be treated for a fee per gallons of \$0.05. The fee for waste from outside of town shall be \$0.10 per gallon

#### A.4 Interest

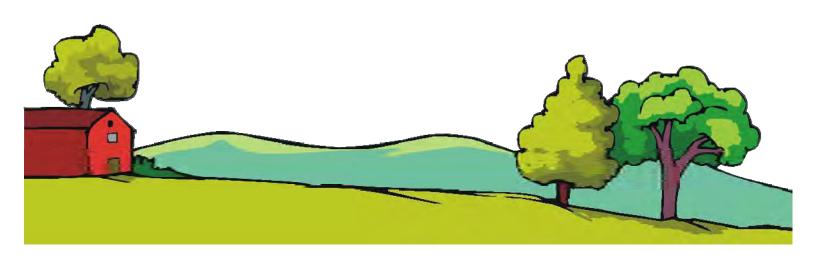
The Sewer Division may charge interest on overdue bills for sewer charges, charges, fees or costs at the rate of 14% per annum.

Betterment Assessments shall bear an interest rate of two (2%) percent per annum above the rate of interest rate chargeable to the Town of Ware as provided in MGL Ch. 80, §13.

## **APPENDIX E Open Space and Recreation Plan**



# Open Space & Recreation Plan Town of Ware Massachusetts March 3, 2016



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During the development of the 2013 update to the Town of Ware's 2007 Open Space and Recreation Plan (OSRP), there was much discussion about the definition of 'open space'. For the purposes of this plan, open space is defined broadly and can include conservation land, active recreation lands such as ball fields and playgrounds, passive recreation lands including trails or places for nature observation, agricultural land, greenways and parks, forest land, open fields, and waterways and wetlands. Generally, open space refers to an undeveloped area used for conservation or recreation purposes. Working woodlands managed for timber harvest, as well as land with active agricultural operations, are also considered open space.

Included within the 2013 OSRP is a detailed environmental inventory and assessment as well as a discussion about community demographics and growth and development patterns. Together, this information is used to understand the needs of the community relative to open space and recreation. Community input has also been sought to inform a more complete picture of what gives Ware its sense of place and makes it a community in which people choose to live today and in the years to come.

Through the analysis of data and public input process, four goals for open space and recreation in the Town of Ware were identified:

Goal #1: Provide a broad range of high quality recreational programs.

Goal #2: Manage open space and recreation cohesively and effectively.

Goal #3: Preserve town's rural characteristics.

Goal #4: Increase public awareness of open space and recreation resources.

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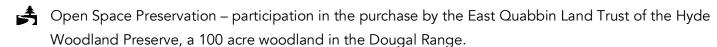




#### Statement of Purpose

The 2013 Open Space and Recreation Plan (OSRP) was developed to update the 2007 OSRP that was due to expire in 2014. The current OSRP offers many benefits to the Town of Ware, most notably the ability to recognize community characteristics that contribute to Ware's sense of place, and thus plan for their preservation. Likewise, when followed, this Plan can be an effective mechanism for achieving the community goals for open space and recreation identified in this plan.

Since the 2007 OSRP was completed, the community has been very active at improving and expanding recreational opportunities through the Parks and Recreation Commission and the Open Space Committee. Some of these projects include:



- Open Space and Agricultural Preservation participation in the purchase by the East Quabbin Land Trust of the Frohloff Farm, an 88 acre property along the Ware River and at the southern end of the Dougal Range.
- Open Space Preservation participation in a Conservation Restriction for a private property owner of 51 acres in the Dougal Range.
- Recreation Upgrades to the facilities at Memorial Field, included new lighting system for baseball and soccer/football fields, reseeded the fields, and new walking path around the perimeter of the park.
- Recreation Created a new ball field with fence at Grenville Park, used for tee ball.
- Recreation Improvements to ball field at Grenville Park: raised and leveled to correct drainage issues in both infield and outfield, reseeded field and recreated infield.
- Recreation Installed bocce court and horse shoe pits at Grenville Park.
- Recreation Replaced all roofs on dugouts at Memorial Field, Kubinski Field, and the first and second baseball diamonds at Grenville Park, replaced asphalt roofs with metal and replaced rotten boards.
- Recreation Installed underground electric service to band shell, park restrooms, and main baseball field at Grenville Park. Updated service in all locations.
- Recreation Refurbished the band shell at Grenville Park and installed a new ADA compliant ramp.
- Recreation Created two wheel chair accessible fishing piers with parking at Grenville Park.

Table 2-1: Open Space & Recreation Plan Committee				
Herb Foley	Open Space Committee			
Bill Imbier	Parks Commission			
Brian Klassanos	Land owner			
Danielle Souza	Recreation leagues			
David Kopacz	Conservation Commission			
Joe Knight	Planning Board			
Denis Ouimette	Finance Committee			
Kathy Cronin	Open Space Committee			
Kevin McClure	Scouts			
Diana Petersen	Resident, Business person			
Nancy Talbot	Board of Selectmen			



Recreation - Installed a new boat ramp for trailered boat access at Grenville Park, along with a new dock to fish from and use in launching.



Recreation - Roadway and parking lot improvements at Grenville Park, including paving the entrance and exit roads of the park, enlarging the main parking lot, installing drainage to handle high ground water around parts of parking lot, and paving to restrooms to better accommodate ADA needs.



Recreation - Installed new roofs on all buildings at Reed Pool, including the bath house, filter house, and concession stand.



Recreation - Upgrades at Reed Pool including installation of a new sand filter and chemical control system as well as safety devices, and upgrades to the electrical services in the filter house.



Recreation - Introduced wheel chair accessible picnic tables into the park systems.



Recreation - Added on to our hiking trails in Grenville park. Cutting of trees and wood chipped paths.



Recreation - Installed two bridges on, and opened, southern section of Ware River Greenway rail trail.



Refurbished and reinstalled the historic fountain in Nenameseck Square, including installation of a new upgraded pump system.

#### <u>Planning Process and Public Participation</u>

The Ware Board of Selectmen appointed an 11 member Open Space and Recreation Committee to work with the Pioneer Valley Planning Commission (PVPC) to develop an update to the 2007 OSRP. Table 2-1 lists the members to the Committee and their affiliation. Additionally, the Town Manager Stuart Beckley and the Town Planner Karen Cullen assisted the Committee. Funding for the PVPC's assistance was provided by a District Local Technical Assistance Grant to the Town of Ware. The OSRP update was developed to meet the requirements of the Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, Department of Conservation Services 2008 guidelines.



The Open Space and Recreation Plan Committee met six times on the following dates:

- Thursday, May 2, 2013
- Thursday, June 6, 2013
- Thursday, June 27, 2013
- Tuesday, July 30, 2013
- Tuesday, October 1, 2013
- Wednesday, March 2, 2016

Public input for the plan was conducted in several ways. A community survey was issued from June 7 through September 10, 2013. The survey was available electronically on Survey Monkey and in paper format at the Town Clerk's Office, the Young Men's Library Association, Reed Municipal Pool, and the Ware Senior Center. Press releases about the availability of the survey were issued in July, August and September, and an article ran in the Ware River News each month. A link to the survey was posted on the Town website. The Town received 103 survey responses, or approximately 2.5% of households.

In addition, a public visioning session was held on Monday, September 9, 2013 from 7-9 pm at the Ware Junior/Senior High School. The visioning session offered a public forum for discussing goals and strategies for addressing the future of open space and recreation in Ware. Despite broad outreach about the visioning session conducted in tandem with all notifications about the community survey, and the visioning session included as a "Save the date" on the survey itself, only 15 people attended the visioning session. Despite limited public participation in the survey and visioning session, the Committee utilized the information received from those engaged citizens.

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## Community Setting Section 3



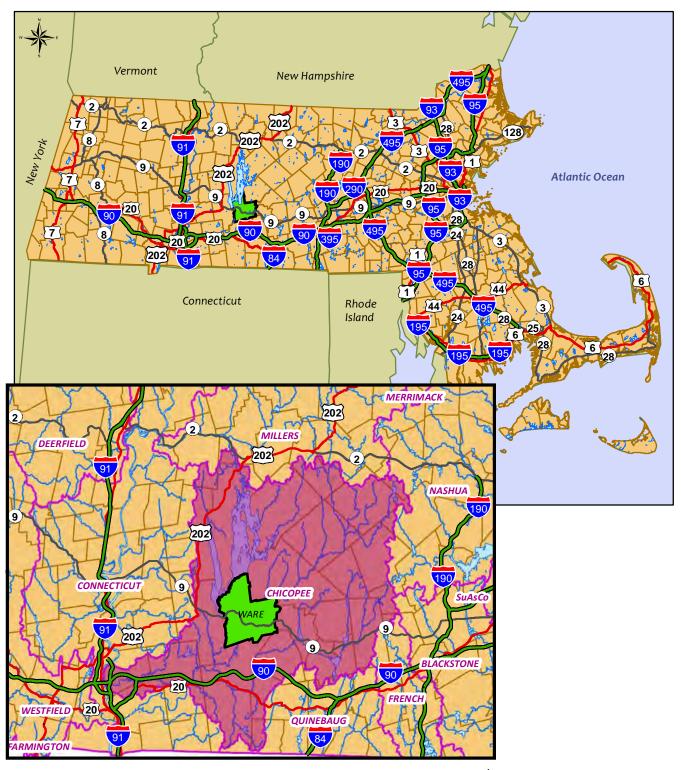
#### A. Regional Context

Ware is located in the Connecticut River watershed in the southeast corner of Hampshire County along the southeastern shore of the Quabbin Reservoir. The town is characterized by an abundance of surface waters that generally flow along a series of north and south running valleys carved by glaciers. The Ware River valley extends along the town's eastern border; the Muddy Brook and Flat Brook valleys are located near the town's geographical center; the Swift River valley extends from the Quabbin Reservoir along the western town boundary. See Maps 1 and 2 for the regional context.

Ware has an area of 25,570 acres or approximately 40 square miles. It is bordered by: Belchertown to the west; New Salem, Petersham, and Hardwick to the north; New Braintree and West Brookfield to the east; and Warren and Palmer to the South. The Town is located approximately 27 miles from the City of Springfield to the southwest and 27 miles from the City of Worcester to the east.

Although major transportation corridors (Routes 9 and 32) in Ware have seen much development in recent times, the town has retained a rural character and historic appearance. Contributing to Ware's rural character is the Quabbin Reservoir, a part of which is in the town's northwestern corner. Built between 1928 and 1939 to provide water to the residents of Boston, the reservoir has 38.6 square miles of water surface, 118 miles of shoreline, 120 square miles of associated protected open space, and at capacity contains 412 billion gallons of water (see Table 3-1). Approximately 8,047 acres of protected land within the Quabbin Reservoir watershed is located in the Town of Ware.

Landowner	Acres	Notes
Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR) - Division of Water Supply Protection	53,987	
DCR – Division of State Parks and Recreation and Bureau of Forestry	2,381	Includes: Federated Women's Club State Forest, Shutesbury State Forest, Wendell State Forest, New Salem State Forest, Petersham State Forest
Department of Fish and Game - Division of Fisheries and Wildlife	3,015	Philipston Wildlife Management Area (WMA), Popple Camp WMA (Petersham), Racoon Hill WMA (Barre), other Barre WMAs, Wendell WMA, Petersham WMA
Private lands	17,200	Harvard University, Massachusetts Audubon Society, and the Trustees of Reservations
Total	76,583	120 square miles







Chicopee Basin



Major Basins



**Rivers and Streams** 



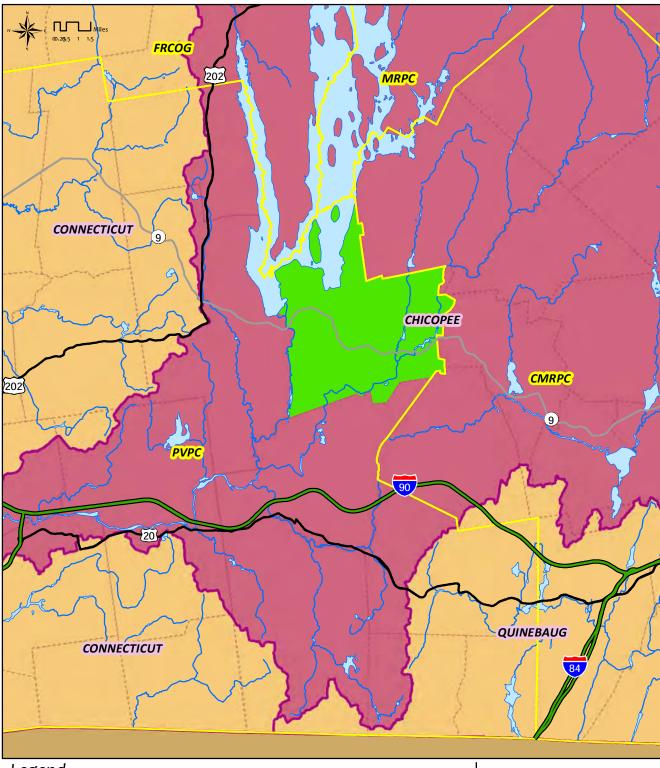
Lakes and Ponds

Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 1: Vicinity and Major Watersheds

May 24, 2013

Sources: MassGIS: Major Watershed Basins, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns





#### Legend

Ware

Major Basins

Chicopee Basin

Regional Planning Agencies

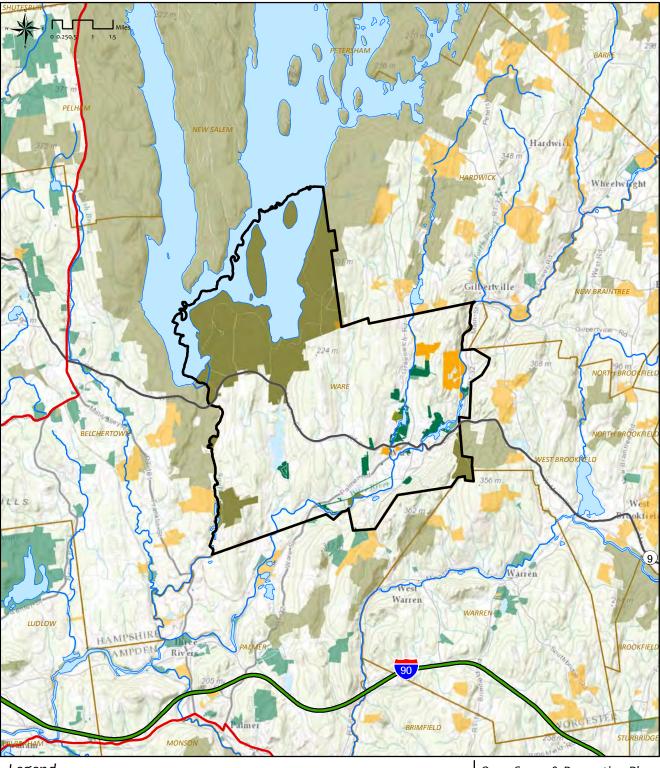
#### Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 2: Regional Context

May 24, 2013

Sources: MassGIS: Watershed Basins, Regional Planning Agencies, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns







Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 3: Regional Open Space

May 24, 2013

Sources: MassGIS: Towns, Roads, Rivers, Lakes, Open Space Ware: Open Space ESRI: Base Map



While public access to these lands is regulated by the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR) Division of Water Supply Protection to help protect drinking water supplies, there are opportunities for boat fishing and shore fishing access, hiking, sightseeing, bicycling on designated roads, picnicking, bird watching, and snowshoeing. An observatory tower is located on Quabbin Hill in Ware, and the park headquarters across the dam in Belchertown houses an interpretive center. There are six official access gates – numbers 50 through 55—into the Quabbin reservation located within Ware.

DCR actively protects and manages its lands at the Quabbin for forestry, wildlife, biological diversity and cultural resources. The program is detailed within the pages of a 10-year plan entitled 2007-2017 Quabbin Land Management Plan.

Map 3 shows the protected open space areas within the region. An examination of this map shows the potential for significant interconnected protected open space areas throughout the region, in addition to the extensive lands of the Quabbin reservation.

#### B. History of the Community

Ware's name is derived from the Nenameseck Indians' technique of building fishing weirs in the rivers. The weirs were rough walls of stone that formed a substructure for stakes and brush, allowing fish to be more easily caught. Locations within Ware provided favorite fishing spots for Native Americans who frequented the area before colonial times. The falls in particular, now the site of a dam located on the Ware River near the center of town, was a prime place to catch salmon, and many Native American relics have been found in this immediate area.

Abundant rivers and streams in the area also drew colonists who harnessed water power for small scale milling. The first mills were built around 1729, and Snow's Pond was one of the first manmade ponds in Ware. In 1742, the Ware River Precinct was established, which formed the basis for the establishment of the Town of Ware. The steady increase in the number of sawmills and grist mills drew people from surrounding towns. The first major manufacturing company in Ware began in 1813, supplying a local demand for textiles. In 1829 the Hampshire Manufacturing Company, followed by Otis Company, built large manufacturing mills in town. The Otis Company's mill is unique in that it was built from stone quarried from a nearby town, and is still standing today.

Prosperous mill manufacturing required railroads, which brought more goods and people to Ware. The early nineteenth century saw an influx of immigrants to the prospering and expanding factories. Here in town, residents lived, worked, went to school and church, found opportunities for recreation, and spent their wages in the downtown shops. During the 1800s, Ware was the most prosperous village in Hampshire County. Ware's boom was noticed as early as 1823 by reporter Jeremiah Spofford of the Gazetteer of Massachusetts, who wrote: "An immense change has been made in the town of Ware within a short period, By which a desolate wilderness has been changed into a prosperous village."

The town lost prosperity in the early twentieth century due to the regional decline of the milling economy. The Otis Manufacturing Company, which had been the largest single employer in the town for over one hundred years, also failed to gain profit. In October 1937, the Otis Manufacturing Company announced its liquidation and sale. Realizing the future impact of the announcement, within a few days, the Ware Citizens Committee voted to raise money to buy the mill. The purchase was the first employee buy-out of a major manufacturer in America. They renamed the now publicly-owned factory Ware Industries. It was during this period that Police Chief Bartholomew W. Buckley is credited with famously dubbing Ware as "The Town That Can't Be Licked."

Relative prosperity during the 1950s gave way to the pressures of inflation and recession prevalent throughout the 1970s, and Ware Industries declared bankruptcy in 1978. To recover the losses, the land and mill complex was divided into seventeen parcels and sold off to individual owners. Today, businesses, outlet shops, specialty stores, offices, and light industry are housed in the mill complex. Much of the building space throughout the millyard is either vacant or underutilized, providing an opportunity for redevelopment into a more vibrant economic center in the town.

#### C. Population Characteristics

Population Growth Indicators and Households

Ware's population grew steadily from 1930 to 1990, but has remained stable over the past 20 years. There has been only a one percent increase in population from 9,808 in 1990 to 9,872, in 2010, with a slight dip to 9,708 in 2000 (see Figure 3-1.) Neighboring communities generally have experienced greater population growth during this same period with the largest increase occurring in Belchertown at 38% (see Table 3-2 and Figure 3-2).

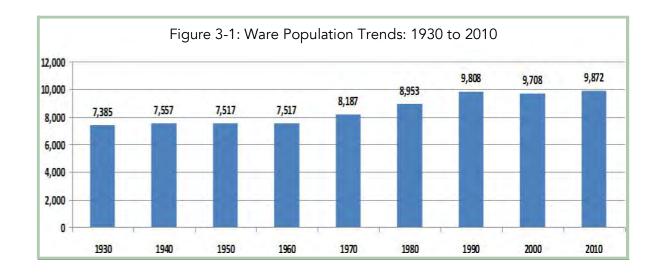
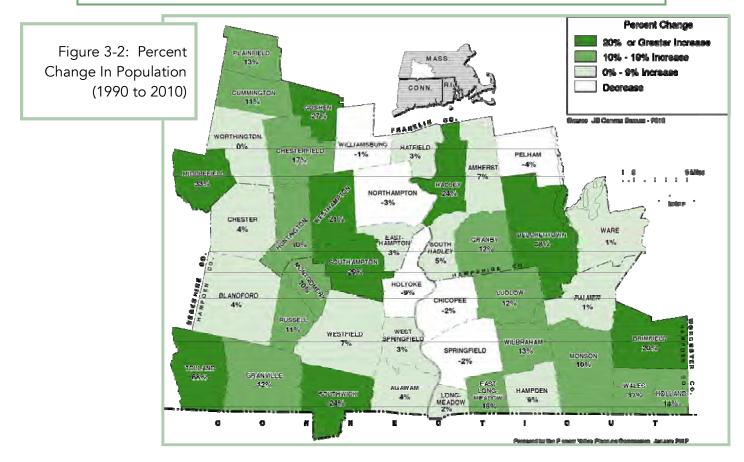




Table 3-2: Comparative Regional Po	pulation Trends		
Geography	1990	2010	Change 1990 to 2010
Ware	9,808	9,872	1%
Belchertown	10,579	14,649	38%
Palmer	12,054	12,140	1%
Pelham	1,373	1,321	-4%
Ludlow	18,820	21,103	12%
Hardwick	2,385	2,990	14%
Warren	4,437	5,135	16%
Hampshire County	146,568	158,080	8%
Hampden County	456,310	463,490	2%
Pioneer Valley Region	602,878	621,570	3%
Massachusetts	6,016,425	6,547,629	8%
Source: U.S. Census Bureau 1990-2010			



In Ware, the number of households increased by 8.6 percent, indicating a decline in the average household size during this same period, 1990 to 2010 (see Table 3-2).

The U.S. Census Bureau has not updated its estimates on the number of Ware residents with a disability since the 2000 Decennial Census, but the U.S. Census Bureau's latest regional estimates for 2008-2010 show that 11 percent of the region's total population of residents aged 18 to 64 and almost 40 percent of elderly residents reported having one or more disabilities (2008-2010 ACS).

Table 3-3: Ware Demographic Trends Summary							
	1990	2000	2010	Change 1990 to 2010			
Number of residents	9,808	9,707	9,872	0.7%			
Number of households	3,836	4,027	4,120	7.4%			
Households with children	1,228	1,200	1,084	-11.7%			
Average household size	2.56	2.41	2.39	-6.6%			
Single person households	1,149	1,172	1,198	4.3%			
Source: United States Census Bu	Source: United States Census Bureau, Decennial Census 1990, 2000, 2010						

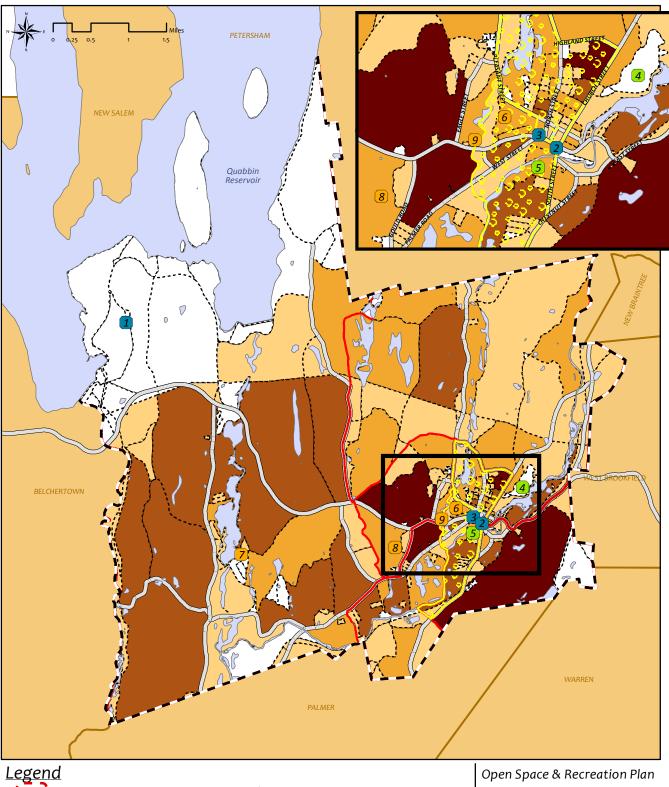
Map 4 shows Ware's population by US Census Block, along with the location of the nine key recreation facilities in the town and of the environmental justice populations. The greater downtown area is home to the highest density of people, the environmental justice population, and 7 of the 9 recreational facilities. Map 5 shows similar data but at the Block Group level.

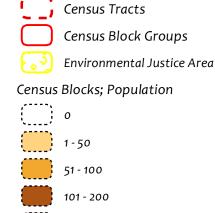
#### Population by Age

Despite the stable numbers in the overall population of Ware, there was tremendous growth in the 45 to 64-year-old age group. This population exploded from 1990 to 2010, increasing by 68%. In all other age groups, the population declined. This includes pre-school-age children (-18%), elementary (-18%), middle (-3%), and high school (-6%) age students as well (see Table 3-4).

Table 3-4: Ware P	opulation By Age	e: 1990 to 2010 Comp	parison		
	POPULATION	% OF TOTAL 1990	POPULATION	% OF TOTAL 2010	%
	1990	POPULATION	2010	POPULATION	CHANGE
UNDER 5 YEARS	744	7.5%	611	6.2%	-18%
5-9 YEARS	737	7.5%	607	6.1%	
10-14 YEARS	591	6.0%	574	5.8%	-10%
15-19 YEARS	639	6.5%	598	6.1%	
20-24 YEARS	664	6.7%	548	5.6%	
25-34 YEARS	1,722	17.4%	1,201	12.2%	-18%
35-44 YEARS	1,366	13.8%	1,320	13.4%	
45-54 YEARS	948	9.6%	1,634	16.6%	
55-59 YEARS	389	3.9%	713	7.2%	68%
60-64 YEARS	427	4.3%	608	6.2%	
65-74 YEARS	945	9.6%	767	7.8%	
75-84 YEARS	517	5.2%	452	4.6%	-12%
85+ YEARS	199	2.0%	239	2.4%	
TOTAL POP.	9,808	100.0%	9,872	100.0%	
MEDIAN AGE	33.8	N/A	41.2	N/A	
Source: U.S. Census I	Bureau, 1990, 2000, a	& 2010 Decennial Census			







201 - 473

#### Type of Recreation Active

Active/Passive

Passive

- 1 Quabbin Park
- 2 Nemanesek Park
- 3 Veteran's Park

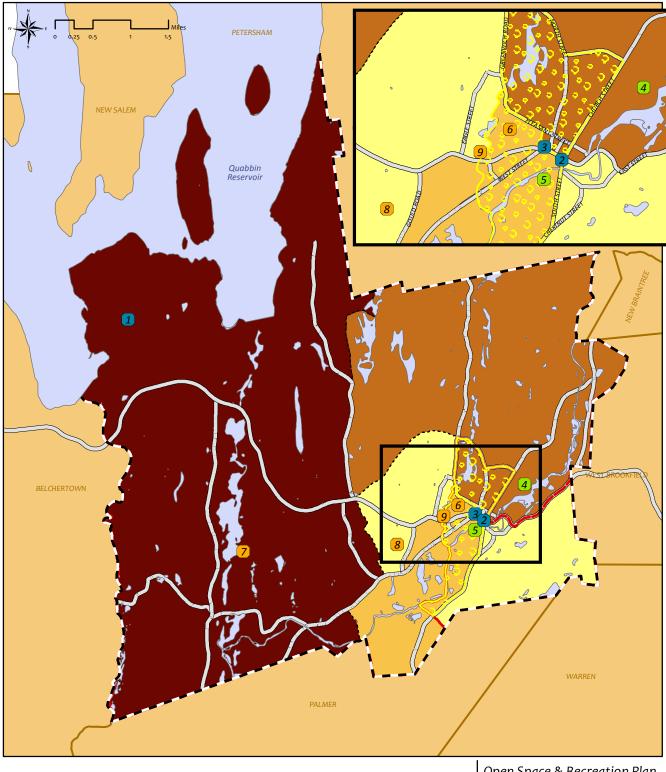
- 4 Grenville Park 5 Memorial Field 6 Kubinski Field 7 Pennybrook Field 8 School Campus Fields 9 Reed Pool

Map 4: Population, 2010

May 23, 2013

MassGIS: US Census data, Environmental Justice Area Ware: Recreation Areas





#### <u>Legend</u>

Census Tracts



Environmental Justice Area

Census Block Groups; Population



654 - 1000



1001 - 1500



1501 - 2000



2001 - 3335

#### Type of Recreation



Active



Active/Passive

- Passive
- 1 Quabbin Park 2 Nemanesek Park

- 2 Nemanesek Park 3 Veteran's Park 4 Grenville Park 5 Memorial Field 6 Kubinski Field 7 Pennybrook Field 8 School Campus Fields 9 Reed Pool

Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 5: Population, 2010

May 23, 2013

MassGIS: US Census data, Environmental Justice Area Ware: Recreational Areas



Looking at population figures in a shorter time frame of 10 years, from 2000 to 2010, the 45 to 64-year-old age group still shows significant growth of 33%. Aside from the school age populations, declines in the other populations are moderated by this shorter time frame. The population of pre-school-age children grew by 3.5%, while all other school age populations declined: elementary at -5%; middle school at -20%, and high school at -13% (see Table 3-5). This more careful examination of the population can provide some important insights in providing direction for open space and recreation planning.

Table 3-5: Ware Po		2000 to 2010 Compari	son		
	POPULATION	% OF TOTAL 2000	POPULATION	% OF TOTAL 2010	% CHANGE
	2000	POPULATION	2010	POPULATION	70 CH 7 (1 VGE
UNDER 5 YEARS	590	6.1%	611	6.2%	3.5%
5-9 YEARS	642	6.6%	607	6.1%	
10-14 YEARS	723	7.4%	574	5.8%	-13%
15-19 YEARS	689	7.1%	598	6.1%	
20-24 YEARS	538	5.5%	548	5.6%	
25-34 YEARS	1,251	12.9%	1,201	12.2%	-9%
35-44 YEARS	1,594	16.4%	1,320	13.4%	
45-54 YEARS	1,369	14.1%	1,634	16.6%	
55-59 YEARS	497	5.1%	713	7.2%	33%
60-64 YEARS	349	3.6%	608	6.2%	
65-74 YEARS	662	6.8%	767	7.8%	
75-84 YEARS	613	6.3%	452	4.6%	<1%
85+ YEARS	190	2.0%	239	2.4%	
TOTAL POP.	9,707	100.0%	9,872	100.0%	
MEDIAN AGE	37.7	N/A	41.2	N/A	

#### Population by Race, Ethnicity & Ancestry

The Pioneer Valley Region continues to become more diverse in race and ethnicity. Immigration during the last few decades of the twentieth century and subsequent births, played a major role in changing the racial and ethnic composition of the Pioneer Valley as well as the overall U.S. population. The Pioneer Valley went from being 82 percent white in 2000 to 80 percent white in 2010. The region's Hispanic population grew significantly during this time from 12 percent in 2000 to 17 percent in 2010. Population by ethnicity in Ware remains predominantly white (94%) with a small Hispanic or Latino population following at 3.9% of the community (see Table 3-6).

Table 3-6: Population by Ethnicity	1				
	Massachusetts	% of Total	Ware	% of Total	
Total	6,547,629	100%	9,872	100%	
White	5,265,236	80.4%	9,292	94.1%	
Black or African American	434,398	6.6%	102	1.0%	
American Indian and Alaska Native	18,850	0.3%	30	0.3%	
Asian	349,768	5.3%	71	0.7%	
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	2,223	0.0%	0	0.0%	
Some Other Race	305,151	4.7%	137	1.4%	
Two or More Races	172,003	2.6%	240	2.4%	
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	627,654	9.6%	389	3.9%	
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Decennial Census					

#### Household Income & Poverty

Median household income for Ware in 2010 was \$66,564. While this is slightly higher than the \$65,672 median household income for the Pioneer Valley Region, it is much lower than the \$81,165 median household income for the state as a whole during this same period.

At the same time, 13.7% of Ware families had incomes below the poverty level. This has 581 children living in poverty. The Census Bureau uses income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to determine poverty. For example, a family of two adults and one child with an income at or below \$17,552 is defined as below poverty. These thresholds do not change based on geography.

The percentage of students who receive free and reduced lunch at school and households receiving fuel assistance can also be used to gauge financial need in a community. According to the Massachusetts Department of Education, a total of 688 students, or 53% of all students received free or reduced school lunch in Ware<sup>1</sup>. Figure 3-3 shows how Ware compares to the other municipalities in the Pioneer Valley Regional Planning Commission's jurisdiction.

#### Economic Character & Employment Trends

Although the textile mills are gone, the mill buildings and accompanying neighborhoods give downtown Ware its architectural character. A number of the buildings have been converted to small manufacturing and retail spaces. Today, services and wholesale and retail trade have far surpassed manufacturing in employment, with over 83% of the total employment in the town. (See Tables 3-7 and 3-8.)

<sup>1</sup> Children from families with incomes at or below 130 percent of the poverty level (currently \$21,710 for a family of four) are eligible for free meals. Those between 130 percent and 185 percent of the poverty level (currently \$30,895 for a family of four) are eligible for reduced-price meals, for which students can be charged no more than 40 cents.



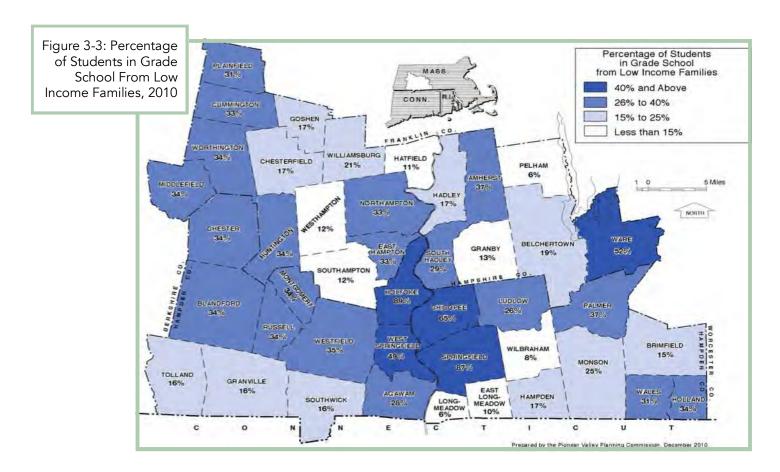


Table 3-7: Ware Industry Trends 2001 to 2010						
Number of E	stablishments	Average Month	nly Employment	Average W	eekly Wage	
2001	2010	2001	2010	2001	2010	
212	261	2,691	2,677	\$553	\$736	
Source: MA Department of Labor and Workforce Development, Employment and Wage (ES-202) data, 2010						

The millyard is now occupied by a variety of uses including manufacturing, office, service, retail, and warehousing. Today's industries generally need modern spaces with upgraded utilities, which the millyard cannot provide. A large shopping center on Route 32 near the Palmer town line services residents from all of the surrounding communities.

Two-thirds of residents who work travel to jobs outside of Ware. Less than one-fifth travel out of the Pioneer Valley to Worcester County, elsewhere in Massachusetts, Hartford, or elsewhere in Connecticut for work. Nearly one-half stay within the Pioneer Valley (see Table 3-9).











Description	Number of Establishments	Average Monthly Employment	Average Weekly Wage	
Total, All Industries	261	2,677	\$736	
Goods-Producing Domain	39	467	\$1,198	
Construction	29	85	\$830	
Manufacturing	10	381	\$1,283	
Durable Goods Manufacturing	6	92	\$1,122	
Non-Durable Goods Manufacturing	4	289	\$1,335	
Service-Providing Domain	222	2,210	\$639	
Trade, Transportation And Utilities	52	817	\$502	
42 - Wholesale Trade	10	17	\$1,253	
44-45 - Retail Trade	33	763	\$464	
48-49 - Transportation & Warehousing	8	30	\$846	
Financial Activities	14	53	\$636	
52 - Finance And Insurance	12	53	\$633	
Professional And Business Services	31	283	\$945	
54 - Professional & Technical Services	12	32	\$518	
55 - Management of Companies & Enterprises	4	201	\$1,135	
56 - Administrative And Waste Services	15	51	\$448	
Education And Health Services	21	575	\$864	
62 - Health Care And Social Assistance	17	380	\$844	
Leisure And Hospitality	23	235	\$232	
71 - Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	3	10	\$416	
72 - Accommodation & Food Services	20	225	\$224	
Other Services	68	123	\$257	
81 - Other Services, Excluding Public Admin	68	123	\$257	
Public Administration	11	113	\$990	
92 - Public Administration	11	113	\$990	



Table 3-9: Place of Work for Ware Residents, 2004				
Place of Work	Number	Percent		
Ware	1,629	33.6%		
Belchertown	136	2.8%		
Springfield	638	13.2%		
Elsewhere in Pioneer Valley	1,555	32.1%		
Elsewhere in Massachusetts	81	1.7%		
Worcester County	723	14.9%		
Hartford County	57	1.2%		
Elsewhere in Connecticut	18	0.4%		
Total	4,846	100%		
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2004 Commuter Survey				



#### D. Growth and Development Patterns

Ware began as a small farming community located along a stream (Flat Brook), with a typical farmstead pattern of development. The Industrial Revolution brought a significant amount of growth in what is now the downtown area, where the Ware River had significant elevation changes allowing for damming of the river for a reliable power source for the mills. The development pattern in this area of town was a typical mill town, with high density residential and commercial development located close to the mills where people worked. Following the decline of that industrial base, along with the increasingly automotive dependent lifestyle adopted by the country following World War II, Ware has moved toward a pattern of rural-suburban residential development with a secondary commercial and industrial base. There are several factors at play that influence this pattern and that will directly affect the amount and form of recreation and conservation space, and thus will require careful thought and planning.

Ware is both isolated and centrally located. Rural/suburban development has been on the rise (with the exception of 2008-2012 due to the Recession) since Ware lies within 45 minutes of both Worcester and Springfield. Yet the town retains the quiet rural life it has always enjoyed.

Ware's physical character has a strong influence on where and what development can take place. The basic landform character is one of narrow valleys and ridges running north-south. These ridges limited the amount of open land available for farming and concentrated the amount of developable land within the valleys and divided the town into three basic development areas: Beaver Lake, Ware Center, and the Ware River/Route 32 Corridor.

Ware's real estate market has fluctuated over the years but as prices rose in surrounding regions, Ware's lower prices became an economic incentive for people to move here. Ware is now desirable for its lower cost of housing and land, both of which have already impacted and will continue to impact residential and business development. The land itself will also feel these impacts. With the increased growth it is important to plan in advance for critical ecological and recreation lands.

The presence of a strong downtown development pattern, civic organizations, social and health services, and infrastructure set Ware apart from other towns its size. Its history of being a mill town has given Ware some of the urban resources that will allow the town to both accommodate and attract additional growth and development.

Historically, Ware had been settled primarily in the downtown area or its immediate vicinity. However, in the last few decades the outlying "rural" areas have become popular locations for single family homes. The area surrounding Beaver Lake, which began as a vacation community in the late 1800s, has become increasingly developed with year round single family homes. In addition, there has been a trend of residential development within the agricultural areas in the northern part of town, along Fisherdick and Greenwich Roads, and in the areas along West Warren Road in the southern part of town.

This development in the outer areas has caused some concern about the loss of rural character. All of

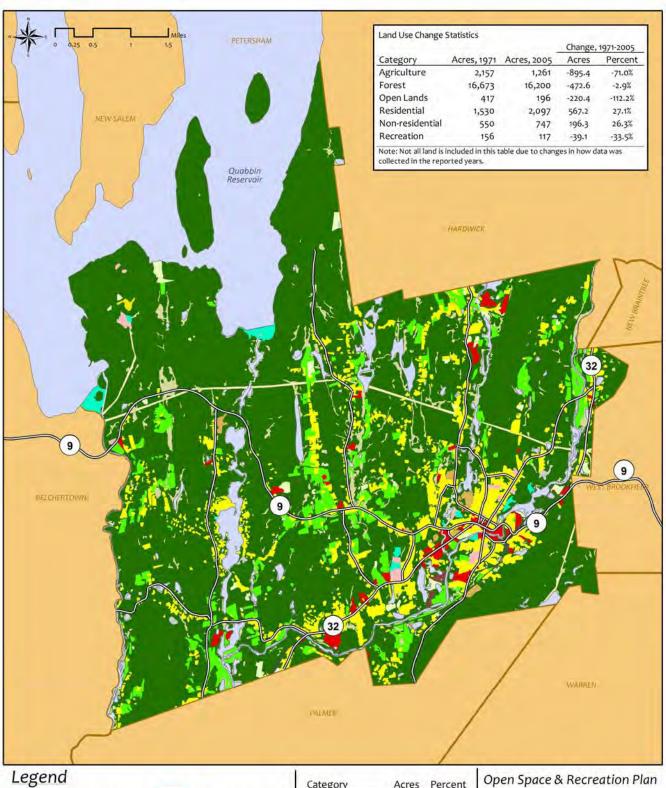
the features that contribute to this rural character – farmland, historic buildings along Route 9 West and in the downtown, the beauty of the Beaver Lake area, Muddy Brook – have felt the effects of development. These features, in addition to tracts of open space and recreation areas, are in need of protection.

Map 6 shows the "current" land use – the 2005 data from MassGIS, which is the most recent data available. It shows that 63.3 percent of the town is forested, 15.1 percent is water (mostly within the Quabbin Reservoir), 8.2 percent is residential, 4.9 percent is agricultural, 2.4 percent is non-residential developed, and the remaining 6.1 percent is everything else, including 0.5 percent recreational. The map includes a summary table of land use changes between 1971 and 2005. The most significant changes are in open lands with a decrease of 112 percent and agriculture with a decrease of 71 percent. Residential development increased by 27 percent and non-residential development increased by 26 percent. It is somewhat alarming to see that recreational land decreased by 33 percent, with a loss of 39.1 acres. However, it should be noted that this data is based on fairly rough mapping procedures and thus these land use change figures should be taken with a grain of salt. Table 3-10 provides a more detailed review of land use changes during this period.

Table 3-10: Land Use Changes in Ware by Ca Category			Change		
	1971	2005	(acres)	% Change	
Active Agriculture	1,155	863	-292	-25%	
Pasture	992	429	-563	-57%	
Forest	16,673	16,802	129	1%	
Non-Forested Wetland	381	542	161	42%	
Mining, gravel pit etc.	34	15	-19	-56%	
Open land, power lines, no vegetation	417	293	-124	-30%	
Participation Recreation	153	82	-71	-46%	
Spectator Recreation	0	0	0	0%	
Water Recreation	3	35	32	1067%	
Multi-Family	9	38	29	322%	
Residential less than 1/4 acre lot	256	230	-26	-10%	
Residential 1/4 - 1/2 acre lot	530	624	94	18%	
Residential Greater than 1/2 acre lot	734	1,229	495	67%	
Commercial	95	139	44	46%	
Industrial	93	97	4	4%	
Urban Open, parks, institutional, cemeteries	265	201	-64	-24%	
Transportation	35	52	17	49%	
Waste Disposal	29	25	-4	-14%	
Water	3,723	3,859	136	4%	
Woody Perennial, orchards, nurseries	10	15	5	50%	
Total Acres	25,587	25,570	-17		

Source: MassGIS McConnell Land Use data 1971, 1985, 1999, 2005. Due to technological advances, the spatial accuracy of the 2005 data is substantially more accurate than data for the years 1971, 1985, and 1999. Prior to 2005, the state manually interpreted land cover and land use categories based on aerial photos. In 2005, the land use map was derived directly from an ortho image. This new method maintains much compatibility with the older system. Negative numbers mean loss of land.







Category	Acres	Percent
Agriculture	1,261	4.9%
Brushland	21	0.1%
Forest	16,200	63.3%
Open Land	196	0.8%
Wetland	1,157	4.5%
Residential	2,097	8.2%
Non-residential	300	1.2%
Institutional	90	0.4%
Cemetery	67	0.3%
Recreation	117	0.5%
Transitional	27	0.1%
Utility	119	0.5%
Transportation	52	0.2%
Landfill	19	0.1%
Water	3,860	15.1%
	25,585	100.0%

## Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 6: Current Landuse May 26, 2013

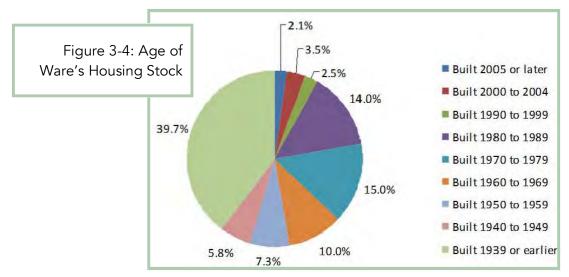
Sources: MassGIS: Prime Forest, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns Ware: Open Space



The increase in residential land use translates into a corresponding increase in the number of housing units. In 1990 there were a total of 4,095 housing units compared to 4,590 in 2010, a 12 % increase (see Table 3-11). Lot sizes required by the current Zoning Bylaw vary from as little as 8,000 square feet in the Downtown Residential zone to 80,000 square feet in the Rural Residential zone, which covers most of the town. Many lots, especially in the downtown area, are smaller than that.

Only 22% of the housing units in Ware are new (built since 1980). A large proportion of Ware's housing stock (78%) was built before 1980 and 40% was built before 1939 (see Figure 3-4). It is not clear whether this accounts for the increase in the vacancy rate shown in Table 3-11.

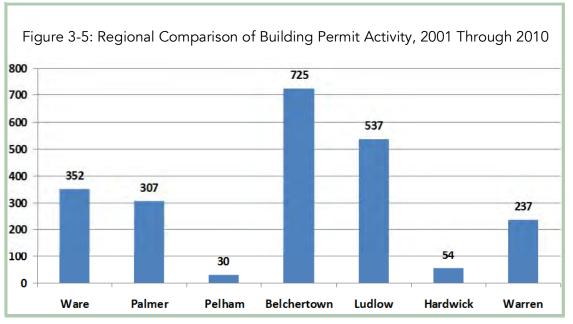
Table 3-11: Housing Unit Change in Ware - 1990 to 2010							
	1990		2000		2010		% Change 1990 to 2010
Occupied Housing Units	3,836	78%	4,027	93%	4,120	90%	7.4%
Vacant Housing Units	259	5%	309	7%	470	10%	81.5%
Vacant Housing Units that are Seasonal Units	40	1%	51	1%	51	1%	27.5%
Total Housing Units	4,095	100%	4,336	100%	4,590	100%	12.1%
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 1990, 2000, 2010 Decennial Census							

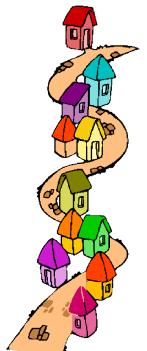


Source: ACS 5-Year Estimate, US Census Bureau 2006-2010

Recent building permit activity in Ware is slightly above average when compared to neighboring towns. This includes a low in 2008 of zero permits to a high of 120 permits in 2003. Overall, however, there has been a significant increase in the number of building permits issued in Ware when comparing the tenyear period in the 1990s when the Town issued 196 permits to the most recent decade when the Town issued 280 permits (see Figures 3-5 and 3-6). The rather significant increase in median sale prices of homes from 1990 to 2010 seem to track with this, indicating that there is demand, particularly for single family residential homes (see Table 3-12).



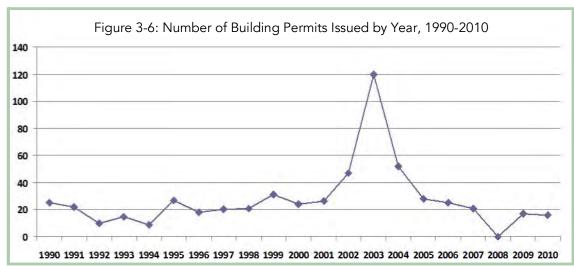




Source: U.S. HUD State of the Cities Database







Source: U.S. HUD State of the Cities Database

Table 3-12: Median Sale Price of Homes in Ware - 1990 to 2010					
Year	Median Sale Price - All Homes	Median Sale Price - Single Family Homes			
1990	\$98,000	\$108,750			
1995	\$69,000	\$89,200			
2000	\$86,000	\$114,553			
2005	\$180,000	\$185,450			
2010	\$130,000	\$169,000			
Source: Warren Group					



#### **Transportation**

Ware has 121.1 miles of roads, 71% of which are town owned and maintained. Crossing each other in the center of downtown are Route 9, which runs east-west, and Route 32, which runs north-south. These two major routes provide convenient access to neighboring towns as well as Worcester, Springfield, Northampton, and Amherst. In addition, the following should be noted about these two major routes: Route 9 is the major east-west connector, running from downtown Ware east to the City of Worcester and west to the Town of Amherst and City of Northampton (where I-91 can be accessed). Ware's historic district is located along this road. West of the town center, farmhouses, agricultural fields, and stone walls make for a traditional New England landscape. Route 32 runs northeast to southwest, following the Ware River through town. The route has become a magnet for more recent commercial development, including "strip mall" development. Beyond Ware, Route 32 extends into Palmer where the Massachusetts Turnpike can be accessed.

Pedestrian facilities in Ware are concentrated in the more densely developed areas of downtown and extending south on Route 32 to the school campus. Most of the residential streets in and around downtown have sidewalks on both sides, and crosswalks are located at most intersections. ADA compliant ramps are becoming more common as these older neighborhood roads are rebuilt using CDBG funds, but it is a long slow process which will take many years to complete. Sidewalks exist on both sides of Route 32 south of downtown for eight-tenths of a mile, and on one side for another six-tenths of a mile to the school campus. There are two signalized crosswalks in this 1.4 mile stretch to allow pedestrians to safely cross Route 32, and another seven crosswalks with no signals.

In the downtown area, there are sidewalks on both sides of Route 9 for 1.3 miles from Boivin Avenue easterly to East Court, and then on one side of Route 9 for another 0.4 mile out to Guzik Motors. There are 2 signalized crosswalks in this 1.7 mile stretch (both downtown) and nine additional crosswalks, including one at the Reed Municipal Pool facility and one at Eddy & Barnes Streets where people can access the Kubinski Field. There are many more miles of sidewalks on the nearby residential streets, including along Church Street where Grenville Park is, four-tenths of a mile from Main Street. Sidewalks also exist on both sides of South Street, where Memorial Field is located about two-tenths of a mile from Main Street.

Facilities for cyclists are lacking in Ware, but with the recent opening of a 1.8 mile section of the Mass Central Rail Trail (Ware River Greenway) we are moving in the right direction. Currently there are no marked bicycle lanes on any of our roads, but they are being designed into a transportation improvement project for Main Street through the downtown. Bike racks are available at the Reed Pool and the Memorial Field recreational facilities, the public schools, and at some private locations in town as well.

For public transportation, PVTA operates a shuttle that makes 7 trips on weekdays on a route around downtown and extending south along Route 32 to the Gibbs Crossing shopping center, where a connection can be made to the Palmer Village Bus, or to the Big Y Plaza in Palmer (depending on the time of day) (see Figure 3-7). Once in Palmer, connections can be made to get to Belchertown, Holyoke, or Springfield. Use

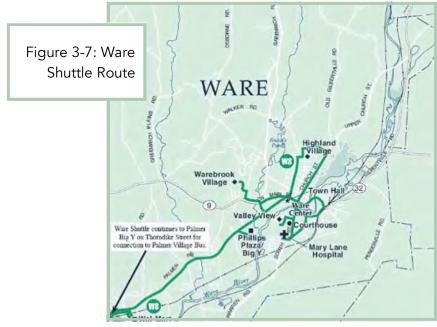


of the shuttle has remained relatively consistent over the past four years with between 10,039 and 10,886 riders annually. There is no shuttle service on weekends. A report was completed by the PVPC addressing the needs for transit in June 2013; this report includes several recommendations to improve service to Ware residents.

The major airport in proximity to Ware is Bradley International Airport, located in Windsor Locks, Connecticut, about 15 miles south of Springfield on Interstate 91. The Metropolitan Airport, a small privately owned general aviation facility in Palmer closed in early 2000 and the land has been redeveloped for housing.

#### Water Supply

Seventy percent of Ware's population is served by a central public water supply and the remainder draw from private wells. Private wells that are regulated by MA DEP as public water supplies include Quabbin Sunrise Co-op, which has a single well that supplies 65 households in the mobile home park, and Hampshire East Properties, LLC, which served a day care center with a single well. The public water supply in town draws from two source locations -- one well at Dismal Swamp and four wells and a cistern west of Barnes Street—each with its own pump station and treatment facilities. In 2015 the wells at the Barnes Street site were replaced with new gravel-packed wells. Drinking water is transported from these locations through town via 40 miles of water main. The system includes two standpipes (holding tanks), located at Church Street and Anderson Road. The wells have a daily capacity of 1.8 million gallons per day, and the town's average daily demand is 1.2 million gallons per day. The system is able to meet the average water demands of the present population.



Source: Pioneer Valley Transit Authority

# Sewage System

The Town's wastewater treatment plant and collection system are old and in need of significant work and upgrades. The collection system itself involves approximately 32 miles of gravity sewer mains and one small pump station serving approximately 1,548 accounts. This includes approximately 55% of town residents as well as several industries.

In 2012, citizens voted to support major improvements to the Town's wastewater treatment plant on Robbins Road including \$120,000 to upgrade influent pumps - new motors, drives and controls and \$100,000 to upgrade disinfection systems from current gaseous and de-chlorination systems to liquid ones. Kanzaki Specialty Papers, a major contributor to the municipal wastewater system, has built a \$1.5 million pre-treatment facility on their own site to address the issues the town's treatment system had been forced to deal with from the waste coming in from the Kanzaki plant. Kanzaki's pre-treatment facility was built after a partnership with the Town dissolved which would have provided the Town with a \$2.5 million grant from the state to upgrade the municipal treatment plant to handle not only Kanzaki's effluent but needed improvements to handle the municipal sewage as well. The Town had spent \$300,000 in engineering costs for the project, some of those plans might be put to use in the future.

## <u>Stormwater</u>

The Department of Public Works is responsible for the public storm drainage system, including catch basins, drain manholes, and pipes and culverts. Unlike Belchertown and Palmer, discharges from Ware's municipal system to nearby surface waters is not regulated by U.S. EPA. Regulation by EPA is triggered by total population and population density to define "urbanized areas." Ware participated along with 30 other towns in central Massachusetts in a 2012 Community Innovation Challenge Grant from the Massachusetts Office of Finance and Administration to develop a detailed map of their stormwater infrastructure that can be utilized to track operation and maintenance of the system.

As noted in Section 4, Beaver Lake is under treatment for Eurasion Water Milfoil, and elevated E. coli levels have been measured in the Ware River above the Ware Dam. It is likely that stormwater runoff contributes to the primary sources of both of these problems. The DPW's program to map stormwater infrastructure town-wide and develop a more systematic approach to operation and maintenance are important best management practices for reducing stormwater pollution.

For its 90 miles of public roads, the DPW has noted in the 2012 annual report that it placed 2,047 tons of sand and 1,114 tons of salt on local roadways. While spring street sweeping operations reduce the amount of sand entering the stormwater drainage system and Ware's waterways, some of this material – which is crucial to maintaining safe roadways during winter storm events – does make its way into the waterways of the town.



# Solid Waste

At this time the Town does not have any active waste disposal facilities; instead residents and businesses contract with private haulers for solid waste disposal and recycling. The Town does hold special events from time to time to collect bulky waste such as furniture and appliances, in an effort to keep such unwanted items from being disposed of improperly (e.g. in the woods or on the side of the road). In addition, there is a company in Ware which deals in demolition materials and they will accept such items from residents.

# Local Zoning

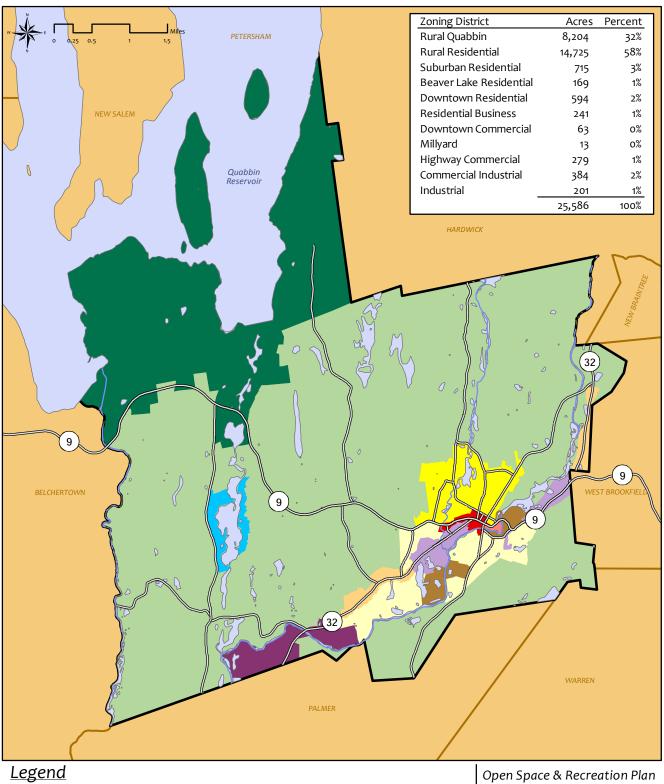
Without any zoning districts until 1987, land use patterns were well established based on proximity to customers (downtown) and, after World War II, roadways (Route 32 south of downtown). When Ware adopted its first zoning map in 1987, the district locations were based largely on this existing land use pattern. In 2012 the Town adopted a revised Zoning Bylaw with significant modifications to the zoning districts (see Map 7). Eighty percent of the town is zoned rural, and the ten percent in the nine other districts is almost entirely along the Route 32 corridor which follows the Ware River.

This indicates the extent to which the town remains rural and has kept the more compact forms of land use. A total of 32.1% of all lands (8,204 acres) are zoned to account for state ownership of the drinking water supply protection lands for the Quabbin Reservoir. Another 57.5% of lands (14,725 acres) are zoned for Rural Residential use, a district that the 2012 zoning bylaw identifies as "key to the rural character of the town." The balance of land in Ware is zoned for higher density residential uses (5.8% or 1,478 acres) or commercial and industrial uses (4.6% or 1,179 acres).

In 2008 the Town adopted the Flexible Residential Open Space Development (FROSD) zoning provision, which requires that 50% of the development be set aside as open space. However, no developer has proposed an FROSD since 1) as written, it has no provisions for density bonuses or other incentives to use it, and 2) the housing market has been too weak to support any new residential subdivisions since the Recession in 2007/08. In addition, developers have felt the market has been stronger for homes on larger lots than for homes on smaller lots with large areas of common open space. However, with the aging population and a desire for more manageable homes, coupled with amendments to improve the FROSD provisions, it can be expected that interest in this form of development will improve.

Ware also has two overlay districts. The Floodplain Overlay District, which includes the so-called "100-year" flood zones associated with the Quabbin Reservoir, Swift River, Beaver Brook, Flat Brook, Muddy Brook and the Ware River, is intended to safeguard public safety, protect property from the hazards of periodic flooding, preserve the natural flood storage capacity of floodplains, and maintain groundwater recharge areas within the floodplain.

To achieve these goals, Ware regulates the amount and type of development which can occur in these floodplains. Some of the permitted uses include agricultural, forestry and nursery uses, outdoor



# Zoning Districts Rural Quabbin Downtown Commercial Rural Residential Millyard Suburban Residential Highway Commercial Beaver Lake Residential Commercial Industrial

Industrial

Downtown Residential

Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 7: Zoning Districts

May 24, 2013

Sources: MassGIS - Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers Ware - Zoning Districts



recreation, and wildlife management areas. No structures or buildings can be built in this district without a special permit granted by the Planning Board. This regulation helps to minimize loss of property.

Floodplains are nature's way of dealing with floods, which are an occasional natural occurrence. When development occurs in these areas, there are two undesirable effects. First, homes and other buildings are flooded, causing damage which can be expensive to repair. Second, this development reduces the water storage capacity of the floodplain, so that what would have been a minor flood is often worse, possibly causing damage to structures that were previously not impacted by flooding.

The Aquifer Protection Overlay District includes the Zone II Groundwater Protection Areas, Interim Wellhead Protection Areas (IWPA), and areas designated as high and medium yield aquifer areas. This district is intended to protect, preserve, and maintain present and potential sources of public and private water supplies and their recharge areas. It is important to delineate such a district to protect against contamination and to insure that the aquifer is constantly being recharged. Because aquifers are underground, it is critical that rainfall be allowed to permeate into them, in order to maintain the supply of water.

Land uses permitted in the Aquifer Protection district are similar to those permitted in the floodplain district, but with residential development also permitted. However, when developing in the Aquifer Protection district, the lot may not be more than 50 percent impervious surface. Stricter regulations apply within the Zone II and IWPA areas, including restrictions concerning toxic and hazardous wastes and runoff. All runoff from impervious surfaces must be recharged on the site by being diverted to stormwater infiltration basins covered with natural vegetation. These restrictions protect both water quality and the amount of water available from the aquifer.

While not regulated under Zoning, undisturbed wetlands have the added bonus of a filtration system. Wetland plants are a natural filter, so that when runoff from parking lots, roads, and other paved surfaces reaches a wetland, pollutants like gasoline and oil are filtered out of the water before it reaches the groundwater system. When these wetlands are built upon, the pollutants are not filtered out and runoff from streets and parking lots may flow directly into groundwater or streams and rivers.

### **Build-Out Scenario**

The 1999 EO 418 Buildout Analysis is the only information available on build out conditions. This information is outdated, but still worth noting as a snapshot of potential buildout based on demographic and land use conditions in 1999. The buildout analysis illustrates to a community, using a series of maps, the potential for the future growth of the community in terms of residential units and potential square footage of commercial and industrial space. The Buildout Analysis enables a community to examine its likely future based on its 1999 zoning and other regulations, and determine if that is the future that is desired by the community. The analysis provides community-based estimates of the impacts of the buildout on the number of residents and school children, the water supply needs of the community, the future trash production, and the additional road miles associated with the buildout. The model also allows the community to test the

Table 3-13: Summary of Build-Out Statistics, Impact of Additional Development				
Developable Land Area	13,025.37 Acres			
Additional Residential Units	7,087 Housing Units			
Additional Commercial/Industrial Floor Area	904,365 Square Feet			
Additional Residential Water Use	1,428,414.62 Gallons Per Day			
Additional Residential Solid Waste	9,306.4 Tons			
Additional Students	2,516			
Additional Roadway	115.46 Miles			

#### Assumptions:

- 1. Additional Students figure is based on an average of 2.56 persons and 0.355students per household.
- 2. Additional Road Miles calculated for residential development only, based on frontages of 125 and 150 feet. Overall impacts on the transportation network in Ware should reflect the number of trips generated, level of service at key intersections, and other critical methods of measurement.
- 3. Water use figures do not reflect commercial water use.

implications of alternative zoning regulations.

Table 3-13 is a summary of the build-out statistics for the town of Ware and while now outdated, are the best statistics available at this time. The analysis shows that as of 1999, out of 13,000 developable acres in Ware, there was the potential for over 7,000 additional housing units and 900,000 square feet of commercial space in Ware. This could result in over one million additional gallons of water per day for residential uses, 9,000 tons of residential waste, over 100 miles of roadway, and an additional 2,500 students. In particular, the broader area around Beaver Lake is seen as an area which may have substantial amounts of residential development. While a definitive subdivision plan for a 67 home development was approved off of Monson Turnpike Road in this part of town in 2006, no work has been done on it and it remains a "paper development". The tract is currently on the market for sale, but the owners and their agents don't expect it to be sold for development of the subdivision and are seeking to market it for other potential uses, including a cluster development for an active adult community or development of a campground. There are several other unfinished approved subdivisions in town with a capacity for 75 new homes. One of these is likely to have additional phases approved in the future, with a capacity for another 24 lots.

Achieving Ware's vision for the future of a town with abundant parks and recreation opportunities, the safety and character of a small town with scenic roads and vistas, will require controlled growth and protection of those lands with recreation and conservation importance.



# Environmental Inventory and Analysis Section 4



# A. Geology, Soils, and Topography

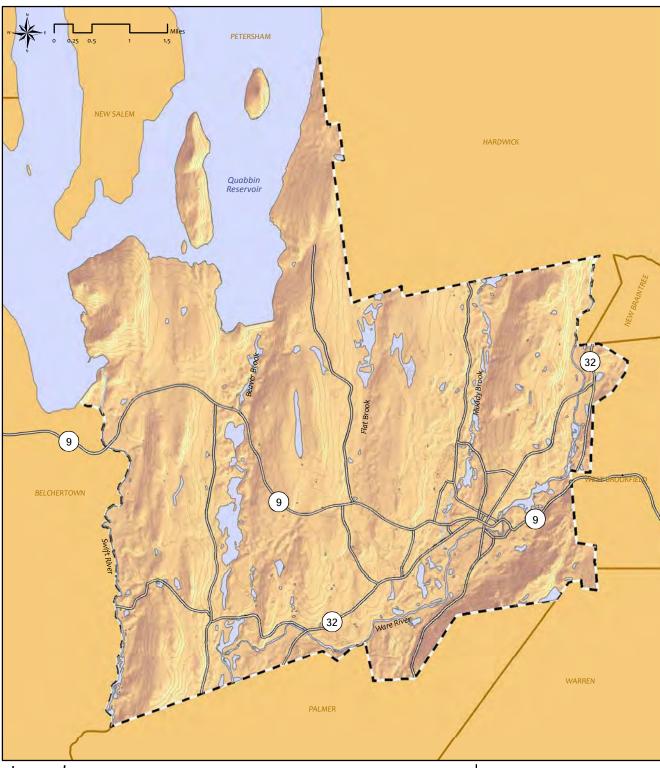
Ware is located in the easternmost part of Hampshire County, and encompasses 25,660 acres (40.09 square miles). The highest elevations in Ware are in the southeastern corner of the town (1,050 ft.) and Quabbin Hill (1,026 ft.). Approximately two-thirds of the area of the town falls in the 500-1,000 ft. elevation range, while the area which runs due south of the Quabbin Reservoir and then east through the commercial district is in the 0-500 ft. range.

The topography of much of Western Massachusetts was radically changed by glaciation during the Pleistocene period nearly one million years ago. The retreat of the last glacier, about 1,000 years ago, removed 10 to 15 feet of bedrock from the most exposed ledges, rounded the hills, deposited debris and created new land forms. The Muddy Brook valley is a glacial flute (small valley), and is an example of this geologic phenomenon. A considerable percentage of the soils in the Ware area was formed from glacial till and alluvial deposits. Glacial debris such as large stones and boulders often create serious problems for agricultural use, and the slow permeability of the soils is a severe limitation for septic systems. Map 8 shows these ridges and valleys.

The U.S. Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) has organized the soils in Ware into two soil associations, each with distinctive patterns of soils, drainage pattern, topographic relief, development and agricultural constraints and opportunities, and other characteristics. Most of Ware's land is sloped which limits development of small scale commercial sites. Large rocks, a shallow depth to bedrock, droughtiness, or an occasionally high water table pose serious problems for forest or agriculture development. The two soil associations are as follows:

Southern and Central Ware: These areas contain Hinckley-Merrimac-Windsor soils. The Hinckley association contains soils that are characterized as being very deep, nearly level to steep, sandy, are excessively drained, and formed in outwash deposits. Topography ranges from rolling broad areas to narrow terraces. Many areas are dissected by drainage ways with slopes ranging from 0 to 35 percent. According to the NRCS, soils in this association are suited to cultivated crops, hay, and pasture. Management concerns include droughtiness and erosion on sloping to steep areas. The soil's low available water capacity is the main limitation for woodland production. In general, these soils are well-suited to building site development, but have the problem of readily absorbing, but not adequately filtering, the effluent from septic tank absorption fields. This should be taken into consideration when designing on-site sewage disposal systems in order to avoid polluting groundwater.

Northern and Central Ware, and areas around the Quabbin Reservoir: These areas contain Canton-Gloucester-Scituate soils. This association contains soils that are very deep, well-drained, and formed in



# Legend

50 Foot Contours



Open Space



Waterbodies

Rivers

Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 8: Topography

May 25, 2013

MassGIS: Topographic Elervations, Shaded Relief, Rivers, Waterbodies, Roads, Towns Ware: Open Space (all types)

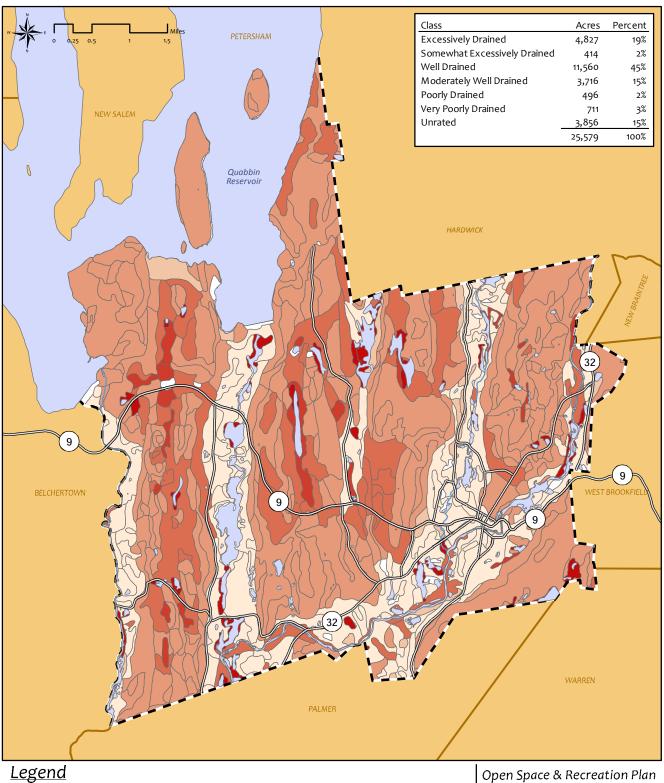


sandy glacial till. Most areas have stones and boulders on the surface that are 5 to 20 feet apart with slopes ranging from 0 to 45 percent. The NRCS describe these soils as being generally poorly suited to cultivated crops, hay, and pasture because of the stones that are found on the surface. They have a moderate potential for woodland production and upland areas are well-suited to building site development although wetness is a limitation in low areas and in depressions. Similar to the Hinckley soils, the Canton and Gloucester soils readily absorb but do not adequately filter effluent from septic tank absorption fields, so again on-site sewage disposal systems need to be designed accordingly to avoid polluting the groundwater.

Slope is an important factor when determining the development potential of an area. Areas with a slope of 15% or greater have limitations for building due to the significantly increased physical or financial requirements of such a project. Areas with a slope of 15% or greater form a series of north-south bands. The major areas with slopes of less than 15% are located in the Fisherdick Road area in a north-south pattern east of the Quabbin which continues due south to the southern town boundary, and into the western corner of town. In general, approximately 50-60 percent of the town's land area has a slope of 15% or less.

The NRCS rates soils for a variety of characteristics which are useful in coarse (i.e. non-site-specific) planning. Map 9 shows soil drainage; this is important not only for building development potential but also for various types of vegetation (both cultured and natural) and wildlife habitat. Map 10 shows hydric soils, which are the locations where wetland habitats are most likely to be sustainable. It should be noted that wetlands do occur in other types of soils; the map is not a representation of wetlands.

Combining soil characteristics with slope indicates whether an area can easily support on-site sewage disposal (a.k.a. septic) systems. All of the soils found in Ware have severe restrictions for septic tank absorption fields (see Map 11). This does not mean that septic systems cannot be constructed, it means that the site specific soil conditions must be considered for each system, and the system must be designed to accommodate the soil limitations. In most cases, limitations can be overcome with alternative designs, and while more costly to install and maintain, development – particularly at low densities – can be sustained.



Drainage Class

Unrated

Excessively drained

Somewhat excessively drained

Well drained

Moderately well drained

Poorly drained

Very poorly drained

# Map 9: Soil Drainage

May 25, 2013

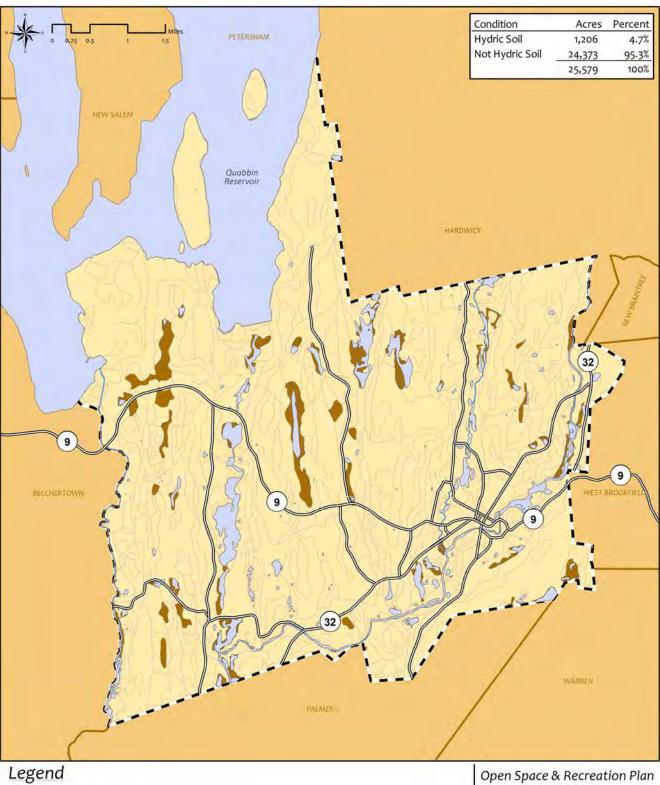
Sources:

MassGIS: Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers

Ware: Open Space

NRCS: Soils, Drainage Classification (2007) 🛚





Hydric Soils

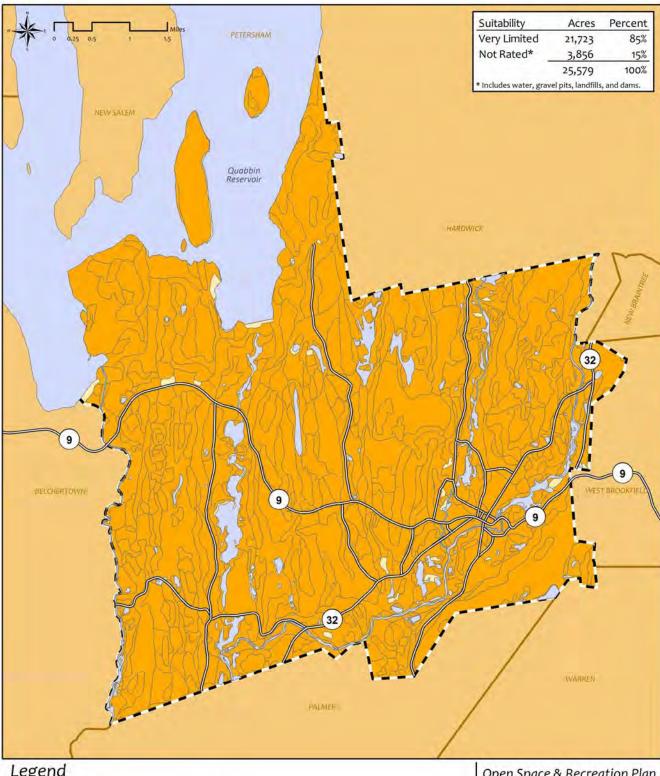
Not Hydric Soils

Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 10: Hydric Soils

May 25, 2013

Sources: MassCIS: Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers Ware: Open Space NRCS: Soils, Drainage Classification (2007)





Legend

Suitability for Septic Absorbtion Fields



Very limited



Not rated

Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 11: Septic Suitability

May 25, 2013

Sources: MassClS: Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers Ware: Open Space NRCS: Soils, Drainage Classification (2007)



# B. Landscape Character

At first glance, Ware looks like a typical western Massachusetts mill town, nestled among the glacial valleys and ridges with development concentrated along the major waterways. From many points in town and along major roadways, forested ridges and busy valleys with church spires and factory chimneys portray Ware as a community founded on the New England traditions of farming and mill manufacturing.

The old and the new coexist in Ware. Route 9 is the spine of the original town center (by Greenwich Plains Road), and is surrounded by historic buildings. The large residences along Route 9 and other roads close to the current town center (e.g. Church Street) testify to the prosperity the town enjoyed when manufacturing was at its peak in the millyard. Newer development has sprung up in the last fifty years, mostly along Route 32. The sprawling nature of today's commercial developments provides a less appealing and more generic solution to providing residents with goods and jobs.

The outer country roads of Ware provide a tour of the history of town, from the original farms, mills and covered bridge, to the newer residential lots that were created on the outskirts of town. Ware has a beautiful history that is still evident in the town's buildings. A good example of how Ware has retained its character while allowing for new development is found in the reuse of the large mills in the center of town. Now occupied by factory outlets, several small businesses, and some industrial uses, the mills serve a dual purpose of visual history and active commerce. Redevelopment is not at full capacity; underutilized space is still available. It is crucial to balance the value of the new, necessary improvements needed in town with the value of a rich history that should not be forgotten or replaced. Adopted in 2012, the Millyard zoning district was created to promote mixed use development in this area including residential, retail, office and light industrial.

Like many more urbanized communities with higher populations, Ware is trying to focus new residential development closer to the downtown area where public utilities (water and sewer) and facilities (parks and sports fields) are available. However, zoning alone cannot dictate where future residents live, and given the large amount of undeveloped, privately held land in Ware, it can be expected that recreational facilities will be needed in more remote parts of town. An example of this is Pennybrook Field, which had been a subdivision that was not developed and was eventually obtained by the Town. Only a small portion of this site has been developed into a ball field, and that was done by volunteers primarily for a practice field. The site could be improved with additional fields, parking, trails, and a picnic area. Located at the southern end of Beaver Lake, which is privately held, the site has significant potential which has yet to be realized. Map 5, in Section 4-F, shows many of the features that give Ware it's rural character.

### C. Water Resources

The entire town is located within the Chicopee River Basin, which encompasses a large network of tributaries that ultimately flow into the Connecticut River. Map 1 shows the watershed area. The watershed

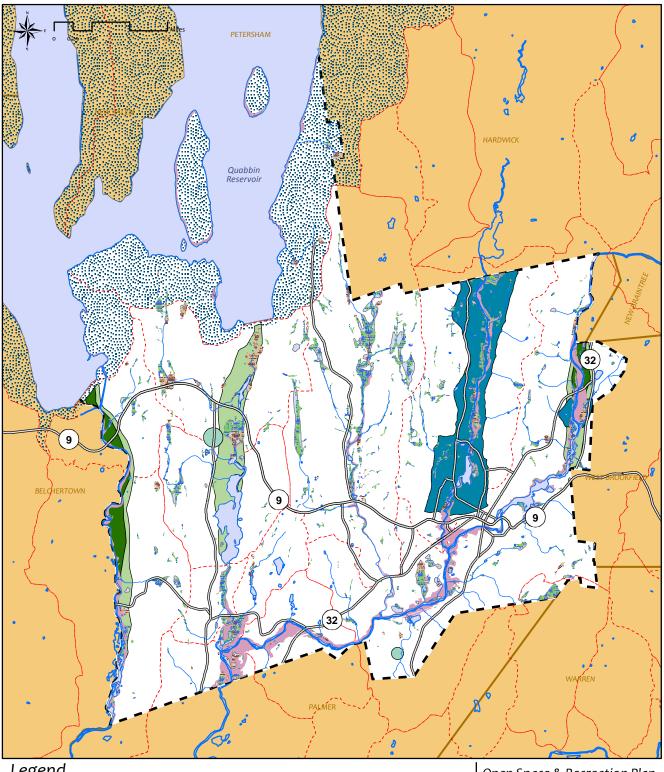
has a total drainage area of approximately 723 square miles. Five sub-watersheds of the Chicopee exist in Ware including Muddy Brook, Quabbin Reservoir, Quaboag River, Swift River and Ware River. The Quaboag, Swift and Ware Rivers converge in the Town of Palmer south of Ware to form the main stem of the Chicopee River.

The three major surface waters in Ware are the Swift and Ware Rivers and the Quabbin Reservoir (see Map 12). The Swift River flows along the Ware-Belchertown boundary until it joins the Ware River at the Three Rivers junction. The Ware River originates in Hubbardston, Massachusetts and flows generally southwesterly through the town. The Quabbin Reservoir is located in seven towns including Ware, and is managed by the Massachusetts Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR), and covers 24,705 acres. DCR replaced the Metropolitan District Commission (MDC) as the manager of the reservoir in 2003 when MDC and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Management (DEM) merged forming the DCR. Created in 1984, the Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (MWRA) is responsible for treatment and distribution of wholesale water to local water departments in 48 communities: 42 in greater Boston and the Boston-MetroWest areas and three in central Massachusetts (Chicopee, South Hadley, and Wilbraham). MWRA also provides a back-up water supply in three other communities. See Table 4-1 for additional information on surface water resources in Ware.

The Quabbin Reservoir was created in the 1930's by inundating the Swift River valley behind the Winsor Dam, which lies across the boundary of Belchertown and Ware, and the Goodnough Dike, which is in Ware. The reservoir has an average depth of 51 feet, with a maximum depth of 150 feet, and holds 412 billion gallons. Much of the watershed is now home to many species of wildlife including bear, bobcat, moose, deer, and bald eagles.

Table 4-1: Surface Water Resources						
Surface Water	Owner	Size (acres)	Use	Dam Height	Drainage (sq.mi)	
Babcock Tavern Road Pond	Private	13	Recreation	none	unknown	
Swift River and Ware River	Public		Recreation			
Beaver Lake	Private	155	Recreation	13	5.6	
Martowski Pond	Private	8	Recreation	none	unknown	
Penny Brook Pond	Private	8	Recreation	none	unknown	
Cook's Pond (Peppers Mill Pond)	DCR	10	Fishing	10	2.7	
Snow's Pond	Water Dept	25	Recreation	8	18.9	
Quabbin Reservoir	DCR	24,705	Water Supply, Limited Rec.	170	185.9	









# Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 12: Water Resources

May 25, 2013

MassGIS: Watersheds, Rivers, Waterbodies, Wetlands, Aquifers, Outstanding Water Resource Areas, Flood Hazard Zones (FEMA), Roads, Towns



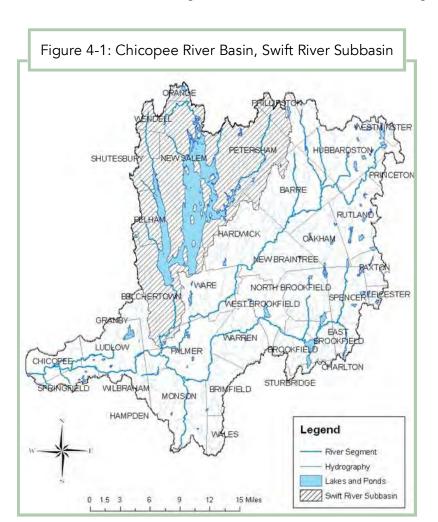
MA DEP's Chicopee River Watershed 2003 Water Quality Assessment Report is the source of information in the next two sections of this plan.

A portion of the Swift River (Segment MA36-09) flows through Ware forming the boundary with Belchertown. The Swift River is a Class B, Cold Water Fishery.

The U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) maintains a gage (Gage 01175500) on the Swift River in West Ware 1.4 miles downstream from the Quabbin Reservoir. The drainage area is 189 square miles including 1.6 square miles drained by Beaver Brook, flow that is diverted from the Ware River Basin (USGS, 2007). The period of record is July 1910 to present (USGS, 2007). The average discharge after the completion of Quabbin Reservoir (1940-2005) is 94.4 cubic feet per second (cfs) (USGS, 2007).

The USGS reports that flow has been regulated by Quabbin Reservoir since August 1939 (USGS, 2007). The flow has been diverted from the Ware River to Quabbin Reservoir since 1940; from Quabbin Reservoir to Wachusett Reservoir since 1941; from Quabbin Reservoir to Chicopee Valley aqueduct since 1950; and from Quabbin Reservoir to the city of Worcester periodically since 1966 (Socolow et al., 2004).

The Swift River begins at the Winsor Dam with flow regulated by the MWRA via a control structure in



the Quabbin power plant. From December 1 through May 31, DCR is required to release 20 million gallons per day (mgd) from the Quabbin Reservoir to the Swift River. From June 1 through November 30, the required releases (per order of the US Army Corps of Engineers) are dependent on the stream flow of the Connecticut River at the USGS Montague gage. When the flow of the Connecticut River is less than 4,900 cfs, the required release at Quabbin Reservoir is 45 mgd, and when the flow is greater than 4,650 cfs, the required release at Quabbin Reservoir is 71 mgd. In practice, however, DCR releases either 20 or 71 mgd or more depending on reservoir operating conditions (Austin, 1993).

The wetlands and waterways in this segment of the Swift River are identified as habitat for rare and endangered species



by the state's Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program (NHESP). The Swift River contains a variety of habitat types. The river's gradient, cold water coming from the depths of Quabbin Reservoir, and the impoundment and extensive wetlands formed by the Upper Bondsville Mill Dam in the village of Bondsville, Palmer, result in a mix of cold and warm water fisheries habitat.

The Swift River is heavily stocked with trout and is fished all year long. Special fishing regulations apply to two different portions of this river segment (see Massachusetts Department of Fish & Game (MA DFG) Abstracts of the Massachusetts Fish and Wildlife Laws). A survey done in 1998 by the state found the river exhibited a rich species diversity with a well-balanced aquatic community.

In July 2006, Massachusetts Riverways conducted a habitat improvement project on this segment. The project entitled "Swift River Rock Structure Removal" improved habitat by eliminating flow constriction caused by rock piles left in the river by a former bridge (Graber 2004). The goal was to change pool habitat into new riffles.

All water quality data for the Swift River in Ware meet state and federal standards except pH, which was found to be slightly lower than the standard on the majority of sampling events. Given the good water quality and the presence of multiple age classes of brook trout, this segment supports the Aquatic Life Use, as defined by BioMap2 Critical Natural Landscapes.

The Massachusetts Division of Watershed Management (MA DWM) conducted water quality monitoring at one station (SR03-Cold Spring/Old Belchertown Road, Belchertown) along this segment of the Swift River from April to October 2003. The geometric mean of E. coli counts was 5.1 colony forming units (cfu)/100 mL. Both Primary and Secondary Contact Recreational Uses are supported given the low bacteria levels found at this site. The "Aesthetics Use" (aquatic life, primary contact such as swimming, secondary contact such as boating, and visual aesthetics) is also supported by the Swift River due to its high water quality.

### Ware River Sub-watershed

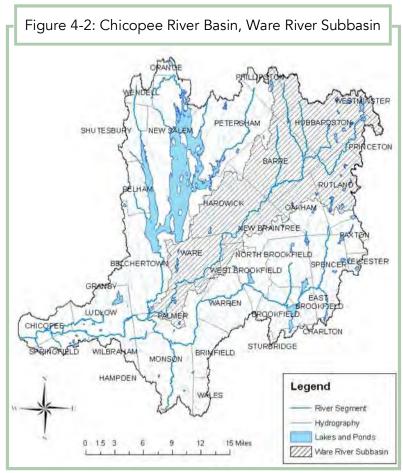
Two segments of the Ware River flow through Ware: Segment MA 36-05 (Wheelwright Dam in New Braintree to Ware Dam in Ware) and Segment MA 36-06 (Ware Dam in Ware to Thorndike Dam in Palmer). Both are Class B, Warm Water Fisheries. The following information is from the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) 2003 Chicopee River Watershed Assessment.

The USGS maintains a gage on the Ware River (Gage 01173500) 0.5 miles upstream from Gibbs Crossing, south of the Ware Dam. The drainage area for this gage is 197 square miles and the average annual discharge is 294 cfs (period of record 1931-2005 (USGS 2007).

MA DFG stocks the Ware River with trout. (DFG, 2007). In 2003, DFG conducted fish population sampling in the Ware River off Route 32 in Hardwick and collected fallfish, yellow perch, yellow bullhead, golden shiner, spot-tail shiner, bluegill, redbreast sunfish, longnose dace, tessellated darter, chain pickerel, rock bass, white sucker, pumpkinseed, common shiner, eastern blacknose dace, and largemouth. The fish

assemblage consisted of a diverse mix of macrohabitat generalists and fluvial specialist/dependent species. The Hardwick Waste Water Treatment Plant is upstream of Ware in Hardwick. All water quality data meets criteria.

The Aquatic Life Use is assessed as supported for this segment based upon good survival of test organisms exposed to river water at all three locations, the presence of fluvial specialists/dependent fish species and good water quality conditions. The segment is given "Alert Status" due to acute whole effluent toxicity in both the Hardwick Water Pollution Control Facilities in Wheelwright and Gilbertville discharges and the slightly elevated total phosphorus concentrations.



The Primary Contact Recreational Use is assessed as supported in the upper 3.8 mile reach of Segment 36-05 based on bacteria counts. The lower 7.7 miles of this segment is assessed as impaired for this use due to elevated E. coli counts at one sampling location. The Secondary Contact Recreational Use is supported as bacteria levels at both stations meet the criterion. The Aesthetics Use is assessed as supported given the lack of objectionable conditions.

# Outstanding Resource Waters

Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) is a classification under the Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards of 1995 for certain watershed areas. According to 314 CMR 4.00, "Certain waters shall be designated for protection under this provision in 314 CMR 4.06(3) including Public Water Supplies (314 CMR 4.06(1)(d)1.). These waters constitute an outstanding resource as determined by their outstanding socioeconomic, recreational, ecological and/or aesthetic values. The quality of these waters shall be protected and maintained" (1995). The Quabbin Reservoir is a designated Outstanding Resource Waters with 3,357 acres of surface waters in Ware. This area is shown on Map 12.

### Flood Hazard Areas

The major floodplain areas in Ware are located primarily along the Ware River and the Quabbin Reservoir. Other floodplain areas are located along the Swift River, Flat Brook, Muddy Brook, and in the Beaver Lake and Peppers Mill Pond area. Ware has restrictions on development in these areas to protect the community



against resource degradation due to unsuitable uses occur along these waterways, and also to reduce flooding. These areas are shown on Map 12.

# Aquifer Recharge Areas

There are a number of aquifer recharge areas in Ware. One is located along the Swift River toward River Road, and another from the Goodnough Dike south to Beaver Lake. The most important and largest aquifer in Ware is the one now designated as a Zone II protection area by DEP which runs along Muddy Brook and Greenwich Road, down to Snow's Pond, which supplies the town wells off of Barnes Street. An additional well is located off Gilbertville Road, fed by another Zone II area along the Ware River. Various development and use restrictions exist in these areas in order to protect both water quality and potable water availability for the town. These areas are shown on Map 6. It should be noted that based on geologic data, there are other aquifer areas in the town, but due to previous development or potential for providing sufficient water for a public water supply, the Town has chosen not to regulate them specifically for groundwater resources.

### Wetlands

Wetlands can be found throughout Ware and are typically associated with rivers, streams and ponds. There are 66 Certified Vernal Pools. Vernal pools are temporary wet areas that provide habitat to plants and animals and often form in the spring with snow melt. Several of the BioMap2 Core Habitats include Wetland Cores 1573, 1610, 1650, 1664, 1688, 1837, 1872, and 2335. Wetland Cores are the least disturbed wetlands in the state within undeveloped landscapes. These wetlands are most likely to support critical wetland functions (i.e. natural hydrologic conditions, diverse plant and animal habitats, etc.) and are most likely to maintain these functions into the future. Two of the Wetland Cores (1573 – 80 acres; 1837 – 111 acres) are among the largest 20% of Wetland Cores in this ecoregion. Two other Wetland Cores are of significant size (1664 – 25 acres; 1688 – 17 acres).

In BioMap 2 Critical Natural Landscapes, six Wetland Core Buffers have been identified: 742, 775, 834, 849, 852, and 1322. Methodologies for BioMap2 considered unfragmented habitats surrounding wetlands and analyzed rare species habitats. These approaches identified protective upland buffers around wetlands and rivers that support the habitats and functionality of each individual wetland, as well as the adjacent uplands (important to species moving between habitats). The BioMap2 maps are included in this chapter under Vegetation Mapping.

# D. Vegetation

### General Inventory

Ware's landscape of rich fertile floodplains is a patchwork of croplands reaching the gently sloping hillsides of mostly mature woodlands. The October 2011 snowstorm caused a significant amount of damage

to trees throughout the region, and Ware was no exception. While trees in populated areas were trimmed or cut down, most damaged trees remained as-is out in the woods where people don't notice them. Some of these will likely become diseased, but generally speaking, the forest should not experience unnatural decline due to the storm.

#### Forest Land

In 1985, 64% of Ware's land was covered with forest (see Map 13). Current estimates of forest cover are unavailable. However one example of extensive forest cover is the Dougal Range (2,000+ contiguous acres) in the northeastern part of Ware, extending into Hardwick. The major forest types in Ware are Appalachian-Oak (Northern Red Oak, White Oak, Chestnut Oak, American Chestnut) and Northern Hardwood (Sugar Maple, Beech, Yellow Birch, White Birch, Paper Birch, Hemlock). Many of these species may be harvested for furniture, flooring, and fuel. These mature forests are excellent places for recreational trails due to the lack of substantial undergrowth. A maturing (younger) forest has fewer recreation opportunities but does provides game for hunting and wildlife viewing.

# Public Shade Trees

Ware, like most New England towns, is blessed by many shade trees growing on public lands and along public roads. The town does not have a formal inventory of these trees, with the exception of the trees on Main Street and those in the Aspen Grove Cemetery (see below). The DPW has a good handle of the shade trees in town, since they are responsible for maintaining the roads throughout town. Tree maintenance is typically done during the winter, with trimming and removal when necessary. The Tree Warden is an employee of the DPW and as such, the department handles any tree removal or pruning that is needed. Ware is not a Tree City, and the town has no designated Scenic Roads either. About 12 years ago, the Town planted two American Liberty Elm trees at the entrance to Grenville Park.

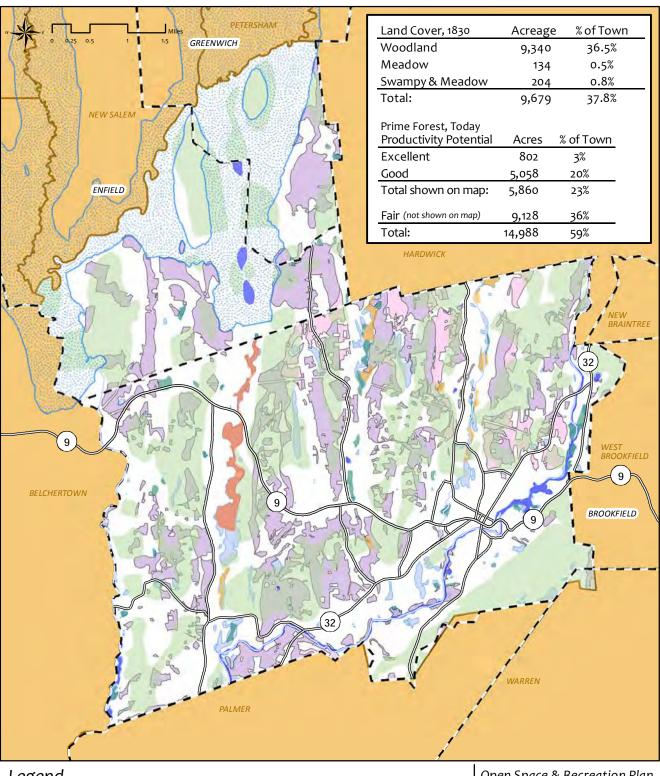
The street trees in downtown Ware are in fair condition, but many of those originally planted in the 1980s have died and been removed and not replaced. The community is planning the Main Street streetscape in anticipation of the reconstruction of the roadway in 2019 or so; this effort includes street trees. Given the width of the roadway (four lanes wide) there is insufficient room to ever see the majestic elm trees that once lined Ware's Main Street again.

In 2012, a tree survey was completed for Aspen Grove Cemetery in order to determine a maintenance work plan. As a result, a number of trees were trimmed and removed under the supervision of the Town Tree Warden. *Wooly Adelgid*, an invasive insect, has been identified on hemlock trees in the cemetery.

# Agricultural Land

The many fields in Ware provide some of the most scenic views in town. Open lands provide viewsheds to the surrounding communities and region. The typically flat and well-drained lands may also convert easily to active recreation fields, such as ball fields. Converting former agricultural fields to





#### Legend Land Cover, 1830 Prime Forest, Today Woodland Excellent Water Good Meadow Town Boundaries, 2013 Wetland (MassGIS) Quabbin Reservoir Swampy & Meadow Land Waterbodies Town Boundaries, 1830 Rivers

Note: Town names shown in black & white relate to the 1830 boundaries; those in brown relate to the current boundaries.

Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 13: Forest Cover

July 22, 2013

Sources: MassGIS: Quabbin Reservoir, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns (2013), and Prime Forest (Today) which is derived from soil data along with 1999 land use/land cover, topography, and wetlands information. Harvard Forest: 1830 Land Cover, Town Boundaries (1830) [2002. 1830 Map Project. Harvard Forest Archives, Petersham, MA.]





# Legend

Open Space by Purpose



Agricultural



# Farmland Soils



Prime Farmland



Statewide Importance



Unique Importance



Other Soils

49.29 acres of prime or statewide farmland soils are protected with APR.

756.3 acres of farmland soils are protected with other types of protection; however 23.1 acres have only temporary protection through Chapter 61A or 61B.

# Open Space & Recreation Plan

Map 14: Farmland Soils

May 24, 2013

Sources:

MassGIS: Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers

Ware: Open Space

NRCS: Soils, Farmland Classification (2007) 2



recreation fields requires little to no forest cutting. Much of Ware's undeveloped, unforested land is in private ownership. Currently, over 1,647 acres of privately owned open lands are enrolled in MGL Chapter 61A for agricultural use, or 6.4% of town acreage. Between 1971 and 2005 Ware's farmland acreage decreased by 71%. Map 14 shows the soils best suited for farming, as well as the land in Ware that is protected for agricultural or other purposes. Note that lands in the "chapter land" tax reduction program are not shown on this map since they are not permanently protected. The land areas shown as prime farmland on this map should be where efforts for agricultural protection are emphasized.

# Wetland Vegetation

Ware's wetlands are regulated by the Wetlands Protection Act (WPA) under the local jurisdiction of the Conservation Commission. Typical wetland plants (highbush blueberry, ferns, red maple, quaking aspen, birches, junipers and dogwoods) are popular foraging plants for many birds and other wildlife. Development limitations and strict legislation concerning wetland areas prevent these ecosystems from being used for anything more than conservation and recreation use. Recreation opportunities in and around them include bird watching and hiking.

Early planning and review of development projects under the WPA and the Massachusetts Endangered Species Act (MESA) play an important role in protecting rare species habitats. The NHESP produces maps for the Commission's use under the WPA (Priority and Estimated Habitat) and the Massachusetts Endangered Species Act. Estimated Habitats are a complete subset of Priority Habitats that identify habitats of rare wetlands wildlife. Priority Habitats are drawn for all rare species. The NHESP maps and BioMap2 Core Habitat and Critical Natural Landscape Maps in this Plan offer more information about the location of wetlands in Ware.

### Rare Species – Vascular Plants

Of the uncommon plants in Ware, several species have declined in recent decades due to succession to forest throughout the state (see Table 4-2 for MESA status). New England Blazing Star is an endemic, globally rare, perennial composite that grows in dry, sandy grasslands and clearings. In Massachusetts, New England Blazing Star inhabits open, dry, low-nutrient sandy soils of grasslands, heathlands, and barrens. It thrives in fire-influenced natural communities that are periodically disturbed and devoid of dense woody plant cover. Bush's Sedge occurs in dry to moist non-acidic meadows and pastures in Massachusetts. Wild Lupine is an herbaceous perennial of the pea family that has large sprays of purple flowers in early June. It grows in direct sun on dry, sandy soil in open woods and fields. It, too, has declined throughout the state as forest has reclaimed many of the former agricultural lands, and now is mostly found along edges of forests on sandy soils.

Ware has several plants found in rocky open woods: Climbing Fumitory is an herbaceous biennial vine that can reach lengths of 10 feet. It is usually found in the shade climbing over talus at the base of cliffs. Purple Milkweed is an herbaceous perennial of open sparsely vegetated woodlands and borders.

Table 4-2: Rare Species and Natural Plant Communities in	n Ware	
Common Name	Massachusetts Endangered Species Act (MESA) Status	Most Recent Year Observed
VASCULAR PLANTS		
Climbing Fumitory (Adlumia fungosa)	SC	2008
Purple Milkweed (Asclepias purpurascens)	Е	2011
Bush's Sedge (Carex bushii)	Е	2007
Narrow-leaved Spring Beauty (Claytonia virginica)	Е	2008
Butternut (Juglans cinerea)	WL	2006
New England Blazing Star (Liatris scariosa var. novae-angliae)	SC	1931
Wild Lupine (Lupinus perennis)	WL	2008
One-flowered Pyrola (Moneses uniflora)	WL	1995
Swamp Lousewort (Pedicularis lanceolata)	E	Historic
Great Laurel (Rhododendron maximum)	T	2007
NATURAL COMMUNITIES		
Circumneutral talus forest/woodland S3 – Vulnerable		2006
Hickory-hop hornbeam forest/woodland S2 – Imperiled		2006
MESA Status: SC = Special Concern; E = Endangered; WL = Watch Li	st; T = Threatened	

Several rare plants in Ware grow in moist woods along streams or in swamps. Narrow-leaved Spring Beauty typically occurs in deciduous forests on upper floodplain terraces and adjacent toe slopes. These areas have moist fertile soils and are subject to infrequent flooding events. Swamp Lousewort grows in open areas that are periodically flooded such as wet meadows, marsh edges, and stream banks. It occurs primarily in calcareous soils. Great Laurel, a member of the Heath family, is an evergreen shrub or small tree that grows up to 10 meters high. Its natural habitat is moist woods, swamps, and the edges of ponds. One-flowered Pyrola (also called Single Delight) is a short herbaceous plant of moist forests with a single white, waxy flower.

Natural Communities are recurring assemblages of plants and animals in similar chemical, moisture, geological, and topographic environments. In Massachusetts, the types are defined in the Classification of Natural Communities of Massachusetts, available on the NHESP website. Occurrences of uncommon types, called Priority Natural Communities, are considered to be priority for conservation. All types of natural communities provide important habitat for common and uncommon species and support the biodiversity of the town. NHESP keeps track of occurrences of Priority Types of Natural Communities, a complete list of



which is on the NHESP website. Two types of Priority Natural Communities have been identified in Ware. In addition, there are several other types in adjoining towns that might also be present in Ware. Patches of Ridgetop Pitch Pine-Scrub Oak community are found in both Hardwick and Palmer, and might be expected in Ware. In the lowlands between the ridges, Belchertown and Hardwick have Spruce-Tamarack Bogs and other types of bogs that may also occur in Ware.

Circumneutral Talus Forest/Woodland communities develop on boulder strewn slopes below slightly acidic cliffs or rock outcrops. There is often a gradient of vegetation density as the slope changes, with more trees on the lower slope. Occurrences in Ware are along a ridge that continues into Hardwick. Multiple patches of the community occur within a large contiguous forest area. Diversity of native species is good, but some patches are impacted by invasive species. One patch is next to an occurrence of Hickory-Hop hornbeam Forest/Woodland. Hickory-Hop Hornbeam Forests are open, hardwood forests dominated by various hickory species with significant Hop Hornbeam in the subcanopy. This type of community is characterized by a sparse shrub layer, and a nearly continuous cover of grasses and sedges. The very small example of Hickory - Hop Hornbeam Forest / Woodlands in Ware abuts and blends into a Circumneutral Talus Forest and other oak forest types. It has good species diversity and is in a large roadless area.

# Unique Resources

The most important areas of Ware to protect in order to maintain biodiversity are around the Quabbin, and the Ware River and its tributaries. Additionally, the Dougal ridge in the northeastern part of town, shown as BioMap2 Supporting Natural Landscape (SNL) between Muddy Brook and the Ware River supports several recent rare species observations (since the BioMap work), many vernal pools (certified and potential), and older forest, all of biodiversity interest.

Ware has a very good, large area of protected lands around the Quabbin. That area includes BioMap2 cores Core Habitats and 1830s forest areas (see next section) that provide a remarkable example of relatively unfragmented habitat. Completing conservation protection of remaining unprotected land in that area, with buffers included, would enhance the viability of these special areas. Size and continuity of open space is particularly important for supporting wildlife populations. Preventing habitat fragmentation is vital in protecting the ecosystems for the rare species on the enclosed list, as well as for additional common species.

The two types of NHESP Priority Natural Communities recently identified in Ware (Circumneutral Talus Forest/Woodland and Hickory Hop-Hornbeam Forest/Woodland) are both forests of variable height and openness. Talus forests develop on boulder strewn slopes, usually below cliffs. There is often a gradient of vegetation, with exposed rocks at the base of the cliffs and taller, older trees near the bottom and sides of the slopes. "Circumneutral" refers to the chemistry of the rocks having low acidity, which allows the soils to have more nutrients available for plant growth than in the more acidic conditions that occur in much of Massachusetts (part of the reason for their relative scarcity in the state).

Circumneutral Talus Forest/Woodlands have a greater diversity of plant species than Acidic Talus

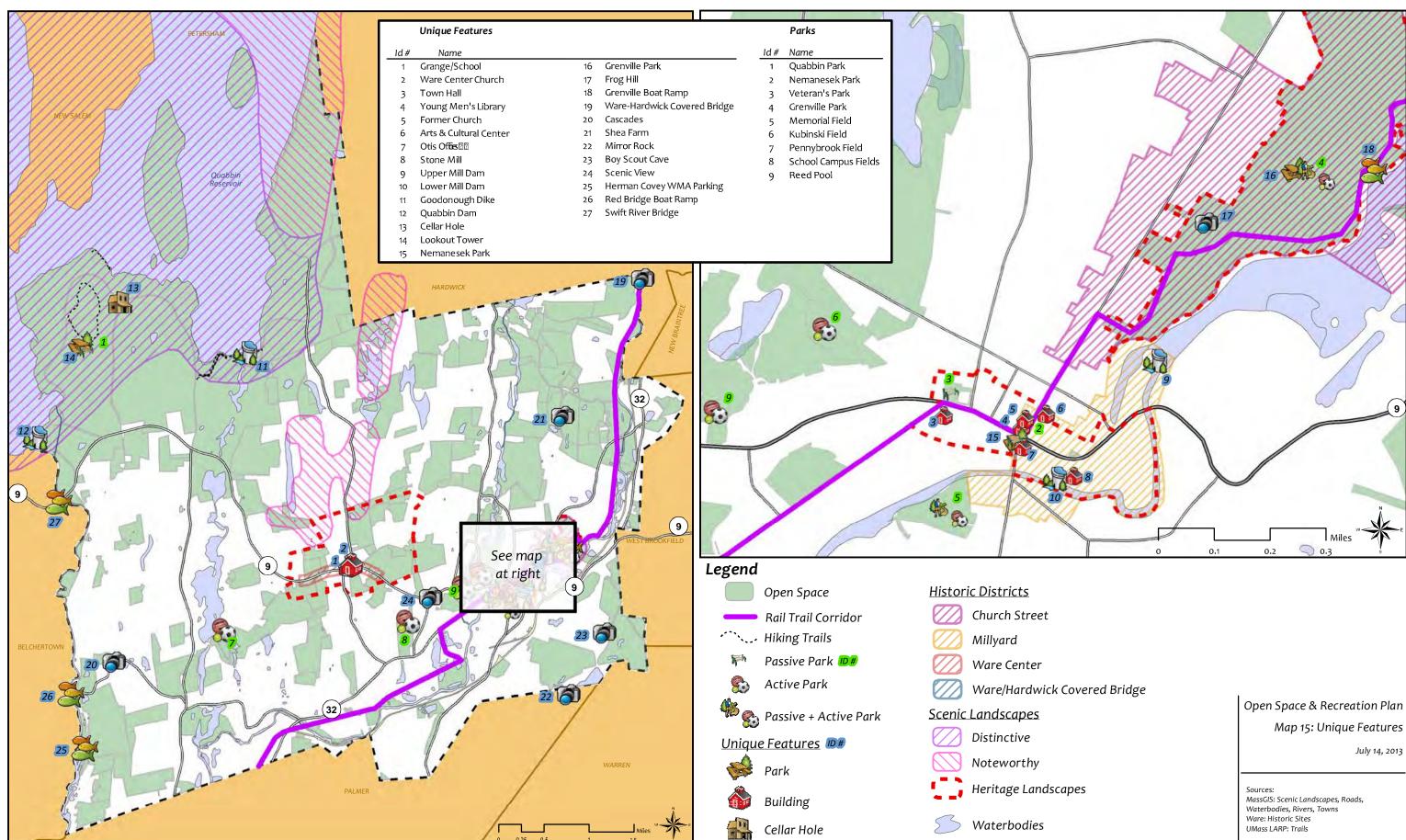
Forests. Some species associated with richer (more nutrients, especially calcium) conditions typically occur in Circumneutral Talus communities, including sugar maple, hickories, hop-hornbeam and some of the spring wild flowers. Hickory – Hop Hornbeam communities are mixed hardwood, open and usually short, forests/woodlands with a sparse shrub layer, almost park-like in appearance. There is often a nearly continuous layer of grasses and sedges below the trees, which are dominated by hickories with a subcanopy of hop hornbeam. Hickory – Hop Hornbeam communities often occur on east or southeast facing midslopes with shallow soils – usually relatively dry areas. Many occurrences are small patches of a few acres each within a matrix of oak dominated forests. There are several herbaceous plant species that are found predominately in Hickory – Hop Hornbeam communities.

Map 15 shows the unique features in Ware. It includes our scenic landscapes and heritage landscapes, which were identified in the 2009 Ware Reconnaissance Report of the MA Heritage Landscape Inventory Program. These are the landscapes identified by participants as the most important to the townspeople in that they embody the community's unique character. Fifty five landscapes were identified in Ware, and of those, six were designated as heritage landscapes: Grenville Park; Ware Downtown including Nenameseck Square, Town Hall, Library, and Casino Theater; Ware Center Historic District; Ware-Hardwick Covered Bridge; Breckenridge-Rich Farm; and the Ware River Rail Trail. Of these, the Casino Theater in the downtown has been lost to neglect. Grenville Park, Nenameseck Square, and the Town Hall have all had improvements done since 2009 to help preserve them. The Covered Bridge has been rebuilt and reopened to the public since the Reconnaissance Report was published, preserving this important part of our heritage and history for many decades to come. The southern section of the Ware River Rail Trail (aka the Ware River Greenway rail trail) has been opened with the installation of two bridges in 2015. Plans to develop the section from Robbins Road to downtown Ware are underway, and negotiations continue with property owners north of Grenville Park to continue the trail to the north.

Map 15 also shows the historic districts in Ware. These districts showcase the historic structures within them, but to date no action has been taken to establish local historic districts with local regulation of alterations to the historic structures in them. Happily, many property owners with historic buildings have maintained the historic character on their own. Ware did adopt a demolition delay bylaw in 2015 to provide an opportunity for preservation of buildings slated to be torn down. So far, no significant buildings, like the Casino Theater, have been targeted for demolition.

Recreational assets are also shown on the map and include active recreational facilities such as ball fields as well as passive recreational areas such as special places and water access points. Special places include scenic vista points, locally known spots such as "the Cascades", "Mirror Rock", and "Boy Scout Caves." "Mirror Rock" is a spot on Coy Hill where if one were to take a small mirror, they could aim it such that the sun would reflect on it and people in the town below could see it, thus knowing that someone was there. Folklore has it that local boys would signal their mothers this way.





Sources: MassGIS: roads, waterbodies, rivers Ware: open space (permanent + limited protection), historic districts, parks, unique features MA DCR: heritage landscapes (2006), scenic landscapes (with The Nature Conservancy, 1982)



Dam



Water Access



Special Place



~~~ Rivers



Blank (back of fold-out map)



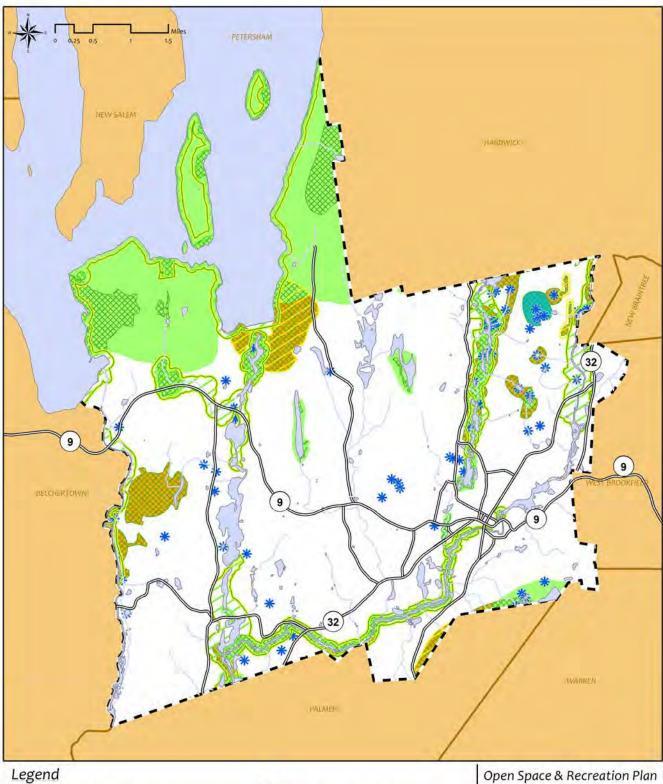
# Vegetation Mapping Projects

Forested Land 1830s: The Harvard Forest map of 1830s woodlands forests shows portions of Ware as forested, areas of possible Primary Forest, untilled woodlots and wooded pastures. Such lands have greater biodiversity than areas that have been tilled. These are not Old Growth forests; they have been harvested and pastured, but the ground may not have been tilled. Harvard Forest digitized maps from the 1830s to show several categories of land cover. Ware's map shows areas that were forested in the 1830s (see Map 13, Forest Cover). NHESP GIS staff took that data and combined it with information from MassGIS' landcover datalayer made from 1999 aerial photos. Although a great deal will have changed in those areas during the 170 years between the map dates, some areas showing forested land during both periods have never been tilled. Surveys of the soil structure in the individual sites would be needed in order to determine whether those sites are primary forest. Primary forests retain more native biodiversity than sites that have been tilled such as soil, fauna and flora, microorganisms and plants that reproduce primarily without seed or spore (vegetatively). In addition, a variety of species of wildflowers are more common in untilled forests than previously tilled lands. The areas of 1830s forest on private land would be good targets for conservation acquisition in order to maintain the biodiversity of the Town and region, particularly the ridge between the Ware River and Muddy Brook and lands north of the DFW Herman Covey Wildlife Management Area (WMA) in the western part of town.

BioMap2: This map was produced by NHESP in 2012 to identify the areas of highest importance for biodiversity based on known locations of rare species and uncommon natural communities (see Map 16). It incorporates the habitats needed by rare species to maintain the local populations. Large unfragmented conservation land provides the best opportunities to maintain populations of species and limit further species loss. Land protection by towns that connects other protected open space is one way to provide important large areas of biodiversity protection. There are 6,294 acres of BioMap 2 Core Habitat and 7,892 acres of Critical Natural Landscape in Ware. Core habitat identifies specific areas necessary to promote the long-term persistence of rare species, other Species of Special Concern, exemplary natural communities, and intact ecosystems. Critical Natural Landscape identifies intact landscapes in Massachusetts that are better able to support ecological processes and disturbance regimes, and a wide array of species and habitats over long time periods.

It is important to differentiate the BioMap 2 core areas from the Priority and Estimated Habitats described above. BioMap and Living Waters (a 2003 companion report to BioMap that identifies rivers, streams, lakes and ponds that are critical to freshwater biodiversity) Core Areas identify areas particularly important for conservation planning purposes whereas Priority and Estimated Habitats are regulatory.

CAPS: The Conservation Assessment and Prioritization System (CAPS) is an ecosystem-based (coarse-filter) approach for assessing the ecological integrity of lands and waters and subsequently identifying and prioritizing land for habitat and biodiversity conservation. CAPS defines ecological integrity as the ability of an area to support biodiversity and the ecosystem processes necessary to sustain biodiversity over the long



Open Space (all types)

NHESP Estimated Habitats of Rare Wildlife

NHESP Priority Habitats of Rare Species

\* NHESP Certified Vernal Pools

BioMap2 Core Habitat

BioMap2 Critical Natural Landscape

BioMap2 CH Forest Core

BioMap2 CH Vernal Pool Core

# BioMap2 CH BioMap2 Wetlands

Priority Natural Community Wetlands and Selected Oxbows

Wetland core - least disturbed wetlands within undeveloped landscapes

# BioMap2 CH Aquatic Core

BioMap2 CH Species of Conservation Concern

BioMap2 CNL Landscape Blocks

# BioMap2 CNL Wetland Buffer

Least-disturbed wetland complexes

Priority Natural Community Wetlands and Selected Oxbows Upland buffer

### BioMap2 CNL Aquatic Buffer

Aquatic Core

Upland Buffer of Aq. Core

Waterbodies
 Rivers and Streams

# Open Space & Recreation Plan Map 16: BioMap and Habitats

May 26, 2013

ources:

MassGIS: BioMap 2, NHESP Habitats, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns Ware: Open Space



term. CAPS is a computer software program and an approach to prioritizing land for conservation, based on the assessment of ecological integrity for various ecological communities (e.g., forest, shrub swamp, headwater stream) within an area. This process results in an Index of Ecological Integrity (IEI) for each point in the landscape based upon models constructed separately for each ecological community.

In November 2011, the Landscape Ecology Program at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst completed its first comprehensive, statewide assessment of ecological integrity using CAPS. IEI maps depicting the top 50% of lands with the highest ecological integrity have been completed for all cities and towns in Massachusetts (see Map 17).

# E. Fisheries and Wildlife

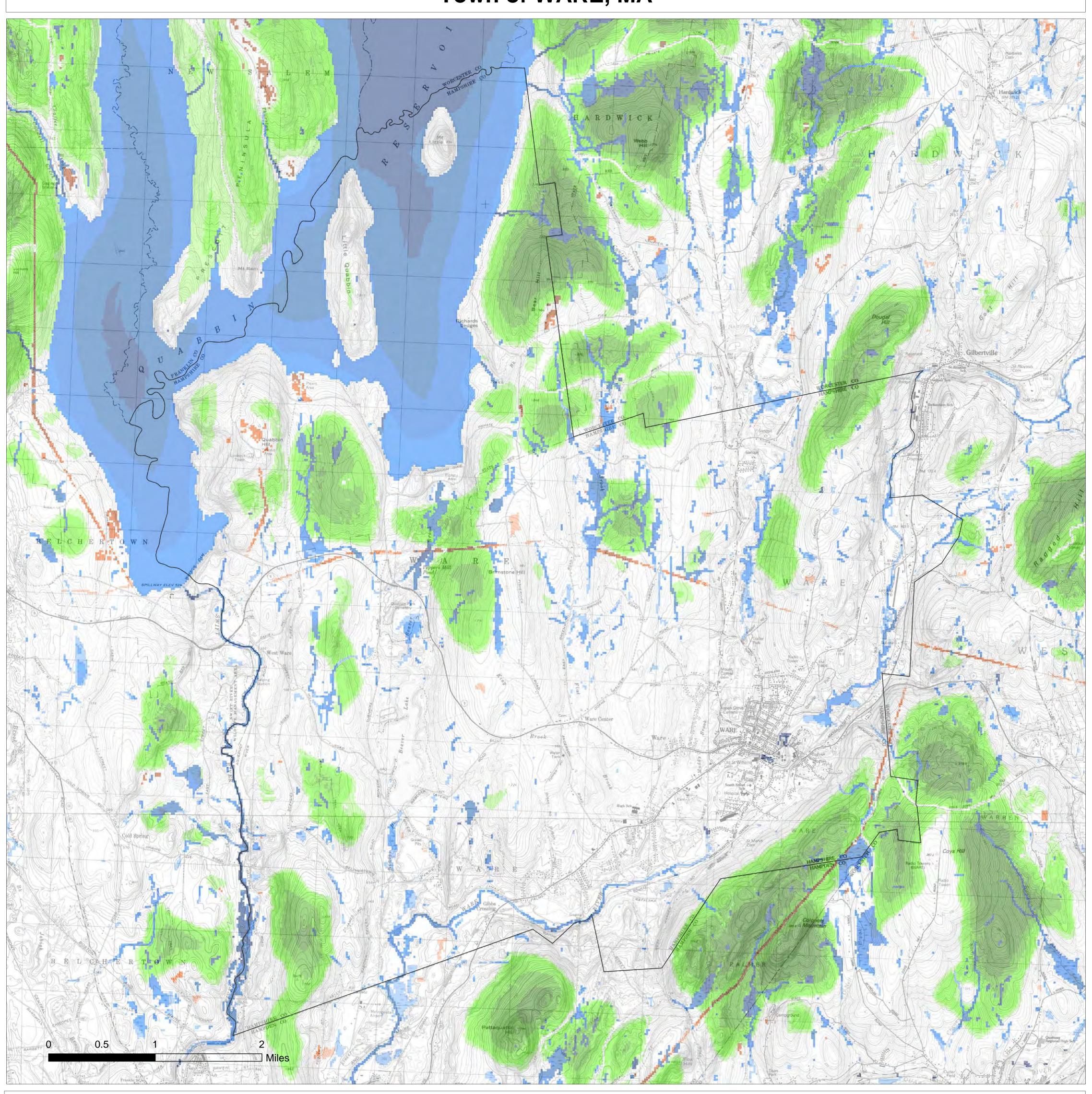
# Inventory

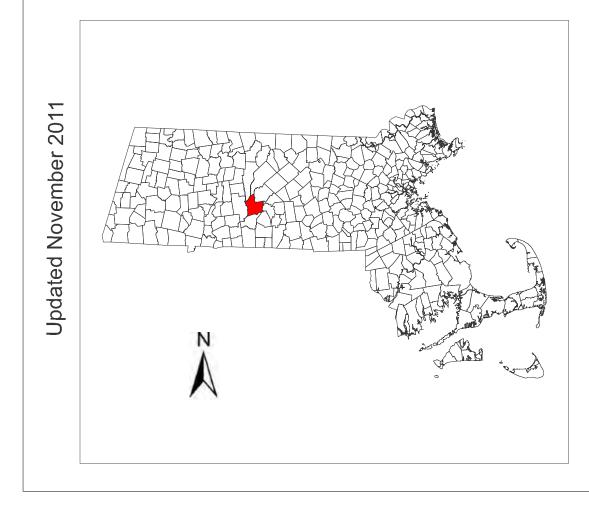
Numerous physical factors influence the sustainability of animal species communities, including plant species coverage, elevation, climate, development, pollution, and the availability of food and water. A species may decline or increase based upon a small change in any of these elements. Generally, Ware's physical characteristics provide a variety of wildlife habitats, including mixed and hardwood forestlands, agricultural and abandoned open fields, ponds and lakes, streams and rivers, wetlands, and even residential backyards. The most common species found in western Massachusetts in these categories are listed in Table 4.3. Many of these species may be hunted periodically with a valid hunting or fishing license.

Map 18 shows the soils that are best suited to support wetland wildlife. It should be noted that wetlands can occur on other soil types, but they are most sustainable on soils rated fair or good.

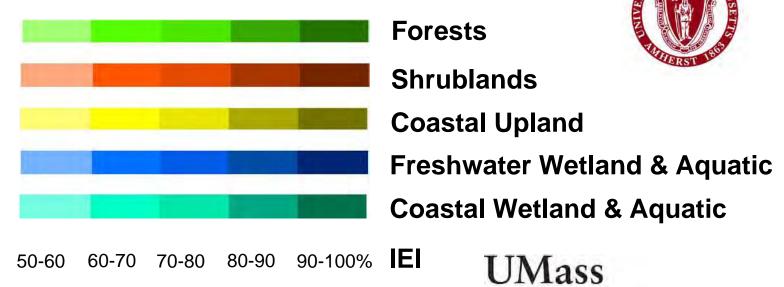
CAPS: The MassDEP's Massachusetts Wildlife Habitat Protection Guidance for Inland Wetlands (June 2006) adopted a new approach for assessing wildlife habitat impacts associated with work in wetlands. This approach utilizes maps developed at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst using the Conservation Assessment and Prioritization System (CAPS). The maps depict "Habitat of Potential Regional or Statewide Importance" which may require further review when work is proposed in these areas (see Map 19). These maps are known as "Important Habitat" and are based upon the integrated index of ecological integrity and depict all areas (not just regulated "resource areas") that score in the top 40% for Index for Ecological Integrity-Integrated (IEI-I). Areas designated as "Habitat of Potential Regional and Statewide Importance" represent 40% of the undeveloped landscape as well as 40% of each ecological community (e.g. forest, shallow marsh, shrub swamp, forested wetland, salt marsh). Areas within the polygons that are also within Wetland Protection Act jurisdiction represent "Habitat of Potential Regional or Statewide Importance" and may trigger detailed review.

# **CAPS Index of Ecological Integrity (IEI)** Town of WARE, MA





# IEI, Index of Ecological Integrity **Top 50% of the Landscape**



Extension

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The IEI, or Index of Ecological Integrity, delineates the relative wildlife habitat and biodiversity value of any point on the landscape based on landscape ecology principles and expert opinion. The IEI is calculated by the Conservation Assessment and Prioritization System (CAPS) computer program developed at the University of Massachusetts, Amherst. Depicted on this map are those areas representing 50% of the landscape with the highest IEI values; the darker the color the higher the integrity value. For more information see: <a href="http://www.masscaps.org">http://www.masscaps.org</a>.

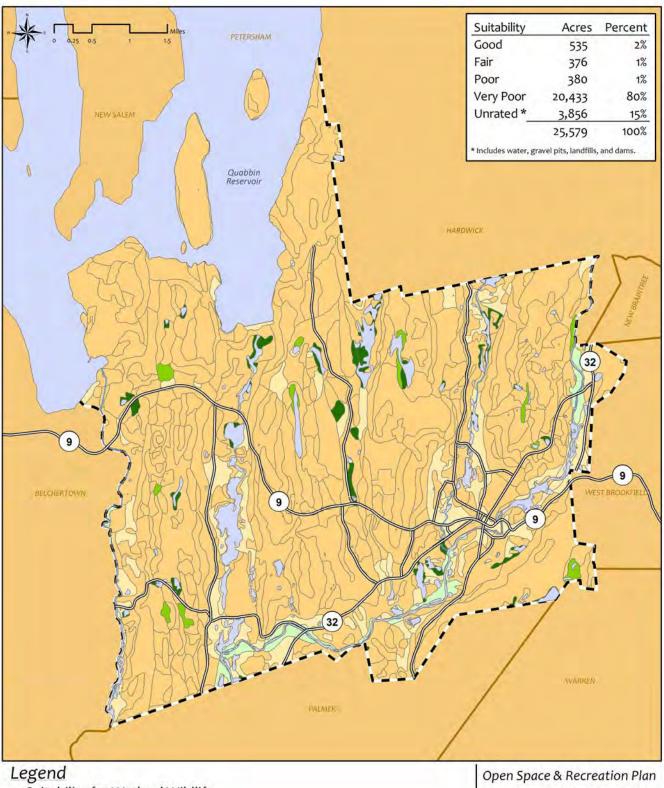
Coastal beaches and rocky intertidal shores are included as Coastal Wetland and Aquatic.

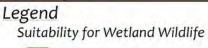
These maps were funded by grants from The Nature Conservancy and the Federal Highway Administration via a grant administered by the Massachusetts Department of Transportation, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under section 104 (b) (3) of the U.S. Clean Water Act. Data sources include the Office of Geographic and Environmental Information (MassGIS).

Prepared in cooperation with the Massachusetts Department of Transportation Office of Transportation Planning, and the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration. The contents of this report reflect the views of the author(s), who is (are) responsible for the facts and the accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of the Massachusetts Department of Transportation or the Federal Highway Administration. This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation.

| Table 4-3: Common Wildlife by Habitat in Hampshire County |             |                                                                                                                                                         |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Habitat Type                                              | Animal Type | Common Species                                                                                                                                          |  |  |
| Woodland                                                  | Reptiles    | turtle, snake                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
|                                                           | Amphibians  | salamander, tree frog, toad                                                                                                                             |  |  |
|                                                           | Birds       | ruffed grouse, crow, hawks, turkey, woodpeckers, owls, songbirds                                                                                        |  |  |
|                                                           | Mammals     | deer, rabbit, squirrel, woodchuck, chipmunk, raccoon, fox, skunk, porcupine, American Black Bear, bobcat, coyote, fisher, woodland jumping mouse, voles |  |  |
| Open Land                                                 | Insects     | spiders, wasps, bees, ants, flies, moths, butterflies, beetles, mosquitoes, dragonflies                                                                 |  |  |
|                                                           | Reptiles    | snakes                                                                                                                                                  |  |  |
|                                                           | Birds       | pheasant, crow, hawks, swallow, songbirds                                                                                                               |  |  |
|                                                           | Mammals     | cottontail, skunk, woodchuck, moles, shrews, bats, meadow jumping mouse, voles, mice                                                                    |  |  |
| Open Water                                                | Insects     | mosquito, dragonfly, horsefly, moths                                                                                                                    |  |  |
|                                                           | Fish        | herring, shad, trout, salmon, pickerel, pike, carp, catfish, perch, bass                                                                                |  |  |
|                                                           | Reptiles    | turtles                                                                                                                                                 |  |  |
|                                                           | Amphibians  | frogs, toads, salamanders, newts                                                                                                                        |  |  |
|                                                           | Birds       | Canada goose, mallard, osprey, bald eagle, kingfisher, swallow                                                                                          |  |  |
|                                                           | Mammals     | beaver, otter                                                                                                                                           |  |  |
| Wetland                                                   | Insects     | mosquito, earthworms, beetles, snails, flies, dragonfly                                                                                                 |  |  |
|                                                           | Fish        | pickerel, carp, shiner, shad                                                                                                                            |  |  |
|                                                           | Reptiles    | turtles, snakes                                                                                                                                         |  |  |
|                                                           | Amphibians  | salamanders, frogs, peepers                                                                                                                             |  |  |
|                                                           | Birds       | ducks, herons, egrets, osprey, killdeer, kingfisher, grouse, pheasant, goose, songbirds                                                                 |  |  |
|                                                           | Mammals     | deer, rabbit, opossum, raccoon, fox, mink, beaver, otter, muskrat, skunk, moose                                                                         |  |  |
| Residential                                               | Insects     | flies, mosquitoes, bees, wasps, beetles                                                                                                                 |  |  |
|                                                           | Reptiles    | snakes                                                                                                                                                  |  |  |
|                                                           | Amphibians  | toads, frogs                                                                                                                                            |  |  |
|                                                           | Birds       | crows, songbirds                                                                                                                                        |  |  |
|                                                           | Mammals     | squirrel, chipmunk, raccoon, rabbit, mice                                                                                                               |  |  |

Sources: A Natural Resource Inventory Atlas for Hampshire County, Cooperative Extension Service, UMass Amherst, 1979; with additions based on the current state mammal list, obtained from the MA Division of Fish & Wildlife 1/15/2016 at: http://www.mass.gov/eea/agencies/dfg/dfw/fish-wildlife-plants/state-mammal-list.html





Good Fair Poor

Very poor

Unrated

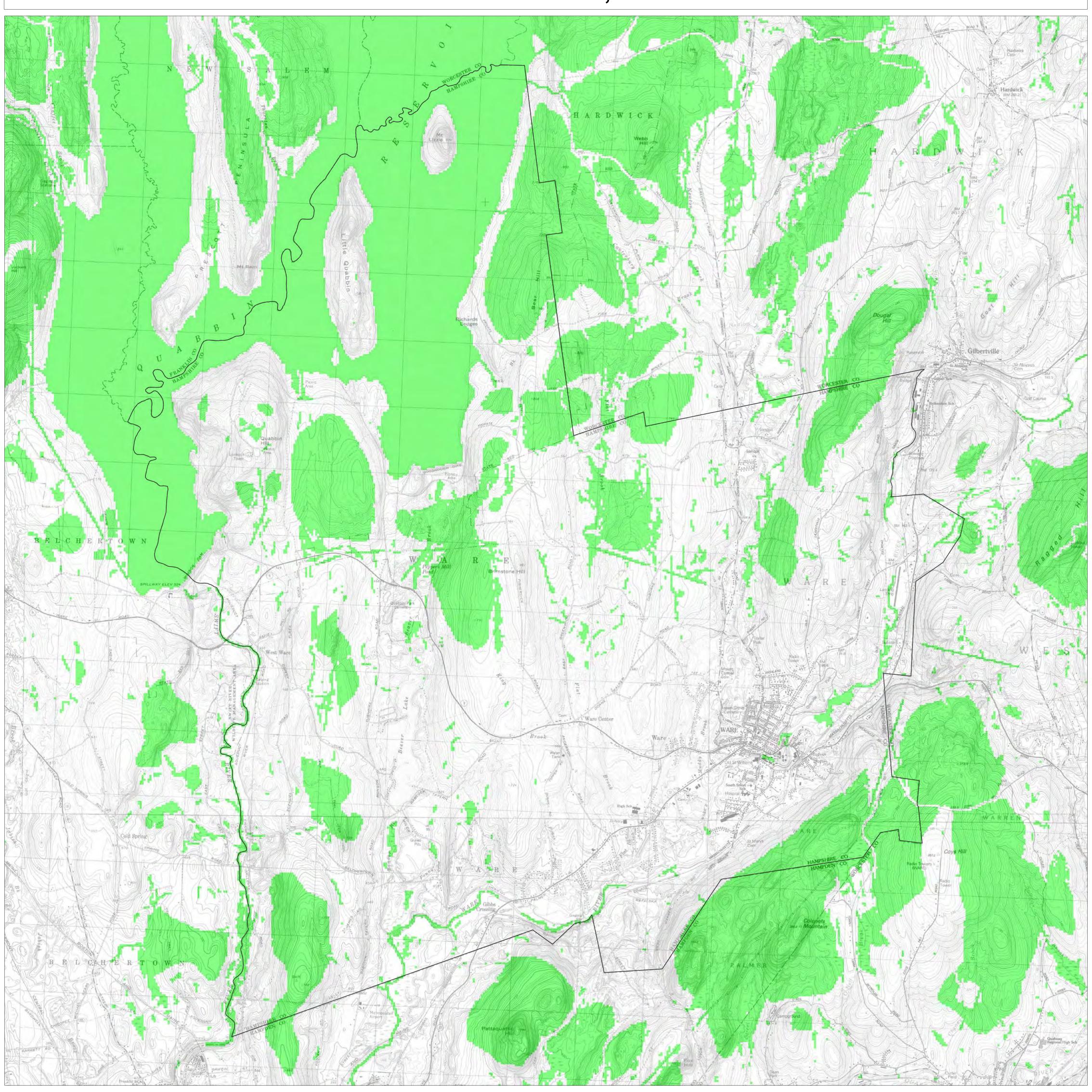
# Map 18: Suitability of Soil for Wetland Wildlife

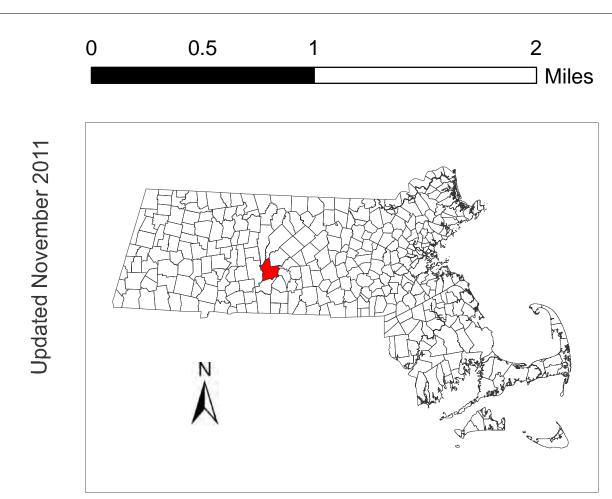
May 25, 2013

Sources: MassGIS: Towns, Roads, Waterbodies, Rivers Ware: Open Space NRCS: Soils (2007)



# Habitat of Potential Regional or Statewide Importance Town of WARE, MA





# Important Wildlife Habitat

The MassDEP's Massachusetts Wildlife Habitat Protection Guidance for Inland Wetlands, June 2006 adopted a new approach for assessing wildlife habitat impacts associated with work in wetlands. This approach utilizes maps developed at the University of Massachusetts Amherst using the Conservation Assessment and Prioritization System (CAPS). The maps depict Habitat of Potential Regional or Statewide Importance that may trigger more intensive levels of review. For more information on how to assess wildlife habitat impacts, see Section III of the Guidance document: <a href="http://www.mass.gov/dep/water/laws/wldhab.pdf">http://www.mass.gov/dep/water/laws/wldhab.pdf</a>.

The CAPS model assesses the ecological integrity of Massachusetts landscape features as influenced by environmental stressor metrics (e.g. pollution, fragmentation). CAPS relies on data that are broadly available across Massachusetts. Ecological features which are not consistently surveyed or uniformly available, such as certified vernal pools, rare species, and contamination sites are not included in CAPS. When available, this more specific ecological information may be used in conjunction with the CAPS outputs to better understand particular sites in Massachusetts and support informed conservation decision-making. For more information on the statewide maps produced by the CAPS model, see: <a href="http://www.masscaps.org">http://www.masscaps.org</a>.

These maps are funded in part by the Massachusetts Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under section 104 (b)(3) of the U.S. Clean Water Act. Environmental data sources include the Office of Geographic and Environmental Information (MassGIS).





#### Vernal Pools

Ware has 66 Certified Vernal Pools (CVPs) and 145 Potential Vernal Pools (PVPs) (identified from aerial photographs, needing verification on the ground). In addition, areas of swamps will provide habitat for vernal pool species. Ware's vernal pools are shown on map 16 with the natural communities. Clusters of vernal pools provide particularly good habitat for species that depend on this habitat. The clusters mean that there are alternate habitats if something happens to one pool, and slightly different conditions in each may provide different habitats for pool dependent species. There is a Vernal Pool Core in BioMap2 Core 1694.

# Corridors for Wildlife Migration

Wildlife diversity is a function of the size and shape of undeveloped land, and the variety of habitat types available to animals. Species often must occupy more than one land type during its day, year, or lifetime. For example, the white tail deer will shelter in the thick evergreen forest, forage for berries along the edge of a field, and drink from a small stream, all in the same day. In addition, many species require overland migration routes to hunt or forage for food and water as well as seek shelter and propagate. Major natural corridors must be recognized as potential migration routes for many animals. Recreation trails or undeveloped floodplains and riverfronts can successfully serve as wildlife migration routes.

# Rare Species

<u>Bridle Shiners</u> are small (<5 cm) minnows that swim in schools, moving in and out of vegetation along the edges of open, clear water in lakes and ponds and slack areas of streams and rivers. They feed on small insects and other aquatic animals (see Table 4-4 for MESA status).

<u>Blue-spotted Salamanders</u> were reported from Ware in the 1800s, but not since then. Although the species is known from only scattered occurrences in the Quabbin area, there are recent records in nearby towns. Working in cooperation with landowners to survey vernal pools in the spring might locate the species. Blue-spotted Salamanders inhabit upland forest during most of the year. In the spring, adults migrate to breed and lay their eggs in vernal pools, swamps, marshes, and other predominantly fish-free wetlands. After larvae metamorphose during late spring they disperse into upland forest.

<u>Four-toed Salamanders</u> nest in patches of sphagnum moss that overhang streams. The young drop into the streams where they live until maturity, at which time they move to nearby forests. Protecting healthy populations will help prevent them from needing additional protections of the Endangered Species Act. While not an obligate vernal pool species, the occurrences in Ware are in an area with a cluster of certified and potential vernal pools in BioMap2 Core 1694 as well as in Core 1704 in the Aquatic Core along Muddy Brook.

Wood Turtles have been reported from multiple areas in Ware, particularly along Muddy Brook. Wood Turtle habitat is comprised of streams and rivers, preferably with long corridors of connected uplands extending on both sides of the waterways. Both of the turtle species known in Ware nest in sandy upland areas and are susceptible to a high mortality rate when they move among parts of their habitats, particularly



where they must cross roads. Because turtles have low nest and juvenile survivorship, losing only a few adults annually can cause populations to decline because of low replacement rates.

<u>Eastern Box Turtles</u> spend most of their adult lives in Oak-Pine forests, but juveniles live in wetlands and adults favor wetlands during the hottest part of the summer. In Massachusetts, the best and most viable populations of Eastern Box Turtles are in the southeastern part of the state. The turtle has seldom been reported in Ware, with a report in 1928 and one more recently. Like the Blue-spotted Salamander, records from Quabbin area towns are very scattered, despite being relatively common (for a rare species) along the Connecticut River and south of the Quaboag River nearer the Connecticut border.

The three state-listed birds most recently observed in Ware occupy quite different habitats from each other. <u>Pied-billed Grebes</u> are secretive marsh birds that typically nest in dense cattail beds adjacent to open water. They are very sensitive to disturbance and changes in water levels.

<u>Bald Eagles</u> nest in tall trees along large lakes and rivers. Large lakes and rivers also support important winter congregations of Bald Eagles. Fish make up the bulk of their diet. Missing from the local environment since the early 1900s, they were reintroduced at the Quabbin in the 1980s. The effort was successful and today Bald Eagle populations are increasing and the Quabbin area is both a nesting area and an overwintering area for the species.

The Eastern Whippoorwill is a ground-nesting, nocturnal bird that is uncommon and declining. It has largely disappeared as a breeding bird from the Berkshires and the more developed areas of eastern Massachusetts. In Massachusetts, it occurs most commonly in the woodlands of the southeastern part of the state, but there are still populations in the Connecticut River Valley and the Quabbin area.

<u>Southern Bog Lemming</u> are small unobtrusive voles that live in tunnels, eat stems and leaves of grasses, and live in bogs and other, often drier, grassy habitats. Ware has one of very few currently known occurrences of the species in Massachusetts. The best management strategy is to leave them alone.

Ware has two state-listed species of freshwater mussel and another that was recently removed from the list and remains of conservation interest. The presence of these species in local streams, particularly Muddy Brook and the Ware River, confirms the importance of maintaining the clean, flowing waters for these species and others that share these habitats.

<u>Brook Floater</u> (or Swollen Wedge mussel) are small freshwater mussels that inhabit streams and rivers with low to moderate water velocities, stable substrates, low nutrients and good water quality. They are currently known in only four water bodies in the state, making Ware's population very important.

<u>Creepers</u> are freshwater mussels that inhabit low-gradient reaches of small to large rivers with sand or gravel substrates. Creepers are best supported by cool to warm waters with diverse fish assemblages.

<u>Triangle Floaters</u> are commonly found in low-gradient river reaches with sand and gravel substrates and low to moderate water velocities.

Both listed and recently delisted species of dragonflies are known in Ware. Clustered along the Ware River, these species also occur in and near other wetlands. Although each has its own distinct habitat, the nymphs of all species are aquatic and burrow in sediments of the wetland types they prefer. As with the freshwater mussels, maintaining clean, free flowing water is important for maintaining the species. Young adults of all the species use surrounding upland forests for protection while they reach maturity.

Two state-listed species of moths have been identified in Ware. <u>Orange Sallow Moths</u> inhabit dry, open oak woodlands on rocky uplands. Females lay their eggs on false foxgloves where the larvae feed on flowers, seeds, and foliage. <u>Melsheimer's Sack Bearer</u> known only historically in Ware, inhabits sandplain pitch pine/scrub

oak barrens,
especially scrub oak
thickets within frost
pockets. Larvae
feed exclusively on
scrub oak (Quercus
ilicifolia) in
Massachusetts. The
species is now
limited to Cape
Cod and the
offshore islands,
west to Plymouth.

| Table 4-4: Rare Species                                          |                                                             |                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name                                                             | Massachusetts<br>Endangered<br>Species Act<br>(MESA) Status | Most Recent<br>Year<br>Observed |
| VERTEBRATES                                                      |                                                             |                                 |
| Bird, Bald Eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus)                      | Т                                                           | 2012                            |
| Bird, Eastern Whippoorwill (Caprimulgus vociferous)              | SC                                                          | 2012                            |
| Bird, Pied-billed Grebe (Podilymbus podiceps)                    | E                                                           | 2000                            |
| Fish, Bridle Shiner (Notropis bifrenatus)                        | SC                                                          | 2005                            |
| Lemming, Southern Bog (Synaptomys cooperi)                       | SC                                                          | 1992                            |
| Salamander Blue-spotted (Ambystoma laterale)                     | SC                                                          | 1800s                           |
| Salamander, Four-toed (Hemidactylium scutatum)                   | Delisted                                                    | 2007                            |
| Turtle, Eastern Box Turtle (Terrapene Carolina)                  | SC                                                          | 1928                            |
| Turtle, Wood Turtle (Glyptemys insculpta)                        | SC                                                          | 2010                            |
| INVERETBRATES                                                    |                                                             |                                 |
| Dragonfly, Arrow Clubtail (Stylurus spiniceps)                   | Delisted                                                    | 2004                            |
| Dragonfly, Beaverpond Clubtail (Gomphus borealis)                | Delisted                                                    | 1991                            |
| Dragonfly, Brook Snaketail (Ophiogomphus aspersus)               | SC                                                          | 2004                            |
| Dragonfly, Riffle Snaketail (Ophiogomphus carolus)               | Т                                                           | 2004                            |
| Dragonfly, Spine-crowned Clubtail (Gomphus abbreviates)          | SC                                                          | 2004                            |
| Moth, Melsheimer's Sack Bearer (Cicinnus melsheimeri)            | Т                                                           | Historic                        |
| Moth, Orange Sallow Moth (Pyrrhia aurantiago)                    | SC                                                          | 2010                            |
| Mussel, Brook Floater/Swollen Wedgemussel (Alasmidonta undulate) | E                                                           | 2009                            |
| Mussel, Creeper (Strophitus undulates)                           | SC                                                          | 2009                            |
| Mussel, Triangle Floater (Alasmidonta undulata)                  | Delisted                                                    | 2009                            |



#### F. Scenic Resources and Unique Environments

#### Scenic Landscapes

Most of the Town could be considered scenic. From its open farmland to its historic downtown, Ware is filled with beautiful landscapes. Citizens have described some exceptional places where the scenery is particularly noteworthy. This is the scenery that Ware residents cherish, that attracts new residents, and that visitors remember. These places should be given the highest priority when considering scenic open space protection. These scenic areas should be integrated with certain recreation activities, such as hiking and biking trails. These places are shown on Map 15 and include:



Several spots along the Ware River afford great views of the river and surrounding countryside.



The dams near East and South Streets are very popular scenic spots. These dams could serve as trail nodes or designated picnic areas, but currently all surrounding land is in private ownership. Public safety should be considered if improvements are made.



The Quabbin Reservation is a favorite place for hiking, picnicking and birdwatching. Creating a trail network linking the populated areas of town with the Quabbin Reservation should be examined.



Snow's Pond is a favorite destination for fishing, walking and picnicking, and is close to the center of town.



Fisherdick Road provides views of Mount Tom and the Quabbin Tower.



Route 9 eastbound before the descent to downtown and along Warren Road provide glimpses of Ware.



The Cascades is an intermittent stream with waterfall at the intersection of Old Belchertown Road and Sczgiel Road.



The Shea Farm on Gilbertville Road provides beautiful views of the surrounding area.



The Covered Bridge at Old Gilbertville Road is a unique scenic site in Ware and Gilbertville.



Grenville Park provides an incredible view of the Ware River from Frog's Hill.



Mirror Rock on Coy Hill provides views of the Holyoke Range, Mt. Monadnock, and Ware.

#### Major Characteristics

Ware is a town comprised of a series of glacial ridges and valleys. Typical of the region, many of the town's ridges have steep slopes and rocky soil, and therefore were never developed for agriculture. These ridges are thickly forested and provide critical habitat for certain species of birds and mammals that could not survive elsewhere. Waters shed from these ridges fill the rivers upon which the town was founded. The steep landforms provide climatic shelter for the valley inhabitants, and add to the scenic quality of Ware.

Planning efforts should include protection of these ridges from development. Clear-cut logging practices increase runoff which can lead to flooding and siltation of wetlands. Structures built upon the ridges would impact the scenic quality of the landscape. Wildlife habitat will certainly diminish with intense human use. These ridges help to make the valleys of Ware such great places to live.

#### Cultural, Archeological, and Historic Areas

The past must be remembered in order to assess the present. Preserving places and districts creates a bridge between then and now, over which we can cross to learn and reflect. Preservation of irreplaceable heritage is in the public interest so that cultural, educational, aesthetic, inspirational, economic, and energy benefits can be maintained and enriched for future generations.

Pursuant to the 1966 National Historic Act, the National Register of Historic Places has a central role in identifying buildings, sites, districts, structures, etc., worthy of preservation. Areas proposed for historic district designation do not need to be of national or state importance. Historic districts should be created by cities and towns to protect areas that are significant to their locality. A historic district may be established when "the relationship to each other of a sufficient number of buildings creates a whole which is greater than the sum of its parts." (Cambridge Historic District Study Committee, Final Report, Cambridge, 1962.) According to the National Register of Historic Places, Ware has five national historic districts (see Map 5):

<u>Church Street Historic District</u> - from Church Street between Park Avenue and Highland Street. Dating from 1800 to 1900 and later, this district contains 73 structures and is architecturally and historically significant as a substantially intact residential part of a 19th century New England factory village.

<u>Ware Center Historic District</u> - Route 9, east and west of Greenwich Plains Road. Dating from 1700 to 1899, this district of twenty structures. It is significant for its spatial organization and architectural forms of the 18th century colonial settlement of Ware, as well as aspects of the town's 19th century development.

<u>Ware-Hardwick Covered Bridge</u> – spans the Ware River in Ware from Old Gilbertville Road and in Gilbertville village in Hardwick from Bridge Street. It dates from approximately 1886 and is significant because it is only one of four 19th century wooden bridges in Massachusetts still standing in its original location. It was rebuilt in 2010 after being closed for 8 years due to structural deficiencies.

<u>Millyard District</u> – in the downtown along South, Church, Canal, Main, Park, Pleasant, and Otis Streets, contains forty-five structures. Beginning in 1821, the structures were built by three manufacturing companies over a 10-year period. These structures are noteworthy as exceptionally intact examples of the style used in this era of industrial development and its corresponding impact on residential development.

<u>Town Hall</u> - corner of Routes 9 and 32, dates from 1885-1886 and is a Romanesque Revival building with strong Richardsonian overtones. The Town Hall is also significant for its importance in centralizing Ware's activities in the present downtown.



#### Grenville Park

In the early 1900s there were no large parks in Ware. Aspen Grove Cemetery and the Pumping Station Grounds (where the town wells are located, off Barnes Street) were the most important open spaces owned by the Town and were used for pleasure strolling and driving. The public also enjoyed the vacant lands on the outskirts of town for playing ball, picnicking, and accessing other parts of town. While this use did not create serious objection from land owners, there was a great need for a permanent public park to provide recreation. Through the civic spirit of one of the park commissioners, Mr. J.H.G. Gilbert, Ware secured land that provided ample outdoor recreation facilities within a few minutes' walk of the downtown: Grenville Park.

Grenville Park commemorates Grenville Gilbert, Jr., the beloved son of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert. They felt that the best way to perpetuate the memory of their son was to associate his name with a permanent feature in the daily life of the community. It assured their home town a lasting and beautiful environment on the site where natural beauty lay in abundance.

The park was designed by Arthur A. Shurtleff of Boston, a landscape architect and urban planner. His ambition was to design a park that was reminiscent of the best natural wild landscapes of New England including tree and shrubbery arrangements and the choice of native vegetation. The Park includes ball fields, intimate spaces, and open spaces, which gives people many opportunities for different kinds of recreation. The plan includes maintenance schedules, descriptions of the various trees and shrubs, and specific details about the reasoning behind such design decisions such as leaving open spaces open and footpaths graveled instead of paved (Arthur A. Shurtleff, 1923). The park is also an integral part of the Ware River Valley Greenway Trails Project (see Chapter 5). Grenville Park is truly a gem in the Town of Ware.

#### Quabbin Park Cemetery

Also noteworthy is the Quabbin Park Cemetery. In 1938, the towns of Dana, Prescott, Enfield and Greenwich were disincorporated in order to create the Quabbin Reservoir. The 6,500 graves from these towns were moved here forming the Quabbin Park Cemetery, located on Route 9 in Ware.

#### Unique Environments

There are no designated Areas of Critical Environmental Concern in Ware. An Area of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC) boundary is delineated upon designation by the Secretary of Environmental Affairs and includes any areas needed to protect and preserve significant natural resource features such as estuaries, wetlands, floodplain, and forested upland.

#### G. Environmental Challenges

Hazardous Waste and Brownfield Sites

Former Ware Farm Equipment Company, 200 West Street: The roughly 14 acre site was formerly the Ware Farm Equipment Company and was contaminated with both hazardous material and petroleum substances. Approximately 5 to 7 acres of the property was also a solid waste disposal area that was last used in the mid-1920s and is now capped and inspected annually. Burning waste at the disposal site led to elevated concentrations of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) in the soil, groundwater and surface water samples. The parcel was subdivided in 2010 and 4.4 acres, where the old buildings were located, has been cleaned up and redeveloped into the town fire and rescue station.

Former Ware Coal Gasification Plant, Monroe Street, Ware RTN 1-17892: The site was formerly owned by Amerigas Eagle Propane, Limited, which had acquired it in the holdings of previous owners; the Ware Gas Company had used the site to manufacture gas from coal. The site was found to have evidence of coal tar during a 2010 Phase I Environmental Site Assessment. In 2012 DEP issued a Notice of Intent to Mobilize and began an environmental site assessment. This assessment identified contamination at the site which could potentially be contained on site with a "cap in place" method. The Town acquired the property in 2014 by tax taking, which provides limited liability for the Town regarding contamination cleanup. The Town is currently working with DEP to perform additional assessments of the site in order to determine if a portion of it is clean enough to allow some recreational use. The Town plans to redevelop this site primarily as a parking lot to serve the adjacent Memorial Field recreational facility. If DEP permits, a portion of the site will be used to build recreational facilities such as a basketball court and playground, as an extension of the Memorial Field facility.

#### Landfills

The town landfill located off Robbins Road was capped in 2008. Landfill leachate can pose an environmental hazard, especially given its proximity to the Ware River. The site is undergoing long-term post -closure groundwater, surface water and gas emission monitoring under the supervision of MA DEP to identify any migrating contaminants. The landfill is located next to the town-owned Banas Farm, an important conservation property with recreational potential. Any future recreational use of this property should be planned in consultation with the Board of Health and MA DEP's Solid Waste Division to prevent potential public health risks from landfill leachate. For environmental and public safety reasons, access to the capped landfill is restricted except for designated monitoring and maintenance.

A parcel of land on Sheehy Road was used as a dump at one time for approximately one year. The DEP required site assessment and remediation, which has been completed with the installation of a cap in 2015. The site is located in the Zone II Groundwater Protection Area, with groundwater contributing to the town wells.



#### **Erosion and Sedimentation**

The Town has minimal erosion and sediment controls that establish requirements and procedures to control the adverse impacts associated with stormwater runoff from land development. Additional measures to address erosion and sedimentation were also mentioned in the town's Pre-Disaster Mitigation Plan, developed with funding from Massachusetts Emergency Management Agency in 2007.

During the winters of 2011 and 2012, the DPW applied 2,047 tons of sand and 1,114 tons of salt on the roads.

#### Chronic Flooding

Because Ware has so many water sources and floodplains that have long been built upon, the town has an infamous history of flooding. Ware's rivers exceeding their banks have caused much damage. The Ware River, being the largest and closest to town, has flooded many times, especially along upper Church Street near the airport, and again along Route 32. The Muddy Brook has been known to flood near Reed Pool, and the Flat Brook along Route 9. Ware has always been concerned about flooding in town.

In 2013, a focus for the Department of Public Works included several significant drainage repairs, a culvert replacement at the Pines, and substantial road re-surfacing.

#### New Development

New development in town remains very limited and at this time is well regulated by local zoning. A new solar field has been approved for property that borders West Brookfield; the solar installation will also include a large area in West Brookfield and construction is likely to be completed in 2016.

#### Ground and Surface Water Pollution

As noted in Table 4-5 Beaver Lake is impaired for Eurasion Water Milfoil, and the segment of the Ware River above the Ware Dam has had elevated E. coli levels. MassDEP is requiring a Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) report be designed for this segment to address the bacteria issue.

| Table 4-5: Massachusetts Year 2012 Integrated List of Waters |                                                                      |            |                                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Surface Water                                                | Segment ID                                                           | Size       | Category                                                                                               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beaver Lake                                                  | MA36010                                                              | 150 acres  | Category 4c Impairment not caused<br>by a Pollutant (Eurasion Water<br>Milfoil, Myriophyllum spicatum) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ware River                                                   | MA36-05; Wheelwright Dam, New Braintree/ Hardwick to Ware Dam, Ware. | 11.5 miles | Category 5 Requiring aTMDL (Escherichia coli)                                                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ware River                                                   | MA36-06; Ware Dam,<br>Ware to Thorndike Dam,<br>Palmer               | 10.1 miles | Category 5 Requiring a TMDL (Fecal Coliform)                                                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: MA DEP                                               |                                                                      |            |                                                                                                        |  |  |  |  |  |

#### Invasive Species

Like most of New England, invasive species have become quite common in Ware. Eurasion Water Milfoil in Beaver Lake has been under treatment annually for 10 to 15 years. Grenville Park manages its most publicly used areas for bittersweet, multiflora rose, barberry, and Euonymous. The 66 acre town forest is heavily infested with invasive species including bittersweet, barberry, honeysuckle, multiflora rose, winged euonymous, and buckthorn.

#### Environmental Equity

The vast majority of the recreational facilities in Ware are located close to the downtown area, within or close to the Environmental Justice area. Two exceptions to this are the Pennybrook soccer field and the Quabbin Reservation. Most of the open space in town is located outside of the Environmental Justice area, including land no longer available for development that is owned by the state (e.g. wildlife management areas, Quabbin Reservation), town (e.g. town forests, cemeteries), non-profit organizations (e.g. conservation restrictions on land trust properties), or private landowners (e.g. conservation or agricultural preservation restrictions on private land). Maps 5, 15, and 20 illustrate this.

The Town should consider the potential for increasing active recreation facilities in the more rural parts of town. Examples include developing new ball fields at the Pennybrook site, developing trails and trailhead parking at the Town Forests, partnering with landowners of properties with conservation restrictions for trailhead parking to provide better access to trails on those properties, and exploring opportunities to increase access to the waterways and waterbodies in Ware. The Town should also continue efforts to develop the northern section of the Ware River Greenway rail trail, working with Massachusetts Electric Company, the East Quabbin Land Trust, and a private property owner to secure land and/or the rights for the public to use the old rail bed through their properties.



# Inventory of Lands of Conservation and Recreation Interest Section 5



This inventory of lands of conservation and recreation interest describes the ownership, agency management, current use, condition, recreation potential, public access, type of public funding, zoning, and degree of protection for each parcel. The degree of protection from destruction or degradation that is afforded to various parcels of land owned by private, public, and nonprofit owners is also evaluated. Protecting open space is important to ensure that future generations have land available for farming, timber production, and recreation. It also protects water supplies from degradation due to increased development. Protecting open space is critical to preserving habitats and habitat corridors for wildlife, from insects to moose and bears. Open space helps maintain clean air which all life depends on, whether plant or animal. Protecting land for recreational purposes – both active and passive – is important to ensure that future generations have places to play sports or simply walk among fields or trees, observing the natural world. Such activities are important for human health, helping with issues such as weight control, cardio-vascular health, and stress reduction among many other benefits. As a town's population grows, more people want to participate in sports, and the recreational facilities for such sports need to be increased to ensure they are not overused to the point where, for example, grass can no longer grow on the fields.



Private lands, including non-profit ownership, can be protected in perpetuity through deed restrictions, or conservation easements. Some easements only run for a period of 30 years and those lands are therefore not permanently protected open space.



Lands under special taxation programs, including Chapter 61, 61A or 61B, are actively managed by their owners for forestry, agricultural, horticultural, or recreational use. The town has the right of first refusal should the landowner decide to sell and change the use of the land; therefore, it is important to prioritize these lands and consider steps the community should take to permanently protect these properties.



Lands acquired for watershed and aquifer protection are often permanently protected open space.



Public recreation and conservation lands may be permanently protected open space, provided that they have been dedicated to such uses as conservation or recreation by deed. Municipal properties may be protected via a town meeting vote to acquire them.

#### A. Private Parcels

There are 4,050 acres enrolled in Chapter 61, 61A, and 61B as identified in the table on Map 20. A detailed inventory by owner is included as Table 5-1, which corresponds to Map 20, Open Space by Type. The Agricultural Preservation Restriction (APR) Program is a voluntary program that offers a nondevelopment alternative to farmland owners that are faced with a decision regarding future use and

#### Chapter 61 Tax Program

Each program provides a means to assess land at its current use (forest, agriculture, or open space/recreation) as opposed to its development value.

Chapter 61 - Intended for landowners with long-term, active forest management. Assessment of forestland based on the land's ability to grow timber.

Chapter 61A - Intended for landowners engaged in agricultural or horticultural use. Assessment based on the land's ability to produce the agricultural or horticultural product being grown. Forestland may be enrolled and is based on the land's ability to grow timber.

Chapter 61B- Intended for landowners maintaining the land in a substantially natural, wild or open condition. Assessment of forestland under Ch. 61B is 25% of the current assessed value of the land.

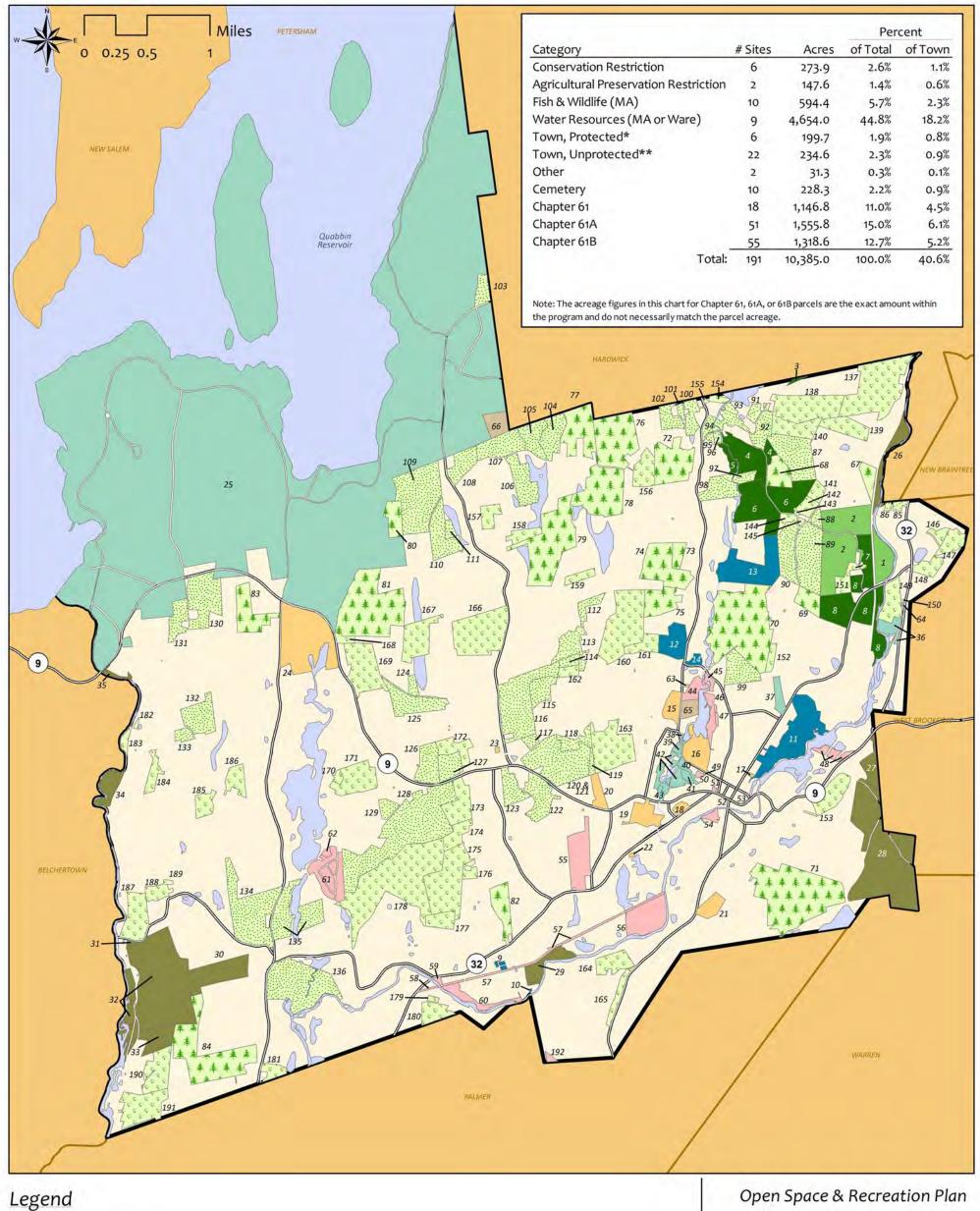
deposition of their farms. The program, operated by the Massachusetts Department of Agricultural Resources (MDAR), offers farmers a payment up to the difference between the "fair market value" and the "fair market agricultural value" of their farmland in exchange for a permanent deed restriction, which precludes any use of the property that will have a negative impact on its agricultural viability. Ware is one of 162 cities and towns in Massachusetts with APR protected farms.

A Conservation Restriction (CR), sometimes called a conservation easement, is a legal agreement between a landowner and a qualified conservation organization or government agency that permanently limits a property's uses in order to protect its conservation values. CRs can be flexible and written to meet the particular needs of the landowner while protecting the property's resources. For example, the easement may allow for sustainable forestry practices, recreational uses such as the construction of trails, or management of the land for particular wildlife habitat or control of invasive species. The easement is permanently recorded with the deed, remaining in force when the land changes ownership.

There are two agricultural preservation restrictions in Ware totaling 148 acres, and six CRs totaling 274 acres, as identified in Table 5-2 and shown on Map 20.

| Table 5-2: Conservation and Agricultural Preservation Restrictions |                                                          |                                    |                               |                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| OS<br>Map ID                                                       | Restriction<br>Type                                      | Site Name                          | Fee Owner                     | Restriction Holder                                      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1                                                                  | APR                                                      | Lincoln                            | Lincoln, W. Chandler III      | MA DAR                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 APR Lincoln CR                                                   |                                                          |                                    | Lincoln, W. Chandler III      | East Quabbin Land<br>Trust                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 CR Baker CR                                                      |                                                          | Baker CR                           | East Quabbin Land Trust       | Hardwick Conservation Commission                        |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4                                                                  | CR                                                       | Klassanos CR                       | Klassanos, Brian and Martha   | Ware Water<br>Commission and East<br>Quabbin Land Trust |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5                                                                  | CR                                                       | Strawberry Fields                  | Penny Lane Development<br>LLC | Ware Conservation<br>Commission                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6                                                                  | CR                                                       | Hyde Conservation<br>Initiative CR | East Quabbin Land Trust       | Ware Conservation<br>Commission                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7                                                                  | CR                                                       | Lincoln                            | Lincoln, W. Chandler III      | MA DAR                                                  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8                                                                  | CR                                                       | Frohloff Farm CR                   | East Quabbin Land Trust       | Ware Conservation<br>Commission                         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Source: W                                                          | Source: Ware Planning & Community Development Department |                                    |                               |                                                         |  |  |  |  |  |





Open Space by Type

**Conservation Restriction** 

Agric. Pres. Restriction

Fish and Wildlife

Water Resources

Town, Protected\*

Town, Unprotected\*\*

### Other

Cemetery

61 - Forest 61A - Agriculture

61B - Recreation

\* Protected Town lands include parcels that have either deed restrictions or town meeting votes which permanently protected the land.

\*\* Unprotected Town lands include parcels that, even if originally meant for a specific use, were never given any permanent protection through a deed restriction or town meeting vote.

## Map 20: Open Space by Type

November 5, 2014

MassGIS: Open Space\*, Waterbodies, Rivers, Roads, Towns Ware: Open Space\*

\* Open Space database is a combination of data obtained from MassGIS, the Town of Ware Assessor's and Conservation Commission offices, the UMass LARP Fall 2012 "Prelude to a Master Plan," and research by Karen Cullen, Director of Planning & Community Development.

> Town of Ware 126 Main Street Ware, MA 01082

www.townofware.com



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(bck of fold out map)



Open Space Table 11/5/2014

| OS Id#                                                      | Туре                                                               | Site Name                                       | Owner                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Acres*                                                   | Primary<br>Purpose | Public<br>Access | Level of<br>Protection                                                                              | Assessor Parcel                                                                             | Owner<br>Type |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1                                                           | APR                                                                | Lincoln                                         | LINCOLN W CHANDLER III                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 29.1                                                     | A                  | L                | Permanent                                                                                           | 36-5-1                                                                                      | P             |
| 2                                                           | APR<br>CR                                                          | Lincoln CR<br>Baker CR                          | LINCOLN W CHANDLER III  EAST QUABBIN LAND TRUST INC                                                                                                                                                                     | 118.5                                                    | A<br>C             | L<br>Y           | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 36-0-53<br>44-0-4                                                                           | P             |
| <u>3</u>                                                    | CR                                                                 | Klassanos CR                                    | KLASSANOS BRIAN T + MARTHA S                                                                                                                                                                                            | 51.5                                                     | C                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 44-0-4<br>40-0-38                                                                           | P             |
| 5<br>6                                                      | CR<br>CR                                                           | Strawberry Fields                               | PENNY LANE DEVELOPMENT LLC                                                                                                                                                                                              | 8.1                                                      | С                  | N<br>Y           | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 40-44-5                                                                                     | P<br>L        |
| 7                                                           | CR                                                                 | Hyde Conservation Initiative CR Lincoln         | EAST QUABBIN LAND TRUST INC LINCOLN W CHANDLER III                                                                                                                                                                      | 100.3                                                    | A                  | L                | Permanent                                                                                           | 40-0-80<br>36-0-5                                                                           | L             |
| 8                                                           | CR                                                                 | Frohloff Farm CR                                | EAST QUABBIN LAND TRUST INC                                                                                                                                                                                             | 88.7                                                     | С                  | L                | Permanent                                                                                           | 36-0-50                                                                                     | L             |
| 9<br>10                                                     | TP<br>TP                                                           | Zoller Parcels Zoller Parcels                   | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.3                                                      | С                  | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 10-96-1<br>6-0-20                                                                           | M<br>M        |
| 11                                                          | TP                                                                 | Grenville Park                                  | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 87.5                                                     | R                  | Υ                | Permanent                                                                                           | 23-0-15                                                                                     | М             |
| 12<br>13                                                    | TP<br>TP                                                           | Town Forest Town Forest                         | WARE TOWN OF WARE INHABITANTS OF THE TOWN                                                                                                                                                                               | 32.0<br>72.2                                             | СВ                 | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 29-0-15<br>35-15-1                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 14                                                          | TP                                                                 | Town Forest                                     | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 5.3                                                      | В                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 29-0-46                                                                                     | М             |
| 15<br>16                                                    | С                                                                  | Mount Carmel Cemetery Aspen Grove Cemetery      | ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF SPFLD  WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                            | 17.2<br>31.7                                             | H<br>H             | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 23-0-6<br>60-0-72                                                                           | N<br>M        |
| 17                                                          | C                                                                  | East Church Cemetery                            | UNITED CHURCH OF WARE                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 0.7                                                      | Н                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 61-0-41                                                                                     | N             |
| 18<br>19                                                    | С                                                                  | St Williams Cemetery St Williams Cemetery       | ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF SPFLD  ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF SPFLD                                                                                                                                                          | 5.5<br>24.1                                              | H<br>H             | Y<br>Y           | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 56-0-26<br>56-0-110                                                                         | P<br>P        |
| 20                                                          | С                                                                  | Holy Cross National Cemetery                    | HOLY CROSS POLISH NATIONAL                                                                                                                                                                                              | 14.1                                                     | Н                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 16-0-22                                                                                     | M             |
| 21<br>22                                                    | C                                                                  | St Marys Cemetery Indian Cemetery               | ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF SPFLD WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                             | 16.9<br>0.9                                              | H<br>H             | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 11-0-19                                                                                     | M<br>M        |
| 23                                                          | C                                                                  | Ware Center Cemetery                            | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.9                                                      | Н                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 52-0-91<br>21-0-51                                                                          | M             |
| 24                                                          | C<br>WR                                                            | Quabbin Reservoir Cemetery                      | MASS- DCR WATER SUPPLY                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 116.2                                                    | W                  | L                | Permanent                                                                                           | 64-0-1                                                                                      | S             |
| 25<br>26                                                    | FW                                                                 | Quabbin Reservoir Ware River Access             | MASS - DFW MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 7,931.0<br>21.4                                          | W<br>B             | L<br>Y           | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 64-0-1<br>41-0-22                                                                           | S             |
| 27                                                          | FW                                                                 | Coy Hill WMA                                    | MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 17.7                                                     | С                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 24-0-25                                                                                     | S             |
| 28<br>29                                                    | FW<br>FW                                                           | Coy Hill WMA Ware River Access                  | MASS - DFW MOULSON CHARLOTTE R & BERNARD V                                                                                                                                                                              | 198.1<br>26.7                                            | С                  | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 18-0-4<br>10-0-3                                                                            | S             |
| 30                                                          | FW                                                                 | Herman Covey WMA                                | MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 51.7                                                     | С                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 8-1-1                                                                                       | S             |
| 31<br>32                                                    | FW<br>FW                                                           | Herman Covey WMA Herman Covey WMA               | MASS - DFW MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 1.5<br>221.9                                             | С                  | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 7-0-4<br>3-0-10                                                                             | S             |
| 33                                                          | FW                                                                 | Herman Covey WMA                                | MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 28.9                                                     | С                  | Y                | Permanent                                                                                           | 3-13-3                                                                                      | S             |
| 34<br>35                                                    | FW<br>FW                                                           | Herman Covey WMA<br>Herman Covey WMA            | MASS - DFW MASS - DFW                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 22.7<br>3.8                                              | C                  | Y                | Permanent<br>Permanent                                                                              | 19-0-1<br>25-0-23                                                                           | S             |
| 35<br>36                                                    | WR                                                                 | Dismal Swamp Well Field                         | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 14.4                                                     | W                  | Υ                | Very High                                                                                           | 30-44-1                                                                                     | М             |
| 37                                                          | WR<br>WR                                                           | Church St Water Tank<br>Snow's Pond Dam         | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 11.4                                                     | W                  | N                | Very High                                                                                           | 23-0-13                                                                                     | M             |
| 38<br>39                                                    | WR                                                                 | THE PINES - WATERWORKS DEPT.                    | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1.3<br>3.2                                               | W                  | X                | Very High<br>Very High                                                                              | 62-0-44<br>62-0-45                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 40                                                          | WR                                                                 | THE PINES - WATERWORKS DEPT.                    | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 5.3                                                      | W                  | Y                | Very High                                                                                           | 60-0-177                                                                                    | M             |
| 41<br>42                                                    | WR<br>WR                                                           | Kubinski Field THE PINES - WATERWORKS DEPT.     | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 4.1<br>21.0                                              | W                  | Y                | Very High<br>Very High                                                                              | 60-0-70<br>60-0-70                                                                          | M             |
| 43                                                          | WR                                                                 | Reed Memorial Pool                              | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 3.2                                                      | W                  | Υ                | Very High                                                                                           | 60-0-70                                                                                     | М             |
| 44<br>45                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Future Cemetery Snow's Pond                     | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 13.1<br>3.9                                              | B<br>B             | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 29-0-72<br>29-0-67                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 46                                                          | TU                                                                 | Snow's Pond                                     | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 12.9                                                     | В                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 23-0-8                                                                                      | М             |
| 47<br>48                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Snow's Pond East Street Riverfront              | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 2.1<br>10.1                                              | B<br>X             | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 63-0-45<br>24-0-14                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 49                                                          | TU                                                                 | Pleasant Street Lot                             | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.2                                                      | В                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 60-0-228                                                                                    | M             |
| 50<br>51                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Pleasant Street Lot<br>Veteran's Memorial Park  | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1.6                                                      | B<br>R             | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 60-232-1<br>61-0-6                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 52                                                          | TU                                                                 | Nenamesek Park                                  | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 0.9                                                      | Н                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 57-0-91                                                                                     | M             |
| 53                                                          | TU<br>TU                                                           | Pocket Park<br>Memorial Field                   | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.1                                                      | H<br>R             | Y                | Low<br>Low                                                                                          | 57-0-98                                                                                     | M<br>M        |
| 54<br>55                                                    | TU                                                                 | Ware School Campus                              | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 5.4<br>47.4                                              | 0                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 57-0-62<br>16-0-14                                                                          | M             |
| 56                                                          | TU                                                                 | Banas Farm                                      | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 48.0                                                     | X<br>R             | N<br>Y           | Low                                                                                                 | 11-0-21                                                                                     | M             |
| 57<br>58                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Old Railroad Bed<br>Old Railroad Bed            | WARE TOWN OF MASSACHUSETTS CENTRAL RAILROAD                                                                                                                                                                             | 17.1<br>3.4                                              | R                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 10-0-136<br>5-0-33                                                                          | M             |
| 59                                                          | TU                                                                 | Walmart Riverfront                              | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 1.7                                                      | Х                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 9-0-170                                                                                     | M             |
| 60<br>61                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Walmart Riverfront Penybrook                    | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 16.9<br>43.8                                             | X<br>B             | Y<br>Y           | Low                                                                                                 | 9-170-2<br>14-0-8                                                                           | M<br>M        |
| 62                                                          | TU                                                                 | Penybrook                                       | WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2.6                                                      | R                  | Y                | Low                                                                                                 | 14-8-66                                                                                     | M             |
| 63<br>64                                                    | TU<br>TU                                                           | Greenwich Road Drainage Gilbertville Road Slice | WARE TOWN OF WARE TOWN OF                                                                                                                                                                                               | 0.6                                                      | O<br>C             | N<br>N           | Low                                                                                                 | 29-69-1<br>36-0-38                                                                          | M<br>M        |
| 65                                                          | OTHER                                                              | Catholic Church                                 | ROMAN CATHOLIC BISHOP OF SPFLD                                                                                                                                                                                          | 12.0                                                     | Н                  | Υ                | Low                                                                                                 | 23-0-7                                                                                      | N             |
| 66<br>67                                                    | OTHER<br>61                                                        | Beaver Lake Lot                                 | BEAVER LAKE ASSOC.  OBERG CARL O + DEBORAH A                                                                                                                                                                            | 19.3<br>11.9                                             |                    | N                | Low<br>Temporary                                                                                    | 64-0-3<br>41-0-15                                                                           | N<br>P        |
| 68                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | FINN DANIEL L                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 25.1                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 40-0-36                                                                                     | Р             |
| 69<br>70                                                    | 61<br>61                                                           |                                                 | MURPHY MARTIN & ROBIN M MOULTON GARY C & LORNA J                                                                                                                                                                        | 17.6<br>159.8                                            |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 30-1-1<br>29-0-48                                                                           | P<br>P        |
| 71                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | RICHARDS LINDA T + EUGENE A                                                                                                                                                                                             | 147.7                                                    |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 17-0-17                                                                                     | Р             |
| 72<br>73                                                    | 61<br>61                                                           |                                                 | SMITH CECILIA A  MOULTON CHARLES A TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES A MOULTON                                                                                                                                                     | 57.6<br>11.6                                             |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 40-0-8<br>35-2-4                                                                            | P<br>P        |
| 74                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | MOULTON CHARLES A TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES A MOULTON MOULTON ROBERT A + JILL M                                                                                                                                            | 58.8                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 35-2-4<br>35-2-1                                                                            | Р             |
| 75<br>76                                                    | 61<br>61                                                           |                                                 | MOULTON CHARLES A TRUSTEE OF THE CHARLES A MOULTON REYNOLDS EDWARD G TRUSTEE                                                                                                                                            | 33.5<br>51.0                                             |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 35-0-2<br>39-0-4                                                                            | P<br>P        |
| 77                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | SUPKA MARJORIE T &                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 63.4                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 39-0-4<br>39-0-3                                                                            | Р             |
| 78<br>79                                                    | 61<br>61                                                           |                                                 | REYNOLDS EDWARD G TRUSTEE VADNAIS GERARD E & MARIA J                                                                                                                                                                    | 70.0<br>143.1                                            |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 39-21-1<br>34-0-4                                                                           | P<br>P        |
| 80                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | KING WILLIAM C SR + PATRICIA L                                                                                                                                                                                          | 18.8                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 34-0-4<br>33-0-14                                                                           | Р             |
| 81<br>82                                                    | 61                                                                 |                                                 | HULL FORESTLANDS LP                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 126.0                                                    |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 26-0-16                                                                                     | Р             |
| 8 <sub>2</sub><br>8 <sub>3</sub>                            | 61<br>61                                                           |                                                 | SUNNY SIDE STORAGE LLC  KRANTZ DARYL L + ANITA E                                                                                                                                                                        | 20.0<br>37.4                                             |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 10-0-105<br>26-0-6                                                                          | P<br>P        |
| 84                                                          | 61                                                                 |                                                 | BERGERON DARLENE A                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 96.0                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 4-0-1                                                                                       | P             |
| 85<br>86                                                    | 61A<br>61A                                                         |                                                 | CROCKETT LAWRENCE M + CROCKETT LAWRENCE M                                                                                                                                                                               | 4.2<br>2.2                                               |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 41-0-23<br>41-22-1                                                                          | P<br>P        |
| 87                                                          | 61A                                                                |                                                 | SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P &                                                                                                                                                                                  | 86.0                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 40-36-2                                                                                     | P             |
| 88<br>89                                                    | 61A<br>61A                                                         |                                                 | SHEA KEVIN T<br>SHEA KEVIN T                                                                                                                                                                                            | 6.8<br>63.4                                              |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 36-0-4<br>36-0-54                                                                           | P<br>P        |
| 90                                                          | 61A                                                                |                                                 | SHEA KEVIN T                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 27.1                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 36-0-1                                                                                      | Р             |
| 91                                                          | 61A                                                                |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R                                                                                                                                                                                       | 8.7<br>22.3                                              |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 40-0-26<br>40-0-27                                                                          | P<br>P        |
| ດາ                                                          | 614                                                                | +                                               | CARLSON DONALD R                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 14.4                                                     |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 40-0-27                                                                                     | Р             |
| 92<br>93                                                    | 61A<br>61A                                                         |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                          |                    |                  | Tomporari                                                                                           | 10.000                                                                                      | Р             |
| 93<br>94                                                    | 61A<br>61A                                                         |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 6.5                                                      |                    |                  | Temporary                                                                                           | 40-0-23                                                                                     | ח             |
| 93                                                          | 61A                                                                |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R                                                                                                                                                                      | 6.5<br>2.6<br>3.5                                        |                    |                  | Temporary Temporary Temporary                                                                       | 40-0-23<br>40-41-1<br>40-0-41                                                               | P<br>P        |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97                                  | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A                                    |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P &                                                                                                                                                | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7                                        |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                 | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79                                                               | P<br>P        |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97<br>98                            | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A                                           |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R                                                                                                                                                                                       | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7<br>29.2                                |                    |                  | Temporary<br>Temporary                                                                              | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79<br>40-0-79                                                    | P             |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97<br>98<br>99                      | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A                      |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & MOULTON ERIC J SR CAMPBELL EDWARD R +                                                                   | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7<br>29.2<br>31.3<br>17.0                |                    |                  | Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary                               | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79<br>40-0-79<br>29-53-1<br>43-0-2                               | P P P P       |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97<br>98<br>99<br>100               | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A               |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & MOULTON ERIC J SR CAMPBELL EDWARD R + CAMPBELL EDWARD R                                                 | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7<br>29.2<br>31.3<br>17.0                |                    |                  | Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary                     | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79<br>40-0-79<br>29-53-1<br>43-0-2<br>43-0-1                     | P P P         |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97<br>98<br>99<br>100<br>101<br>102 | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & MOULTON ERIC J SR CAMPBELL EDWARD R + CAMPBELL EDWARD R CAMPBELL EDWARD R WENZEL FRANKLIN D & DEBORAH L | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7<br>29.2<br>31.3<br>17.0<br>1.5<br>17.1 |                    |                  | Temporary | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79<br>40-0-79<br>29-53-1<br>43-0-2<br>43-0-1<br>43-1-2<br>64-0-2 | P P P P P P P |
| 93<br>94<br>95<br>96<br>97<br>98<br>99<br>100               | 61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A<br>61A        |                                                 | CARLSON DONALD R CARLSON DONALD R SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & SINCLAIR LINDA A & COUTURE RICHARD P & MOULTON ERIC J SR CAMPBELL EDWARD R + CAMPBELL EDWARD R CAMPBELL EDWARD R                               | 2.6<br>3.5<br>8.7<br>29.2<br>31.3<br>17.0<br>1.5         |                    |                  | Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary Temporary           | 40-41-1<br>40-0-41<br>40-0-79<br>40-0-79<br>29-53-1<br>43-0-2<br>43-0-1<br>43-1-2           | P P P P P     |

11/5/2014 Open Space Table

| W/F                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | OS Id# | Туре | Site Name       | Owner                               | Acres* | Primary<br>Purpose | Public<br>Access | Level of<br>Protection                | Assessor Parcel<br>ID | Owner<br>Type |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| DOC   DATE   D | 107    | 61A  |                 | PULCHTOPEK MICHAEL T & MELISSA LYNN | 30.6   |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 38-0-8                | Р             |
| 100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100  | 108    |      |                 |                                     | 26.4   |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100  |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| SECOND                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 10   OA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |        |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| March                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| DOC   SOUTH COME COME COME COME COME COME COME COME                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        | 61A  |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       | +                     | Р             |
| 197   64A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 22-12-1               | Р             |
| 19                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       | +                     | P             |
| 196                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | - '                                   |                       | P<br>P        |
| Temporary   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45   19-45    |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 123   60A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 193                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 121    | 61A  |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 22-51-1               | Р             |
| 194                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 195   6/A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 198                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | · ·    |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | <u> </u>              | P             |
| 198                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | _      |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 159   60                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 127    | 61A  |                 | BISKUP MICHAEL S & SHARON A         |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | Р             |
| 190   SAA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      |                 |                                     | -      |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 21-0-5                | Р             |
| TUBER ROBERT A CYNTHIA   23-6   Temporary   25-0-10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | -      |      |                 | -                                   |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 193                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| SA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 194                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 196                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 197   618   SULIVAN JOHN E JR.   87,8   Temporary   44-9-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       | +                     | Р             |
| 198                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 193                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P<br>P        |
| WILDERSHEIM LED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 141                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             | · ·                   | P             |
| 143                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 141    | 61B  |                 | CLOUTIER KATHLEEN A                 |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             |                       | Р             |
| 144                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 142    |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | - ' '                                 |                       | Р             |
| 145                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 146   648   SIEGELAMES LA SHELLEY A   5-1   Temporary   37-0-4     147   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648   648 |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 147                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 | I .                                 | _      |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             | -                     | P P           |
| 149                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 150   618                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 148    | 61B  |                 | BISH WILLIAM J JR                   | 14.3   |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 36-0-27               | Р             |
| 151                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             |                       | P             |
| DEVINE MATTHEW DETAL   7.8                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 153                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| SINKOSK MARK J. & DONNA A                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| SINGOSK MARK J. & DONNA A   0.9   Temporary   43-6-5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 157                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 155    |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             |                       | Р             |
| 15/8                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 1599   618   COUNTRYLAND REALTY INC   10.0   Temporary   34-07   160   618   DEECHER ANDREW & CECILIA   70.7   Temporary   28-42-1   161   618   BREEDON KENNETH & RUBY L   12.0   Temporary   28-0-46   162   618   BREEDON KENNETH & RUBY L   12.0   Temporary   28-0-46   163   618   PODKOWA JOHN S & BARBARA LOU   64-0   Temporary   28-0-4   164   618   PODKOWA JOHN S & BARBARA LOU   64-0   Temporary   22-0-42   164   618   MARTOWSKI JOSEPH T   23.0   Temporary   10-140-1   165   618   MARTOWSKI JOSEPH T   23.0   Temporary   10-140-1   165   618   DESANTIS CHRISTOPHER J   14.0   Temporary   26-0-16   166   618   DESANTIS CHRISTOPHER J   82.2   Temporary   26-0-16   166   618   DESANTIS CHRISTOPHER J   83.0   Temporary   26-0-16   169   618   ELDRIGG CHRISTOPHER J   38.0   Temporary   26-0-16   169   618   ELDRIGG CHRISTOPHER J   38.0   Temporary   26-0-19   169   618   ELDRIGG CHRISTOPHER J   46.0   Temporary   26-0-19   169   618   ELDRIGG CHRISTOPHER J   46.0   Temporary   26-0-19   169   618   ELDRIGG CHRISTOPHER J   46.0   Temporary   26-0-19   170   618   KENYON JAMES W   LINDA M   2-7   Temporary   26-0-19   171   618   KENYON JAMES W   41-4   Temporary   20-0-5   172   618   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   20-0-5   174   618   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-4   174   618   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   15-0-19   175   618   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   15-0-19   176   618   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   15-0-16   177   618   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   20-0-18   180   618   BOSS GLADYS R   4-6   4-6   Temporary   20-0-18   180   618   BOSS GLADYS R   4-6   4-6   Temporary   20-0-18   180   618   BOSS GLADYS R   4-6   4-6   Temporary   20-0-18   180   618   BOSS GLADYS R   4-6   4-6   Temporary   2 |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       | -                     | P<br>P        |
| 160                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 161                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 163                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        | 61B  |                 |                                     | 12.0   |                    |                  |                                       | -                     | P             |
| 164                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             | · · · · · ·           | Р             |
| 165                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     | -      |                    |                  |                                       | <u> </u>              | P             |
| 166   61B   DESANTIS CHRISTOPHER J   82.2   Temporary   28-0-30     167   61B   ELDRIDGE CHRISTOPHER   38.0   Temporary   27-0-17     168   61B   LEMON CHESTER L + DEBRA J   5.0   Temporary   27-0-17     169   61B   LEMON CHESTER L + DEBRA J   46.0   Temporary   26-0-19     170   61B   KENYON JAMES W + LINDA M   2.7   Temporary   49-100-2     171   61B   RENYON JAMES W   41.4   Temporary   20-0-5     172   61B   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-33     173   61B   HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M   33-3   Temporary   21-0-34     174   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-17     175   61B   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-17     176   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15-0   Temporary   15-0-17     177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15-0   Temporary   15-0-17     178   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15-0   Temporary   15-0-16     179   61B   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   52-0-14     179   61B   PILCH JOHN J   77-5   Temporary   5-0-14     179   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   4.6   Temporary   5-27-1     180   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-27-1     181   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   19-0-10     182   61B   GROWNON BOLAC J BOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10     183   61B   GROWNON BOLAC J BOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10     184   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-10     185   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-10     185   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     185   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     185   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     186   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     186   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     186   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     186   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     187   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     187   61B   GREENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-0-10     188   61B   GREENER PAULE + |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 167   618   ELDRIDGE CHRISTOPHER   38.0   Temporary   27-0-17     168   618   ELMON CHESTER L + DEBRA J   5.0   Temporary   26-16-1     169   618   LEMON CHESTER L + DEBRA J   46.0   Temporary   26-16-1     170   618   REMYON JAMES W   LINDA M   2.7   Temporary   49-100-2     171   618   ROYON JAMES W   41.4   Temporary   20-0-5     172   618   BORONSKI WAITER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-33     173   618   HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M   33.3   Temporary   21-0-4     174   618   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   15-0-19     175   618   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-19     176   618   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-16     177   618   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16     177   618   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   15-0-16     178   618   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   15-0-16     179   618   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   15-0-16     179   618   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   5-0-27     180   618   BOSS GLADYS R   4.6   Temporary   5-2-27     181   618   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-2-27     182   618   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27     183   618   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10     184   618   GRENER PAULE + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-10     185   618   DANE ERIC R   7-0-15     186   618   DANE ERIC R   7-0-15     186   618   DANE ERIC R   7-0-15     187   618   DESJARDINS GARYE & LAURIE A   12.1   Temporary   3-3-31     190   618   BIRK GENE & BIRK GENE & BIRK GENE E & | -      |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 168                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                       | P             |
| 170   61B   KENYON JAMES W + LINDA M   2.7   Temporary   49-100-2     171   61B   KENYON JAMES W   41.4   Temporary   20-0-5     172   61B   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-3     173   61B   HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M   33.3   Temporary   21-0-4     174   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17.5   Temporary   15-0-19     175   61B   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-17     176   61B   PILCH HRISTINE   8.4   Temporary   15-0-17     177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16     177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16     178   61B   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   8-0-44     178   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   4.6   Temporary   5-0-27     180   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27     181   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   4-0-15     182   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10     183   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-9     184   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-2-5     187   61B   GARNER D   11.0   Temporary   19-2-5     187   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   19-2-5     188   61B   GARNER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-2-5     187   61B   GARNER SAVER SA | ·      |      |                 | LEMON CHESTER L + DEBRA J           |        |                    |                  | ' '                                   |                       | Р             |
| 171   61B   KENYON JAMES W   41.4   Temporary   20-0-5   172   61B   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-33   173   61B   HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M   33.3   Temporary   21-0-4   174   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-17   175   61B   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-17   176   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-16   179   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-16   179   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-16   179   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-16   17-9   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17-5   Temporary   15-0-16   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180   180 |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                       | P             |
| 172   61B   BORONSKI WALTER   23.1   Temporary   21-0-33   173   61B   HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M   33.3   Temporary   21-0-4   174   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17.5   Temporary   15-0-19   175   61B   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-17   176   61B   PILCH CHRISTINE   8.4   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   178   61B   PILCH JOHN J   177.5   Temporary   9-0-44   178   61B   PILCH JOHN J   177.5   Temporary   8-0-44   179   61B   BOSS GLADYS R +   4.6   Temporary   5-0-27   180   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27   181   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27   182   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   4-0-15   182   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10   183   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10   183   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-9   184   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-0-9   185   61B   DANE ERIC R   17.4   Temporary   19-2-5   186   61B   DANE ERIC R   17.4   Temporary   19-2-5   186   61B   DANE ERIC R   17.4   Temporary   19-0-16   187   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   13-0-1   188   61B   DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A   12.1   Temporary   13-0-1   189   61B   DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A   1.6   Temporary   13-0-1   189   61B   DESJARDINS GARY E & BIRK GLEN E   37.8   Temporary   3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |        |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P             |
| 173 61B HARDER CRAIG S + DOREEN M 33.3 Temporary 21-0-4 174 61B PILCH JOHN J 17.5 Temporary 15-0-19 175 61B PILCH JOHN J 84.1 Temporary 15-0-19 176 61B PILCH JOHN J 15.0 Temporary 15-0-16 177 61B PILCH JOHN J 15.0 Temporary 15-0-16 177 61B PILCH JOHN J 15.0 Temporary 15-0-16 178 61B PILCH JOHN J 15.0 Temporary 15-0-16 179 61B BOSS GLADYS R 4.6 Temporary 8-0-44 179 61B BOSS GLADYS R 9.0 Temporary 5-27-1 180 61B POSS GLADYS R 9.0 Temporary 5-0-27 181 61B HANCOCK JAMES D 10.6 Temporary 5-0-27 182 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 8.JOSEPH S 1.4 Temporary 19-0-10 183 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 6.8 Temporary 19-0-9 184 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 6.8 Temporary 19-0-9 185 61B GRIER PAUL E + TARA S 13.4 Temporary 19-2-5 185 61B YOUNG DONNA 11.0 Temporary 19-2-50 186 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-2-50 187 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-2-50 188 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-2-50 189 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-2-50 189 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-2-50 189 61B DANE ERIC R 17.4 Temporary 19-0-15 189 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-0-15 189 61B SKOWRON BOLAC J 38.6 Temporary 19-0-15 189 61B DESJARDINS CARY E & LAURIE A 12.1 Temporary 13-0-1 189 61B DESJARDINS CARY E & BIRK GLEN E 37.8 Temporary 3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | · · · · ·                             |                       | P<br>P        |
| 174   61B   PILCH JOHN J   17.5   Temporary   15-0-19   175   61B   PILCH JOHN J   84.1   Temporary   15-0-17   176   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-17   176   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   177   61B   PILCH JOHN J   15.0   Temporary   15-0-16   178   61B   PILCH JOHN J   77.5   Temporary   80-44   179   61B   BOSS GLADYS R +   4.6   Temporary   80-44   179   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-27-1   180   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27   181   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   4-0-15   182   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   4-0-15   183   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & 6.8   Temporary   19-0-9   184   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   6.8   Temporary   19-0-9   184   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-2-5   185   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   17.4   Temporary   19-2-5   186   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   19-2-5   187   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   19-2-5   187   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   13-0-1   189   61B   DESJARDINS CARY E & LAURIE A   1.6   Temporary   13-0-1   189   61B   DESJARDINS CARY E & BIRK GENE E & BIR |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 175                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 177         61B         PILCH JOHN J         15.0         Temporary         9-0-44           178         61B         PILCH JOHN J         77.5         Temporary         8-0-44           179         61B         BOSS GLADYS R +         4.6         Temporary         5-27-1           180         61B         BOSS GLADYS R         9.0         Temporary         5-0-27           181         61B         HANCOCK JAMES D         10.6         Temporary         4-0-15           182         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S         1.4         Temporary         19-0-10           183         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         6.8         Temporary         19-0-10           184         61B         GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S         13.4         Temporary         19-12-50           185         61B         YOUNG DONNA A         11.0         Temporary         19-12-50           186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         7-0-15           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1 <td< td=""><td>175</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>84.1</td><td></td><td></td><td>Temporary</td><td>15-0-17</td><td>Р</td></td<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 175    |      |                 |                                     | 84.1   |                    |                  | Temporary                             | 15-0-17               | Р             |
| 178                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       | -                     | P             |
| 179         61B         BOSS GLADYS R +         4.6         Temporary         5-27-1           180         61B         BOSS GLADYS R         9.0         Temporary         5-0-27           181         61B         HANCOCK JAMES D         10.6         Temporary         4-0-15           182         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S         1.4         Temporary         19-0-10           183         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         6.8         Temporary         19-0-9           184         61B         GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S         13.4         Temporary         19-12-50           185         61B         YOUNG DONNA A         11.0         Temporary         19-22-5           186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         20-6-1           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Р</td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 180   61B   BOSS GLADYS R   9.0   Temporary   5-0-27     181   61B   HANCOCK JAMES D   10.6   Temporary   4-0-15     182   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S   1.4   Temporary   19-0-10     183   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   6.8   Temporary   19-0-9     184   61B   GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S   13.4   Temporary   19-12-50     185   61B   YOUNG DONNA A   11.0   Temporary   19-22-5     186   61B   DANE ERIC R   17.4   Temporary   20-6-1     187   61B   SKOWRON BOLAC J   38.6   Temporary   7-0-15     188   61B   DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A   12.1   Temporary   13-0-1     189   61B   BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E   37.8   Temporary   3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 181         61B         HANCOCK JAMES D         10.6         Temporary         4-0-15           182         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S         1.4         Temporary         19-0-10           183         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         6.8         Temporary         19-0-9           184         61B         GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S         13.4         Temporary         19-12-50           185         61B         YOUNG DONNA A         11.0         Temporary         19-22-5           186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         20-6-1           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 182       61B       SKOWRON BOLAC J & JOSEPH S       1.4       Temporary       19-0-10         183       61B       SKOWRON BOLAC J       6.8       Temporary       19-0-9         184       61B       GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S       13.4       Temporary       19-12-50         185       61B       YOUNG DONNA A       11.0       Temporary       19-22-5         186       61B       DANE ERIC R       17.4       Temporary       20-6-1         187       61B       SKOWRON BOLAC J       38.6       Temporary       7-0-15         188       61B       DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A       12.1       Temporary       13-0-1         189       61B       DESJARDINS LAURIE A       1.6       Temporary       13-3-1         190       61B       BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E       37.8       Temporary       3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 184         61B         GRENIER PAUL E + TARA S         13.4         Temporary         19-12-50           185         61B         YOUNG DONNA A         11.0         Temporary         19-22-5           186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         20-6-1           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  | Temporary                             |                       | Р             |
| 185         61B         YOUNG DONNA A         11.0         Temporary         19-22-5           186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         20-6-1           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 186         61B         DANE ERIC R         17.4         Temporary         20-6-1           187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 187         61B         SKOWRON BOLAC J         38.6         Temporary         7-0-15           188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |        |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P<br>P        |
| 188         61B         DESJARDINS GARY E & LAURIE A         12.1         Temporary         13-0-1           189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
| 189         61B         DESJARDINS LAURIE A         1.6         Temporary         13-3-1           190         61B         BIRK GENE E & BIRK GLEN E         37.8         Temporary         3-13-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ·      |      |                 |                                     | _      |                    |                  |                                       |                       | P             |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 189    | 61B  |                 | DESJARDINS LAURIE A                 |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 191   61B   PISARSKI JOSEPH S &   61.1   Temporary   1-0-15                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |        |      |                 |                                     |        |                    |                  |                                       |                       | Р             |
| 192 TU Palmer Consv Comm PALMER TOWN OF 2.5 C X Low 6-1-1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |        |      | Dilucin Comp. C |                                     |        |                    | .,               | Temporary                             | -                     | P<br>M        |

\* Acreage data for the privately held lands in Chapter 61, 61A, and 61B are the acreage actually within the program, not the entire acreage of the parcel. (Data from the Assessor's Office, Oct. 2014).

Key:

Type:  $\label{lem:aprime} \textit{APR-Agricultural Preservation Restriction}$ 

CR - Conservation Restriction FW - MA Fish & Wildlife

 ${\it WR-Water\,Resources}\,({\it MA\,DCR\,or\,Ware\,Water\,Dept.})$ 

TP - Town of Ware, protected permanently

TU - Town of Ware, Not protected permanently OTHER - other forms of protecton

C - Cemetery

61 - Chapter 61, Forest

61A - Chapter 61A, Agriculture 61B - Chapter 61B, Recreation

Primary Purpose:

A - Agriculture  $\hbox{\bf B-Recreation \& Conservation}$ 

C - Conservation

F - Flood Control

H - Historical / Cultural

O - Other

Q - Habitat R - Recreation

S - Scenic U - Underwater

W - Water Supply

X - Unknown

Public Access: Y - Full

Owner Type: S - State M - Municipal

N - None L - Limited L - Land Trust N - Private Non-profit X - Unknown

P - Private

#### B. Public and Nonprofit Parcels

The Town of Ware owns 529.2 acres of land for conservation and recreation purposes as identified in Table 5-3 Municipal Lands. Most of the town-owned land, with the exception of public water supply source locations, is open for passive or active recreation uses. Table 5-3 includes both current and potential use of these lands. Other publicly owned land for conservation or recreation purposes is identified in Table 5-4. The following paragraphs describe Ware's most prominent public and non-profit owned spaces.

#### Grenville Park

J. H. Grenville Gilbert (1851-1932) and his wife Grace (neé Brown) donated Grenville Park in memory of their son, Grenville Gilbert, Jr., who died while attending preparatory school. Construction of the park took many years and the park was officially accepted by the town in 1907. In 1911, the Gilberts donated an additional 30 acres west of the river, and another 10 acres on the east to enhance and protect the view. In 1917, suitable land in the park was plowed and given over to gardening under the Food Conservation Committee. In the early 1920s, Sylvester Baxter wrote an article for the Boston Transcript that described Grenville Park as Massachusetts's "most notable instance of a public park established as a memorial." He called the park "Ware's loveliest adornment," which "preserves the landscape by uniting the woodlands with the river" (Conkey, 1961). Tennis courts were constructed in the mid 1920s and in 1941 the park also boasted a ski jump! Today, Grenville Park is open year round with the back section seasonally closed to vehicular traffic. Among its 100+ acres, one will find:

- 🟂 2 Little League baseball diamonds
- 🐧 1 multi-purpose field
- 🟂 1 bandstand (rebuilt in 2014 with PARC grant, town match, and private funding)
- 🐧 1 boat ramp and new dock
- 🕏 2 handicap fishing piers
- 🐧 1 picnic pavilion
- **\*** 6 picnic areas
- 🕏 1 steel-framed playground area
- 🐧 1 regulation-sized basketball court
- 🟂 2 miles of oil/stone roadway
- \* Walking trails leading through 80+ acres of woods and along the Ware River
- \* Winter walking, snowshoeing, cross-country skiing, and sledding
- 🕏 Opportunities for bird-watching and wildlife viewing

Veterans' Memorial Field & William H. Dearden Memorial Field House, Monroe Street

In 1942, property from the former Gilbert mill yard, George H. Piper and the Ware Gas Company, was donated to create a four-acre ball field off Monroe Street, abutting the Ware River. The field house was named after William H. Dearden, late editor of the Ware River News, and member of the special committee that created the athletic field. The field itself is named in honor of all the men and women of Ware who had served their country during periods of war. The park was dedicated on July 18, 1948.

Today, parking is available on South Street. During spring and summer the field is home to Ware's varsity baseball team. Other leagues, including Babe Ruth, Mickey Mantle, Connie Mack and an Over-30 traveling baseball team, use the field. During fall months, youth football and soccer leagues practice and play here as well. Features include a field house, bleachers, storage shed, and a lighted basketball court.

In March 2012, the town began making improvements here using Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds; most notably, state-of-the-art lighting, a new path system, and general field improvements. These improvements were completed in 2014.

Reed Municipal Pool: The Reed Municipal Pool is located at 119 West Main Street next to Beauregard Memorial Playground. This is an outdoor pool that opens at the end of June and closes at the end of August. The dimensions of the pool are 60 feet wide by 110 feet long, and ranges in depth from 3 feet to 10 feet. There is also a playground and picnic tables at this site.

Kubinski Field: Kubinski Field is located close to some of the municipal water supply wells and is thus under the jurisdiction of the DPW. The baseball diamond is maintained by the Parks Department. The field is used by both youth and adult baseball programs.

*Pennybrook:* Most of the land at the Pennybrook site is not formally being used, but area residents do use it for walking, nature study, and walking their dogs. Through volunteer efforts, a small portion of the site has been developed into a soccer field, which is heavily used by many of the youth soccer teams. Discussions about expanding recreational opportunities at the site are ongoing.

Banas Farm: The Banas Farm offers access to the Ware River as well as opportunities for passive and active recreation. Its scenic hillside views, open meadows, river frontage, and easily viewed wetlands contribute to its beauty. The Ware River Greenway, a rail trail which is part of the Mass Central Rail Trail system, abuts this large property.

Frohloff Farm: The Frohloff Farm, owned by the East Quabbin Land Trust, is an 89 acre site comprised of open fields and forest land abutting the Ware River. It is located on Church Street and includes a quarter mile of old railroad bed which is destined to become part of the Ware River Greenway rail trail when the adjacent sections are developed. There are trails open to the public on the property. Part of the site is actively farmed with a focus on small livestock. The land trust purchased the adjacent farmhouse in 2010 and after renovations leased it to the farmer who farms the property. The land trust has also begun work to restore a pitch pine and oak woodland on the site. The project, funded in part by the USDA's Natural



Resource Conservation Service, will improve wildlife habitat and restore the regionally declining pitch pine and oak woodland along the Ware River.

Hyde Woodland Preserve: This 100 acre parcel is owned by the East Quabbin Land Trust and is located along the southern flank of the Dougal Range. The property is entirely forested and is dominated by white pine and a mixture of hardwoods. The property is divided by the heavily eroded and abandoned Old Stagecoach Road, a public way, which is currently overtaken by a host of invasive plants. This old town road once connected Old Gilbertville Road to Hardwick Pond Road. Interesting stone walls, cellar holes, and unique landscape features such as steep talus slopes are found throughout the property. Some of the wildlife occurring in the area include white-tailed deer, beaver, black bear, bobcat, gray and red fox, coyote, moose, turkey, bald eagle, and a large variety of migratory birds including interior nesting songbirds. The property is currently open for hunting, fishing, and passive recreation. Access is from existing trails along the Dougal Range, such as through the adjacent Ware Town Forest parcel or from Hardwick Pond Road via the abandoned section of Old Stagecoach Road. In 2016 the land trust and the Town are working to establish a small trailhead parking area on Old Gilbertville Road, with a trail leading to the Hyde Woodland Preserve via Old Stagecoach Road.

### Table 5.3: Municipal Lands

| OS Id# | Туре | Site Name                                | Management Agency       | Acres | Current Use |  |
|--------|------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-------------|--|
| 9      | TP   | Zoller Parcels                           | Conservation Commission | 2.4   | С           |  |
| 10     | TP   | Zoller Parcels                           | Conservation Commission | 0.3   | С           |  |
| 11     | TP   | Grenville Park                           | Town; Parks & Rec Comm  | 87.5  | R           |  |
| 12     | TP   | Town Forest @ Walker and Greenwich Roads | Town                    | 32.0  | С           |  |
| 13     | TP   | Town Forest                              | Town                    | 72.2  | В           |  |
| 14     | TP   | Town Forest                              | Town                    | 5.3   | В           |  |
| 16     | С    | Aspen Grove Cemetery                     | Ware Cemetery Comm      | 31.7  | Н           |  |
| 22     | С    | Indian Cemetery                          | Ware Cemetery Comm      | 0.9   | Н           |  |
| 23     | С    | Ware Center Cemetery                     | Ware Cemetery Comm      | 0.9   | Н           |  |
| 36     | WR   | Dismal Swamp Well Field                  | Town; DPW               | 14.4  | W           |  |
| 37     | WR   | Church St Water Tank                     | Town; DPW               | 11.4  | W           |  |
| 38     | WR   | Snow's Pond Dam                          | Town; DPW               | 1.3   | W           |  |
| 39     | WR   | The Pines - Waterworks Dept.             | Town; DPW               | 3.2   | W           |  |
| 40     | WR   | The Pines - Waterworks Dept.             | Town; DPW               | 5.3   | W           |  |
| 41     | WR   | Kubinski Field                           | Town; DPW               | 4.1   | W           |  |
| 42     | WR   | The Pines - Waterworks Dept.             | Town; DPW               | 21.0  | W           |  |
| 43     | WR   | Reed Memorial Pool and Ball Field        | Town; DPW               | 3.2   | W           |  |
| 44     | TU   | Open Space                               | Town                    | 13.1  | В           |  |
| 45     | TU   | Snow's Pond                              | Town                    | 3.9   | В           |  |
| 46     | TU   | Snow's Pond                              | Town                    | 12.9  | В           |  |
| 47     | TU   | Snow's Pond                              | Town                    | 2.1   | В           |  |
| 48     | TU   | East Street Riverfront                   | Town                    | 10.1  | X           |  |
| 49     | TU   | Pleasant Street Lot                      | Town                    | 0.2   | В           |  |
| 50     | TU   | Pleasant Street Lot                      | Town                    | 1.6   | В           |  |
| 51     | TU   | Veteran's Memorial Park                  | Town                    | 0.9   | R           |  |
| 52     | TU   | Nenamesek Park                           | Town                    | 0.1   | Н           |  |
| 53     | TU   | Pocket Park                              | Town                    | 0.1   | Н           |  |
| 54     | TU   | Memorial Field                           | Town; Parks & Rec Comm  | 5.4   | R           |  |
| 55     | TU   | Ware School Campus                       | Town; School Dept       | 47.4  | 0           |  |
| 56     | TU   | Banas Farm                               | Town                    | 48.0  | X           |  |
| 57     | TU   | Old Railroad Bed                         | Town                    | 17.1  | R           |  |
| 58     | TU   | Old Railroad Bed*                        | Town                    | 3.4   | R           |  |
| 59     | TU   | Walmart Riverfront                       | Town                    | 1.7   | X           |  |
| 60     | TU   | Walmart Riverfront                       | Town                    | 16.9  | X           |  |
| 61     | TU   | Pennybrook                               | Town                    | 43.8  | В           |  |
| 62     | TU   | Pennybrook                               | Town                    | 2.6   | R           |  |
| 63     | TU   | Greenwich Road Drainage                  | Town                    | 0.6   | 0           |  |
| 64     | TU   | Gilbertville Road Slice                  | Town                    | 0.3   | С           |  |
|        | . 0  |                                          | Total Acreage:          | 529.2 |             |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Note, the Assessor data does not match the deed for this parcel; which indicates the portion south of the Ware River is owned by the Mass Central RR.



|                                          | Funding for | Public |                     |                                     | Assessor Par |           |
|------------------------------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Potential Use                            | Acquisition | Access | Level of Protection | Zoning                              | ID           | Condition |
| parking for bike trail                   | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Suburban Resid.                     | 10-96-1      | unknown   |
| unknown                                  | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Suburban Resid.                     | 6-0-20       | unknown   |
| expand passive rec                       | Town        | Y      | Permanent           | Rural Resid.                        | 23-0-15      | good      |
| passive rec                              | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Rural Resid.                        | 29-0-15      | good      |
| forestry                                 | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Rural Resid.                        | 35-15-1      | fair      |
| forestry                                 | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Rural Resid.                        | 29-0-46      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Υ      | Permanent           | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-72      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Υ      | Permanent           | Highway Commercial                  | 52-0-91      | poor      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Permanent           | Rural Resid.                        | 21-0-51      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Very High           | Rural Resid.                        | 30-44-1      | good      |
| active recreation field                  | unknown     | N      | Very High           | Rural Resid.                        | 23-0-13      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Х      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 62-0-44      | fair      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Х      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 62-0-45      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-177     | good      |
| expand active recreation                 | unknown     | Y      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-70      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-70      | good      |
| active recreation                        | unknown     | Y      | Very High           | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-70      | good      |
| cemetery/ recreation                     | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 29-0-72      | good      |
| passive/active recreation                | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 29-0-67      | good      |
| passive/active recreation                | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 23-0-8       | good      |
| passive/active recreation                | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 63-0-45      | good      |
| conservation/passive recreation          | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Rural Resid &<br>Highway Commercial | 24-0-14      | good      |
| access to Kubinski Field                 | unknown     | Υ      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 60-0-228     | good      |
| active/passive recreation                | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Resid                      | 60-232-1     | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Commercial                 | 61-0-6       | excellent |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Commercial                 | 57-0-91      | excellent |
| sitting area                             | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Downtown Commercial                 | 57-0-98      | good      |
| active rec fields                        | unknown     | Υ      | Low                 | Suburban Resid.                     | 57-0-62      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Residential Business & Rural Resid. | 16-0-14      | good      |
| solar field/ active or passive rec       | unknown     | N      | Low                 | Industrial                          | 11-0-21      | fair      |
| rail trail                               | unknown     | Υ      | Low                 | Suburban Resid.                     | 10-0-136     | good      |
| rail trail                               | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Commercial/Industrial               | 5-0-33       | good      |
| conservation                             | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Commercial/Industrial               | 9-0-170      | good      |
| conservation                             | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Commercial/Industrial               | 9-170-2      | good      |
| active or passive rec/<br>municipal uses | unknown     | Υ      | Low                 | Rural Resid.                        | 14-0-8       | good      |
| active or passive rec/<br>municipal uses | unknown     | Y      | Low                 | Rural Resid.                        | 14-8-66      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | N      | Low                 | Rural Resid.                        | 29-69-1      | good      |
| n/a                                      | unknown     | N      | Low                 | Residential Business                | 36-0-38      | poor      |

### Table 5.4: Other Public Lands

| OS Id# | Туре | Site Name                  | Owner                           |  |
|--------|------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 24     | С    | Quabbin Reservoir Cemetery | MASS- DCR WATER SUPPLY          |  |
| 25     | WR   | Quabbin Reservoir          | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 26     | FW   | Ware River Access          | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 27     | FW   | Coy Hill WMA               | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 28     | FW   | Coy Hill WMA               | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 29     | FW   | Ware River Access          | MOULSON CHARLOTTE R & BERNARD V |  |
| 30     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 31     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 32     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 33     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 34     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 35     | FW   | Herman Covey WMA           | MASS - DFW                      |  |
| 189    | TU   | Palmer Consv Comm          | PALMER TOWN OF                  |  |
|        |      |                            | Total Acreage:                  |  |

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|----|----------|---|
| ١, | Сy       | ٠ |

| Type:                                            | Primary Purpose:              |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| APR - Agricultural Preservation Restriction      | A - Agriculture               |
| CR - Conservation Restriction                    | B - Recreation & Conservation |
| FW - MA Fish & Wildlife                          | C - Conservation              |
| WR - Water Resources (MA DCR or Ware Water Dept. | ) F - Flood Control           |
| TP - Town of Ware, protected permanently         | H - Historical / Cultural     |
| TU - Town of Ware, Not protected permanently     | O - Other                     |
| OTHER - other forms of protecton                 | Q - Habitat                   |
| C - Cemetery                                     | R - Recreation                |
| 61 - Chapter 61, Forest                          | S - Scenic                    |
| 61A - Chapter 61A, Agriculture                   | U - Underwater                |
| 61B - Chapter 61B, Recreation                    | W - Water Supply              |
|                                                  | X - Unknown                   |



| Acres   | Primary<br>Purpose | Public<br>Access | Level of Protection | Assessor Parcel<br>ID | Owner<br>Type |
|---------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 116.2   | W                  | L                | Permanent           | 64-0-1                | S             |
| 7,931.0 | W                  | L                | Permanent           | 64-0-1                | S             |
| 21.4    | В                  | Y                | Permanent           | 41-0-22               | S             |
| 17.7    | С                  | Υ                | Permanent           | 24-0-25               | S             |
| 198.1   | С                  | Y                | Permanent           | 18-0-4                | S             |
| 26.7    | С                  | Υ                | Permanent           | 10-0-3                | S             |
| 51.7    | С                  | Y                | Permanent           | 8-1-1                 | S             |
| 1.5     | С                  | Υ                | Permanent           | 7-0-4                 | S             |
| 221.9   | С                  | Y                | Permanent           | 3-0-10                | S             |
| 28.9    | С                  | Υ                | Permanent           | 3-13-3                | S             |
| 22.7    | С                  | Y                | Permanent           | 19-0-1                | S             |
| 3.8     | С                  | Y                | Permanent           | 25-0-23               | S             |
| 2.5     | С                  | Х                | Low                 | 6-1-1                 | М             |
| 8,644.2 |                    |                  |                     |                       |               |

Public Access: Owner Type:
Y - Full S - State
N - None M - Municipal
L - Limited L - Land Trust

X - Unknown N - Private Non-profit

P - Private

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# Community Vision Section 6



#### Description of Process

As described in Section 2, the Open Space and Recreation Committee solicited community input to determine what the citizens of Ware value. This process involved a community survey and public visioning session. The final draft OSRP was also issued for a 30-day public comment period in November. With the data collection and analysis completed, and public input compiled, the Open Space and Recreation Committee reviewed the goals and objectives outlined in the 2007 OSRP to determine if they remained relevant and served as guidance for the next seven years. All four goals from the 2007 plan were kept, and several changes to the objectives were made to reflect work that had been accomplished over the past five years and work that needed continuation and/or expansion. The goals and objectives for the 2013 OSRP are outlined in Section 8 of this plan.

Statement of Open Space and Recreation Goals

The Town of Ware seeks to provide a broad range of high quality recreational opportunities for people of all ages in a cohesive, well publicized, and effectively managed format that preserve's the town's rural characteristics.

Goal #1: Provide a broad range of high quality recreational programs.

Goal #2: Manage open space and recreation cohesively and effectively.

Goal #3: Preserve town's rural characteristics.

Goal #4: Increase public awareness of open space and recreation resources.

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#### Summary of Resource Protection Needs

The results of the public outreach and participation process of the 2013 OSRP update remain similar to those identified in the 2007 Plan. Residents continue to value wildlife habitat, farmland, forests, the scenic rural character, and the local aquifer-based drinking water supplies. The quality of these resources is threatened indirectly through the ways humans use the landscape. New development, if poorly planned, could have a negative impact on both quality and quantity of all these resources. Residential sprawl has the potential to fragment wildlife corridors, diminishing the ecological integrity of these important critical natural lands. Coincidental to disrupting ecological value, residential sprawl can also interrupt scenic views and landscapes, degrade rural character, and impede the development of continuous trail development across large areas.

The ways in which lands are protected from development produce different values. For example, lands that are protected through the use of a conservation restriction can stay in private ownership. This results in having the decisions regarding the property's management in the hands of individuals, instead of a non-profit or a state or federal agency, which may not respond well to local concerns. In this example, the land also remains on the local property tax rolls. Although public access is sometimes required in conservation easements purchased by state conservation agencies and land trusts, it is not guaranteed. Lands that are purchased by state agencies and large land trusts are likely to provide access to the general public and sometimes offer payments in lieu of taxes.

#### Summary of Community Recreation Needs

Planning for a community's open space and recreation needs must strive to satisfy the present population's desires for new facilities, open spaces, and services as well as interpret and act upon the available data to prepare for the future needs of the residents. Although the OSRP will be updated in seven years, the types of actions that are identified in Section 9 take into account the needs of the next generation as well.

Responses to the community survey overwhelming stated that residents were not aware of the location of many of the town owned places for recreation, specifically the town forest properties on Walker Road, Upper North Street, Greenwich Road, and Snow's Pond. As a result, the trails at these locations are not fully utilized by residents. The top five recreational opportunities in need of expansion, enhancement or creation were prioritized: bike paths, nature trails, parks, arts and cultural events, and picnic areas. Broader outreach and promotion existing town-owned forest lands would address residents' desires for some of these opportunities. A public outreach campaign including maps and signage promoting awareness of both public and private lands for public recreation should be a top priority in the coming years.

Although ranking tenth in the list of desired recreational opportunities, trails for motorized use is also needed in Ware. Committee members could readily list numerous places in town where motorized vehicles are accessing land unauthorized. The conflict between motorized and non-motorized recreational use also needs to be addressed in order to recognize the inherent public safety issues associated with mixed use.

As required by the Massachusetts Division of Conservation Services, municipal Open Space and Recreation Plans must include information from the Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan (SCORP)<sup>1</sup> and how it relates to the community. The 2012 SCORP discusses demand for outdoor recreation on a statewide basis, based on many public outreach efforts across the state. The plan has four goals: 1) increase the availability of all types of trails for recreation, 2) increase the availability of water-based recreation, 3) invest in recreation and conservation areas that are close to home for short visits, and 4) invest in racially, economically, and age diverse neighborhoods given their projected increase in participation in outdoor recreation. Ware's OSRP Action Plan includes goals and recommendations that address each of these goals with the exception of the second one regarding water-based recreation. That said, there has been discussion about improving water access to the Ware River at Grenville Park.

Summary of Management Needs and Potential Change of Use

There are several techniques that can be used by towns for directing new growth into well suited areas and protecting those areas that are recognized as the most important natural resources. Strategies for consideration include changes to the local zoning code, land conservation, education and outreach about land protection options for private land owners, and education about best practices for forest landowners.

Purchasing a landowner's development rights is a common technique used by state, federal, and non-profit conservation agencies. A landowner has many rights associated with owning land including the right to farm, harvest wood, drill for water, and mineral rights. The amount of money that a land trust might pay a landowner for their development rights is equal to the difference between the value of the land as building lots for residential or commercial structures and its value as open land in its undeveloped and protected state. An example is the Agricultural Preservation Restriction (APR) Program. The APR program pays the landowner/farmer/forester the value of their land's development rights (the difference between the land's market value and its agricultural value). In return, the landowner retains ownership of the land, continues to pay property taxes, and will be able to easily pass this land onto their next generation (i.e., the land could stay within the family).

Although conservation restrictions are a common practice, most landowners are not aware of them, how they work, potential land conservation partners, etc. Education and outreach to landowners can provide local landowners interested in protecting their land with resources and contacts for potential partners, and offer resources for proper land management practices.

<sup>1.</sup> Massachusetts Statewide Comprehensive Outdoor Recreation Plan 2012. MA Executive Office of Energy and Environmental Affairs.



A less common form of preservation is a scenic easement, which are usually less restrictive than a conservation or agricultural restriction and are designed to protect views from public roadways.

There are several zoning techniques useful for land preservation. The most common is cluster housing provisions, which require a portion of the parcel being developed to be preserved as open space. Ware's zoning bylaw does include such provisions, although they should be revised to encourage use of the tool. Less common in this part of the country is transfer of development rights, where one area of a community is designated as a "sending zone" and another a "receiving zone"; a property owner in the sending zone has the option to sell or transfer his development rights to a parcel in the receiving zone, thereby preserving one parcel while increasing the density on the other parcel. Typically, sending zones are located where the community wishes to preserve land, and receiving zones are located where municipal services are available to serve a denser population. Other zoning techniques include hillside or hilltop districts which are often related to scenic vistas but are also useful for protecting steep slopes; in both cases development is usually allowed but at much lower densities than are allowed elsewhere in the town.

Finally, aside from the desire to protect land, funding for fee-simple purchase of the land or a conservation restriction is critical to these efforts. The Community Protection Act (CPA) allows communities to create a local Community Preservation Fund for open space protection, historic preservation, affordable housing and outdoor recreation. Community preservation monies are raised locally through the imposition of a surcharge of not more than 3% of the tax levy against real property, and municipalities must adopt CPA by ballot referendum. Although previous efforts were unsuccessful, exploring the adoption of the CPA in Ware is an important step toward developing resources to implement many of the actions outlined in the Action Plan in Section 9.

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The goals and objectives identified below were carried forth from the 2007 Open Space and Recreation Plan with some modification to some of the objectives. Towards the later phase of the planning process, it was evident that the goals and many of the objectives remained relevant in 2013. Although much work had been accomplished since 2007, expansion and/or continuation of this work is needed to advance the Town of Ware's goals for open space and recreation over the next seven years.

#### Goal #1: Provide a broad range of high quality recreational programs.

#### Objectives:

- 1a. Develop passive and active recreation opportunities on town-owned lands and private property.
- 1b. Develop recreation programs for all residents including social, arts and cultural programming.
- 1c. Secure space for indoor recreation activities.
- 1d. Expand lighted regulation athletic fields.

#### Goal #2: Manage open space and recreation cohesively and effectively.

#### Objectives:

- 2a. Increase coordination of town recreation facilities' management and administration.
- 2b. Refurbish existing town recreation facilities.
- 2c. Identify funding for recreation and conservation land management.

#### Goal #3: Preserve town's rural characteristics.

#### Objectives:

- 3a. Develop Ware River Greenway.
- 3b. Work towards establishing a town-wide greenway system.
- 3c. Conduct public outreach about land protection options.

#### Goal #4: Increase public awareness of open space and recreation resources.

#### Objectives:

- 4a. Develop informational program.
- 4b. Create innovative fund-raising.
- 4c. Continue to offer town-wide special event programs.

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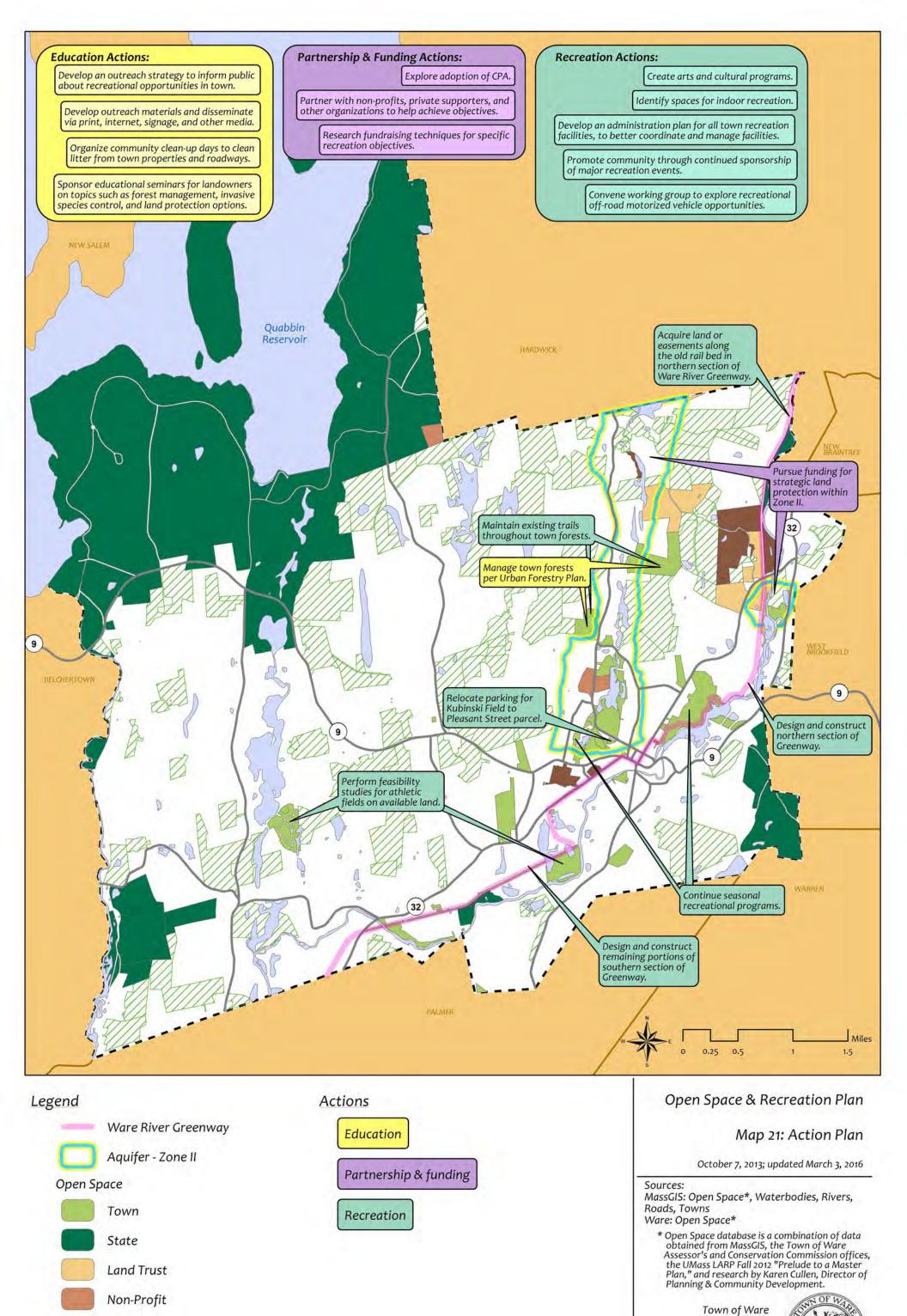
| Objective / Action                                                                                                           | Responsible            | Proposed         | Possible Funding            | Priority |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| <u> </u>                                                                                                                     | Entities <sup>1</sup>  | Timeframe        | Sources                     | ,        |
| 1a. Develop passive and active recreation oppo                                                                               |                        |                  |                             |          |
| Maintain existing trail network through town                                                                                 | CC, PRC, OSRC          | 2016-2018        | DCR Trails Grant            | High     |
| forests.                                                                                                                     | 00 000 0000            | 004 ( 0040       | Volunteer Corp              | N 4 1:   |
| Develop signage and maps for trail network and make available to the public.                                                 | CC, PRC, OSRC          | 2016-2018        | Private and Public<br>Funds | Medium   |
| Convene working group to explore need and potential location for motorized recreational use                                  | OSRC                   | 2017-2019        | Not Needed                  | Low      |
| Manage Town forests on Upper North Street,<br>Walker Road and Muddy Brook as described<br>in Urban Forestry Plan             | CC                     | 2016-2018        | Town Funds                  | High     |
| 1b. Develop recreation programs for all residen                                                                              | ts including social, a | arts and cultura | l programming               |          |
| Support development of arts and cultural                                                                                     | CuC, HS                | 2016+ 2          | Town Funds                  | Medium   |
| programming                                                                                                                  |                        |                  | Foundation Grants           |          |
| Continue seasonal recreation programs for youth and adults                                                                   | PRC, SD                | 2016+            | User Fees<br>Town Funds     | High     |
| 1c. Secure space for indoor recreation                                                                                       |                        |                  |                             |          |
| Identify spaces for indoor recreation                                                                                        | OSRC                   | 2018-2020        | Not Needed                  | Medium   |
| Work with private and non-profit entities to continue and to develop new night programming for teens and adults              | OSRC, PRC              | 2016+            | Town Funds                  | High     |
| 1d. Expand lighted and unlighted regulation at                                                                               | nletic fields          |                  |                             |          |
| Perform feasibility study for athletic field development on available land                                                   | OSRC                   | 2019             | DCS PARC Grant              | High     |
| Solicit grants for athletic field improvement and development                                                                | OSRC, BOS              | 2017-2021        | DCS PARC Grant              | High     |
| 2a. Increase coordination of town recreation fac                                                                             | ilities administratior | and manager      | ment                        |          |
| Develop plan of administration for all town recreation facilities                                                            | PRC, OSRC, SD          | 2016+            | Town Funds                  | High     |
| Relocate Kubinski Field parking lot from Zone<br>I Groundwater Protection District to town-<br>owned land on Pleasant Street | OSRC, PRC,<br>BOS      | 2017             | DCS PARC Grant              | High     |

BOS = Board of Selectmen, CC = Conservation Commission, CuC = Cultural Commission, DPW = Department of Public Works, HC = Historical Commission, HS = Historical Society, OSRC = Open Space and Recreation Committee, PCDD = Planning & Community Development Department, PRC = Parks & Recreation Commission, SD = School Department, TC = Tax Collector, WD = Water Division of DPW

<sup>2. 2016+</sup> means this is an ongoing action item.

| Ohio ativo / A ation                                                                                                                                                                  | Responsible   | Proposed  | Possible Funding                                 | Dui o vita |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Objective / Action                                                                                                                                                                    | Entities      | Timeframe | Sources                                          | Priority   |  |
| 2b. Identify funding for recreation and land conservation                                                                                                                             |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Pursue funding for strategic land protection in Zone II Groundwater Protection District                                                                                               | WD, PCDD      | 2016+     | Town Staff<br>PVPC Local<br>Technical Assistance | High       |  |
| Seek corporate support                                                                                                                                                                | OSRC, BOS     | 2016+     | Private/Corporate<br>Funds                       | Medium     |  |
| Explore adopting Community Preservation Act                                                                                                                                           | BOS, CC, HC   | 2018-2022 | Not Needed                                       | Medium     |  |
| 3a. Develop Ware River Greenway                                                                                                                                                       |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Acquire land or easements along abandoned rail bed on northern section                                                                                                                | OSRC          | 2016-2020 | DCR Trails Grant                                 | High       |  |
| Design and construction for southern section                                                                                                                                          | OSRC          | 2016-2018 | DCR Trails Grant                                 | High       |  |
| Design and construction for northern section                                                                                                                                          | OSRC          | 2018-2020 | DCR Trails Grant                                 | Medium     |  |
| 3b. Work towards establishing a town-wide greenway system                                                                                                                             |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Following the data presented in this plan, pursue opportunities for land preservation in critical areas                                                                               | OSRC          | 2016+     | Grants, Private/<br>Corporate Funds,             | High       |  |
| 3c. Public outreach about land protection options                                                                                                                                     |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Develop educational materials for community                                                                                                                                           | CC, PCDD      | 2016-2018 | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Distribute information through Tax Collector with tax bills                                                                                                                           | TC            | 2016-2018 | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Host seminars on forest management, invasive species control, and land protection options (e.g. gifts, bargain sales, tax credits, and grant opportunities) for interested landowners | OSRC, CC      | 2016-2018 | Foundation Grants<br>Town Funds                  | High       |  |
| 4a. Develop informational program                                                                                                                                                     |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Develop outreach materials (signage, maps, brochures, etc.)                                                                                                                           | PCDD, CC, DPW | 2016-2017 | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Develop and implement an outreach strategy                                                                                                                                            | PCDD, CC, DPW | 2016      | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Create a plan locating optimum sites for signs and kiosks.                                                                                                                            | PCDD, CC, DPW | 2016      | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Develop design standards for signs and kiosks                                                                                                                                         | PCDD, CC, DPW | 2016      | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| Utilize town website and cable access station about facilities, signage awareness, and rules and regulations.                                                                         | PCDD, CC, DPW | 2017-2022 | Town Funds                                       | High       |  |
| 4b. Create innovative fund-raising                                                                                                                                                    |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Research fundraising techniques for specific recreation objectives.                                                                                                                   | OSRP, PRC     | 2016+     | Not Needed                                       | Medium     |  |
| Partner with non-profits, other organizations and private supporters                                                                                                                  | OSRP, PRC     | 2016+     | Not Needed                                       | Medium     |  |
| 4c. Continue to offer town-wide special events                                                                                                                                        |               |           |                                                  |            |  |
| Continue to hold large-scale recreation events such as road races or derbies to promote the community                                                                                 | OSRP, PRC     | 2016+     | Town Funds<br>User Fees                          | High       |  |





Private

61, 61A, 61B

126 Main Street

Ware, MA 01082 www.townofware.com



# Public Comments Section 10



The Open Space & Recreation Plan Committee met to review the final draft of the plan on March 2, 2016. After agreeing on some edits to the Action Plan, the Committee voted 7-0 in favor that the plan as reviewed this evening with edits to be made be accepted by the committee and forwarded to the appropriate boards for letter of support.

| On March 16, 2016, the Planning Board reviewed the plan and voted    | to support/endorse the plan. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| See letter attached.                                                 |                              |
| On March, 2016, the Board of Selectmen reviewed the plan and voted _ | to support/endorse the       |
| plan. See letter attached.                                           |                              |

Letter from Planning Board



Letter from Board of Selectmen

Letter from Conservation Commission



Letter from PVPC

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- Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Department of Conservation and Recreation, Division of Water Supply Protection, Office of Watershed Management. (September 2007). *Quabbin Reservoir watershed system: Land management plan 2007-2017*. Retrieved from http://www.mass.gov/eea/agencies/dcr/water-res-protection/watershed-mgmt/quabbin-reservoir-watershed-land-management-plan.html
- Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Department of Environmental Protection. (n.d.). Retrieved from http://www.mass.gov/eea/agencies/massdep/
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